"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain today; Sunday, fair and warmer; strong south and southwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,519. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

PRESIDENT QUOTES ROOSEVELT'S VIEWS TO CROWD OF 50,000

Tells Throng in San Diego Stadium Treaty Fulfills Republicans' Ideas.

TALKS FROM A GLASS CAGE

And Electrical Devices Help to Carry His Words to All Parts of the Great Amphitheatre.

CITY GIVES NOISY WELCOME

Southern California Is Largely Pro-League, Due Largely to Women's Influence.

"Not Hankering for Trouble," Says Wilson to Hint of 1920

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Sept. 19.—When the Presidential special stopped for a few minutes at Oceanside an old man told Mr. Wilson that he was for the League of Nations, and added:

"I am a Republican, but I voted for you last time, and I will vote for you again."

"No, I am not hankering for trouble," replied the President with a laugh.

"Well, it looks like you are the only one who will stand for American principles, and you have already borne more trouble than any other man," the old man persisted.

At this sally the President merely smiled and directed his attention to a group of boys on a freight car.

"Hello, gallery!" he called out.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 19.—Speaking in the Municipal Stadium here today to a throng estimated at 40,000 to 50,000, President Wilson asserted that opponents of the League of Nations who were seeking to obtain special privileges for this country by reservations that gave advantages which other members of the League would not possess, and thus were threatening the honor of the nation. He said that he, for one, could not accept such proposals.

The President's statement came after he had discussed the proposed reservations to the League covenant, and there was some bitterness in his tone. Unless the United States was going to assume the same obligations as other nations, he said, the country should not commit the mockery of entering the League.

"I will not join," he said, "in the name of justice in claiming an injustice of privilege for the country I honor and love. Neither will I scuttle. Neither will I be a little American."

The President said that he would be no party to belittling America in this way, and that he was confident the people would stand with him. If the nation declined to enter the League, he said, it would be declining the invitation of other nations to take the lead in the fight for liberty and justice.

During his address Mr. Wilson quoted from an article by Theodore Roosevelt, printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES in October, 1914, and from a speech by Senator Lodge before the League to Enforce Peace, in May, 1916, as argument in support of the League of Nations.

A Remarkable Spectacle.

The spectacle while the President was speaking was one seldom equaled in this country. The stadium, which was the scene of his address, is more than 1,000 feet long, built in a natural depression of the ground, and the bank upon bank of concrete seats will accommodate 35,000 to 40,000 people. Every seat was filled and thousands stood in the aisles and along the top of the walls or hung precariously upon the concrete abutments. Thousands more crowded in upon the field.

At the rear of the stadium, more than a thousand feet away from a glass-inclosed platform, from which the President spoke, were girls in white, grouped so as to spell out in letters 100 feet long the word "Welcome." Thousands in the crowd carried American flags, which they waved frantically when the President and Mrs. Wilson were driven about the running track of the stadium and back to the platform.

By the use of an electrical device the carrying power of the President's voice was increased and borne to all parts of the stadium, so that he could be heard by practically all of the crowd. All but a few remained throughout his address.

There were frequent outbursts of applause during Mr. Wilson's speech, and that coming from the far ends of the stadium sounded like a booming echo. At times the cheering passed in waves down one side of the crowd, along the rear of the stadium, and then back on its way toward the platform where the President was speaking.

Mr. Wilson was introduced by Mayor Wilde in a few words: "Mr. President, the great American family, 50,000 strong, welcomes you." That was the signal for the first wave of applause.

The President began by saying that the people of the United States had not been correctly informed as to the treaty, the principles of which he wished to expound.

Up to this time, all over the world, said the President, the principle of the rights of the people had been disregarded. The world was depressed and uneasy as to the future. When unrest was found everywhere, he said, there

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

Poland to Have a Navy When Treaty Is Ratified

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The organization of a Polish Navy, to become operative with the ratification of the Peace Treaty, is proceeding rapidly, according to advices from Polish sources. The fleet will consist, according to present plans, of four armored cruisers and twelve large torpedo boats. It will have a personnel of 3,000, including 150 officers, probably under the command of Admiral Porebski.

JOHNSON GIVES UP ANTI-LEAGUE TOUR

Senator to Start for Washington Tomorrow, Though Chiefs Now Advise Him to Go On.

CLAIM AMENDMENT VICTORY

Republican Leaders Count On Democratic Help to Offset Mild Reservationists.

DULUTH, Sept. 19.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson announced tonight that he had abandoned his proposed trip to the Pacific Coast to answer President Wilson's speeches on the League of Nations.

He will speak at St. Paul and Minneapolis tomorrow and will leave for Washington Sunday.

"I am greatly disappointed because I am unable to go to the Pacific Coast, but I have decided that my presence is urgently needed in Washington next week," said the Senator. "I want to be in the Senate when my amendment to the League covenant abolishing the preponderance of Great Britain's voting power in the assembly of the League comes up for consideration.

"I will answer President Wilson's speeches on the Pacific Coast in an address which I will issue to the people of California."

Leaders Urge Johnson to Continue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Senators Lodge and Knox joined today in a telegram urging Senator Johnson advising him to continue his tour. They decided that they could afford to let the test of strength came over the Johnson amendment to the Peace Treaty, for equalizing the votes of the United States and Great Britain in the League of Nations Assembly, without Mr. Johnson's presence.

In the same connection it developed that Senator Borah had departed from his announced intention of summoning Mr. Johnson home post haste. After saying that he had notified Senator Lodge that he would call in Senator Johnson, Mr. Borah was moved by the advice of Senator Knox to word his message to Mr. Johnson so that it constituted simply a statement of the situation in the Senate.

Mr. Borah gave details as to how matters stood with relation to the amendment, and then said that though he would like to see Senator Johnson in the Senate when the question came up for debate and vote, he left the decision entirely to Mr. Johnson. Should Mr. Johnson decided not to return, but to go on to the Pacific Coast to wage in his own and adjoining States the aggressive fight he has been making against the League, Senator Borah assured him that his interests in the Senate would be looked after by his friends.

There is no disagreement, it was made plain, between Senators Lodge and Knox and Senator Borah.

Opposition to Forcing a Vote.

A development which today encouraged Senator Johnson's friends was the virtual assurance that the little group of mild reservationists, who in a close contest hold the balance of power, would vote against any effort by treaty supporters to force a vote on the Johnson amendment without due debate. Assurance of their support, received informally, was felt to insure the staving off of the test vote until the whole question has been thoroughly thrashed out in debate.

The mild reservationists will all vote against the amendments finally, but it was explained that they were interested in seeing the contest conducted with complete fairness. They are continuing their discussion of the plan of having the Johnson amendment, or its corollary, the Moses amendment, covered in a reservation. This would provide that in a dispute between Great Britain and the United States none of Britain's voting dominions should be permitted to vote.

Senator Lodge agreed that this would be feasible, and may be willing to sup-

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MORGENTHAU SEES GERMANY STRONG FOR ANOTHER WAR

Central European Strife, He Warns, Will Encourage New Resort to Arms.

MAY GOBBLE UP RUSSIA

And She Would Find Warring Small New Nations an Easy Prey.

HIS SOLE HOPE IN LEAGUE

Newly Created Powers Must Be Assured of Justice Without Engaging in Wars.

PARIS, Sept. 19, (Associated Press.)—"Germany came through this war a perfect dynamo of strength. Her human military power is practically as great as ever, and her 65,000,000 people have been schooled and hardened by trials. They have learned economy and self-denial."

"The nation has been compressed into a concentrated mass, which is surcharged with energy and moving with centripetal force, while Germany's neighbors are spreading themselves out thin and quarreling and moving with centrifugal force."

Thus spoke Henry Morgenthau, who headed the United States Commission of Investigation which has been at work in Poland, in discussing today his observations in Central Europe.

"And what will be the result?" Mr. Morgenthau asked. Replying to his question, he continued:

"If disintegration keeps up among Germany's neighbors there can be but one result. I doubt whether Germany fully appreciates her own strength. As she sits, calmly watching the dickering going on between the new States, which are losing sight of great principles and fighting over little strips of territory, she must take grim satisfaction in the battle her enemies are waging in her behalf. And a Germany encouraged by such discord among weak and struggling States undoubtedly will resort to arms within a few years and regain her lost territory.

"What will prevent the military clique from regaining control in Germany if Europe continues to offer such tempting prizes to various nationalities? Such a situation will not encourage Germany to regain her trade by peaceful means and to pay indemnities. It will not satisfy the militarists of Germany to return to the factories if their war-worn neighbors weaken themselves further and deliberately offer themselves as prey to the Prussian spirit.

"What is to encourage the democrats in Germany who are trying to get away from militarism? Europe is rapidly driving on toward a situation which eventually must result in a coalition between Russia and Germany and the absolute destruction of many of the newly created powers unless steps be taken to prevent it.

"Opinion is strong that the League of Nations is the only means for preventing such a disaster. And it must come soon and have the loyal support of both great and small powers. Greece, Italy, Jugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Poland and other European countries which have been fought over and are in a sadly weakened condition need the support of some organization which will afford them the proper tribunal for their disputes and assist them in winning their publics away from the idea that war is the only means of getting justice.

"It is impossible to create barrier States against Bolshevism and militarism; and if these new States continue their quarrels and weaken themselves they cannot resist any enemy, much less a great untouched power like Germany.

"Germany intelligently refused to fight to a finish with the United States. She withdrew in good order to a place of safety, where the war had not ruined her factories and where everything was ready for the resumption of peace industry.

"Germany has gone to work, but work is impossible in many of those districts where the Germans destroyed machinery and the people have not the raw materials with which to work. But these ruined countries must not make Germany's economic restoration easier by fighting among themselves and leaving Germany the world market without competition.

"The forces of peace must organize and consolidate; otherwise they are in-

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Irish Town Wants Real Guns, Not Useless War Souvenirs

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Nenagh, County Tipperary, Council has accepted the War Office offer of two German field guns on condition that they are in good order and that a supply of shells is included.

$140,000 AND BOND MESSENGER VANISH

Youth Disappears While Delivering $400,000 Lot for Levinson & Company.

LEAVES COMPANION WAITING

Estimated That $500,000 in Securities Has Been Lost in This Way Since Aug. 10.

Another messenger in the financial district disappeared yesterday and with him went $140,000 in Liberty bonds. This became known when the police and the National Surety Company were asked to look for Leo Julofsky, 17 years old, who lives at 1,391 Madison Avenue. The boy was employed by Levinson & Co. of 52 Broadway, and the bonds that are missing represent part of $400,000 worth of securities the messenger had in his possession when he left the offices of his employers early in the afternoon. Some of the securities were delivered. Since Aug. 10 it was estimated that about $500,000 had disappeared in this way.

Young Julofsky went out in the early afternoon with another messenger to deliver the bonds. Several deliveries were made by the two messengers, and they started for the office of Mabon & Co., 45 Wall Street, to deliver Liberty bonds valued at $330,000. On the way they stopped at 71 Broadway to make a delivery and Julofsky handed the satchel to the other boy and told him he was going to the washroom. The second boy, noticing after he was through that he was alone, went to the office of Mabon & Co. There the satchel was opened and it was found that the $140,000 in Liberty bonds was missing. The second messenger, however, delivered to the firm the bonds which were left, which amounted to $190,000.

As soon as notified, the police and the National Surety Company put detectives on the case. It was said at Levinson & Co. that Julofsky had been hired three weeks ago. The missing bonds were of the fourth issue and of $1,000 denomination. Julofsky is said to have worn a brown suit, a soft felt hat, black shoes and a shirt with a turned-down collar when he disappeared. He is of dark complexion, has dark brown hair and brown eyes.

Girl Confesses to Thefts.

Fifty burglaries in three months was the confessed record of a 16-year-old girl who was brought into the Morrisania Court yesterday to answer a charge of having entered the apartments of Herman Friedman, at 827 Kelly Street, on Sept. 11. The prisoner, who confined her activities to the Hunts Point section of the Bronx, was Molly Rosen of 54 East 107th Street. She told her mother she had a job as clerk in a downtown office, left each morning after breakfast and then averaged about three robberies each day, except on holidays.

When the Rosen girl was called before the Court, Assistant District Attorney Herman Fliederblum presented the confession to Magistrate Marsh. He said the document was signed by the prisoner after her arrest on Thursday. Parts of the confession were read to the Court by Mr. Fliederblum.

Herman Friedman, the complainant, charged that the girl took from a dresser in his apartment a diamond ring valued at $125 and $19 in cash. She was held in $2,500 bail for examination on Monday.

The girl was arrested Thursday after having entered the apartment of Samuel Weiss on the first floor of 1,449 Minford Place, the Bronx, it was alleged. According to the detectives who made the arrest, Weiss, who is a motorman employed at night by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, was in bed in the rear of the apartment when he heard someone come through the hall door. When he went to the door he found that his trousers, which he had placed on a chair near the door, had been thrown to the floor. He ran to the street and asked a neighbor at the entrance if he had seen anyone come out of the building recently. The neighbors pointed to the defendant, who was then arrested by the three detectives who happened to pass in an automobile and who said they locked her up and she then made the confession presented in court.

Burglars paid the third visit within a month to the apartment house at 554 West 184th Street on Thursday night. They entered the apartment of Henry L. Sicklass and took Liberty bonds and jewelry to the value of $1,000. Miss Catherine Lyontinson, a guest, returned and found the place in disorder. Believing Mrs. Sicklass was cleaning she laid her pocketbook down on a table and went into her room. When she came out the door was open and her pocketbook gone from the table.

Burglars have visited the home of Romey Barbella, at 100 Park Avenue, Brooklyn, four times in the last ten days. Their last visit was on Thursday. Each time the thieves have gone through the place thoroughly and stolen jewelry, furs and household utensils. Now the family will not live in the house and beyond recording the

Continued on Page Two.

TRY McK & R CALOX The Oxygen Dentifrice.—Advt.

SPEED UP PLANS FOR STEEL STRIKE; COMPANIES HOPE TO KEEP MILLS OPEN; HYLAN TO RID CITY ROLLS OF AGITATORS

TO OUST TROUBLE MAKERS

Mayor Orders Department Heads to Abolish Their Jobs in Budget.

ASSAILS "ONE BIG UNION"

Organized Municipal Employes Repudiate Move to Join the A. F. of L.

PLEDGE LOYAL SERVICE

Police and Teachers Aroused at Radical Plan—Schneider an Outsider.

The more radical element among city employes agitating for increased wages to meet the higher cost of living received several setbacks yesterday, indications from the day's developments being that there would be no formation of a general union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, no strike threats and no immoderate demands.

Mayor Hylan acted promptly to stem the drive launched at a secret conference Thursday night of members of the executive councils of unions of city workers and others to form one organization with 100,000 or more members, affiliated with the American Federation and demanding a 65 per cent. wage increase. The Mayor wrote a letter to the heads of all city departments, manifestly aimed at the proponents of this union, demanding that the agitators and trouble makers be eliminated from the city's payrolls by abolishing provisions for their positions in next year's budget.

The Civil Service Forum, the old organization of city workers, repudiated unqualifiedly the radical action proposed at the Thursday night conference and announced through its President, Deputy Controller Frank J. Prial, that a meeting of its Salary Committee next Tuesday night would take occasion to make known to the Mayor that it discountenanced strike threats, inordinate demands and proposals for joining the American Federation of Labor. Mr. Prial insisted that the meeting was made up of the "Bolshevik element," that it had no authority to speak for municipal servants generally and that Burt L. Schneider, President of the Union of Technical Men, who presided, was not even a city employe. Efforts to reach Mr. Schneider yesterday were unavailing. At the Technical Union office in the Pulitzer Building it was said both his home and business addresses were unknown there.

Repudiate Schneider.

Delegates of the newly formed Municipal and County Employes' Association met late yesterday evening and laid the foundation for permanent organization and passed resolutions denying that they are at present or ever intend to become affiliated with the American Federation. A committee was appointed to draw up wage-increase demands, and from the temper of the gathering it appeared that these demands would be less than the 50 per cent. increase at first suggested. This body, too, repudiated Mr. Schneider's proposed general union.

A movement is now afoot for an affiliation between this organization and the Civil Service Forum, and a conference committee from the latter organization went to yesterday's meeting to name the terms upon which such an amalgamation could be effected. It was prevented from doing so by the length of the proceedings. The Forum is determined not to receive the new organization unless all questions of radicalism are eliminated and strike threats, talk of affiliation with outside bodies and impossible demands are hushed.

Several organizations, such as the Police Lieutenants' Benevolent Association and the teachers of Public School 114, adopted resolutions opposing strike threats and affiliation with the American Federation and pledging unqualified loyalty to the city.

Police Commissioner Enright made public his 1920 budget estimate. He asked for a total of $24,396,680, which includes an increase over this year of $3,340,544, most of which is for contemplated increases in the pay of patrolmen and department officers.

The Mayor's Letter.

The letter Mayor Hylan sent to department heads was as follows:

"I am informed that there are employes connected with the city service who spend more time agitating and making trouble than they do rendering service for which the city pays them. Some of them seem to think that the time they are on duty should be utilized in reading newspapers or scheming for selfish purposes, and give little consideration to the work they are employed to perform.

"I direct you to give immediate attention to this class of employes and have their positions abolished in next year's budget. They should not be on the city payrolls to stir up strife and trouble for their employer—the people of the city.

"The Board of Estimate and Apportionment is now taking up the question

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

Wilson Makes Final Attempt to Avert Steel Strike; Sent Baruch, It Is Said, to Seek to Move Gary

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—There was a report here today that President Wilson had sent Bernard M. Baruch, once Chairman of the War Industries Board, to see Judge Gary, in a final attempt to alter his attitude, but that this was of no avail. The President is said to have done all that he could to avert the strike and to bring about a meeting between Judge Gary and representatives of the steel workers.

"There is nothing to say and nothing to do except to wait until Monday," said John Fitzpatrick, Chairman of the Steel Workers' Organization Committee, late this afternoon, following a conference he had with Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor. Mr. Fitzpatrick came to Washington today to bring to Mr. Gompers a report on the general situation concerning the proposed strike. He declared the situation was absolutely unchanged and that the steel workers' strike would proceed as ordered.

It is understood here that Mr. Gompers used his best efforts to have the strike postponed until after the industrial conference the President has called for Oct. 6, but was unsuccessful.

According to William Johnstone, President of the International Machinists' Union, instead of the unions paying the customary strike benefits during the walkout next week, all members will receive financial aid, and not those alone who have been members of the unions for more than six months.

Wilson Condemns Refusal to Confer

Special to The New York Times.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 19.—Another reference was made today by President Wilson to the refusal of some employers to meet their employes face to face, which was accepted as aimed at the attitude assumed by the officials of the United States Steel Corporation. The President added:

"In every such instance I am convinced that they are wrong and dare not talk things over."

STATE FUND FAVORS TO DONOR OF CAR

Wynkoop, Insurance Rival, Who Gave Auto to Baldwin's Wife, Consulted Files.

WRONGFUL INTENT DENIED

Manager Declares John Mitchell Gave Approval to Wife's Acceptance of It.

Continuing the investigation of the State Industrial Commission, as ordered by Governor Smith under the Moreland act, Miles M. Dawson, attorney for the inquiry which is being held before Special Commissioner Jeremiah F. Connor in the City Hall, brought out the fact yesterday that the wife of F. Spencer Baldwin, Manager of the State Insurance Fund, had accepted the gift of a $3,400 automobile from G. E. Wynkoop, head of the Wynkoop Service, a compensation service insurance firm of 1170 Broadway.

Mr. Dawson tried to show that the Wynkoop Service, which carries liability insurance for industrial firms the same as the State Insurance Fund, had obtained many favors from the Industrial Commission. Mr. Baldwin admitted that on one occasion Mr. Wynkoop was allowed to take the documents pertaining to a policy held by the Cutler Desk Company from the commission's files and carry them to Buffalo in an effort to transact some private business. He also admitted that the Wynkoop Service, because of knowledge of the records of the commission, was able to get large employers already in the State Fund and put them on their own list.

Admits Acceptance of Auto.

Mr. Baldwin readily admitted the acceptance by his wife of the automobile gift, and explained that he had consulted the late John Mitchell, Chairman of the State Industrial Commission, as to the propriety of accepting the gift, and that Chairman Mitchell had told him there was nothing wrong in it. He said his wife was ill at the time, and Mr. Wynkoop called at his house one evening and made the offer of the automobile in rather an impulsive manner. Wynkoop, he said, told his wife to select a car and he would pay for it with his personal check. On interrogation he admitted signing the affidavit himself, as the owner of the car, for the State automobile license.

The one other feature of the day's proceedings was the testimony of Samuel Caboli of 1,729 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, that he had given $100 of his $1,000 award for injuries to an employe of the commission, and later received a $20 bribe to write an affidavit vindicating the employe. Caboli testified that his mother had noticed the shortage in his award and complained about it to James P. Richardson, former Claims Auditor, and now Deputy Industrial Commissioner at Syracuse.

The affidavit was to the effect that the boy had gambled away the deficit. It was signed by William A. Herman, who has already confessed to receiving money from claimants, and his friend and alleged worker, Barney Waynick. Caboli identified from a photograph the man to whom he had given the $100 and Mr. Richardson later identified the same man as Frank J. Elwood, a former underwriting clerk of the commission.

Most of yesterday was taken up by Mr. Dawson in trying to show that the Wynkoop Service had obtained special favors from the commission. He asked Mr. Richardson if he had ever received an offer from Mr. Wynkoop to do service for him while he was with the State Industrial Fund. The witness replied in

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PRINTERS REJECT COMPROMISE OFFER

Union Heads State Stand After Conference with Employers' Association.

STRIKERS RULED OUT

Leaders of Men Not Affiliated with International Barred at Meeting.

Representatives of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York, who are asking for a forty-four-hour wek and a wage increase in all commercial printing shops, effective Oct. 1, 1919, rejected yesterday the proposal of the Association of Employing Printers for a compromise of their demands. They will recommend to their respective unions that the compromise offer be rejected.

This action is expected to bring to a show-down the fight that has been going on quietly for some time between the local unions of the printing industry and the International Union officials, who have taken the side of the employing printers in the controversy.

Instead of a minimum wage increase of $14, as asked by the local unions, the employers yesterday offered $6 a week. They also agreed to put into effect the forty-four-hour we on May 1, 1921, in which position they have the backing of the International Union officials. The local union representatives are determined to have the forty-four-hour week on Oct. 1 or strike.

The question is likely to be determined tomorrow afternoon when Typographical Union No. 6, which is the principal union involved in the controversy, will hold a meeting to hear a report of the negotiations with the employers. Leon Rouse, President of No. 6, told the employing printers that he would recommend the rejection of the offer. International Union officials, with which the locals are affiliated, may attend the meeting and present their side of the controversy. Mr. Rouse said yesterday he would have no comment to make until after the meeting.

The result of the conference between the Labor Committee of the Printers' League Section of the Association of Employing Printers of New York and representatives of the local unions was made public in the following statement, given out by William Green, Chairman of the employers' committee:

"The meeting today was to consider the new contracts which replace agreements which expire Oct. 1, 1919. The first proposition advanced by the employers was that, in light of the action taken by the four Presidents of the International Printing Trades Unions, they would refuse to negotiate with any local union not now in good standing with their international. As a result of this stand representatives of Pressmen's Union No. 51, Franklin Union No. 23, Paper Handlers' Union No. 1, and Job Press Feeders' Union No. 1 were requested to withdraw from the conference.

"In withdrawing from the meeting the seceding unions stated that they left their case in the hands of Leon Rouse of 'Big Six' Typographical Union.

"Negotiations then proceeded with representatives of the eight unions which remained in the conference.

The Employers' Proposal.

"The following proposal was submitted to all the unions remaining at the conference:

"1. An arbitration agreement or agreements which expire at a different date from the scale contracts to be made a condition precedent to the signing of any new contracts. Present shop rules and over-

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LABOR AND EMPLOYERS FIRM

Both Sides Are Confident, But Do Not Make Predictions.

AVOID FIGURES ON STRENGTH

Some Small Plants Close Down, but Officials Deny They Were Influenced by Strike Situation.

2,000,000 MEN INVOLVED

Associate Unions Are Expected to Aid in Tieup—Conference Planned to Finance Strikers.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 19.—Preparation for the test of strength between organized labor and capital in the steel industry throughout the United States to begin Monday went forward today with both sides apparently confident of the outcome. There were no official statements forthcoming from either side, but informal talks indicated that they were ready for the contest.

Representatives of steel companies in the Pittsburgh district let it be known that they intended to operate their plants Monday, and also let the impression go out that they do not look for as large a walkout as the union leaders assert will take place.

Organized labor expects a big turnout of men, and predicted that the employers will receive a surprise. Neither side will venture figures. Both frankly confess they do not know how many men will remain at work or fail to answer the whistle. Monday only can tell, they said.

Steel companies in many cases are understood to have canvassed their men to get an idea of the number of men who will strike. Union leaders said that from their experiences these canvasses usually prove to be inaccurate and pointed to past strikes where a majority of men in a plant had signed up not to strike and then quit when the time came.

It was said tonight that in a number of plants some men have already quit and sought work in other places. It was expected by union leaders here that many men on the night shifts tonight will take their personal belongings out of the mills at quitting time tomorrow morning, as many of them do not work Saturday and Sunday nights.

Union Leaders in Charge.

All the national leaders of unions involved in the strike had left the city tonight for their respective headquarters to make final plans for the strike, and much of the activity about the offices of the steel workers' National Committee had to do with the preparations in the Pittsburgh district. While national headquarters are in this city, in charge of William Z. Foster, Secretary of the National Committee, it was learned that much of the work will be conducted by districts. These districts and the men in charge, Mr. Foster said, are as follows: Chicago, E. J. Evans; Cleveland, H. W. Rainse; Youngstown, J. E. McCaddes; Inner Pittsburgh, J. L. Baughan; Outer Pittsburgh, J. McCaig; Bethlehem, David Williams; Buffalo, H. C. Thompson; Birmingham, Ala., E. S. Ingram; Pueblo, Col., W. H. Young.

Reports of strike developments will be made to these districts, and if important enough will be forwarded to national headquarters.

Mr. Foster, in answer to queries, said that all men in non-union mills have been asked to strike. None will be left to preserve company property, such as keeping up furnace fires and preventing ore from cooling. "The companies have had twelve days' notice of the strike," he said, "and if they have not arranged to look after their furnaces it is not our fault."

It was given out here that an important meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor and representatives of the unions in the strike would be held probably in Pittsburgh within two weeks. Questions of financing the contest, it was said, would be taken up. According to the letter addressed to President Wilson last night by the National Committee, the unions co-operating in the strike have a total membership of 2,000,000. Members of these unions not involved in the strike will be expected to assist fellow-members.

To Honor Its Contracts.

M. F. Tighe, international President of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers, said today that his organization, which is the largest numerically in the steel industry, has many agreements with employers, and that none of these will be affected by the walkout. Manufacturers identified with the Western Bar Iron Association and employers in the Western Sheet and Tin Plate Manufacturers' Association, scattered around the country, will not be affected because they have working agreements with the Amalgamated Association.

Mr. Tighe, speaking of the issues involved in the strike, said that the twelve demands voted upon by the steel workers are not the stumbling block to a settlement. He said that the United States Steel Corporation is clouding the issue when it asserts that the unions

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Locate the Valbanera, Sunk in Gulf Storm, But No Trace of 450 Persons She Carried

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 19.—That the Spanish steamer Valbanera, carrying 300 passengers and a crew of 150, went down in the hurricane that swept Key West ten days ago, appeared to have been made certain tonight by the statement of Ensign L. B. Roberts, commanding officer of the United States Sub-Chaser 203, who stated he plainly saw the nameplate of that steamer on the vessel found today sunk in forty feet of water near here.

The statement of Ensign Roberts corroborated that of divers who, on the order of the Cuban Consul here, made an investigation of the sunken vessel. The wreck was seen by the sub-chaser and the coast guard vessel Tuscarora near Rebecca Shoals Lighthouse, about forty miles from Key West. The Valbanera lay in water which covers a bed of quicksand. No bodies were seen.

The Valbanera has been missing since the storm which caught her as she neared Havana en route from Spanish ports to New Orleans. The passengers are thought to have been almost entirely Spaniards or Cubans, as virtually all of them were to have debarked at Havana. Mrs. Pauline Beckner of France, sister of Mrs. George Pollock of New Orleans, was thought to have been aboard. The vessel carried a valuable cargo.

A wrecking crew will leave here tomorrow, and the naval station here has promised all facilities to aid them. Their investigations may establish the presence of bodies of passengers and crew or show they had left the ship before she sank. There have been no reports here, however, of any such number of persons adrift or having been landed, and it was not regarded as probable that any could have been saved by other vessels without word having come of that fact.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES At Your Club—Plain Ends.—Advt.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

are fighting for a "closed shop." "All we want is a conference," he said. "They haven't even given us a chance to ask them if they are satisfied to have a closed shop." He said the Amalgamated Association is working under union agreements with plants which are not closed shops.

Some of the communities in the Pittsburgh district are quietly preparing to maintain peace during the strike. In McKeesport the Mayor in connection with business men has a volunteer force to assist the police. Plants that are not shut down will be picketed by strikers, it was said, and local police will endeavor to prevent clashes between men going to work and those who quit. Patrols of the Pennsylvania State police, it was said here tonight, have been selected and will be on duty in the Allegheny Valley near Brackenridge, at Homestead, between McKeesport and Duquesne, at Clairton, and about Rankin and Braddock.

McKeesport Plant Shuts Down.

Word came from McKeesport, Penn., today that the hot mills of the Port Vue plant of the McKeesport Tin Plate Company shut down last night, throwing about 1,500 men out of work. This is an independent concern. The reason given by the company was congestion in the finishing department. Union organizers said they were of the opinion that the company was getting ready for the strike Monday.

Secretary Foster of the steel workers' national committee said several independents are negotiating agreements with their workers or have already signed. Among those he mentioned are the H. M. Byers Company, Reading Iron and Steel Company, and the Trumbull Steel Company. These, he said, had closed agreements with the Amalgamated Association.

Buttons as large as silver dollars with the words "Loyal—I will not strike," appeared on the coats of many employes of the National Tube Company at McKeesport today. Workers said that officials of the plant gave the buttons to all men who requested one.

Word came from Monessen today that the plant of the Pittsburgh Steel Company at that place was closed yesterday after 500 men, mostly foreigners, quit work. According to a superintendent of the plant the shutdown was due to lack of orders, but men employed there said it followed the walkout of a foreigner who had been given the choice of either winding eight spools of barbed wire at one time, as other workmen were doing, or quitting. He was found winding only five. When he quit, the workers said, 500 others left their jobs, and the company, scenting possible trouble, shut down the entire works. According to some of the workers most of the foreigners employed at the plant favor the steel strike, while Americans generally are against it.

Allegheny Suspends Today.

All the departments of the Allegheny and West Pennsylvania steel mills at Brackenridge will suspend operations tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, according to Harry E. Sheldon, President of the Allegheny Steel Company, and Julian Burdick, Vice President of the West Pennsylvania Steel Company. The shutdown, it is said, is to provide employes of both companies an opportunity to hold a meeting and consider their attitude toward striking next Monday.

President Sheldon of the Allegheny Company issued a statement to the employes, declaring the company was opposed to the "closed shop" principle and that "sympathetic strikes" were undue hardships to satisfied employes and their families. The statement gave assurance of support to loyal employes, provided the company was able to secure sufficient business to enable it to operate its plant."

The Allegheny and West Pennsylvania plants employ normally 5,000 to 6,000 men. Union organizers assert that 50 per cent. of the foreign-speaking men in the mills have been organized along with several hundred Americans. Mill officials say they believe that only about a sixth of their employes have joined the unions.

INDEPENDENTS PLAN TO FIGHT

Youngstown Companies Appeal to Workers to Remain Loyal.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Sept. 19.—Statements were issued today by the big independent steel companies of the Youngstown district announcing that the principle of "open shop" will be maintained, and calling upon their employes to remain loyal and stay at work Monday. The Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, employing 15,000 men; the Brier Hill Steel Company, 6,500, and the Republic Iron and Steel Company, 7,500, issued statements which were published in foreign language newspapers today.

Organizers here have estimated that 64,500 workers in the Youngstown district will be affected by the strike, though they gave no figures on the number of men whom they expect actually to strike. The district includes Ohio, outside of Cleveland, and the Farrell-Sharon-Newcastle district in Pennsylvania.

TO ENFORCE ORDER IN GARY.

Mayor Warns Steel Workers He Will Protect Life and Property.

Special to The New York Times.

GARY, Ind., Sept. 19.—Mayor Hodges this afternoon issued a proclamation urging citizens to refrain from any violence when the steel strike is called.

"My sworn duty as Mayor of Gary is to enforce the laws of this city, the State, and the Constitution of the United States and to preserve peace and order in the community," he said. "Therefore, any working man who wishes to quit his employment has that right, and may do so without in any way being molested, and any one who wishes to peacefully pursue his occupation has that right and may do so without in any way being molested. I will see that all persons, their families, and properties are protected.

"All should refrain from ill-tempered discussions and be conservative in talk and actions. I ask that all good, loyal citizens in Gary aid in enforcing this policy."

COLORADO MEN MAY QUIT,

Steel Workers Insist on Abandonment of Rockefeller Plan.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 19.—The conference at Pueblo of officers of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company and representatives of union men employed in the company's steel plant near Pueblo failed of results, it was announced at the company's offices here. The men left the meeting expecting to strike Monday.

J. F. Welborn, President of the company, said abandonment of the industrial representation plan (The Rockefeller plan) was requested in accordance with the twelve demands submitted to all steel companies. The company insisted upon retaining the Rockefeller plan, he said, and the union representatives then said they were "willing to test strength with the company."

STEAM ENGINEERS TO WORK

Men Employed in Steel Plants Want to Give Wilson Plan a Tryout.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Steam and operative engineers employed in the steel works throughout the country will not join in the general strike of steel workers set for Monday. This was announced by H. M. Comerford, General Secretary and Treasurer of the International Union of Steam and Operative Engineers.

A letter has been sent out from the union headquarters to every local in the country, declaring that "the officers of the union feel that President Wilson should be given an opportunity to hold the arbitration meeting which he has set for Oct. 6, and all members are instructed to refrain from affiliating themselves in any way with the proposed strike."

Plans of labor leaders for the steel workers' strike Sept. 22 went forward today in the Chicago district, which includes many of the country's greatest mills. At a meeting of 3,000 steel workers in South Chicago last night the statement that "between capitalism and Bolshevism the workers would choose to be classed as Bolsheviki" was wildly applauded.

Steel company officials at Gary, Ind., have issued a statement that of 10,125 men interviewed at the United States Steel Corporation plant there, known as the Gary works, 9,302 men said they did not favor striking Monday.

The following table shows the steel plants in the vicinity of Chicago which will be affected by Monday's walkout, and the number of men employed in each:

South Chicago.

Illinois Steel Company	12,000
International Harvester Company	900
Chisholm Plant	400
American Brake Shoe and Foundry Co.	400
American Steel and Machine Co.	600
American Steel and Wire Company	600
Hurley Boiler Company	300
By-Products Coke Corporation	1,100
By-Products Federal Furnace Plant	700
Chicago Bridge and Iron Works	250
Chicago Malleable Casting Company	750
Edwards Valve and Mfg. Company	700
General American Tank Car Corp.	950
Hubbard Steel Foundry Company	400
Wisconsin Steel Company	1,750
Grand Crossing Tack Company	600
Interstate Steel and Forging Company	150
Pilak Steel Company	900
Riverdale Rolling Mills	75
Riverside Iron Works	100

Gary, Ind.

Illinois Steel Company	12,000
American Sheet and Tin Mills	5,000
American Bridge Company	1,800
Union Drawn Steel Company	500
Screw and Bolt Company	500
Central Metallic Door Company	100

Indiana Harbor.

Inland Steel Company	6,000
Steel and Tube Co., Iroquois Iron Co.	650
Steel and Tube Co., Mark Mfg. Co.	2,000
Universal Cement Company	1,200
Standard Forgings Company	1,100
Green Engine Company	300
William Graves Tank Works	500
American Steel Foundries	2,200

East Chicago.

Interstate Iron and Steel Company	1,200
Republic Iron and Steel Company	500
By-Products Plant	450

Hegewisch.

Western Car Company	1,500
Ryan Car Company	1,000

Hammond, Ind.

Standard Steel Car Company	3,650
Simplex Railway Appliance Company	800
Illinois Car and Equipment Company	300
Hammond Malleable Company	900
Beich Railway Equipment Company	250
Hammond Machine & Steam Forge Wks.	28

CALL STRIKE ON ORE SHIPS.

Detroit Sailors Vote to Walk Out in Sympathy with Steel Unions.

DETROIT, Sept. 19.—Members of the sailors' union of this port voted unanimously in favor of a strike in sympathy with the strike of the steel workers called for Sept. 22, union officials announced this morning. Two hundred and thirty-nine ballots were cast.

The vote of the marine cooks and stewards' union and the marine firemen, oilers, water tenders, and coal passers' union being taken and tabulation will be complete tomorrow.

A strike would tie up more than 100 ore-carrying vessels of the Pittsburgh Steamship Company, said to be a subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, and boats of allied and associated companies, union officials declare.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Sept. 19.—Steel companies here have stores of iron ore on hand sufficient for nine months ahead, it was said today in connection with the proposed sailors' strike.

Unions Claim 43,000 in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 19.—Eighteen thousand Cleveland men and 25,000 in the Cleveland district will quit work Monday morning when the steel strike goes into effect, according to Henry W. Raisse, Secretary of the steel workers' organization and strike committee. Officials of the sixteen steel plants in Cleveland which would be affected by the strike said they would not know its extent until Monday.

MINERS MAY STRIKE NOV. 1.

Bituminous Workers Expected to Ask 60% Increase and 6-Hour Day.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 19.—The wage scale demands to be presented to the soft coal operators in Ohio, Illinois and Western Pennsylvania, which will serve as the basis of relative wage scales in all the bituminous fields of the country, will be submitted to the convention of the United Mine Workers of America on Monday or Tuesday.

Attempts will be made to make the instructions of the convention on the principal demands, regarding the amount of increase, presumably about 60 per cent., and the shortening of working time to six hours daily, five days a week, absolutely mandatory upon the joint scale conference at Buffalo, Sept. 25, and to direct them either to obtain recognition of these principal demands without change or to call out the bituminous miners of the country in a general strike Nov. 1.

Resolutions have been submitted criticising former scale conferees for taking demands formulated in convention as a basis of negotiation and accepting agreements embodying something less and directing them this time to insist upon the adoption of the demands of the convention to the letter.

An amendment to the constitution making the six-hour day instead of the eight-hour day one of the aims of the organization was adopted today. It reads that "not more than six hours from bank to bank in each twenty-four hours shall be worked by members of our organization," and this is the form in which the demand will probably be presented to the operators.

$140,000 AND BOND MESSENGER VANISH

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

burglaries the police have made no arrests. The police suppressed the report of the burglaries.

Shot at by Robbers.

While riding past St. Nicholas Avenue and 134th Street early yesterday morning, Leon Levy of 245 West 110th Street, an employe of Healy's restaurant, and two friends, were held up by two armed men. They resisted and Levy was struck over the head with the butt of a revolver and shot at before the highwaymen were frightened away. So close to Levy was the revolver that the powder burned his face. He was taken to Knickerbocker Hospital.

Frank E. McGuire of 8 James Street was arrested yesterday morning in front of the home of Oakley Thorne, at Eighty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue. He was charged with carrying a loaded revolver. In the Harlem Court he was held for Special Sessions.

Banking circles in Riverhead, L. I. Island, were stirred by a report brought there by Secret Service operatives that there was a rumor in this city that bank robbers intended shortly to make Riverhead their objective. This is fair week in Suffolk County and as there have been many visitors in the town the three banks have been closely guarded. The report, it was said, came from a stenographer who, riding in a street car in this city, overheard some man talking about going down to Riverhead and "sticking up the banks there."

Because the police have been unable to cope with the depredations of thieves who have been stealing boats and robbing others that are at anchor in Long Island Sound along the Astoria shore and Flushing Bay at Corona and East Elmhurst, owners yesterday met at North Beach and formed a protective association. According to the plans the owners will pay for the services of a guard to keep watch during the day. He will be provided with a swift motor boat so that he may chase the thieves if necessary. According to the owners the loss up to date amounts to thousands of dollars.

CALLS SCHOOL FUND FIGURES MISLEADING

Association Finds Practically Nothing Added for Educational Facilities.

SEES CUTS IN SOME ITEMS

Says That $11,250,000 Mitchel Sum Was Taken Back and but $10,000,000 Reappropriated.

In an analysis of the $87,000,000 school budget for 1920, in its bulletin published this morning, the Public Education Association, of which Howard W. Nudd is Director, holds that a budget which apparently gives to the schools twice as much as they received last year, as a matter of fact not only provides practically nothing for increased educational facilities, but makes some drastic cuts in activities that were treated generously during the war.

The association points out that the seemingly large increase is obtained by putting the figures for two years of building in one, and then by providing money which is necessary by the State law increasing the salaries of teachers, by the increase in the number of children to be taught, by the increased cost of fuel and other supplies, and by the necessity of making such repairs "as a first step in patching up an intolerable physical situation in the traditional school plant," the association reduces the discretionary items in the budget to no more than $400,000, which it terms "pathetically small."

The association denies that the Mayor provided $10,000,000 for school buildings this year, as he claimed in the appraisal of his own record published on Aug. 27. After pointing out that what the Board of Estimate and Apportionment did was to take back $11,250,000 which had been appropriated during the Mitchel Administration, and then to reappropriate $10,000,000 of it, the association says:

"The pertinent fact is, that the Mayor did not provide $10,000,000 for school building this year as he claims. What he really did was to permit the schools to have a part of what had already been granted them by his predecessor.

"The impertinent question is, what became of the other million and a quarter—that had already been granted to the schools?

"One would naturally refrain from accusing our Mayor of attempting to secure public approval under false pretenses by claiming for himself what some one else did.

Analyzes New Figures.

"There is only one conclusion. He must have been totally unconscious of the facts and unaware that he was actually *reducing* the funds for school purposes instead of increasing them.

"The analysis shows that the actual budget for running expenses is only $56,000,000, of which $44,300,000 makes up the general fund and $12,700,000 the special fund. Of the general fund it says that $41,000,000 covers the teachers' salaries on the basis of the present schedules and therefore does not extend the system in any way. Another $4,200,000 covers the mandatory increases in these salaries, which they "merit," but which do not increase the educational opportunities of the children. Further sum of $600,000 covers salaries for additional teachers to take care of the normal increase in the register of children. There is left, then, a group of items aggregating somewhat less than $400,000, which cover what might be called discretionary enlargement or voluntary extension of existing school activities.

"An analysis of the special school fund of $11,767,820.34," the bulletin continues, "reveals a similar lack of promise of increased educational facilities for the coming year.

"The basis of computation of this fund is some $7,300,000, which represents the amount appropriated for business administration, supplies and the maintenance and operation of the school plant for the present year. It is in the requested increase of some $4,400,000 over and above this sum, therefore, that the possible enrichment of the educational program for the coming year, so far as the special school fund is concerned, is to be sought."

ASK HINES FOR 8-HOUR DAY.

Maintenance-of-Way Men Plan a Chain of Co-operative Stores.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Sept. 19.—Partial representation for negro members, large increases of salaries to lodge officials, immediate establishment of a chain of co-operating stores, and the sending of a telegram to Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, declaring that only an eight-hour day will be countenanced by railroad employes, were authorized today by the United Brotherhood of Maintenances of Way Employes and Shop Laborers, in convention in this city.

Negro members of the Brotherhood may hereafter be represented by white delegates from their respective lodges, instead of through the indirect system of general Chairmen heretofore prevailing.

Salary increases of more than 100 per cent. were voted the chief officers of the Brotherhood. Allen E. Barker, President, was raised from $5,000 a year to $14,000. George Seal, Secretary-Treasurer, was raised from $3,000 to $9,000, and the pay of fourteen Vice Presidents was raised to $6,000 a year each.

Detroit will have the first co-operative store to be opened by the Brotherhood, and the seven members elected to the committee was authorized to proceed immediately with its plans for a chain of stores in different cities. Household necessities will be sold at cost to Brotherhood members in these stores.

The telegram to the Railroad Director General was sent, it was said, as a result of a movement by certain roads to institute a regular ten-hour day. The organization will tolerate that day only in emergencies, the Director General was informed.

PRINTERS REJECT COMPROMISE OFFER

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

time requirements to be continued until such time as they can be taken up through a joint study and the advisability of changes considered on the basis of the facts involved, and in case of dispute the controversy to be settled by conciliation and arbitration.

3. Each agreement or contract to be approved by the International as in the past.

4. The introduction of the forty-four-hour week to take place May 1, 1921. A six-dollar increase in all scales on basis of forty-eight-hour week, with provision in contract for readjustment each six months on cost of living basis in accordance with the following clause:

Unless it can be shown by the cost of living figures of the United States Department of Labor Bureau of Statistics that during the six months period from the date when this contract is effective and at intervals of six months thereafter, the cost of living has increased 5 per cent. or more, then and there shall the officers of the union herein represented have the right to ask for a further readjustment of the wage scales herein set forth, provided that the percentage of increase shall apply to the 1914 scales, the same basis as has been used to work out present scales, as embodied in this agreement, and further provided that should the cost of living for one of the six months periods decrease by an amount equal to or exceeding the increases, then any increases above the amount now granted in this agreement may be decreased in the same proportion; provided that no figures shall reduce the scales below those set forth in this agreement.

5. The committee representing the employers, signatories to the various union agreements, in submitting to you for your consideration the above proposals has earnestly endeavored to redeem its responsibilities to all of the interests involved and to fairly and justly met the issues which present so many complications. Our organization is ready and willing at all times and under any circumstances to consult, conciliate, and, if necessary, finally arbitrate all matters subject to controversy, in view of the fact that many of the questions involved in these negotiations are national in their bearings, affecting other cities as well as New York, in case final settlement is not secured in conference between the employers' committee and the local unions, we suggest that such issues in dispute shall be submitted to the International Joint Conference Council, of which the International Presidents of the various unions and employers' associations are represented for the industry as a whole.

Offer is Rejected.

"The offer was rejected by all of the unions. President Rouse, speaking for Typographical Union No. 6, stated that the employers' proposal would be presented at his union's meeting next Sunday with his recommendation that they be rejected. The other unions in likewise rejecting the offer proposed to submit it to their membership and declared their intention to abide by the arbitration agreements which they now hold with the employers and which still have some time to run.

"As Chairman of the Employers' Committee, I declined to include the seceding unions in our propositions. Our proposals to pressmen, feeders, and paper handlers will be made to the representatives of the new unions, duly authorized by their respective internationals."

CHILE A NATION 109 YEARS.

Whole Republic Celebrates Independence—Shea Toasts President.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sep. 18.—All Chile today united in celebrating the 109th anniversary of the culmination of the nation's independence. This city was lavishly beflagged and decorated for the occasion. At a solemn Te Deum this morning Juan Luis di Sanfuentes, President of the Republic, members of the Ministry and the Diplomatic Corps were in attendance.

At a great banquet given last night in the Government Palace by President Sanfuentes in honor of the Diplomatic Corps, Foreign Minister Barros Borgono gave a toast to the health of the chiefs of the nations represented. He alluded to Chile's constitutional stability and faithful fulfillment of her international obligations.

Answering on behalf of the foreign diplomats, American Ambassador Shea recalled the splendid achievements of the Chileans in their war for independence, and in their conflict against Peru and Bolivia.

Pointing to Chile's peace achievements, he said:

"Thirty years of prosperity speak more convincingly and eloquently than can any words as to Chile's inherent strength and stability. While other countries may have had turbulence and disorder, Chile has pursued the even tenor of her way."

Ambassador Shea predicted a brilliant future for the Republic, and concluded by offering a toast to the health of President Sanfuentes.

MR. BALFOUR TO BE EARL.

May Succeed Viscount Grey as British Ambassador to United States.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—According to the Daily Mirror, Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, is soon to be created an Earl in recognition of his services to the Empire during the war.

The newspaper adds that the raising of Mr. Balfour to an Earldom is likely to come simultaneously with his retirement from the Foreign Office, which is expected to take place during the Autumn. The Mirror says also that when Viscount Grey relinquishes his post of Ambassador to the United States a few months hence, Mr. Balfour will be invited to succeed him.

BERLIN GIFT STORY DENIED.

Red Cross Not Receiving Food and Soap Free of Duty.

Ethan Allen, manager of the Atlantic Division of the Red Cross, yesterday issued the following statement:

"The attention of the American Red Cross has been called to newspaper articles bearing a Berlin date line, in which it is stated that packages of food and such articles as soap and shoes may enter Germany without duty if they are sent as gifts in care of the American Red Cross in Berlin.

"The articles stated also that a 'central organization' exists in New York for dispatching gifts to Germany without duty. The American Red Cross has no knowledge of any such arrangement, and wishes to state that it is not part of its organization is the 'central organization' referred to."

GERMANS FIND HOPE IN GLASGOW CONGRESS

Vorwaerts, Seeking Treaty Revision, Looks for Help in Britain and Russia.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—Vorwärts has been looking both east and west and finding hope for Germany in England and Russia.

After condemning once again the Versailles Peace Treaty, the journal says that German policy has now but one object, namely, revision of the treaty. Revision, it says, can be effected by two methods. The first, described as of long and bitter duration, is through the League of Nations, while the second and infinitely more desirable one to Vorwärts would be revision as a result of revolutionary movements in the countries of the western powers.

Therefore, Vorwärts rejoices over the resolutions adopted at the recent Congress in Glasgow which, it says, show that the trade union movement in Great Britain is now becoming as efficient politically as it is in its purely trade union functions. As a result of this conference and of the recent by-election at Widnes, Vorwärts foresees a coming triumph of the Labor Party in England and the formation of a Labor Government.

This interest in the Labor Party's future is not at all a purely Socialist interest. It consists in this, that "a Labor Government in England would mean speedy, fundamental and far-reaching revision of thetreaty. The more decisive and radical the English labor movement becomes, the more hope is there for the German working classes' future."

Vorwärts then turns to Russia and has some good words for those there whom formerly it anathematized. It admits Soviet tyranny in Russia and does not deny its old abhorrence of the Soviet system, but is yet prepared to find elements of greatness in Lenin's Government, if only because it is the last revolutionary power to oppose the will of the Allies.

This, of course, is obviously in line with Vorwärts' recent plea for a rapprochement with Russia and, indeed, the whole article is interesting as showing how the Majority Socialist organ is reaching east and west for support for Germany. German Socialism is prepared to take advantage of either English trade unionism or Russian Sovietism, although it is not really as advanced as either, and is probably far less conscious of "brotherhood."

PEACE TERMS GIVEN TO THE BULGARIANS

Simple Ceremony Marks the Delivery of the Treaty in Paris.

THEODOROFF ADMITS FAULT

But Says Bulgaria's Offenses Do Not Justify Reducing Her to Servitude.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—With very little fuss and feathers Bulgaria received this morning the terms under which she may have peace with the Allies. She received them with humble and plaintive mien, promising never again to do that which brought this day's plight upon her.

The ceremony took place in the Clock Room of the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the Quai d'Orsay. There were present about fifty allied delegates and five members of the Bulgarian delegation. Premier Clemenceau opened the proceedings by stating that the meeting had been called to hand the peace treaty to the Bulgarians, and that they would have twenty-five days to consider it and file objections, after which the Allied and Associated Powers would fix a day for final decision. Paul Dutasta, Secretary of the Peace Conference, then handed the bound treaty to the Bulgarians, after which General Theodoroff, head of the Bulgarian delegation, read a long statement in French, setting forth the contention that, while Bulgaria was perhaps guilty of the charges brought against her, it was the fault of her former monarchial rulers and not of the Bulgarian people, who, he said, had been led into the war against their honest wishes.

General Theodoroff's voice was high-pitched and plaintive to a degree. The monotony of his recital was broken by a noteworthy incident. When, after he had declared the desire of Bulgaria to live in peace and harmony with her Balkan neighbors, he cast a look as plaintive as his voice toward Dr. Vesnitch, the chief delegate of Serbia. Vesnitch gave him what might be called a stony glance, whereupon Theodoroff continued in a voice more plaintive still.

After blaming King Ferdinand for Bulgaria's part in the war, Theodoroff said: "We are here not only to defend the rights of Bulgaria; we are anxious also to confess her faults."

A few moments later he declared: "The rights of nations are indestructible. With your high sense of equity you have put them from the start beyond reach of injury. This is why a guilty State, and even a conquered one, may be allowed to appeal to them."

He then promised to submit to the Conference statements as to the misconceptions of Bulgaria's rôle in the war.

"We are held guilty of having betrayed our allies of 1913 and having in 1915 intervened in the war on the side of the Central Powers," he said. "Everything shows that the Bulgarian nation did not approve of the alliance with Germany, and that this alliance was forced on it."

The rest of his statement was taken up with declarations that Bulgaria would henceforth tread the straight and narrow path.

When he was through Clemenceau arose and announced curtly that the ceremony was ended. It had lasted forty minutes.

The Bulgarian delegation left Paris this afternoon for Sofia.

PARIS, Sept. 19. (Associated Press.)—The treaty of peace between the allied and associated powers and Bulgaria was presented to the Bulgarian mission at the French Foreign Office this morning at 10:40 o'clock.

After the delegates had assembled, Premier Clemenceau, President of the Peace Conference, spoke briefly in opening the session. He was followed by General Theodoroff, head of the Bulgarian mission.

General Theodoroff spoke for fifteen minutes, pleading that the Bulgarian people were not responsible for the war, but that the Bulgarian Government had thrown the country into the struggle. He blamed King Ferdinand and Vasil Radoslavoff, Bulgarian Foreign Minister in 1915, for Bulgaria's entry into the war. He said the Bulgarian people did not approve of the German alliance, which, he declared, "came to them as a cataclysm," but they realized they must accept part of the blame for it.

"We have committed faults," he said, "and we shall bear their consequences within the bounds of equity, but there is a punishment no crime can justify, and that is servitude."

KAMONTOV'S COSSACKS ALARM MOSCOW SOVIET

Bolshevist Capital Declared in State of Siege as Raiders Menace Communications.

HELSINGFORS, Sept. 19. (Associated Press.)—The Pravda of Petrograd publishes a Soviet Government proclamation declaring a state of siege in Moscow in consequence of the operations of the Cossack General Kamontov's cavalry near the Red Army.

General Kamontov's Cossacks about the middle of August broke through the Bolshevist lines in the vicinity of Tambov, 256 miles southeast of Moscow. A London dispatch on Sept. 15 reported the General still operating behind the Bolshevist lines, to the detriment of the communications of the Soviet forces, having cut an important railway line.

The location of these operations appear to be about 175 miles to the west of Tambov, which would make the Cossack position at that time about 175 miles from Moscow, directly south or that city.

ROHLFS MAKES NEW RECORD

Climbs 19,500 Feet in 9 Minutes 42 2-5 Seconds.

Roland Rohlfs, the Curtiss test pilot, who on Thursday established a new altitude record, according to his barograph, which registered 34,610 feet, made yesterday what is believed to be a world's record for climbing. Using the same machine he had on Thursday, Rohlfs climbed 19,500 feet in 9 minutes and 42 2-5 seconds.

Instead of yesterday's fast, the Wasp, as the plane is called, is the holder of three world's records—altitude, climb, and speed—according to Curtiss officials. The flight, which was made at Roosevelt Field, L. I., was officially witnessed by Colonel John D. Carmody, commander of the field. The speed record was made at Dayton, Ohio, where Rohlfs flew the plane at the rate of 168 miles an hour.

TO OUST TROUBLE MAKERS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

of increasing the salaries of deserving employes, and the honest, faithful employe who is giving the best that is in him to the city should receive your consideration."

The proposal at the Thursday night conference at 2 Beekman Street that the Municipal and County Employes Association be formed for the purpose of improving the conditions of all city and county employes, and that it has no party or private object to persuade the administration and the public that the salaries of all city employes should be substantially increased to compensate for the increase in the cost of living that has taken place while the salaries of the city employes for the most part have stood nearly still.

Resolved, That this association is to be strictly an organization of city employes, organized by departments, with none but city employes eligible for membership, with no outside affiliations and no outside leadership. That it is the intention of this association to co-operate with the Mayor, the Board of Estimate, and the heads of the departments for the promotion of the efficiency of the services. That for the purpose of securing an increase in salary or redress of other legitimate grievances the only weapons to be employed will be the respectful petition to our superior officers and duly constituted authorities. That we consider our first duty as public servants to be loyalty to duty and to the administration. That we have full confidence in Mayor John F. Hylan, our Mayor, and in the honorable members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and in the members of the Board of Aldermen, and in our respective department heads, and that for the attainment of our objects we will take no steps to discredit them in the estimation of the public or to lower in the public estimation the dignity of the position of a public office employe.

Discuss Their Demands.

The Organization Committee will meet at Bellevue Hospital tomorrow night to formulate the wage increase demand, and will report its findings to a meeting at the Health Department Building Monday night, at which two delegates from each city and county department and bureau are to attend. Various opinions as to the extent of an increase were debated at last night's gathering, some favoring a flat 50 per cent. rise "all along the line," and others suggesting a flat increase of $100 to those receiving $600 or less, and a graduated percentage for those receiving more than that.

TEACHERS WANT MORE PAY.

Montclair Organizing for an Increase Due to Cost of Living.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Sept. 19.—Montclair teachers, who have an organization numbering 250, are agitating for another increase in wages owing to the hight cost of living. In business pursuits an increase in salary became effective as early as three years ago, but the Montclair teachers, except in the cases of a few of the lowest-paid teachers, have yet to receive the first installment of the increase granted by the Board of Education last year.

While the Board of Education made what seemed at the time a liberal increase, two items of additional expense will almost use up the total increase—that of board and laundry and the burden incurred by the failure of the Teachers' Retirement Fund. A new Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund has been established by the State of New Jersey, which, while a welcome change from uncertainty to certainty, will nevertheless be a large additional expense. A bonus of $25 per month for the coming year has been suggested as proper additional compensation for the teachers.

ASK MONEY TO PUT UP PAY.

Police and Fire Departments Increase Appropriation Requests.

The request of the Commissioners of the Police, Fire, Health, and Charities Departments for appropriations for 1920, made public yesterday, show large increases over the allowances granted for this year. The request for the biggest increase was submitted by Police Commissioner Enright. His estimate for the conduct of the department during 1920 was $34,396,679, an increase over 1919 of $3,340,544. The increase includes a rise of $150 a year for each of the 8,804 patrolmen, a rise for Sergeants, Lieutenants, and Captains, and one of $4,000 for the Chief Inspector of Manhattan and one for $800 for the Chief Inspector of Brooklyn and Queens.

In the Fire Department the total allowance in 1919 for personnel service was $10,343,006, to which $9,108 in special revenue bonds was added during the year, making a net total of $10,353,117. The Fire Commissioner's request for 1920 is $10,730,084, a net increase of $377,967. The request includes an increase for all the firemen in the several grades. In the estimate there are no increases to officers.

The Health Department requests $4,811,409, a net total increase for all services of $720,315.

President John R. Voorhis of the Board of Elections requests $393,595 over the appropriation for this year. He explained that a Presidential primary for the election of delegates to the national conventions will be held next March and therefore more money is needed. The total amount requested for his department for 1920 is $2,119,250.

The Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals request a total of $2,272,810 for next year, an increase over 1919 of $305,007. The high cost of supplies is the reason given for the increase. A decrease of $1,624 for the coming year's allowance is requested by the New York County Clerk. His total request is for $1,601,195.

The Commissioner of Public Charities and the Commissioner of the Department of Water, Gas and Electricity made no summaries of their requests. The Register of Kings County for this year received a total of $290,410, including transfers and special revenue bonds. For 1920 he requests $338,200, a total increase of $98,789.

ENRIGHT PROMISES A RISE

"Before the End of the Year," He Tells Training School Graduates.

Police Commissioner Richard Enright definitely promised the police higher pay before the end of the year, in a speech delivered last night to the graduating class of the training school of the department. He added that he hoped it would be still higher by the time the new men became eligible for promotion in five years. The Commissioner characterized the force as having reached the point of highest efficiency, as being pervaded with idealism as never before, and as being an army which had never known defeat.

The Commissioner's speech came at the end of exercises in the 71st Regiment Armory, during which the 118 members of the graduating class gave an exhibition in calisthenics, military drill, boxing, jiu jitsu, and resuscitation from drowning. All of the work was under the direction of Acting Captain Charles F. Schofield. August Bauer, who stood at the head of the class in both mental and physical achievement during the training course, was presented by the Commissioner with the Bloomingdale trophy, a silver-mounted pistol. The exercises are the first of their kind ever to be held for the benefit of the public. On previous occasions they have taken place at Police Headquarters, in the presence of a few invited guests. Deputy Commissioners Frederick A. Wallis and A. Drum Porter also reviewed the men.

After congratulating the recruits upon having completed the course of training, Commissioner Enright said that they were entering the force at a time when policemen were badly needed, and concluded:

"When I entered the department, twenty-three years ago, the pay was much lower, the hours much harder, and the ethics much lower. There was no such ideal as prevailing as now. The time when advancement was obtained by having friends has passed away. Your pay will be higher before the end of the year, and I hope that before you have presented yourself for advancement it will have gone still higher. Nobody now can intervene with your advancement, for men are appointed in the order in which their names appear on the civil service list. If you do not succeed in advancing, you have only yourself to blame. You have the good-will of the Commissioner and the people, and I wish you all the honor that this splendid service can give to a man."

STATE FUND FAVORS TO DONOR OF CAR

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

the affirmative, and said he had refused.

Manager Baldwin, recalled to the stand, was questioned at length in regard to the relationship between the Wynkoop Service and the State Fund. He said Wynkoop had placed insurance with the State Fund in considerable volume," but that the State had not paid any commission for the business. Asked what portion of the total of $78,605 dividends credited to policy holders of special groups Wynkoop would be entitled to from the State Fund the witness replied approximately $20,000.

Upon interrogation, Mr. Baldwin admitted that some of Mr. Wynkoop's policy holders had been previously insured in the State Fund.

Holders In Wynkoop's Stead.

Mr. Dawson then said into the records letters purported to have been written by the Assistant Manager of the State Fund to the Service, one of which was in substance:

"I understand that about ten days ago you took the Cutler Desk Company's folder out of this office with Mr. Black's permission. Will you please return this folder at your earliest convenience?"

Black, the witness said, was a former claim clerk. Another letter written by Black referred to a folder having been taken to Buffalo by Mr. Wynkoop and it contained this paragraph: "You will confer a great personal favor by making an effort to return the Cutler Desk Company folder as soon as you possibly can." Mr. Black, the witness said, is now working for the Wynkoop Service.

Getting down to the automobile incident, the witness asked to be allowed to explain the matter and he said: "Mr. Wynkoop, who is a trusted friend of myself and family, was calling one evening. A member of my family had been ill and there were circumstances that rendered the domestic situation somewhat peculiar at the time. Mr. Wynkoop very impulsively requested the member of the family who had been ill to select a motor car and asked the privilege of paying for it. It was a very generous and thoughtful and kindly act on his part."

"I would rather you did not spend so much time in characterizing it," interrupted Mr. Dawson. "Just give us the facts."

Says Mitchell Approved.

"After considering the matter," went on the witness, "I had doubts about the acceptance, because I realized that it might be misconstrued and misrepresented and used in some damaging way, and after talking with Mr. Wynkoop and expressing my scruples he had suggested—I think the suggestion came from him—that I talk the matter over with the Chairman of the Commission, Mr. Mitchell, who always was a trusted friend as well as my superior. I went to Mr. Mitchell and told him the circumstances under which the gift had been offered and I asked him if he could see any reason why it should not be accepted in the same spirit in which the tender had been made. He told me that he could see none, that it was a purely personal matter and he was satisfied. He had no recollection whatever to the business of the State Fund or the affairs of the State Industrial Commission. The gift was, therefore, accepted."

Mr. Baldwin admitted that the license for the car was issued in his name and that he had signed an affidavit to this effect.

After further testimony regarding the

CHICAGO CARPENTERS WIN.

Builders Grant Dollar-an-Hour Demand After a Ten-Week Strike.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—The carpenters' strike in Chicago was settled tonight at a meeting in the Hotel La Salle. The carpenters get $1 an hour, the wage for which they have contended during a ten weeks' test of strength with the contractors. The men are to return to work on Monday.

The strike of the carpenters, who numbered 16,000, caused a complete tie-up of building operations in Chicago and forced 115,000 men out of work. The carpenters received 80 cents an hour up to the time of the strike. The contractors offered to compromise their one-dollar-an-hour demand with a wage of 87½ cents an hour, but this was refused. Negotiations have been in progress for weeks.

MEETS ALLIES' DEM

WHELAN TO ABSORB AMERICAN TOBACCO

United Retail Stores Corporation to Take Over $92,000,000 Concern.

EXPECT LARGE STOCK ISSUE

Newer Organization Formed Last June on Chain-Store Plan.

J. B. DUKE ALSO INTERESTED

Announcement Regarding Present Transaction Will Be Issued Next Week.

It was learned in the financial district yesterday that negotiations have almost been completed for the absorption of the American Tobacco Company by the United Retail Stores Corporation, which was formed only last June by George J. Whelan.

The deal, when it goes through, will involve at least the amount of the American Tobacco Company's capital, which is approximately $92,000,000, and it is understood that there will be a readjustment of this capital.

This, it was learned yesterday, will result in the issuance of 3,000,000 shares of no par value stock in place of the $100 par value stock now outstanding, and it is understood that stockholders in the United Retail Stores Corporation will be offered the right to subscribe to the new American Tobacco issue.

At the same time it is reported that the capitalization of the buying company will remain unchanged. At present it consists of 1,600,000 shares of common stock and 100,000 shares of 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock without par value.

The common stock of the corporation sold yesterday on the New York Stock Exchange at $106 a share.

Although no official confirmation of the transaction could be obtained yesterday from Mr. Whelan, he did say that he expected to make an official announcement regarding the American Tobacco Company on Wednesday of next week.

Statement to Come Later.

While Mr. Whelan refused to comment on the report that his company had bought the American Tobacco Company, he did not deny it, and his statement that an announcement would be forthcoming next week regarding American Tobacco was considered as significent. It lead to the belief that the basis for the exchange of old stock in the latter concern, and, possibly the purchase price paid by United Retail Stores, may be announced at that time.

Associated with Mr. Whelan in the United Retail Stores Corporation is James B. Duke, who was President of the American Tobacco Company before it was broken up by dissolution proceedings which were started by the Government under the Sherman anti-trust law. Both men were closely associated in the original American Tobacco Company.

When the United Retail Stores Corporation was formed under the laws of Delaware it was announced that its purpose was the operation of a chain of stores throughout the world markets. This was very much in line with the interests represented by the combination of these two well-known tobacco men, as Mr. Duke spent most of his time in England after the breaking up of the American company, where he directed the policies of the British-American Tobacco Company.

Mr. Whelan, who recently returned to this country after a trip abroad, was quoted as follows:

"I have studied the retail business of this country for over a quarter of a century and I know that it presents the biggest future of any business now before the American public. The United Retail Stores Corporation has been organized for the special purpose of carrying out this retail chain stores idea to its ultimate conclusion in this country and in foreign countries. I do not believe that our business in this country is one-tenth of what it can be made along progressives lines, which are safe and conservative.

"Under an offer made to common stock holders of the United Cigar Stores Company in July, whereby they could exchange their holdings for a double amount of the common stock of the United Retail Stores common stocks, a large percentage of the capital of the former concern has been absorbed by the latter."

J. B. Duke a Director.

Officers of the United Retail Stores Corporation are George J. Whelan, President; W. R. Perkins, S. S. Whelan, and S. B. Woods, Jr., Vice Presidents. In addition to the officers James B. Duke is a director.

Just what is the magnitude of the additional business which will now be controlled by the purchasing company as the result of the deal is indicated by the annual report of the American Tobacco Company for 1918. This showed that the sales of the company and its subsidiaries in that year aggregated $144,470,069, while total net income was $17,215,267.

The balance sheet of the American Company also showed that in addition to its $62,000,000 capital stock there was a total funded debt of $27,026,500, and that the company owned $30,710,102 worth of stocks and bonds. At the end of last year the company also had on hand more than $10,500,000 in cash.

Officers of the American Tobacco Company are: Percival S. Hill, President; C. A. Penn, C. S. Keene, W. H. O'Brien, George W. Hill and J. H. Mahler, Vice Presidents. Among the Directors are J. C. Brady, Daniel Hall, D. E. Lipscomb, Jr., A. L. Sylvester as well as the officers mentioned above.

Among the companies which are controlled by the American Tobacco Company are The American Cigar Company, with a capitalization of $20,000,000, which in turn controls the Havana Tobacco Company. The last named concern in turn controls the Havana Commercial Company H. De Cabanas y Carbal, and Henry Clay and Bock & Co., Ltd.

The outstanding stock of the company at the end of 1918 was $40,242,400 common stock, and $52,080,700 preferred, both classes of $100 par value. It is this stock that will be readjusted and probably exchanged for the new 3,000,000 shares of no par value stock. The funded debt of the company as of Dec. 31, 1918, was $2,026,500, and there was an issue of $25,000,000 7 per cent. serial gold notes dated Nov. 1, 1918, outstanding.

Shidehara Named Ambassador Here.

TOKIO, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—Official announcement has been made of the appointment of Kijuro Shidehara, Vice Foreign Minister, to be Japanese Ambassador to the United States.

Church Notices on Page 19.

CLEMENCEAU URGES TREATY RATIFICATION

Settles Electoral Law Dispute and Clears the Way for Coming Elections.

PARIS, Sept. 19. (Associated Press.)—Premier Clemenceau's intervention in the debate on the electoral law, which threatened to be prolonged indefinitely, settled the discussion in a few minutes today, the Government taking the stand that the elections should be held according to the law of July last, providing for proportional representation.

The debate on the subject had been going on in morning sessions for nearly three weeks. The solution is considered in parliamentary circles to be a great step toward the prompt prorogation of the Chamber and subsequent elections.

Premier Clemenceau refused to answer a request that he fix a date for the elections, saying:

"Ratify the Peace Treaty first. Immediately upon ratification I will inform the Chamber of the date of the elections."

The electoral law debate was on when Aristide Briand, former Premier, asked the Government to define its position and bring the debate to a conclusion.

The Socialists, in an attempt to taunt the Premier, said that Briand had forced his hand and inflicted a check on his policy. M. Clemenceau replied:

"There is a check for some one. As for me, I have suffered others. There is one, however, which I could not survive—that is a check by Parliament before the whole country."

The Chamber had intended to hold an evening sitting tomorrow to try to ratify the Peace Treaty, but after a consultation with Foreign Minister Pichon, Minister of Marine Leygues, and Premier Clemenceau a postponement until Tuesday was agreed upon.

SAFETY IN CONSTITUTION.

Congressman Towner Sees Bolshevism Peril in Amendments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Constitution of the United States stands as a bulwark against the rise of Bolshevism in the United States, declared Representative Horace M. Towner of Iowa, speaking in the House today at the celebration to mark the anniversary of the adoption of the Constitution. He advised against changes in the fundamental document, saying that changes at this time gave an opportunity for the radical element to force amendments that might be detrimental to the interests of the country.

Mr. Towner touched upon the elastic powers of the Constitution, which, he said, were so wide as to give the President the greatest power in war enjoyed by any ruler. He insisted that the regulations that have been the outgrowth of war should be repealed upon the declaration of peace, and that the country should return to the normal conditions promised by the Federal Constitution.

"We should understand," he said, "that Bolshevism is now an existing institution in the United States. The Communist Party, recently organized, according to a statement issued by its secretary, belongs to the same group of International Socialists as the Bolsheviki of Russia."

LLOYD GEORGE MAN WINS.

Coalition Candidate in Yorkshire Bye-Election Beats Laborite.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—In a bye-election held today in the Pontefract district of Yorkshire the Coalition-Liberal candidate, W. F. Forest, won the seat over I. Burns, Laborite.

Forest polled 9,920 votes as against 8,445 for Burns.

NEW NATIONS FAVOR LEAGUE

Czechoslovakia and Poland See Their Hope in Covenant.

In a cablegram received yesterday by the American Mid-European Association, Dr. Thomas G. Masaryk, President of the new republic of Czechoslovakia, said:

"I consider the authority of a League of Nations, practically conducted, as very desirable. It would be the organic institution and culmination point of the Peace Conference. I expect that practice will necessarily bring about certain alterations of the peace conditions. All reasonable and honorable politicians and statesmen who are earnestly willing to prevent a new war will accept a real League of Nations with gratitude. Especially for the smaller and small nations this League will be a blessing."

The Mid-European Union, of which Dr. Masaryk is Chairman, announced that Ignace Paderewski, President of the Council of Ministers of Poland, had declared the League of Nations essential to Polish independence.

JOHNSON GIVES UP ANTI-LEAGUE TOUR

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

port such a reservation should the Johnson and Moses amendments be voted down. There is no way of converting the Johnson amendment itself into a reservation, it was stated, as it provides for altering the voting strength of the United States, but the point would be covered in part at least by the reservation in the form suggested.

Leading supporters of the Johnson amendment tonight declared that they had the votes to insure its adoption. Though some Republicans will vote against it, there are enough Democrats who favor it to come out for it on the final roll call, it was asserted. While his statement is disputed by Democratic leaders, Republicans adhered to it insistently, and predicted that the treaty's supporters would be disagreeably surprised when the vote was taken.

Realizing the importance of the test that is ahead, both sides today were doing their utmost to hold their forces. Present plans for the struggle are based upon the assumption that some supporter of the treaty will move early next wek to go back to the Johnson amendment, which was temporarily passed over at Senator Lodge's request.

There is no disposition to combat this motion. If there were, the test of strength could be had right there, though it might not be absolutely conclusive. Senator Lodge is disposed, he said, to have the fight on the merits of the amendment, rather than a parliamentary point. Once the amendment is called up, the forensic guns are expected to begin booming, first from the opposition to the League and then in reply from the Administration side of the chamber.

Senator Borah is preparing for a leading part in the fight. He is ready to take the ground that President Wilson was mistaken in saying that Great Britain could not outvote the United States, or else, Mr. Borah will hold the assembly of the League serves no useful purpose, and is merely a debating society formed for the purpose of allowing nations which otherwise would not have been represented to become members of the League. He will also assert that Great Britain was eager to have India given a vote, as evidence that Great Britain plans to use her votes effectively.

Stand on Wilson's Assurance.

The arguments against the amendment are to be based principally on President Wilson's assurance at San Francisco that the United States cannot be outvoted, because the vote of the American representative upon the Council is necessary to the unanimous decision on which all important League action rests, and the further ground that the amendment should be rejected because its adoption would involve sending the treaty back to the Peace Conference

The vote on the amendment may not come for ten days or two weeks, or it may come much sooner. Senator Lodge said today that he wished to have Senator Moses's amendment relating to the voting of British dominions in disputes in which the mother country is involved cosidered at the same time. This may complicate the debate.

Following speeches today by Senators Wadsworth and Nelson, the reading of the treaty was resumed in the Senate, and the League of Nations covenant was finished. Senator Moses's amendment was reached and passed over under the same understanding that was had relative to the Johnson amendment—that it was subject to call at any time. Senator Lodge said he wished it to come up with the Johnson proposal, as the two were closely related.

At the request of many Democratic Senators, the Senate today adjourned until Monday. Senator Lodge said that owing to the constant pressure that was being exerted from the Democratic side for speed in the consideration of the treaty, he had decided to have the Senate sit on Saturday, but was requested by Democrats to allow the week-end to be devoted to rest. He replied he would do so if a general demand arose.

JOHNSON INSISTENT ON TREATY DELAY

Declares That in Sixty Days Popular Sentiment Will Force Its Defeat or Amendment.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 19.—Senator Johnson of California in an address before a special session of the Legislature this morning, presented arguments in opposition to unqualified ratification of the League of Nations covenant. He expressed the opinion that if action on the League could be delayed sixty days the people would insist upon its defeat or amendment so as to protect the country's interests.

"Public sentiment against the League is growing every day and is fast assuming the proportions of a revolution," said Senator Johnson. "Its friends realise that if it is not rushed through now before the people have had an opportunity to understand it, their cause is hopeless. That explains the haste to have it ratified without amendment.

"The statement that immediate action is necessary to stabilize business is absurd.

"The pitiless logic of events is gradually dispelling the halo with which its advocates have enveloped the so-called League of Nations. The diplomacy and intrigue, the wars and counterwars of which we catch a hasty glimpse through a rigorous European censorship, are slowly but surely presenting it in its true aspect and making plain its real design. The unbridled and irrational emotionalism which greeted the suggestion of a League 'to promote peace and prevent war' and which was utilized to the full with a people sick of the carnage of the great world conflict before the terms of the League of Nations were known or before its provisions were understood, is with the lapse of time gradually passing.

"As our people become nearer normal and see again with clearer vision, they begin to understand the iniquity of the thing that is sought to be fastened upon America. The treaty of peace was made in accordance with the contracts secretly sealed and delivered among England, France, Itlay, and Japan. We talked of what the treaty should contain, but the treaty when written contained what the other nations wanted and followed their secret bargains."

The Senator declared great burdens are imposed on the country under Article X., and said that it meant the sending of American soldiers abroad for many years.

DULUTH, Sept. 19.—Senator Johnson, addressing a large and enthusiastic audience in Duluth tonight, asserted that America's entry into the League of Nations would mark the formation of a partnership between the one going, solvent country in the world and certain European bankrupts, who, he said, had come to despise and detest us secretly.

"The League of Nations," he said, "comes to us after its principal members have been gorged with territory, with their boundaries and their limits increased beyond the wildest dreams and with other immense tracts of the world's surface yet to be distributed among them.

"After these extraordinary accessions of territory, the one going, solvent national concern on earth undertakes by Article X. to guarantee forever these extraordinary territorial limits. This section freezes the world into immutability. It assumes to put the world in a straitjacket, wherein there can be no movement for the betterment or progress of humanity."

The crowd which heard Senator Johnson packed the largest hall in the city and hundreds were turned away.

THE CROWNLESS CROWN PRINCE.

Interview with the eldest son of the ex-Kaiser Wilhelm in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow. Character sketch of Frederick William at first hand.—Advt.

WADSWORTH SPEAKS AGAINST THE LEAGUE

Urges Reservations to Articles X. and XVI. and Monroe Doctrine on Senate.

NELSON PLEADS FOR POLAND

Minnesota Senator Attacks Second Reservation Proposed by the Lodge Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—In the first set speech he has delivered in the Senate on the League of Nations, Senator Wadsworth, New York, today maintained that the contract into which the United States is asked to enter under the treaty is likely to prove the destruction of American national unity. Injection into American life of European politics had already begun, he asserted, and if a permanent engagement was undertaken to have a hand in all of Europe's affairs, this would be greatly extended. He urged the adoption of the reservations proposed by the Foreign Relations Committee as to Article X. and XVI. of the League covenant and as to the Monroe Doctrine.

At the outset Mr. Wadsworth took issue with President Wilson's recent statement that the League of Nations was bigger than the Government of the United States.

"It is bigger than any man or any party," said Senator Wadsworth. "It is not, however, bigger than the Government of the United States, for that is the representative and agent of the people of the United States, and unless our institutions have already proved a failure, anything that is bigger than the Government is bigger than the people; and to that doctrine, as enunciated by the President in a recent speech, I cannot subscribe.

"Already we see the effects in this country of the proposal contained in the covenant of the League of Nations; already we see the effects of the partial participation in which this Government has indulged in European frictions and disputes. Some examples have come to my personal attention.

"Within eight days of the President's appeal to the Italian people over the heads of their Government regarding Fiume my mail was filled with letters and petitions and circulars from Italian-born citizens in the United States, urging me to use what influence I had to see that the United States took sides with Italy against Jugoslavia in regard to Fiume. Instantly European politics was in American politics.

"I have heard from delegations of Lithuanians who, in the same way, seeing the United States about to cast a deciding vote perhaps as to whether there shall be a Lithuania independent of Poland, or independent of Russia, have written me and doubtless other Senators a urge that we use our influence in behalf of their mother country.

Taking up Article X., the Senator said: "To my mind the President has settled it, and settled it right, as to its meaning. He said it was a binding moral obligation. All the play in and around the meaning of the word 'advice' means nothing."

"I hope the reservation recommended by the committee, reservation No. 2, will be adopted by the Senate, for if it is not adopted and we enter this contract with Article X. in it as now proposed, we will be under obligations when the call comes, to send our soldiers and our money in a fruitless endeavor to maintain for an indefinite period the status quo of 1918. When we stop to comprehend what that means, I do not see how we can escape the conclusion that the Americans of the future are in for a foriorn hope."

"I rejoice that the Committee on Foreign Relations proposed a reservation which gives an adequaje and accurate definition of the Monroe Doctrine, for the Monroe Doctrine I regard as the principal bulwark protecting the safety and independence of the people of the United States," it continued. "I shall never consent with my vote to have the meaning of that doctrine passed upon by a foreign body. I shall never consent to have it interpreted, as was suggested by some of the British members of the Peace Commission, by a League of Nations. I should not be under the jurisdiction of anybody but Uncle Sam. He, and he alone, is competent to interpret it. He, and he alone, can be called upon by his people to enforce it."

Following Senator Wadsworth's speech, which was warmly applauded by the occupants of the galleries, Senator Nelson, Minnesota, who has already spoken in favor of reservations, in a brief speech attacked the second reservation of the Foreign Relations Committee as unjust.

The Allies, including the United States, set up the new States of Poland and Czechoslovakia, he said, and now, if this reservation was adopted, the United States would in effect say to them that the United States had no further interest in them.

"This reservation," he said, "in its entirety throws overboard and scatters to the four winds by its disavowals the whole moral weight and influence of the United States. It not only does that, but it says to Poland and Czechoslovakia, 'Although we have joined the Allies in giving you statehood we are wholly indifferent to your future welfare. It is no concern of ours whether you live or perish as a State. It is true we have breathed a little life into you by the treaty, but having done that we washed our hands of the whole business. We have no further concern in your future well-being.' This is akin to the poor, disconsolate, helpless mother who deposits in a basket her unfortunate offspring on the doorstep of some person whom she hopes will take care of the poor infant, and then leaves it."

Senator Nelson insisted that a moral responsibility reats upon the allies, as well as upon our country, to help the Russian people get rid of "the bloody terror" of Bolshevist rule.

The presence of American soldiers in Russia was justified, he said. If an adequate force had been put upon the Murmansk coast, he declared the Bolshevists rule would now be at an end.

DE VALERA NOT SATISFIED.

Insists Irish Freedom Be Safeguarded in League Covenant.

Speaking further yesterday concerning President Wilson's answers to the San Francisco Labor Council's questions regarding Ireland, Eamonn de Valera, President of the "Irish Republic," issued a statement last night, in which he said:

"Nobody with a particle of common sense would have faith in the benevolent interest in Irish freedom promised from a body constituted as is the proposed League of Nations. In it the defendant nation, England, is represented, more powerfully represented than any other member of the league, while the plaintiff nation, Ireland, has no representative at all.

"Under the present code of so-called international law the representative of Britain can, if he chooses, prevent the Irish case from being heard on the plea that it is purely a domestic question for Britain alone to deal with. If by the favor of some benevolent representative of some third nation and by England's consent the case did come up for a hearing, it would be considered and tried in secret with Ireland's advocate in no better position than a witness. Finally, should there be any protest of a declaration in favor of Ireland, England's representative could always use his veto under the clause that provides for a unanimous vote.

"The proposed covenant of the League of Nations will, if ratified, be an instrument of international compact. What the Irish people seek is that their right to liberty be explicitly safeguarded in that document, not left to the benevolent interest of some possible benevolent representative of another nation.

"It is not the Irish people who have diffidence in the justice of their cause; they have a well founded diffidence in those whose interest it is not to administer justice, but rather to bolster up justice."

WALSH ASKS THE PRESIDENT.

Inquires About Article X. and Britain's Territorial Integrity.

Frank P. Walsh announced last night that he sent this telegram to President Wilson:

"The Executive Committee of the Irish Race Convention in session here has directed me to wire you the following question: 'Is Ireland included in the territorial integrity of Great Britain, proposed to be guaranteed by Article X. of the covenant of the League of Nations?' They instruct me to say that a definite answer upon this point will clarify the minds of millions of our fellow American citizens.

"An answer addressed to me at 2142 Woolworth Building, New York City, will be promptly transmitted to the committee, which again meets at New York on Monday, Sept. 22, at 10 A. M.

"FRANK P. WALSH,
"Chairman American Commission on Irish Independence."

IRISH LOAN SALE OPENED.

$1,250,000 in Bonds Are Offered—Prospectuses May Be Seized.

DUBLIN, Sept. 19.—Subscriptions for the Irish Republican loan of £250,000 were opened today. No reliable data regarding the response is as yet available.

In advertising the loan large parcels of prospectuses are known to have been sent to local Sinn Fein agencies throughout the country for hand distribution, but many others were mailed in the British postoffice. There is some speculation as to whether these latter will be delivered or confiscated as illegal matter.

Oppose Votes for French Women.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—The Electoral Committee of the Senate has decided to report unfavorably on the Chamber of Deputies' measure which would give vote to women.

ANNOUNCE BRITAIN'S TREATY WITH PERSIA

Washington Makes Public the Full Text of the Recent Agreement.

$10,000,000 LOAN ARRANGED

British to Supply Advisers—Agree to Respect Persian Independence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The full text of the agreement between Great Britain and Persia was made public in Washington this afternoon.

The most prominent feature of the treaty is a loan of £2,000,000 at 7 per cent., redeemable in twenty years. This loan, which Great Britain offers to Persia, will have precedence over all the other debts of Persia, except a former loan of £1,250,000 on May 8, 1911. In return for the new loan Persia pledges her customs receipts.

Great Britain agrees to supply, at the cost of Persia, expert advisers, military officers, munitions, and equipment in order to form an army to preserve order in Persia and along her borders.

Letters from the British Minister at Teheran to the Persian Prime Minister state Great Britain's intention to aid Persia in recovering war claims and arranging her boundary lines. In one letter the agreement is made that Great Britain will make no charge for her troops sent to the help of Persia during the war, while, on the other hand, Persia will charge no indemnity for damage caused by those troops.

To Respect Persian Independence.

The preamble to the agreement reads, in part, as follows:

"1. The British Government reiterates, in the most categorical manner, the undertakings which they have repeatedly given in the past to respect absolutely the independence and integrity of Persia.

"2. The British Government will supply, at the cost of the Persian Government, the services of whatever expert advisers may, after consultation between the two Governments, be considered necessary for the several departments of the Persian administration. These advisers shall be engaged on contracts and endowed with adequate powers, the nature of which shall be a matter of agreement between the Persian Government and the advisers.

"3. The British Government will supply, at the cost of the Persian Government, such officers and such equipment of modern type as may be adjudged necessary by a joint commission of military experts, British and Persian, which shall assemble forthwith for the purpose of estimating the needs of Persia in respect of the formation of a uniform force which the Persian Government proposes to create for the establishment and preservation of order in the country and on its frontiers.

"4. For the purpose of financing the reforms indicated in Clauses 2 and 3 of this agreement, the British Government offers to provide or arrange a substantial loan for the Persian Government, for which adequate security shall be sought by the two Governments in consultation in the revenues of the customs or other sources of income at the disposal of the Persian Government. Pending the completion of negotiations for such loan, the British Government will supply on account of it such funds as may be necessary for initiating the said reforms.

"5. The British Government, fully recognizing the urgent need which exists for the improvement of communications in Persia, with a view both to the extension of trade and the prevention of famine, are prepared to co-operate with the Persian Government for the encouragement of Anglo-Persian enterprise in this direction, both by means of railway construction and other reforms of transport; subject always to the examination of the problem by experts and agreement between the two Governments as to the particular projects which may be most necessary, practicable, and profitable.

"6. The two Governments agree to the appointment forthwith of a joint committee of experts for the examination and revision of the existing customs tariff, with a view to its reconstruction on a basis calculated to accord with the legitimate interests of the country and to promote its prosperity."

Treaties to Be Revised.

One of the letters, addressed by the British Minister in Teheran to the Persian Prime Minister, reads in part:

"I trust your Highness has been able, during your successful direction of affairs of the Persian State, to convince yourself that his Britannic Majesty's Government have always endeavored to support to the utmost the efforts of your Highness's Cabinet on the one hand to restore order and security in the interior of the country, and on the other to maintain a policy of close co-operation between the Persian and British Governments.

"His Britannic Majesty's Government will be prepared in due course to co-operate with the Persian Government with a view of the realization of the following desiderata:

"1. The revision of the treaties actually in force between the two powers.

"2. The claim of Persia to compensation for material damage suffered at the hands of other belligerents.

"3. The rectification of the frontier of Persia at the points where it is agreed upon by the parties to be justifiable.

"The precise manner, time, and means to be chosen for pursuing these aims shall be discussed, as soon as practicable, by the two Governments."

MORGENTHAU SEES GERMANY FOR WAR

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

viting an onslaught which German arms unquestionably will make within a few years unless Germany's enemies intrench themselves through constructive work and establish the nations which threaten to weaken themselves and their allies through greed and jealousy.

"Germany has gone over into Russia. Her people are organizing there, and they will marshal Russian resources and utilize them in combating the rest of the world, unless a strong Poland is created as a protection for Europe.

"With her great industrial resources and wonderful railway systems dominating Central Europe, Germany is in a very fortunate position. She is strong and virile, and capable of great commercial and military effort. Nations like Italy, Greece, Rumania and Jugoslavia, which are extending their territory and spreading out in all directions, have not the industries to bring them that which makes Germany powerful. Furthermore, they are, in many cases, trying to swallow up peoples of different races and aspirations. They are trying to govern more than they can handle.

"Germany will leave France alone, perhaps, but she inevitably will try to gobble up Russia and many of the small countries of Central Europe.

"The task of the United States is clear. She must begin through her Allies, she must equip statesmen in the international school and create the first General Staff that has ever existed, so as to have leaders who will realize what the world developments are.

"An America which is ready, mentally and physically, to stand behind the League of Nations can hold the balance of power in the world. If the United States does not measure up to its responsibilities, Germany may win the next time and secure domination of the world."

PRESIDENT QUOTES ROOSEVELT'S VIEWS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

must be reason for it, as this unrest was not "whimsical."

The treaty, Mr. Wilson went on, was not a statesmen arrangement, but a movement for the liberation of peoples and the release of the humane forces of the world.

"I have never heard this," he said, "in the speeches of the gentlemen who are opposing it. If they did tell you, they know that the resentment of the nation would rise and sweep them off their feet."

The principle of the League of Nations, which he sought to have put into effect, he continued, was the expression of the beliefs of all generous men which had been growing for generations, the dream of the friends of humanity throughout all ages.

"I repudiate as a fellow-American," he said, "anyone who would permit this question to be considered in regard to the elections of 1920."

It was at this point that the President made reference to the utterances of Colonel Roosevelt and Senator Lodge. He said, by way of preface, that he wished to refer to a statement by a man who had been "one of the most energetic, practical, and distinguished" leaders of thought in the United States.

In his article, the President said, Colonel Roosevelt expressed the belief that there was one permanent plan for obtaining peace and that was by pledges among the great powers to abide by the decisions of a common tribunal, and if necessary to use force to carry out the decisions. He quoted Colonel Roosevelt's statement and then added:

"This is a very worthy utterance made by Theodore Roosevelt, and I am very glad to align myself with it."

Colonel Roosevelt was idolized here and the huge crowd listened with intense interest, not knowing whether to cheer or remain silent. There was a ripple of hand clapping in some parts of the great crowd and then the applause was stilled.

Before quoting from Colonel Roosevelt the President quoted from the speech of Senator Lodge at a banquet in May, 1916, which, the President said, he himself attended. He read at length what Lodge then smaid about the work of the League to Enforce Peace. In this address, according to Mr. Wilson's quotation, Senator Lodge stated that he believed that when Washington warned the nation against entangling alliances he did not mean that the United States should not join with other assembly of the League of Nations, and by other members of the League."

The President went on to discuss the question of the six votes that Great Britain and her colonies have in the assembly of the League of Nations, and pointed out that under the League covenant no action could be taken without the concurrence of the American delegate.

Taking up the reservations proposed by the majority of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, the President said that in the main some of the reservations amounted to a declaration that the United States was unwilling to assume the same obligations as those assumed by other members of the League.

"I want to say with all the emphasis I am capable of," he went on, "that this is unworthy of the honor of the United States."

America, the President said, was the biggest thing in the world where high principles were concerned and must measure up to her proper standards. The United States, the President went on, had the spirit and energy to accomplish righ which no other nation could contribute to the cause of humanity.

Upon his arrival in San Diego today the President was driven to the U. S. Grant Hotel and then to the exposition grounds. As the automobiles of the President's party left the Fair Grounds and approached the Stadium it was found that no precautions had been made to prevent automobiles from being parked along the roadway, and the President was held up several minutes in the jam. Finally his automobile was turned off the road and over a gutter, which gave the President and Mrs. Wilson a good jouncing.

During the ride through the Exposition Grounds Mrs. Wilson rode with the wife of G. A. Davidson, President of the Exposition. When the automobile left the grounds Mrs. Davidson gave way to the wife of Mayor Wildie. This arrangement was made because of the keen competition for the honor to ride with Mrs. Wilson.

The President was the guest at a dinner given at the U. S. Grant Hotel tonight by Mayor Wildie, at which Lyman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury in McKinley's cabinet, presided. There were about 200 guests.

Southern California Pro-League.

Mr. Wilson continued to gain ground today in his campaign for the support of the Treaty and the League of Nations, as his train entered Southern California, where he was greeted by crowds at every station.

During his visit to this district the President was told that Southern California was about 80 per cent. pro-League, despite the fact that Senator Johnson retained his personal popularity.

The pro-League sentiment is not entirely for accepting the League without interpretative reservations, bet inquiry shows beyond a reasonable doubt that most of the people are opposed to any course that would wreck the treaty. They want the League of Nations to be given a chance, with the United States as one of its leading members.

The vote in Southern California is, as a rule, the deciding factor in State political contests, and supporters of the League here say that the sentiment in the sountern counties would overcome any opposition in San Francisco and the north, and assure the League a two-thirds vote in the State, if such a vote were to be taken.

The controversy over the treaty and League turns on non-political lines. Republicans, Democrats, and Progressives are divided on the question.

Here, perhaps, more than in any other region which the President has visited, the women are influential. They have full suffrage and take an active part in things political. In the southern counties they represent at least 50 per cent. of the voting strength, and have not failed to realize their power. The result has been a free discussion of public questions by the members of a dozen or more organizations of women. The League advocates say that the women of Southern California are practically all in favor of a League. It is certain that leading women of all political faiths have been doing effective missionary work in its behalf.

In illustration of the extent to which they have made their power felt, Mrs. Josiah Evan Cowles, National President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has been selected as chairman of the meeting to be held tomorrow in Los Angeles, which is staged in connection with the visit of the President to this district.

Attitude of the Women.

The attitude of the women of Southern California was summed up today by one of their leaders as follows:

"They feel that the League of Nations may at least be effective in postponing war and that there is a good chance that it will spell the end of war. Therefore they are in favor of giving it a chance to operate.

"They are not opposed to reservations and in fact would be glad to have reservations made that would protect legitimate interests of the United States in the event that they did not destroy the large things at stake. Frankly, they do not believe the League covenant is a perfect document—they don't think any man-made document could be just that."

The women have been discussing also the commercial features of the treaty and League covenant at their meetings and have come to the conclusion that the United States would be put at a great disadvantage if it refused to enter the League.

The Shantung agreement in the treaty of peace is not the big Japanese issue in this state, it would appear, and President Wilson's explanation of the matter seems to have been reasonably satisfying. The real Japanese issue relates to means of preventing the Japanese, now multiplying with great rapidity, from acquiring property through the increase of children, who are American citizens when born on the soil of the United States.

Large acquisitions of property rights through these child-citizens is going on in the Sacramento district in the north and in the Imperial Valley in the south.

Houses are said to be overflowing with these young citizens and no state law has been devised that will refuse them the right to own land. Many thousands of acres are being taken up, it is said, in Florin Township, in Sacramento County. It is reported that of seventy-nine births recorded at one time, seventy-five were Japanese.

As compared with the Shantung agreement, this issue of the right to acquire land titles is of more importance in the minds of Californians.

Warm Greetings at Every Station.

Coming south from Oakland, the President's train entered the beautiful San Fernando Valley this morning. At every stop the people were out in large numbers and gave him a cordial greeting. There were many Japanese in some crowds and the little men and women and children stood by, some grinning, some solemn of face, but all undemonstrative.

A brief stop was made in Los Angeles en route to this city and here a large crowd was on hand. There were hundreds of railroad employes at this point and it was a matter of comment that there was no show of resentment against the President because of the firm stand he took recently in ordering the men, who had gone out on an unauthorized strike, to return to work, with the alternative that the Government would use its full power to operate the lines. There has been little evidence of industrial unrest since the President entered California, although it had been predicted that trouble might be found.

South of Los Angeles the President's train passed through rich orange groves and by rows of stately palms and then for miles along the shore of the Pacific. There were cheering crowds at every station.

QUOTES REPUBLICAN LEADERS.

Lodge's and Roosevelt's Utterances Cited by the President.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 19.—President Wilson's address at the Stadium today was in part as follows:

If anybody discusses this question (the League of Nations) on the basis of party advantage, I repudiate him as a fellow American and in order to validate what I have said I want to make one or two quotations from representatives of a party to which I do not belong. The first I shall make from a man who has for a long time been a member of the United States Senate.

The President here quoted Senator Lodge as saying at a banquet in May, 1916:

"No one, I think (can feel more deeply than I do the difficulties which confront us in the work which this League (the League to Enforce Peace) undertakes. But the difficulties cannot be overcome unless we try to overcome them. I believe it can be done. Probably it will be impossible to stop all wars, but it certainly will be possible to stop some wars and thus diminish their number. The way in which this problem is to be worked out must be left to this League and to those who are giving this great question the study which it deserves. I know the obstacles, I know how squarely we will be met with the statement: 'This is a dangerous question which you are putting into this agreement, that no nation can submit to the judgment of other nations, and we must be careful at the beginning not to attempt too much.

"I know the difficulties which arise when we speak of anything which seems to involve an alliance, but I do not believe, when Washington warned us against entangling alliances, he meant for one moment that we should not join with the other civilized nations of the world if a method could be found to diminish war and encourage peace.

"This League certainly has the highest of all conditions for the benefit of humanity, and because the pathway is sown with difficulties is no reason that we should turn from it."

The President then quoted ex-President Roosevelt as having written in an article published in October, 1914:

"The only prominent move for obtaining peace which has yet been suggested with any reasonable chance of attaining its object is by an agreement among the great powers in which each should pledge itself not only to abide by the decision of a common tribunal but to back with force the decision of that common tribunal. The great civilized nations of the world which do not possess force actually or immediately, potentially, should combine by solemn agreement in a great world league for peace and righteousness."

The President continued:

A very worthy utterance by Theodore Roosevelt. I am glad to align myself with such utterances as that. I subscribe to every word of it, and here in public I express my faith in the fulfillment of the plan which they advocate. We cannot in reason, we cannot as lovers of liberty, we cannot as supporters of right, turn away from it.

When I find a man who in public matter will not state his side of his case I know that his side of the case is the losing side, that he dare not state it. And at the heart of most of our industrial difficulties, my fellow citizens—and most of you are a witness to this—lies the unwillingness of men to get together and talk it over.

Half of the temper which now exists between those who perform labor and those who direct labor is due to the fact that those who direct labor won't talk differences over with the men whom they employ. I am in every such instance convinced that they dare not talk it over. Not only that, but every time the two sides do get together and talk it over together they come out of the conference in a different temper from that with which they went in.

There is nothing that affects the attitude of men like really frankly laying their minds alongside a fair and manly and open comparison.

You have here (in the treaty) what the world must have, what America went into the war to obtain. You have here an estoppal of the brutal, sudden impulse of war. You have here a restraint upon the passions of ambitious nations, you have here a safeguard of the liberty of weak nations, and the world is at last ready to stand up in council and discuss the fortunes of men and women and children everywhere.

Autocratic powers may spring up, but there is only one soil in which they can spring up: That is, the wrongs done to free peoples of the world. So long as wrongs like that exist in the world, you cannot bring permanently peace to the world. I go further than that: so long as wrongs of that sort exist, you ought not to bring permanent peace to the world.

For my part, I will not take any part in composing difficulties that ought not to be composed, and the difficulty between an enslaved people and its autocratic rulers ought not to be composed.

WHAT ROOSEVELT WROTE.

His Views as to Joint Action to Enforce Peace.

The statement of Colonel Roosevelt to which the President referred in his speech at San Diego yesterday was part of an article published in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Sunday, Oct. 15, 1916. In part the ex-President said:

"The one permanent move for obtaining peace which has yet been suggested with any reasonable chance of attaining its object is by an agreement among the great powers, in which each should pledge itself not only to abide by the decisions of a common tribunal but to back with force the decision of that common tribunal.

"The great civilized nations of the world which do possess force, actual or immediately potential, should combine by solemn agreement in a great World League for the Peace of Righteousness. A court should be created—a changed and amplified Hague Court would meet the requirements—composed of representatives from each nation; these representatives being sworn to act in each case as judges, pure and simple, and not in a representative capacity.

"The nations should agree on certain rights that should not be questioned, such as their territorial integrity, their rights to deal with their own domestic affairs, and such matters as to whom they should or should not admit to residence and citizenship within their own borders. All should guarantee each of their number in the possession of these rights. All should agree that other matters at issue between any of them, or between any of them and any one of a number of specified outside civilized nations, should be submitted to the court as above constituted.

"They should, furthermore, agree not only to abide, each of them, by the decision of the court, but all of them to unite with their military forces to enforce the decree of the court as against any recalcitrant member. Under these circumstances, it would be possible to agree on a limitation of armaments that would be real and effective.

"If any nation were unwilling to go into such a general agreement with other nations, it would, of necessity, have

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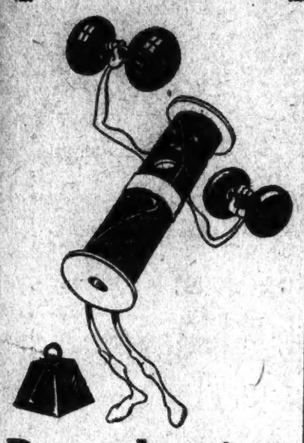

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SHIPS AND CREDITS GERMANY'S NEED

She Counts Upon Allied Aid for Rehabilitation of Her Trade.

WILL DELAY BUILDING SHIPS

Expects to Charter Neutral and American Tonnage Till Building Costs Less.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BREMEN, Sept. 16.—"I have talked with shipowners and merchants who formerly had worldwide connections and with allied and neutral representatives who are at present in Hamburg and Bremen trying to re-establish the bonds of commerce. The voice of the commercial neutral is very loud in these cities, where there are also many Americans, but the tardiness of English firms in sending representatives is very much commented upon.

The general feeling among commercial people, both German and foreign, is one of hopefulness. It is recognized that recovery will be slow, and that the present generation, which has to rehabilitate the value of the mark and feel the first shock of paying the Entente claims, will never again know prewar prosperity; but still it is felt that Germany is going to recover, and that with allied help a good beginning can soon be made.

Of course, "allied help" means that German firms are again to enter into competition, but Germany cannot pay the claims made against her unless such competition takes place, and the idea that Germany can for years to come be a serious rival of any allied country is scouted here by all in the best position to judge. I have been through a number of large warehouses in Hamburg, and if Germany has large stocks of goods waiting to be exported, they are certainly not in Hamburg. Germany has china and glass and potash to export, but few things in such quantities as need cause alarm in Entente countries. The problem is this: Germany has factories, docks, railways, labor and everything required for productive purposes. She is destitute, however, of all those raw materials which she formerly imported from abroad to feed those factories and, owing to the almost vanished value of the mark, she is unable at present to buy those raw materials. How to finance herself and so employ her productive resources is the problem she is attempting to solve and the problem about which I inquired during my stay in Bremen and Hamburg.

Germany Destitute of Ships.

Certain elementary facts are thoroughly realized here. It is recognized that Germany's overseas trade is absolutely dependent upon the Allies, that Germany's recovery as a whole is equally dependent upon the Allies, and that Germany is destitute of ships to carry her exports and imports. Prior to the outbreak of the war Bremen had a tonnage of 1,300,000, and Hamburg of 2,600,000, while now the tonnages owned are respectively 56,000 and 82,500. All Germany owns now only 3¼ per cent. of her pre-war shipping tonnage.

As against these realities Germany has two assets which she considers to be of considerable value. She has a large market to offer, and she has large labor power. Germany wishes to pledge these two assets in exchange for long-dated credits by which and by which alone she can recover sufficiently; and those credits would have to be furnished in the form of raw materials are food supplies to enable Germany to tide over the worst of the post-war period. Realizing that she has to go on short rations for many years, Germany will probably place an embargo upon the importation of luxuries and is certainly prepared to use in home consumption only the barest subsistence minimum.

Beyond that minimum Germany will re-export all the raw materials sent her in the form of manufactured articles, thus really exporting the value of her labor. By this labor value and by those home products which Germany can export, it is hoped that in the course of years Germany will be able to re-establish the value of the mark and to repay credits and interest.

Among the materials which are most pressingly required are oil cakes, to improve the food supply and all textile materials, such as wool, cotton and jute. This problem of restocking Germany is one of tremendous magnitude. One estimate made to me is that from two to three billion pounds would be required. This sum is of course impossible. The Allies could not supply it, nor could Germany swallow it if granted. But £50,000,000 is frequently mentioned as the minimum sum to enable Germany to make a proper start.

We now have the habit of thinking of America when we talk of credits and raw materials, but Germany, while not minimising the importance of America, is thinking equally of England. It is fully recognised that England and the British Empire are guardians of tremendous sources of raw materials, and German merchants are looking toward England with as much anxiety as toward America, which is why the comparative absence of English business representatives outside the occupied territories is being so much commented upon.

Plan of Chartering Foreign Tonnage.

As regards shipping, I had a long talk with one of the directors of the North German Lloyd Company of Bremen as to the prospects. As the statistics just quoted show, Germany is bereft of tonnage, but her shipping companies are of course to be compensated by the Government for the losses incurred. With this capital, however, the German shipping companies are not to begin building their new fleets right away. At present they aim to charter ships wherever possible—and in this connection Holland, Scandinavia and America are mentioned as likely fields to keep the German flag on the high seas to some extent and to cope with that increase in emigration which is expected in the immediate future. When freights have come tumbling down, as they are expected to do, and when the cost of shipbuilding is reduced accordingly, then Germany will begin to rebuild. Her yards have been extended during the war and are now capable of an annual output of 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 tons.

Such, then, is the problem facing Germany, and such the possible means of solution. It is true that there are other factors, such as the political situation, but this is regarded as stable, even though still liable to temporary shocks. Coal and currency are two dominating factors. No one doubts that with a full output from her mines Germany will be able to fulfill her treaty obligations as regards coal deliveries and to supply her own requirements. Currency must be dealt with on the basis of credits for raw materials from England and America. These credits, it is realised, will be in the nature of a gamble—a gamble upon Germany's ability to maintain order during reconstruction and upon her ability within the period of credit to restore the value of the mark—but without such a gamble Germany must go bankrupt and until some international arrangement is come to German business men will probably continue to be as unwilling to enter upon contracts as all the Entente representatives I have spoken with assure me they are at present.

BERLIN SHOPS CLOSED IN STRIKE OF PROTEST

75,000 Food Retailers Demonstrated Against Proposed Municipalization of Supplies.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 17.—Berlin retail dealers in food supplies are so indignant against the local food distribution that today they closed their shops for six hours as a protest against the proposed introduction of compulsory communalisation of food supplies to tide the city over the period of scarcity, which is aggravated by corruption and the low value of the mark.

The shopkeepers assert that they suffered greatly during the war, and that they ought to get more consideration than is shown them under the communalisation proposals. To draw more attention to their grievances they decided that the usual protest of a strike was necessary, and so today some 75,000 shops were duly and solemnly closed from 10 in the morning to 4 in the afternoon. Bakers, grocers, butchers, and greengrocers all took part in this strike, which was carried out in most districts of Greater Berlin and the suburbs.

But opposition was encountered in the east and north. There circulars had been distributed among the shopkeepers by a number of consumers, who threatened to boycott the shops if they participated in the strike—a threat which effectually crushed in many cases the desire to take part in the protest. No great inconvenience was caused to the public, as supplies could still be obtained from those irregular sources which are Berlin's mainstay as regards food supplies.

Nowadays no protest is ever made without holding a meeting, and the striking shopkeepers met in conclave in Philharmonic Hall in the afternoon. At this meeting a long resolution was presented which was in the nature of a treaties upon the effects of communalisation in the economic sphere and upon the detrimental effects to consumers which might be expected as a result of municipal shopkeeping. Indignant speeches were made at the meeting, which continued after the shops reopened.

While there has been a tendency to treat the whole matter lightly, there is at the same time an underlying significance in this strike protest. It is an addition to the growing number of instances in which the bourgeoisie has shown that it can organize for strike action, and in the coming months this ability may be of great value. There has been talk here lately of the necessity of a dictatorship of moderates if agitation by the Extreme Left or Right becomes serious, and such a dictatorship would depend for its success very largely upon the organising power of the bourgeoise.

With all its many difficulties, Berlin has at least one great mainstay. The purchasing power of the mark may have declined almost to the vanishing point; coal, gas, and food may be insufficient, but there are always moving pictures to keep one's spirits up. A walk along the streets might suggest to a stranger that enough picture "palaces" existed to satisfy one city; but apparently the suggestion would be wrong. Berlin, the intellectual city, as one newspaper sarcastically comments, is to have no fewer than twelve new motion palaces. Several of these have already been opened, among them the biggest one of the lot, a huge place, accommodating 4,000 people, while others are being rapidly pushed to completion. Presumably one effect will be to give more work to whatever body looks after Berlin's public morals campaign, which was opened some time ago and is directed against the exhibition in picture houses of propaganda films dealing with sex problems. These films have been markedly popular here. They are prominently advertised and largely attended, but it is difficult to find where the propaganda comes in and what is the end to which it is directed. These films are really rather revolting, when not merely stupid, and are a sign of decadence in Berlin rather than of any desire to scare people into cleaner behavior.

WANT MONEY THREAT TO CURB GERMANS

Proposal That America Withhold Credits Unless Baltic Danger Is Removed.

ALLIES CHARGE PERFIDY

Supreme Council Is Informed That Berlin Is Furnishing Supplies to von der Goltz.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Once more the Allies find themselves confronting a serious problem in giving order to Germany. This time it is the question of the Baltic provinces.

Last Monday the Supreme Council decided to send to the German Government another note saying that von der Goltz and his army must get back from those provinces to German soil. This note was to have been sent in reply to the German representations that the Berlin Government was very sorry about the whole business, but was not responsible because it could not make von der Goltz and his army come home, that it had ordered them home, but they would not come. It disclaimed all aid and comfort to von der Goltz.

The note planned by the Allies was to have told Berlin that, notwithstanding all that, the German Government must get von der Goltz out of the Baltic provinces, whether it was responsible or not for his being there.

Yesterday, while the note was being prepared, unquestionable proof came from Germany that von der Goltz and his 40,000 men were being supplied from East Prussia and that the Berlin Government was sending the supplies. Accordingly, the note is for the present held up, it is said. Whether it will be sent or not is a question.

"What is the use?" is the attitude taken by a not unimportant part of the Peace Conference.

The suggestion was made, upon the receipt of the news that Berlin was responsible for supplying von der Goltz, that Poland be asked to expel the Germans from the Baltic provinces. This suggestion came from Marshal Foch's staff.

It was disapproved by the Supreme Council, on the ground that the council was trying to put Poland in a peaceful condition and that to set the Poles against the Germans in the Baltic provinces would mean war with the Germans wherever Poles and Germans touched. Furthermore, it was hinted that it was by no means certain that the Poles could finish the affair if they started it.

At the meeting of the Supreme Council today attention was turned toward ways and means to get the Germans out of those provinces. No public announcement of the conclusions were made, but it is understood that the outcome may be that the American Government may be looked to to make a statement that the Federal Reserve Board will frown upon any proposal of American banking interests making advances to Germany so long as she misbehaves in a way which not only displeases Washington, but might throw Germany again into war with England or France, or both.

There is, of course, no proposal on foot for the American Government to advance money to Germany, but it is said that certain American banking interests stand ready to make such advances as soon as the Peace Treaty is ratified. Germany needs credits badly, and it is the belief in certain quarters here that withholding American cash or credit might have a wholesome effect on her.

In the situation the French are repeating their talk about an advance of the Allies from the Rhine. Such a move would mean little more than that the French would occupy Frankfort and Mannheim. However, this plan has not taken definite form, although if an ultimatum were sent it would probably be in the form of such a threat.

In the meanwhile von der Goltz stays in the Baltic provinces, nursing along the German plan of annexing those territories.

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Will Be Another "Feature" Day In Our New Men's Clothes Store

300 Men's & Young Men's Suits Have Been Specially Re-grouped for the Day!

To sell at the one price of

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At This Price We Actually Are Outdoing Ourselves

There is no need of our telling you that you can get Clothes in this city for less than $38.50. But there *is* need of telling you (and telling you with every ounce of emphasis that we can muster) that you cannot buy such clothes as you will see here to-day for $38.50. Under other conditions, they would be priced higher right in our own store! So imagine what you would have to pay for them elsewhere! And another thing: If we were asked to-day whether we expect to be able to offer such values again this season our reply would be "No." Nor do we, unless Good Fortune drops something into our lap---as sometimes she does!

"Use the McCreery 5th Ave. Arcade"

Cardinal Mercier in New York.

Vivid picture of Belgium's great priest leaving the City Hall where he was made a citizen of New York, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.

FIUME UNDER GUNS OF ALLIED SHIPS

Belief D'Annunzio's Forces Will Be Ordered to Evacuate the Town.

POET DEFIES GEN. BADOGLIO

Is Said to Have Army of 11,000 Men and Supplies for Three Months.

KING AGAINST BLOODSHED

Duke of Aosta May Use Influence to Induce D'Annunzio to Surrender.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—After a conference between Allied commanders at Abbazia, Allied warships have left the harbor of Fiume and have levelled their guns on the town, according to a German Government wireless report quoting advices received in Berlin from Laibach and Vienna.

The dispatch states that it is assumed an ultimatum will be sent demanding that Captain d'Annunzio's forces evacuate the town within twenty-four hours.

ROME, Sept. 10.—The time limit fixed by General Badoglio, Deputy Chief of Staff, for the Italian troops that left their posts in the armistice zone around Fiume and entered the city with Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio to return to their commands expired last night. Latest advices from the scene of Captain d'Annunzio's coup showed his forces were still in control of the city.

Colonel Sciliani, chief of the staff of General Badoglio and a personal friend of Gabriele d'Annunzio, has returned from Fiume, where he had a conversation with the poet, who said he had previously informed all the allied countries, including the United States, of his intention to occupy Fiume.

According to the Messaggero, the land and sea blockade of Fiume is complete. The National Council of Fiume is supplied with foodstuffs for three months. D'Annunzio is reported to be suffering from fever.

Great significance is attached here to a long interview the Duke of Aosta had with Premier Nitti after an equally long audience the Duke had with the King. The Duke of Aosta is popular with the troops and a close friend of Gabriele d'Annunzio, whom it is believed he may be able to influence.

Among measures adopted by the Government to prevent reinforcements from reaching the Italian "irregular" troops in Fiume is a military order removing the magnetos from airplanes at all aviation camps. D'Annunzio has already succeeded in gathering about him at Fiume airplanes forming part of his famous squadron.

It is reported that Jugoslav troops are concentrating on the frontier between Fiume and the hinterland. There are indications that people not essential to the defense of the place may be compelled to leave so that the armed forces may be able to holdout longer.

The inter-allied forces which left Fiume after the arrival of Captain d'Annunzio's troops are reported to be at Abbazia, about two miles northwest of the city, where they are awaiting instructions.

Trieste Volunteers Join d'Annunzio.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Sept. 19.—A dispatch from Laibach states that d'Annunzio, whose army has increased to over 11,000, including 1,600 volunteers from Trieste, refuses to obey the orders issued by General Badoglio, who is on an Italian warship.

D'Annunzio insists he will fight to the end if attacked and if forced to will blow up Fiume. There is an unconfirmed report that the Jugoslavs, among whom discontent is increasing, intend to occupy Sussak as a reprisal until d'Annunzio departs.

The German papers are publishing long articles concerning the coup d'etat at Fiume, which is compared with Danzig. The German press recommends the similar capture of Danzig, but the Poles are taking precautions.

Italy Calm Over Fiume.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Sept. 19.—Italy on the whole is taking the Fiume episode calmly. Prime Minister Nitti seems to have been by far the most affected, and not without good reason, for the coup has fallen at an inopportune moment and he fears to fall under suspicion in the eyes of the Allies.

Certain mischievous tongues have spread it that the Government was not wholly in the dark and many foreigners resident here have been assured of this by Italians, but Nitti's anger, amazement and annoyance on first hearing the news proved his ignorance.

Though d'Annunzio was supposed to be very busy on his Tokio air trip, due to start Oct. 15, he had of late been a constant visitor to Venice, staying in the palace which was once the favorite resort of Prince Hohenlohe. There he constantly received friends from all parts of Italy and only a couple of days before his march entertained a large party at night and gave them the toast, "To Fiume, heroine of freedom in a world both vile and mad."

Premier Nitti has re-established the censorship with regard to Fiume. Papers must submit their notices to the censor. This seems a very bitter pill for the editor of the Popolo d'Italia, a stanch ally of d'Anfunzio and an apostle of Fiume's rights. A portion of his front page in one issue is blank, and instead of the article prepared, he had printed in large letter from top to bottom, "Made white by order of Nitti, the bargainer of his country's dignity."

The San Marco of the navy left Fiume harbor almost stealthily. General Gasioli, beloved by all, had to leave almost as a deserter. Generals Marietti and Rossi bade no farewell to their friends.

General Pittaluga, who has capitulated to the Poet, was sent with strict injunctions to repress all disorders and to prevent the soldiers mixing with the civilians. D'Annunzio's troops in Fiume have taken over the billets formerly occupied by the Italian contingent of the interallied garrison.

A large number of this contingent have gone over to the invaders as well as many of the population and sailors from the Italian battleships. There has been no fighting. Communications from Fiume to Rome, Venice and Trieste have been suspended, so that the city is now completely isolated.

LENOIR GETS RESPITE ON VERGE OF DEATH

PARIS, Sept. 19.—Announcement was made at 8:45 o'clock this morning of the postponement of the execution of Pierre Lenoir, who was tried with Senator Humbert and others on a charge of communicating military intelligence to the enemy, and who was to have faced a firing squad at dawn today.

The neighborhood of Vincennes woods, where the execution was to have taken place, was put under a strong guard of soldiers from the 13th Artillery Regiment at 5:30 A. M. A short time afterward Major Gromier, commander of the troops at Fort Vincennes, and M. Raux, Prefect of Police, arrived, and a firing squad from the 26th Unmounted Chasseurs took up position.

At 6:20 o'clock two automobiles left the fort and drove rapidly in the direction of the execution grounds. Men and women going to work, seeing the soldiers, remarked: "It is all over for Lenoir," but at 6:45 o'clock it was learned that the execution had been delayed for a short time.

The military justice, a party of lawyers, and a chaplain went to Lenoir's cell, finding the condemned man very calm.

"My father taught me not to fear death," he said, "and I shall die courageously. I love France and never betrayed my country."

Asked if he had any communication to make to the party, Lenoir replied:

"At the moment of death I repeat what I have always vainly asked—to be confronted with Joseph Caillaux."

[Joseph Caillaux, former Premier of France, is now under arrest in a hospital near Paris under charges similar to those upon which Lenoir was convicted.]

MAY URGE POLAND TO HALT INVASION

Supreme Council Thinks She Has Advanced Far Enough Into Russia.

ANXIOUS FOR HER FINANCES

Peace Conferees Say She Can't Get Aid for Reconstruction While Waging Aggressive War.

BY EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—The Supreme Council in a few days will probably call on Poland to cease pressing operations against the Russian Bolsheviki. This step does not mean love for the Bolsheviki, but consideration for Poland. In other words, the Peace Conference believes that the State which it has created has for the present advanced quite far enough into Russia and had better begin to get down to a peace basis. It was satisfied to have Poland fight the Bolsheviki in self-defense, but now that her armies have in some regions penetrated 200 miles into Russian territory the Conference begins to believe that the necessity for self-defense has passed.

It will be represented to Poland that she will have difficulty in getting financial help from private sources while she is at war on all sides, and that she will find it impossible at this time to get funds to conduct a war of conquest. Apparently none of the allied nations care to finance Poland in the struggle against the Bolsheviki. Certainly America is not undertaking that task, nor is England, and France has not the money to spare for it.

It is not perfectly plain what attitude the ambitious Poles will take toward the suggestion that they let up in their pursuit of the Russian Reds. They have been very successful and have taken a huge slice of territory. It is the feeling of the Peace Conference leaders that for the present the Poles should keep this territory from Lenin's domination, but there is no disposition to let it become permanently a part of Poland.

On the other hand, some of the most ambitious Poles are inclined to incorporate in Poland the land which they now hold after having taken it from the Bolsheviki. Whether the Poles will consent to stop where they are or will try to carry on their successful flight is matter of conjecture. The delegates most friendly to Poland say that she will be in a bad economic plight if she keeps on making war on the present scale. She needs money now, and financiers dislike to loan it to warring nations. Herbert Hoover recently pointed out that if Poland was to get down to any basis promising prosperity, she must cut down her military operations and use her rolling stock to move food and raw materials instead of soldiers and munitions.

This decision of the Peace Conference will bring rejoicing to Lenin and Trotsky, for the Poles have been the most successful allied force against the Red armies. With the Polish pressure withdrawn, the Bolsheviki will naturally have greater force to expend in other directions. If the Allies succeed in getting the Germans out of the Baltic provinces, that will mean a further lessening of the pressure against the Bolsheviki, although the change there will be more theoretical than real.

It is probable that the voice of the American delegation will carry much weight in advising Poland that she has done well enough against the Bolsheviki and should let well enough alone. Poland looks to the United States for financial and economic aid in the reconstruction she so much needs, and whatever the American representatives have to say about her program will receive keen attention. There is no question that the Americans will be firm in representing that Poland has sufficiently defended herself against the Bolshevist aggression and should stop driving in the direction of Russia.

BRITISH GLAD TO QUIT NORTH.

Evacuation of Archangel Proceeding Under Great Difficulties.

ARCHANGEL, Sept. 16.—The evacuation of the Archangel front by the British is proceeding as smoothly as could be expected, in view of the formidable difficulties attending the operation, including a shortage of shipping and river boats. The difficulties have been enormously increased also by the fact that in addition to the soldiers thousands of civilians are being removed.

Small raids against the Bolsheviki are being continued, for the purpose of screening the movements of the troops and keeping the Soviet forces guessing.

A number of British troops are now here ready to embark. The men are in high spirits at the prospect of returning home.

LITHUANIA REJECTS PEACE.

Envoys in Paris Deny Red Report That Negotiations Have Begun.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—The Lithuanian delegation here has issued a formal denial that its Government had agreed to discuss peace with the Russian Soviet, as stated in a wireless message received from M. Tchitcherin, Bolshevist Foreign Minister.

The denial says that Lithuania, on receiving such a proposal from the Sovit Government, had replied that its troops having been victorious over the enemy, Lithuania would continue to reject any proposals for negotiations without the full consent of the Allies.

A Berlin dispatch dated Sept. 15 stated that representatives of Letvia, Lithuania, and Esthonia, in conference at Riga, had decided to accept the Russian Bolshevik peace proposal.

WON'T LOAD SHIP FOR SIBERIA.

Seattle Longshoremen Claim Violation of Peace Treaty.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 19.—Business agents of the local longshoremen's union, backed, it was said, by approval of the Central Labor Council, have refused to allow lonashoremen to load a shipment of arms and munitions destined for Siberia on the Shipping Board's steamer Delight, it became known today. The labor agents held the handling of such material was in violation of the labor section of the Peace Treaty.

Operators of the vessel said the shipment would be loaded.

Trading on Bourse Balanced.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—Trading on the Boursot oday was well balanced. Three per cent rentes were quoted at 60 francs 80 centimes, exchange on London at 37 francs 4 centimes, and the 5 per cent loan at 89 francs 85 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 7 francs 86 centimes.

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THE charm of the oriental Pearl lies in its origin. The coveted Doralis Pearl has its beauty in its rare sheen, its rich tintings and its permanent properties.

No Pearl has more charm than the Doralis—not even the deep sea jewel.

Doralis Pearls Are Exclusively Saks

With Diamond Clasp
$39.50 to $300.00

With Gold Clasp
$7.50 to $95.00

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CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

AFTER all is said and done—and after all is *seen* and *tried-on*—you'll have to admit that Saks-tailoring has neither *peer* nor *compeer* in this wide closed town!

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The Very Newest of

Misses' Fall Suits

are to be had at Saks Today

Special at $39.75

Winsome straight line, belted, and ripple styles that Just *teem with newness*, exhibiting in their clever lines the creative genius of the world's best known couturiers. Fashioned of Silvertone, Wool Velour, Heathers, Scotch, and Oxford Mixtures. Each suit handsomely silk lined. Sizes 14 to 18 years. One style *pictured*.

Chic, Youthful Frocks for Misses at $45

—barometers of the choicest of Parisian Modes for Fall

Adaptations of costly French models that won instant approval in Paris shops. Unique, yet very practical for afternoon or street wear. Developed in Navy Blue Georgette Crepe artistically combined with Moire ribbon, Tricolette, or Satin, skilfully embroidered or beaded. Sizes 14 to 18 years. One style *pictured*.

Unequalled in Any Other Collection—

Misses' Practical Fall Coats at $35

A host of new and very winsome models, featuring new belt and pocket treatments, and large convertible collars of Sealine, Taupe Fur, or self material. All the wanted materials in Brown, new shades of Blue and Green. Sizes 14 to 18 years. One style *pictured*.

Second Floor.

The Result of a Remarkable Purchase

Girls' Taffeta Frocks

In a Special Sale

Today at $12.95

You'll like the models very much, for they are distinctive and very youthful. One is in smart surplice effect with tucked tunic. The other is a youthful sash model, somewhat bouffant in effect.

Fashioned of Chiffon Taffeta, richly hand-embroidered in contrasting colors. Sizes 6 to 14 years and obtainable in

Belgian Blue, Copenhagen, Navy and Burgundy

Second Floor.

Select Your Boy's Clothes at Saks

—he will then soon understand the advantage of choosing his clothes upon a quality basis

This year, when increased prices are universally in effect, quality should especially receive your consideration. Only the very finest of woolens and workmanship go into Saks Clothes for Boys.

For Saturday:

Boys' Smart Suits at $6.75

Designed especially for the boy from 3 to 7 years. Blouse is of White or Tan Pongee, and knickers of wide wale Corduroy, in Brown, Tan, Navy, Green, or Black. *Pictured.*

Junior Boys' Suits at $5.75

—of that rough and ready material, Corduroy

Splendid for school and general wear, because of their careful making. They come in Navy, Green, Brown, and Grey, enlivened with collar of White. Sizes 4 to 10 years.

Also—Boys' Corduroy Suits at $12.50, in sizes 8 to 17 years. Exceptionally well made of Mouse Color Corduroy of the finest grade.

Exclusive Models in

Boys' Serviceable Suits Saturday at $15

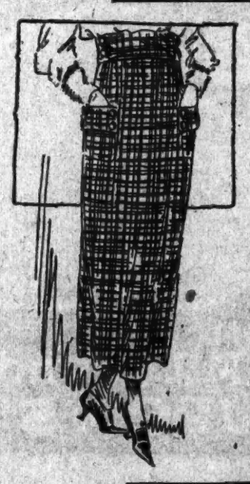
Suits that give to a boy *individuality*, because of their marked departure from the commonplace. Produced in a large variety of dependable mixtures, in all the new colorings. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Higher-Grade Suits Today at $18.75

Extra Knickers included. None better made, or more spirited in their styling. Produced under our own supervision, in the best woolens woven for the present season. Sizes 8 to 18 years. *Second Floor.*

Fashion's Newest Skirts

in an important Sale today



At $9.75

A collection of skirts too varied, too winsome for adequate description, in shirred top, accordeon-pleated and tailored models, tailored with great care in

Wool Plaids, Heather Mixtures, Tweeds, Smart Checks, Men's Wear Serge and Wool Poplins.

Sizes 24 to 36—affording liberal selection for average, medium and extra size figures.

Also—A Fine Collection of

New Fall Skirts at $6.95 to $19.75

Handsome tailored and dressy models, displaying the very newest style wrinkles in pockets and belts. Fashioned of Men's Wear Serge, Wool Poplin, French Serge and Silk Poplins. Sizes 24 to 40 inches.

Fourth Floor.

Saturday Only—
A Very Important Special

Sale of Women's Fur-Fabric Coats at $39.50

—which is much below actual value

These handsome coats are among the smartest shown for Fall, cut along straight lines, giving a decidedly slender effect to the figure. The materials are the best imitation of real fur made, and can only be distinguished from real furs upon closest examination.

The coat at right is of Arcadian Lamb, with large shawl collar of Skunk Opossum. ***The model at left*** is of Baffin Seal with large shawl collar of self material.

Each coat is handsomely lined and warmly interlined. Sizes 34 to 48.

Also—A large collection of equally charming models, in full length coats, special at $39.50

Youthful Millinery Fashions

Are to be seen at

Saks in great profusion

One of many beautiful styles is pictured, taken from several hundred assembled for today. The materials include Beaver Plush, Velours, and soft, rich Velvets, in all fashionable colorings.

Prices:

Sailors, Mushrooms, Tam o' Shanters, and other picturesque styles.
$3.50 to $7.50

Semi-Dress Hats—trimmed with hand-made flowers or feather novelties, and faced in light colors.
$5.75 to $11.50

Second Floor.

As Dressy as They Are Practical—

Junior Girls' Fur-Trimmed Winter Coats

Special

At $29.75

In stunning flared model, with loose ripple back, belted front, and large seal dyed fur collar.

Beautifully fashioned of Wool Silvertone, full lined and warmly interlined. *Pictured.*

Also—At $19.75

A large collection of Fur-trimmed Coats, in all the new materials and colors. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Limited to Saturday—

Girls' Fur-Trimmed Coats Special $18.75

A very dressy coat for girls from 6 to 10 years, full-pleated model, with yoke and large fur collar—*as pictured*. Developed in Wool Velour, fully lined and interlined. Nothing like it in New York at the price. *Second Floor.*

ARMENTIERES AMID RUINS OF WAR

8,000 Persons Already Back and Rubbish Heaps Are Being Cleared Away.

OUR RED CROSS AIDS MAYOR

And an American Company Has Offered a Loan with Which to Rebuild the City.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ARMENTIERES, Sept. 18.—Faith may certainly move rubbish heaps, as I saw today in the burning sunshine which glared down upon the ruins of Armentières. In Armentières itself there are now 8,000 people living, though I remember a day in 1917 when, with a steel hat on my head and a gas mask very handy, I went with one other man down streets of ruin where we walked close to the wall, listening with both ears cocked to ugly noises overhead and seeing not one human soul or any living thing in this ugly little town.

That was after the days when the Germans finally abandoned the kind of truce they had kept to spare the place while we spared Lille, and smashed it from end to end with high explosives and filled it with poison gas from thousands of shells. Six hundred British soldiers were gassed at that time and 500 civilians, mostly women and children, whose bodies were brought out from their cellars on doors and shutters by men of the Royal Army Medical Corps when the storm eased off a little.

That was the time of Armentières's agony. In June of 1917 there was not one house in the town which remained undamaged, and two thirds of the houses and all the churches and schools, the Town Hall and other public buildings were just skeletons of masonry, gutted form roof to cellar.

Women Folk Calmly Knitting.

So they stood today, when I saw them again. Nevertheless, as I have said, 8,000 people are back again. I saw many of the women and girls sitting in the shadow of broken walls, knitting and sewing outside the ruin of their homes as placidly as though there were knockers on the front doors, or front doors in the framework, or any rooms within beyond partitions of oilcloth and brown paper, or at the best matchboarding.

I passed some smartly dressed girls, neat as a new pin, parading down a street which would have inspired Captain Bairnsfather, as though it were the Boulevard des Italiens, Paris. I went into a little estaminet and over a bowl of admirable coffee under a ceiling of brown paper chatted with a man and woman who had come back to their home and started business again. They talked in a kind of duet, the bass voice of the man and the shrill voice of the woman taking up the recitatif, which contained all the tragedy of Armentières and most of the drama of the war as it had passed through the souls of these two humble, brave, clear-eyed peasant folk.

But Armentières is not sitting down in its ruin quite helplessly. Besides German prisoners at their forced labor—poor wretches—the men folk who have come back are clearing away rubbish heaps and getting down to foundations and making ready for a new town to rise. They have at their leader a man of energy, spirit, and big ideas. It is M. Chas, their Mayor, who has put up a number of wooden huts in the Grande Place opposite the remnant of his old Town Hall, and there, as I learned today from his assistant, he is hard at work on the present and future and not thinking too much of the past.

For the present, with the help of the American Red Cross, which has done good work, he is organizing the food supply and health conditions, none too good, of the 8,000 citizens who have come back. He is getting the water supply in order again. He has opened schools amid the ruins in wooden huts for 730 children, who are being taught, to their real joy, by their old instructors, after the first touching reunion.

Out of the fifty-seven cloth factories which helped to make the wealth of Armentières, one is working again, and every soul in town is proud of that and listens to the whirr of its machinery as a magic melody, out of which will come the music of a new life. The famous Brasseries d'Armentières, which supplied the best beer in France, are all destroyed, and nothing can be done in that way yet, but the future has its promise.

Mayor's Dream of the Future.

From what I hear of M. Chas from those who serve him, he is a man who thinks in a big way and is more than a phrasemaker. He is a "realist" facing facts, but his vision of the new city of Armentières, for which all the plans have been made, holds more of beauty than was in the town which has gone—a town where many people lived in filthy little cottages, surrounded by squalor which debased them. He is planning a fair city, with good houses for workers, and pleasure gardens to which they may go after their toil.

The financial side of the vision is one of hard fact not to be ignored in a poet's dream. To wait until the French Government can apportion a share to each city and village in the devastated regions of the indemnity from Germany is to wait, it seems, until the people are sick with despair. They are already feverish because so little is done. Another way is suggested in the case of Armentières.

An American company has offered to advance a large amount of money as a loan out of which the new city may be built. A billion and a half francs is the sum proposed, but that is an exaggerated figure, the interest of which would cripple the resources of the population of 37,000, although it would be guaranteed by the great manufacturers.

But in the idea of some such loan there may be the means of quick recovery, and somehow, by one means or another, the Mayor of Armentières and the Elders of the city are determined that their vision shall rise in reality out of the dust. That is their dream, and the people have faith and courage in facing the future from the holes in the houses which are now their windows.

As they dig, the workmen still find pockets of mustard gas, from which they retreat gasping, and as they clear away the bricks they find unexploded shells which burst at the touch of a pick, and in cellars of ruins which have been choked up they find bodies of fellow-citizens whose houses were their tombs. The tragedy of the war is told by the stones about them.

The writing on the walls is clear to read, but by work and faith the future holds fair promise, when all the filth of war shall have been covered up and beauty will come to flower in this poor, stricken town of France.

TAKE LONG TAXI RIDE FREE.

Boys Without Money Arrested After Trip to Albany and Back.

A tired looking chauffeur, who said he was Edward J. Tobin of 163 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, pulled his taxicab up to the curb at Broadway and 169th Street late yesterday afternoon, hailed a passing policeman and told him that he had two young men in his cab who were not able to pay their fare. He wanted them arrested. The policeman opened the door, looked in, and said to the chauffeur: "How much do they owe you?"

"One hundred and fifty dollars," replied Tobin, who added that they had traveled to Albany and return. The party went to the West 177th Street Station. There the prisoners, who were charged with disorderly conduct, said they were George Woodward of 649 Seventy-eighth Street, Brooklyn, and Henry McNaughton of 154 West Ninetieth Street. Both were extremely young.

Tobin said his fares engaged him Thursday night outside the Atlantic Avenue station of the subway and said they wanted to go at once to Albany on important business. The trip took six hours. They stopped at a hotel all night and yesterday morning the boys wanted him to drive to Troy. He refused because he could not get any money from the boys, and they started back to New York.

On the way down he learned they had no money and had them arrested by the first policeman he saw. The boys would say little except that they had gone to Albany to look for work.

At Saks To-day—The Initial Display of

1000 New and Very Charming

$5.95 Wonder Hats

—exact reproductions of the most exclusive models created for Fall, 1919

Regardless of what you pay, your new Fall Hat cannot be more authoritative than those shown in this display. Each style is a skilfull reproduction of a costly original upon which Dame Fashion has set her approval, and the quality of the materials will bear the closest inspection. There *are* no hats like these *anywhere* at anything near this price. A few of the models:

Styles that turn gracefully off the face. Large Dress Hats, Tam o'Shanter effects, Turbans and Smart Chin Chin Sailors

handsomely developed in Beaver Cloth, Lyons Velvet, Panne Velvet, and Silk Velvets, in every wanted color. *Three Pictured.*

Broadway **Saks & Company** *At 34th St.*

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Autumn Overcoats

in new, smart models, excellently tailored from warm, light-weight, all-wool fabrics,

$40.00 to $65.00

are ready for selection and immediate wear

(Men's Clothing, SIXTH FLOOR)

Men's Soft Felt Hats

in the newest shapes for Autumn

are shown in the newest shades of brown, tan, green and gray, and are priced

$5.00, 6.00, 8.00 to 16.50

(Some of these prices are subject to the addition of War Revenue tax)

(Men's Hats, FIRST FLOOR)

Sure as you're a foot high

You will like this Turkish and Domestic blend better than either kind smoked straight

Camel

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. Winston-Salem, N.C.

NO COUPONS — ALL QUALITY

WEST INDIES TO GET MAIL BY AIRPLANE

Second Assistant Postmaster General Sails for Havana to Complete Arrangements.

URGES FIXED AIR POLICY

Post Office Department Wishes to Co-ordinate Aerial Activities with Those of Other Services.

The inauguration of aerial mail service between the United States and the West Indies in the near future was promised by Otto Praeger, Second Assistant Postmaster General, who sailed yesterday for Havana to make the preliminary arrangements. In an interview, he outlined some of the plans of the Postmaster General for extending the aerial mail service in this country. Mr. Praeger urged greater co-ordination of aeronautics in the United States, and also offered a solution of the problem, centring on the adoption of a fixed national policy, which he had evolved.

"The Post Office Department, which has successfully established the aerial mail, does not feel it just to be excluded from the unified service which may be developed by the Congressional committees now considering the whole subject of aviation," Mr. Praeger said. "Two bills for a Department of Aeronautics are now before Congress. I am opposed to both of them, because they do not recognize what the Post Office Department has accomplished. We desire to co-ordinate our activities with those of military, naval, and civil services, but we do not feel that the interests of the Post Office Department should be subordinated to military or naval interests any more than those two branches would feel that they should be subordinated to us.

"The aerial mail is a new development for which the Post Master General is rightly responsible. It has been my privilege, as his Second Assistant, to immediately direct the aerial mail. I believe it is possible under a co-ordinated system to divide our affairs into two main branches, one of which will be personnel and the other the air mail contractors. It is absolutely necessary for the Post Office Department to operate the aerial mail. There are few landing fields except those which we have established, and there are no laws regulating aerial traffic. After we multiply our fields and lay down flying rules, then it may be necessary to call in flying mail contractors who would operate practically the same as the star routes are now run.

"But these must be under the control of the Post Office Department. The immediate executive of the aerial mail would find it practicable to co-operate in the development of special equipment with both the aircraft industry and with the Director of Military Aeronautics, through his special equipment department. We would also co-operate with civil aeronautics in so far as it had anything to do with the carrying of mail, as, for instance, the establishment of landing fields and the laying out of routes. Our personnel branch would likewise work with the personnel and operation branches of the Department of Aeronautics, and especially with the civilian activities. A similar plan could well be followed by the branch under which mail contractors, if such are necessary, will operate."

AIR LINER LANDS 14 IN WASHINGTON

"Easier Than a Pullman," Verdict of Passengers from Mineola.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Lawson air liner C-2 landed at Bolling Field at 12:56 this afternoon, carrying fourteen passengers, who declared they had ridden "easier than in a Pullman car." The ship left Mineola at 8:40 this morning and had an easy voyage over Philadelphia and Baltimore until she reached the upper end of Chesapeake Bay, when heavy weather and a head wind caused delay.

Alfred W. Lawson, designer and owner of the ship, brought with him copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES, which were received at Bolling Field and delivered to Cabinet Secretaries Baker, Glass, Redfield, and Lane, to Vice President Marshall, Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, Speaker Gillett, General Pershing, and the Washington correspondent of THE TIMES.

Senator Kirby of Arkansas met the C-2 at Bolling Field and through him Mr. Lawson invited all Senators to make a flight. The designer said tonight that he would take up twenty Senators at a time, beginning tomorrow. He has also extended invitations to General Pershing, Secretary Baker, General March, General Mitchell of the Air Service, other Generals, and the Admirals now in Washington.

The C-2 will remain in Washington two or three days and will then start for San Francisco, making stops at Dayton, St. Louis, Omaha, Salt Lake City, and Reno.

"I believe I have lifted the airplane out of the class of a liability," said Mr. Lawson today. "This is the first time it has been developed as something useful instead of being employed either as a toy or a fighting machine. I have got a Pullman instead of a hand-car. I believe that I can develop a transportation system that will save millions of dollars' worth of time to the American traveling public."

The party on board today had luncheon and walked up and down the "lounging room" of the car, just as if they were on shipboard. "And we missed a dusty road," said Miss Felicity Buranelli.

The crew and passengers included Mr. Lawson, Charles Cox, pilot; Vincent Buranelli, engineer; Miss Buranelli, Andrew M. Surini and Carl Behory, mechanics; Frederick A. Steele, Evan J. David, Tracy H. Lewis, and Miss Katherine Brody, newspaper correspondents; Mrs. Steele, Frank Shober, Richard Wightman, Vice President of the Aeronautical Touring Association, and Mrs. Wightman.

MUNICH REDS SHOT ON DAY OF CONVICTION

Fritz Seidl and Five Others Hurried to Execution for Hostages' Murder.

MUNICH, Sept. 19, (Associated Press.)—Fritz Seidl and five of his associates, who early today were sentenced to pay the death penalty, having been found guilty of the murder of hostages under the Soviet régime in Munich, were executed at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Those sentenced to death besides the leader were Josef Seidl and Sickerhofer, Widl, Pursel, and Fehmer.

Seven others were sentenced to fifteen years penal servitude as accessories. Three were discharged.

TO PLAN NEW JERUSALEM.

International Zionist Convention Engages Patrick Geddes for Work.

LONDON, Sept. 1, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—The planning of New Jerusalem and its proposed university has been intrusted by the International Zionist Commission to Patrick Geddes, Professor of Botany at St. Andrew's University, Scotland.

Mr. Geddes, who is considered one of the greatest living authorities in civics and social survey, will work in co-operation with Dr. Weizmann, head of the British Zionist Commission. While in Palestine he will organise a department of sociology and civics for Bombay University, and in the cold season will carry out the Indian town planning work at which he was previously employed.

Church Notices on Page 19.

Gidding

5TH AVE AT 46TH ST

PARIS NEW YORK

"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

America's Most Extensive Display of Reproduced Paris Styles and models of our own design developed for immediate selection

—GOWNS—WRAPS—COATS—
TAILORED SUITS—DRESSES—BLOUSES
—MILLINERY AND FURS—

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The Life and Meaning of Roosevelt and His Messages to Americans

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A Cost Considerably Less than Publisher's Selling Price

Roosevelt Speaks to America Today Through These Four Large Volumes

Vol. I. tells with many vivid incidents the thrilling history of his life. Mr. Roosevelt himself read and strongly approved this latter portion of the volume by EUGENE THWING.

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VOLUME IV—Incorporates his important addresses and messages on Americanism, Preparedness, and National Ideals during the four years of world war. In this volume, also, are his ringing speeches during the sensational Presidential campaign of 1912.

Size of Volumes, each 5⅞x7⅞x1⅛ Inches, Bound in Cloth

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Three-quarter leather; large type, good paper—attractive library edition.

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Four volumes that are used and recommended by skilful business men throughout the country. Bound in cloth with helpful charts.

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Volumes which contain many of the Master's Best Stories, substantially bound in Half-Buckram, with Marble Sides.

Economical Cook Book, 50c
Planned for two or more persons. 200 illustrations. A book specially designed to cut the high cost of living by the avoidance of waste in preparing food.

Home-Made Beverages, $1.25
The manufacture of Non-Alcoholic and Alcoholic Drinks in the Household, as described and planned by Albert A. Hopkins.

The International Cooking Library of Twelve Volumes. 19c a Volume. $2.25 a Set

Recipes of the most famous chefs of the United States, Canada, and Europe, comprised in neat, compact little books, each nicely bound. Included are:

Salads and Salad Dressings
Chafing Dish Specialties
Dainty Sweets
Afternoon Tea Specialties
Dessert and Pastry Specialties
Bread and Pastry Specialties
Soups and Consommes
Fish, Oysters and Sea Foods
Roasts and Entrees
Relishes, Garnishings, Vegetables
Steaks, Chops and Egg Specialties
Table Decorations

GIMBELS—BOOK SHOP—Main Floor.

Store Hours: 9 to 5:30—Open All Day Saturdays

Gimbel Brothers

33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Gimbels Open the Fall Season With a Tremendous Stock of Men's Fall Clothing

FROM THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE WEDNESDAY-SEPT. 17-1919.

Shelves of Retail Merchants Short Of Men's Clothing

Hundreds of Sales Lost Every Day in New York by Inability to Supply What Customers Demand

Hundreds of sales of men's suits are lost every day in New York now because of too small stocks that retailers are carrying on their shelves. Asserting managers [illegible]

From the 25 Leading Makers, Nationally Advertised Brands

Gimbels merchandising is again in evidence to offset the prevailing lack of fabrics and shortage of production.

We are told no two separate clothing departments in the city put together can show an assortment of high-grade Fall clothing as great as Gimbels. At any rate the range of styles and prices is so big that you'll find it easy to select your clothes here.

With every one predicting still further price-advances, the time to buy is right now.

Sack Suits
Business Suits
Tuxedo Suits
Full Dress Suits
Fall Overcoats
Winter Overcoats
Fur Collared Overcoats
Fur Lined Overcoats

$30, $35, $40, $45, $50 and up

OPENING SPECIAL!

Men's Suits — Men's Overcoats From 25 Leading Makers $45

Fall Suits—Single and double breasted—Variety of dark shades. Newest models.

Fall Overcoats—Chesterfields and form-fitted models. Light and dark shades—¼ and full silk lined.

GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor.

Your New Fall Hat

While you're at it, get the best—it's always the cheapest.

STETSON'S

A name that stands for pre-eminence of quality.

Soft Hats and Derbies $6, $7, $8 & up to $18

Stetsons are favorites with well-dressed men, because there's quality and style in every stitch and line—and they are almost indestructible. Nearly all our army officers wore them—they knew the hats.

Gimbels are showing a wide variety of styles—including some specially designed for us. All the new shades. All the new shapes.

Other Superior Hats $3.50, $4, $5
Made by high-grade craftsmen according to Gimbel specifications—insuring quality.

QUICK SERVICE

GIMBELS—MEN'S HAT SECTION—Fourth Floor

Men's Furnishings

Two Specials for Early Fall

2,000 Shirts, Special $2.65

Starched cuff negligees in a fine quality of corded madras. An interesting variety of new fall patterns in neat striped effects.

2,400 Neckties, Special 65c

Open-end four-in-hands. An assortment of fall neckwear in new patterns and colorings that has just arrived.

GIMBELS—Main Floor

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second and Forty-third Streets

Boys' and Girls'

NEWEST BOOKS

By Favorite Authors

The Play That Won—Ralph H. Barbour	$1.50
Guarding His Goal—Ralph H. Barbour	1.50
The Sun of Quebec—Joseph A. Altsheler	1.50
The Trail Makers—Charles P. Burton	1.50
Billy Vanilla—Sol. N. Sheridan	1.25
Joan of Arc—Laura E. Richards	1.50
The Liberty Girl—I. Halsey	1.50
Rusty Miller—Joslyn Gray	1.35
Rainbow Valley—L. M. Montgomery	1.60
Patty and Azalea—Carolyn Wells	1.35
Norah's Twin Sister—Nina Rhoades	1.25
Dorothy Dainty at the Stone House—Amy Brooks	1.00

Have You Seen the New Stetson Hats?

They have all the authoritative style for which Stetson hats are noted—without any extravagance of trim or shape.

Stetsons give you the utmost in hat satisfaction—both for assured style and true quality.

A new Stetson Derby and a soft hat will be a gratifying addition to your wardrobe.

You will find the Stetson Quality Mark in every Stetson Hat—$6.00 to $18.00.

Brill Brothers

Broadway, at 49th 279 Broadway 47 Cortlandt St.
44 East 14th Street 125th Street, at 3d Avenue

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Ave.) WEST 43d ST.

Tailored For Us By The Famous Kirschbaum Shops

MEN'S FALL CLOTHES

SUITS, TOPCOATS, OVERCOATS IN THE NEW SEASON'S STYLES

$35 to $50

An unusually moderate price range this—$35 to $50. Yet without departing from it, you can do your entire Fall and Winter clothesbuying here. And, what is more, without departing from Kirschbaum standards of quality—steady, consistent, unchanging quality in woolens and workmanship.

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

DRY GOODS DEALERS OPPOSE PRICE FIXING

National Retail Association Speaks for Free Market Based on Supply and Demand.

PROFITEERING IS DENIED

Keen Competition Declared to be Ample Safeguard Against Unduly High Prices.

Through its Executive Secretary, Law Hahn, the National Retail Dry Goods Association, 200 Fifth Avenue, yesterday issued a statement declaring that the association was unalterably opposed to legislation designed at maintaining a fixed price for any commodities dealt in by its members. The statement asserted that the law of supply and demand and the American custom of free markets without combinations were all that was necessary to maintain a fixed price. The statement in part follows:

"By a vote of 317 to 60 the members of the National Retail Dry Goods Association have again committed the association to a policy of active opposition to price-maintenance legislation. Coming at this juncture when governmental agencies and large bodies of consumers are endeavoring to bring reductions in the cost of necessaries, this overwhelming vote of the retail dry goods merchants to oppose the fixing of minimum prices on any article of merchandise is symptomatic of the desire on the part of all wide-awake, progressive merchants to keep their trade highly competitive and in this way to serve the public honestly, giving the consumer advantage of such efficiency and economy as the individual stores may be able to effect.

"The advocates of price maintenance desire to set up a plan under which they shall have the power to name a minimum price below which retailers will not be permitted to sell their merchandise, while the Government's concern has been to establish temporarily a maximum price below which any dealer may sell his merchandise if circumstances permit him to do so. The whole idea of such artificial restrictions, however, even when adopted by the Government only temporarily and in a period of unusual stress, is obnoxious to the American business man, and is contrary to the soundest economic practice.

"Under our present system, which permits the fullest play of competition in the distribution of merchandise, prices will always find their lowest level commensurate with the cost of distribution and a fair fee for the distributor's service. If it needed anything to confirm the stand of the National Retail Dry Goods Association against the passage of laws whose purpose is to abolish the freedom of the market the present movement on the part of the Government for lower prices would thoroughly establish the fact that only by preserving freedom of the market, the present movetected."

STRAUS ASKS BUTCHERS' AID.

Urges Wholesalers Not to Increase Prices Pending Inquiry.

Oscar S. Straus, former Public Service Commissioner, who has been appointed to sit as the special representative of the United States Attorney General at all meetings of the Fair Price Committee's sub-committee of wholesale meat dealers, was present at the meeting the committee held yesterday afternoon in the offices of the Federal Food Administrator, Arthur Williams, in the Consolidated Gas Company's building at Fifteenth Street and Irving Place, to consider raising the price of meat. It was the first meeting Mr. Straus had attended.

"It will take me away from other matters of importance," said Mr. Straus, "but I am glad to be here if I can render a public service. It is, however, a very ungrateful duty, for the simple reason that we are groping to do the right thing between the dealer and the public, and that means that at the start there is going to be difference in viewpoints.

"I ask you to make a sacrifice of your personal interest, if needs be, for patriotic motives. The old saying is that bread is the staff of life. I might say that meat is the two legs on which life rests. There ought not to be—there must not be—any increase in the price of these 'two legs' pending the investigation we are making. I ask you, therefore, that no increases be made under the circumstances. Otherwise I shall be compelled to advise the public that prices advanced without my having an opportunity to investigate the causes."

W. H. Noyes, Vice President of Swift & Co., Chairman of the committee, in reply to Mr. Straus, declared that the members of the committee would stand behind him. He added that Swift & Co. would not increase prices until there had been a full opportunity to examine its books. Leo Joseph, Vice President of the New York Dressed Beef Company, subsidiary of Armour & Co., and Irving Blumenthal, Treasurer of the United Dressed Beef Company, a subsidiary of Swift & Co., also promised to allow Mr. Straus to examine their books before raising prices. It was stipulated, however, that a certified public accountant make the examination.

Other dealers said they could not agree to maintain present prices, although they promised to co-operate with the Fair Price Committee and Mr. Straus in every way possible.

At the meeting were F. J. Bisbee, President of Joseph Sterns & Sons, subsidiary of Morris & Co.; A. F. Glascow, representing the Indianapolis Abattoir Company; H. C. Mills and A. H. Van Pelt, representing Armour & Co.; L. Stiffel, representing Wilson & Co.; Charles J. Higgins, representing Morris & Co., and George J. Edwards, representing Swift & Co.

Mr. Williams announced last night that he had been informed by Louis Marshall, Chairman of a sub-committee of the Fair Price Committee appointed to investigate labor and material costs relative to the baking of bread by the Jewish master bakers of Greater New York, that after a careful and painstaking investigation the committee had decided there was no justification for a price increase at this time, and that the price of 9 cents a pound maximum must remain in force.

WHAT FOOD SHOULD COST TODAY.

The Fair Price List Issued Last Night by the Federal Food Administrator:

Article—Kind and grade.	Wholesale Price. Cts. per Lb.	Max. Margin. Cts. per Lb.	Maximum Fair Price. Cts. per Lb.
Beans—Lima	12 @13¼	3	15 @16½
Beans—Pea or medium	8½ @ 9¾	3	11½ @12¾
Beans—Pea or medium, imported	7½ @ 8½	3	10½ @11½
Bread—Factory wrapped, 16 oz.	8½	1	9½
Bread—Store wrapped, 16 oz.	8	1	9
Butter—Fresh creamery, firsts	55 @59½	6	61 @65½
Butter—Fresh creamery, seconds	49 @53	6	55 @59
Cheese—American whole milk	32 @35	7	40 @42
Corn—Canned, No. 2*	11½ @12½	3½	15 1-6@16
Cornmeal—Yellow, granulated	4 1-10@5	1½	5 3-5@ 6½
Eggs—Fresh, select candled†	58 @62	7	65 @69
Flour—Wheat	6 9-10@7 2-5	1	6 9-10@8 2-5
Lard	23½	6	29½
Milk—Evaporated, 6 oz.*	6 3-5@ 7	2	8 3-5@ 9
Milk—Evaporated, 16 oz.*	14 @15	2½	16½ @17½
Oats—Bulk, rolled	4 9-10@ 6	1½	6 2-5@7½
Onions	2 @ 3½	1½	3½ @ 5
Peas—Canned, No. 2*	12 @13½	3½	15½ @16
Potatoes—Long Island	2 4-5@ 3½	1	3 4-5@ 4½
Rice—Broken, domestic	7½ @ 8	2	9½ @10
Rice—Blue Rose	12½ @14½	2	14½ @16½
Salmon—Canned, No. 1 Alaska*	18 @20	4½	22½ @24½
Sugar—Granulated, (bulk)	9¾	1	10¾
Tomatoes—Canned, No. 2*	12 1-12@13¼	3	15 1-12@16½

*Per can. †Per dozen. ‡Unsweetened.

These are maximum prices—any dealer may sell for less—and are based upon the "cash-and-carry" plan. They do not include the cost of delivery.

The Fair Price Committee advises cutting out this list and taking it along for reference when shopping.

MEATS.

Article—Kind and Grade.	Wholesale Price. Cts. per Lb.	Max. Margin. Cts. per Lb.	Maximum Fair Price. Cts. per Lb
Beef—Chucks of good and medium steers	10 @12		
Chuck steak	....	13	23 @25
Whole cross rib	....	20	30 @32
Cut cross rib	....	24	34 @36
Stew beef	....	13	23 @25
Beef—Hinds and ribs, (good and medium)	....	19	33 @35
Sirloin steak	....	17	39 @44
Bottom round	....	19	41 @46
Rib roast, prime	....	18	40 @45
Whole top sirloin	....	15	37 @42
Cut top sirloin	....	19	41 @46
Lamb—Good and medium	20 @24		
Leg of lamb	....	14	34 @38
Rib chops	....	14	34 @38
Stew lamb (under cost)	....	4	18 @20
Chucks	....	8	23 @27
Pork—Smoked hams, (unwrapped,) 5-18 lbs.	35 @35½	8	43 @43½
Smoked shoulders, (picnics,) 2½-7 lbs.	23 @24	7	30 @31
Smoked bacon, (unwrapped)	34½@35½	13	47½@48½
Pork loins, (Western light)	37 @38		
Pork chops, (end)	....	8	45 @46
Pork chops, (middle)	....	12	49 @50

The prices quoted on meats are "Western dressed" and are based upon the United States Department of Agriculture reports. City dressed meats are slightly higher.

The master butchers of the city have agreed to show their wholesale bills upon request.

Personal purchasing rather than ordering by telephone is urged.

CALLS MEAT A CURSE.

Doctor Predicts Disease Scourge as Result of National Diet.

Poor people in this country are under weight, the people of moderate means cannot pay their butchers' bills and the entire nation is in danger of a scourge of beri-beri, pellagra, or other plague because of the large amount of meat consumed, was the consensus of opinion of the speakers at the morning meeting of the international conference of women doctors at the National Young Women's Christian Association yesterday. Dr. Graham Lusk, Professor of Physiology at Columbia, and Dr. E. V. MacCullum, Professor of Chemical Hygiene at Johns Hopkins, Baltimore, were the speakers. "Meat is the curse of the American nation today," said Dr. Lusk, and the cause of the high cost of living. The calories in meat only represent 42 per cent, it is expensive, and a family eliminating meat largely could save three-fourths of the cost of its food."

Dr. MacCullum said the poor especially felt that they must have meat and that this diet kept them continually under weight. He told of experiments upon animals fed on meat who grew prematurely old and died, while others fed daily on green foods and fresh vegetables thrived. It was Dr. MacCullum who predicted a visitation of plagues if less meat and more green food were not eaten. The next session of the conference will be on Monday, Saturday and Sunday being devoted to sight-seeing and other recreations by the doctors.

Would Make Crowder Lieut. General

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—In recognition of his administration of the Selective Service act, the Senate Military Committee today ordered a favorable report on the bill by Senator Knox of Pennsylvania authorizing the elevation of Major Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, Judge Advocate General of the army, to the rank of Lieutenant General on his retirement.

Viscount Grey Is Bringing Own Tea.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Viscount Grey, who sails tomorrow on the Mauretania, is taking a supply of special tea with him, as he understands he will be unable to obtain in the United States the blend to suit his palate. His motor called at the Foreign Office yesterday morning and collected three cases of tea for shipment.

M'ILVAINE OPPOSES BAKER ARMY BILL

Head of Training Camps Association Calls It "Thoroughly Unsound."

CONDEMNS TRAINING PLAN

Holds "Universal" Scheme for Making Soldiers Valueless in Period Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Major Tompkins McIlvaine, Chairman of the Military Training Camps Association of the United States, which is the national organization of the reserve and other officers who received their preliminary instruction at Plattsburg and other civilian training camps, was a witness today before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. In the course of his examination Major McIlvaine produced a copy of a letter which he recently wrote to Secretary Baker in response to a letter from the Secretary in which the Major was asked, as head of the Training Camps Association, what he thought of the so-called Baker-March army reorganization bill, which is now before the Military Committees of the two houses.

Major McIlvaine begins his reply to Secretary Baker by pointing out that from his acquaintance with Regular Army officers he is convinced that the bill "does not represent the best thought of the army, and that the description of the bill as the General Staff bill is therefore erroneous." He adds that in his opinion the bill, in its main features, is "thoroughly unsound and would therefore perpetuate our worst mistakes." Major McIlvaine then adds that, while the bill provides for a standing army of 576,000 men and for three months' training for the youth of the country, it makes no attempt to organize these young men into a citizen army. He says that the period should be six and not three months.

"From the military standpoint the universal training provisions are valueless, because (1) the period of training is too short, as already stated; (2) because the young men trained are not organized territorially, according to the places of residence, into a reserve; (3) because no adequate provision is made for the training of citizens as officers, non-commissioned officers and enlisted specialists to act as the leaders of the citizen-army, and (4) because no citizens, not even the half-trained young men, can be summoned to the colors or organized into units until after a 'formal declaration of war,' and even then we shall have to wait until, through the slow machinery of the Draft Law, they can be registered, examined, selected, called to the colors, given additional training and knit into some organization.

"On the whole, the bill is really as bad as it could be."

"On the other hand, the plan our association advocates, (which is embodied in the National Service act, also now before Congress,) to a citizen army system, based on the American and democratic principle of equality of obligation as opportunity for all. This system has been tried out in democratic countries, notably Switzerland and Australia, and has proven a success. It is suited to our own institutions, and traditions.

$3,800,000 CARGO GOES DOWN

Two Explosions Sink an American Steamer—Recently Hit Mine.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The steamer West Arvada, which on Sept. 16 struck a mine off Terschelling, on the Dutch coast, foundered today after two explosions in the hold of the vessel. It is considered probable that a large part of the valuable cargo may be salvaged, but that the vessel will be a total loss.

The West Arvada was a United States Shipping Board steamship, sailing from Galveston Aug. 20, with a cargo of 21,020 bales of cotton, valued at more than $3,800,000. She was destined for Hamburg.

WIFE SUES O. A. BARNARD.

Separation Action Marked Off When Attorneys Fail to Appear.

Papers filed in the Supreme Court yesterday show that Mrs. Lydia M. Barnard, wife of Orin A. Barnard, of 820 Fifth Avenue, head of the dry-goods commission house of O. A. Barnard & Co., of 59 East Forty-second Street, has brought an action against her husband for a separation after having filed a suit in 1917 for a divorce and withdrawing the action upon becoming reconciled.

Mrs. Barnard alleges that her husband took her on a trip to the White Mountains after she withdrew the divorce suit, but not long afterward he ejected her from their home at 820 Fifth Avenue. She went to Lowell, Mass., and has lived there since. She says her husband gave her $250 a month to May 3d last, but she has had nothing since and brought the separation suit to compel him to support her.

The plaintiff stated that her husband sold his stock in J. H. Lane & Co., for $245,000 in 1917 and has had an income of $100,000 a year since. They paid $18,000 rent for their city home, she said, and the household expenditures were $10,000 a year.

Mrs. Barnard asked $2,000 a month alimony and $7,500 counsel fees, but when the application came before Supreme Court Justice Lehman yesterday the attorneys did not appear and the case was marked off.

Church Notices on Page 19.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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THE REPUBLICAN LEADER.

Senator LODGE does not seem to be a great leader. The longer he goes on leading the more we are inclined to believe that BLAINE and THOMAS B. REED were somewhat more capable than he. He permits Senator HITCHCOCK, who is no great tactician himself, to manoeuvre him into a false and ridiculous position. He becomes alarmed over the prospect that Mr. HITCHCOCK will undertake to force a vote on the Johnson amendment to the Treaty, and that if he does there will be no way to prevent it except by filibustering. A Republican Senate filibustering against peace would, of course, be an intolerable spectacle, especially when the only excuse that could be given would be that the Senators necessary to a roll call were out on the stump "trailing WILSON."

So it becomes necessary to call the far-wandering Senators home, at least long enough to vote on the Johnson amendment. In the old days a word of command from such a leader as BLAINE or REED would have been enough. Leader LODGE does his best; he gets BORAH back in Washington. But how to get JOHNSON? Apparently Leader LODGE has small control over Follower JOHNSON, even in a case where Mr. JOHNSON'S own amendment is concerned. So Mr. BORAH, who seemingly has more influence with Mr. JOHNSON, telegraphs him an account of the situation, and Mr. JOHNSON decides to return. That accomplished, Mr. LODGE telegraphs Mr. JOHNSON that his return is not really necessary after all.

There are two kinds of leaders in Washington. One is a real leader and the other is a "whip." The whip makes no pretensions as a leader. It is his task to see that everybody is there when emergencies require it. The leader plans policies. The place of whip is distinctly inferior to that of leader. It is a hard thing to say of a Cabot, a scholar in politics, a man of heaven knows how many years of experience in the high politics and the low, but the conclusion is irresistibly borne in upon us that so far from being a leader, HENRY CABOT LODGE is not even a competent whip.

Meanwhile, how astonished GILBERT M. HITCHCOCK must be! Doubtless, like most of the rest of the Senate, he has been more or less under the spell of Mr. LODGE'S reputation and that Brahmin aura—if we may confound for the moment two apparently irreconcilable ideas—which surrounds him. When he began his little essay in parliamentary tactics, did he really expect to throw the brooding Buddha of Nahant into a panic and make manifest so glaringly the fatal lack of leadership in the Republican Party? The result must have surprised and delighted him. Mr. HITCHCOCK is a statesman of respectable attainments, but no genius; yet in the first round he has floored his adversary in the best manner of DAVID B. HILL.

We would not detract from Mr. HITCHCOCK'S achievement; but it is doubtful if he could have done it if the Republican Party had had a real leader. ELIHU ROOT has retired and THEODORE ROOSEVELT is dead.

HATRED AND FELLOWSHIP.

In England as well as here at home some persons who are careful and troubled about many things fear for the souls of those who, they say, show by their spoken and written words that they hate the German people as intensely as they hated the German Government while the war was in progress. A writer in The New Statesman of London has expressed this fear, though his dread is happily tempered by the saving grace of humor; and in this country a gracious and kindly clergyman, who has done good work in the diplomatic service of his Government, has been accused of "preaching bitterness and hate."

The matter is not so important as it seems to those men and women who see in the expression of honest indignation over frightful wrongs a sign that the era of peace on earth and good-will to men is further off than it was thought to be before the war. It will adjust itself, but adjustment will not be hastened by attacks upon those who have not shrunk from placing responsibility where it belongs.

In so far as resentments exist, the Germans are to blame, and they can be removed only by those who created them. It is not enough to cease to do evil. The wrongdoer must learn to do well. This is just and sensible. In the long run the fellowship of the world is open to all who earn it and are capable of enjoying it. Hatred cannot block their way, because it will disappear before their own good-will.

GENERAL PERSHING BEFORE CONGRESS.

General PERSHING receiving the thanks of Congress was a manly and attractive figure. He seemed to be unconscious of the eminence he had won as a soldier, and his manner was so simple that he must have disarmed critics who affected to see in him an exemplar of militarism. His work in the field done, General PERSHING was an average American in point of view, a man of the people, as much of a democrat as CHAMP CLARK himself, who claimed the General as a sample of the "sort of men Missouri "grows when in her most prodigal "of moods." That genial good nature and sense of humor that have been denied by General PERSHING, because he realized his task in France and performed it without fear or favor, came to the surface in a trying situation for a modest man, the cynosure of all eyes in a joint session of Congress, the galleries crowded with his admirers. The remarks he made on the historic occasion became the man. While they had a certain eloquence because of their sincerity, they were most generous in giving credit to Americans of all classes and conditions who had played their part in the war, at home as well as "over there." In a way that was tactful and always in the best of taste, he forgot no one. In what he said of the army he had led there was a touching spirit of affection and loyalty:

> Never have men faced a more difficult task, nor borne greater hardship, and never have troops shown a finer spirit of willingness or more resolute purpose * * * Whether billeted in French, Belgian, or Italian villages, or in the camps of England, our men have left behind them a standard of frankness, of integrity, of gentleness, and of helpfulness which will give the other nations of the world a firmer belief in the sincerity of our motives.

General PERSHING'S tribute to "our "war-worn allies, whose tenacity, "after three years of conflict, made "possible the effectiveness of our ef-"fort," and his testimony to the spirit of friendship engendered by comradeship in arms, was as handsome an expression of appreciation and gratitude as any man has uttered. It was General PERSHING'S estimate of the fighting qualities of the French, the British, the Belgians, and the Italians, and of their great service to the cause of liberty. Vainglory and boastfulness are evidently foreign to this stalwart American soldier. That he looked beyond the war with a clear vision appeared in his judgment that the conflict had "welded together "our people and given them a deeper "sense of nationality." It was an ordeal greater than battle for General PERSHING to stand before Congress, hear his praises sounded, and express his thanks, but it was another victory for him.

THE BULGARIAN TREATY.

Despite the loss of Thrace, Bulgaria has come out well enough from the war. She is allowed to have an outlet to the Aegean, though what she has done to deserve it no man can say. President WILSON was doubtless right when he insisted on this provision, that there might be no seed sown for future wars; although Bulgaria's record is not rich in promises of peace, no matter what she gets or does not get. Mr. WILSON knew this, of course, but wanted to make sure that if Bulgaria does try to upset the peace of the Balkans again she will be plainly in the wrong. So she will; but again her record does not give much room for the belief that she cares anything for the opinion of the world, or that the mere matter of being obviously in the wrong would ever weigh heavily with her.

Otherwise, the treaty which Bulgaria must sign is pretty much like the treaties with Germany and Austria. The principle that any nation which is a party to an unprovoked war must pay damages for it is observed in all three cases, though the damages are limited to payment for actual destruction of life and property, and are therefore not indemnities. An indemnity would mean the reimbursement of the nations put on their defense by the aggression, and nothing of the kind is or has been demanded. There is no earthly reason why it should not be, except that the disturbers of the world's peace are not able to pay such an indemnity. Otherwise, no doubt, the Peace Conference would have exacted it. Nations unjustly and wantonly attacked, like Belgium, France, and for that matter the United States, should in justice be reimbursed for the expenses forced upon them by the aggression. But Germany, Austria, and Bulgaria cannot pay such an indemnity, and there is an end of it. As for actual damages, Bulgaria's bill comes to $445,000,000, and an allied commission will see to its payment.

On that commission the United States will not be represented, but if it is true that this country will sign the treaty the decision is wise, even though we were never technically at war with Bulgaria. We thereby serve notice on Bulgaria that we shall not tolerate, any more than will the other signatories, any attempt to avoid her obligations. If we were to hold aloof, encouragement might be given to that tricky nation to keep the word of promise to the ear only. There has been a sentimental pro-Bulgarian propaganda in this country for years, to which some men who should know better have lent their names and influence, and America's abstention from the treaty would be enough to give these individuals material to work upon. Why this feeling of tenderness should persist for a faithless nation whose hands are stained with blood is to be explained only on the theory that many well-intentioned persons have for a long time interested themselves in Bulgaria's welfare and upbringing, and have the benefactor's love for the protégé. Sympathetic as they have always been toward Bulgaria, willing to condone every offense she might commit, their sympathies were never broad enough to embrace heroic and devastated Serbia, slaughtered Montenegro, or misused and mutilated Greece.

A DATE FOR THE RECESSION OF SHANTUNG.

It is not hard to see the reasonableness of the Japanese explanations concerning Japan's failure to fix a date for the return of Shantung to China. The Peace Treaty has not yet been ratified by the number of nations required to put it in effect. Even after it is ratified Germany has, if she chooses to take it, a term of three months in which to define the extent of her holdings. China, perhaps, still entertaining a hope that the United States Senate will come to her aid, has failed to indicate any willingness to negotiate with Japan on the subject, although the Japanese have made overtures to her. Naturally, Shantung can be returned to China only by agreement between her and Japan, and China, we are told, holds off from making the agreement or even from consenting to discuss it.

The President of the United States has assured the people, and his assurance is borne out by official statements from Tokio, that Japan has promised to retain only such rights in Shantung as are now possessed by private corporations, which means that she will compete with them in the railroad business. When one looks back on the ruthless extortion of land from China in the past, always on utterly inadequate pretenses, such, for example, as the reparation Germany demanded for the murder of two German missionaries by rioters, Japan's conduct appears more moderate and humane than that of some other nations. She purposes to negotiate with China concerning these concessions, but asserts that she has been unable to get any indication of willingness on China's part to negotiate or confer.

These are the reasons given by Japan for her inability to fix a date, while at the same time she assures the world that the date will be early. Nevertheless, Japan could greatly improve her position in the eyes of the world if she could find a way to fix it and announce it. When she herself ratifies the Peace Treaty it will be in effect as the law of the world, no matter how long the American Senate may choose to debate it. It is reported from Tokio that the Privy Council is to take up the Treaty within a few days, and ratification will not be long delayed. It would be greatly to Japan's interest if, immediately upon ratification, she should announce a date for her retirement from Shantung. Then, if China should still refuse to negotiate, the blame would be upon China, not Japan. Such a course would be in consonance with Japan's true interest, which is to conciliate the opinion of the western world.

SAWING OFF THE LIMB.

The agitators of the many labor unions that are now blocking industry throughout the land in order to enforce their particular demands may well consider the plight of the rioting shipyard workers at Camden and way stations who are in protest against the increased cost of the local trolley service.

The increase resulted from a suggestion of the War Labor Board, which had ordered a considerable advance in the pay of conductors and motormen, and then realized that it could be met only by a corresponding advance of fares. To make this as equitable as possible, the Public Utility Commission introduced the zone system, which very naturally caused friction and delay in its early operation. The shipyard workers registered their protest against this delay and against the increased fares by stoning and smashing up the cars, blocking the tracks with logs and greasing the rails. In many instances gangs rushed past the fare collectors or climbed out of the windows, shouting that in refusing to pay they were "asserting the rights of labor." The authorities countered by discontinuing the service to the shipyards. Thereafter rioters asserted the rights of labor by walking to their jobs or by paying the price of an improvised jitney service. When an ancient cartoon pictured a farmer perched upon the outer end of the limb of a tree which he was sawing off near the trunk, the imminent fate of the farmer was obvious to the meanest intelligence. But how does his attitude differ from that of the Camden shipyard workers?

Our late victory over Germany was won at the price of many hardships, but of these the hardship suffered by organised labor is by far the least. The wages of unionized men have advanced at a pace that has lagged little if at all behind the advance in the cost of living, and in many cases has far outrun it; and now these men under radical leadership are demanding that they be released from the last shadow of war sacrifice. Their multiplying strikes have caused a decrease in national productivity which was estimated, some weeks ago, at $5,000,000 a day. Lately it was estimated that it had risen to $10,000,000 daily. The expense of waging war against Germany was only three or four times greater. There is no water in the sands of the desert and you cannot provide wage funds from the income of closed factories. And the striker is not alone in his siege perilous. If he fails through a general paralysis of industry the whole community falls with him, including those who gave their all to the war and are still giving without murmur or complaint.

In the matter of the New Jersey zone-fare crisis, meantime, the responsible public is proceeding in a responsible manner. Militia reserves are protecting the property of the company—in some cases Federal property. The shipyard service will presently be renewed. On those portions of the line that have been free from rioting, the service is continuing with less and less trouble and delay arising from the new system—partly, to be sure, because the number of passengers is small. The Town Commissioners of Montclair have raised the question whether the State Commissioners have exceeded their authority in introducing the new rates without consulting the municipalities affected, and the situation as a whole has been taken up by candidates for nomination in the approaching fight for the Governorship. These are the legitimate methods of popular government and will doubtless throw a light upon a much vexed subject which will be as helpful as the rioting of the shipyard workers was suicidal and absurd.

A MIDDLE CLASS UNION?

In the attempt to organize capital upon national lines there is nothing particularly new. It began shortly after the civil war and proved to be one of the chief incentives to the national organization of labor. What distinguishes the new movement now under way in Illinois is the frank statement that its inspiration comes from the success of the American Federation of Labor, and that it will maintain a staff at Washington, the business of which will be to make manifest the claims of capital, and of commercial enterprise in general, upon the nation's legislators. The farmers have profited similarly by the example of labor, and their national body has already a handsome house and home at the capital. Only one element is lacking to complete the organization of the nation along class or factional lines for the purpose of exacting legislation.

In England a middle class union has long been projected, but as yet there are no notable results. Here the project has been suggested, more or less obscurely, for a dozen years—with results that are nil. Even the emphasis which the war has thrown upon the plight of the middle class has not resulted in action, nor as yet in a definite plan. What is the reason for this forbearance? One factor is sheer lethargy, but there are others which are far less discreditable. It is in the middle class that the ancient American tradition is strongest, the true spirit of our institutions most pure. To the ingrained American mind there is something dubious, and indeed dangerous, in the practice of government by lobby. An instinct persists that the place for political action is the polls.

That the brain worker has a grievance, and a deep one, is obvious. It is also obvious that political results are tending more and more to proceed from organized factions or classes. The logic of the situation might seem to indicate, in the not distant future, an effective middle class union. It might not be altogether a calamity. As matters stand, a tendency is developing toward the unionization of the middle class on the model of the American Federation of Labor. Several professions are already affiliated, notably teachers, musicians, and actors. The feeling against the subjection of artists and professional folk to the dictates of labor organizations is instinctively strong. If the issue is between a complete capitulation to the labor federation and an independent organization of its own, there can be no doubt about the choice of the champions of the middle class.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

May Exceed Rohlfs's Aviation Record.

That the altitude record of 34,610 feet, made by ROLAND ROHLFS on Thursday in a flight from Roosevelt Field, will stand for some time unsurpassed and unequaled is probable. That it will remain the ultimate attainment in this form of endeavor would be contended only by those who do not realise how far from full development is still the art of building and operating airplanes, and what a temptation to men of the temperament that makes aviators is the existence of such a record as this.

Obviously, to beat that record requires only a better engine and a better plane, and as both are sure to come in time, the setting of new marks—of many of them, indeed—is next to inevitable. Unlike the reaching of the North Pole, however, flight for height offers to the ambitious an infinite number of successes—it cannot be achieved once for all, for while the earth's atmosphere, in theory, has its limit, beyond which is nothing but ether at absolute zero, no machines of the sort now used can ever reach that limit, and from now onward the approaches to it will be by steps growing ever shorter and shorter in a diminishing series. Just conceivable is it that some day an aviator, properly guarded from cold and asphyxiation, will rise fast enough to throw himself by acquired impetus out of the atmosphere, and fall back into it when he loses momentum. For that matter, it is also conceivable that one could go fast and far enough to reach a region where the attraction of some other celestial body was stronger than that of the earth, but the aviator who did that would never get back, and the conditions for ultimate landing are such as to require more courage than even aviators possess.

Nothing Gained by Altitude.

While it is more than probable that ROHLFS'S altitude will be passed by himself or others, it is already something more than fairly evident that by doing so nothing of any except what may be called sporting value will be achieved. Already it has been shown that the future navigation of the air by means of planes equipped with motors will all be done at heights far less than he attained this week.

That ROHLFS once encountered a slight rise of temperature as he increased a great elevation to a greater proves that by chance he encountered a warm current at an unusual height; it did not even hint the existence far aloft of a permanently warm or warmer stratum. On the contrary, there is sufficient reason for believing that atmospheric conditions grow steadily worse and worse for mechanical flight after the aviator has risen above the confused currents produced by terrestrial irregularities of contour and radiating efficiency.

In practice, that will be the "ceiling" of the flying age. There has been some talk of seeking the rarefied air of great heights in order to increase speed by diminishing resistance to forward motion. For a missile, utilising a single original impulse, that would be advantageous, but for an airplane a gain of that sort would be exactly balanced by the decreased pulling power of the propellers. And the aviator's engine needs oxygen as much as he does himself, though not as quickly, and to supply its demands as his are supplied, while possible, would involve complications not to be considered except from the sporting standpoint.

Again the birds are the best guides; they never fly high except for reasons that have nothing to do with what might be called—if one were a German philosopher—absolute altitude, or altitude-in-itself.

Grace and Force in Archbishop's Speeches.

Since Cardinal MERCIER has been in this city there has been revealed to a considerable number of its citizens what a comparatively small number knew before—that in Archbishop HAYES it possesses, besides a great prelate, a man of notable ability as a public speaker. The many speeches to diversified audiences which it has been the Archbishop's duty or privilege—presumably it was as much the one as the other—to deliver at dinners and ceremonies of welcome since the Cardinal came have been marked, to a very great degree by eloquence, simplicity, and lucidity. Presumably prepared with some care, these brief orations have shown no signs of study, and they have had the grace and force that come only to speakers who are not slaves to manuscript or notes.

In all that the Archbishop has said, too, there has been full recognition of the fact that Cardinal MERCIER has earned the admiration and the affection not of one element of the American population but of all of it. His own Church welcomes the Cardinal no more sincerely, with no more heartfelt gratitude and appreciation, than do all those in the other churches and in no church who feel moved to acclaim a brave defender of justice and right against wrong and ruthless oppression.

This peculiarity of the Cardinal's welcome in America Archbishop HAYES has never forgotten. Therein is he like the Cardinal himself.

Production the Only Remedy.

It is not alone in Germany that signs are appearing of a new appreciation by "labor" that the one remedy for the ills due to the high cost of living is to be found not in higher wages, but in more work, more thrift, and more production. This truth has emphatic expression in a letter recently sent by J. T. BROWNLIE, Chairman of the Executive Council of the Amalgamated Society of British Engineers, to the Secretary of the Parliamentary Committee of the British Trades Union Congress.

In this letter Mr. BROWNLIE—who is, by the way, a labor leader with a long record of often fierce fighting in defense of union demands—quotes as highly important a statement made not long ago by Mr. HOOVER: "There is no use of tears over rising prices; they are to a great degree a visualization of insufficient production." And Mr. BROWNLIE himself writes: "The mere raising of nominal wages, without an increased production in the necessaries of life, is no solution of the difficulty."

He writes, too, that, as labor unions are now more powerful than ever before in all their history, so have their responsibilities been increased in the same proportion, and he adds: "However much we may reject the criticism of those who are not trade unionists, we cannot evade our responsibilities to the community." And the first responsibility, he insists, is to increase production.

THE TREATY IN THE SENATE.

Great Benefits Ignored by the Fault-Finding Opposition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Compromise always brings agreement, indeed, but never full satisfaction to any party. Nevertheless, it is often unavoidable if the tangled and troublesome affairs of men and nations are to be peacefully composed.

The Paris League of Nations covenant-treaty was the resultant of many diverse views and demands on the part of the representatives of the participating powers, which had to be in some way accommodated to each other so as to secure indispensable unity of action. Suggest what alterations we may, there still would be diversities of opinion in the conference to be harmonised. Would-be modifiers seem to imagine that their new proposals would be immediately accepted by all concerned. But, on the contrary, they would find fresh attitudes to be reconciled. It is far from certain that their amendments would be adopted without change, or even adopted at all; and should they be indorsed in whole or in part there would be scarcely any less general dissatisfaction with the document entire than there was before. The changes made would please some, but would displease others. So we should be no nearer universal approval than now.

The most ordinary common sense teaches that no group of men could ever produce a world pact which nobody would object to and everybody acclaim. Even our own national Constitution at first was so bitterly assailed by hosts of critics that its rejection, with all the dire consequences, was very possible; and though it was at last voted into effect, it was afterward frequently amended, and it is today held, in not a few quarters, to need further emendation. And this it will have from time to time if future conditions require it. But to, this day it has proved a workable and most beneficent code. Such, it may safely be predicted, will be the League of Nations covenant, with all its present actual and supposed "defects." These—as the instrument itself provides—can gradually be remedied as they disclose themselves in practice. Thus we shall eventually have a very excellent and effective, if not perfect, arrangement for assuring the peace of the world.

Why do the opposition Senators rant so viciously over the alleged shortcomings and ignore utterly the benefits promised under the covenant? One would gather from their carpings that there is no good in it, whereas it is the best thing of the kind that could have been evolved at this juncture—considering all the difficulties and the highly complicated circumstances. Republican censors seek to convey the impression that if President Wilson had asked their party's statesmen to co-operate with him in the peace deliberations a more satisfactory result would have been attained. But this is purely conjecture. It is more than likely that in such case criticism would have been quite as fierce, intolerant, and malignant. This is the usual manifestation of human nature when confronted with anything new and progressive.

Fortunately, in spite of intemperate opposition and the tremendous hullabaloo raised against it, the covenant-treaty is winning ground on its merits, and its ratification finally seems to be predestined. It is a great epoch-making indenture calculated to revolutionise for the better the procedures of mankind. If it shall not prevent all wars nor right all injustices at once, it initiates a powerful movement in that direction; and it provides the only hope humanity at present has of lasting peace and righteous dealing in international affairs.

THEODORE WILLIAMS.
Brooklyn, Sept. 18, 1919.

Misinformation About the Treaty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Certain anti-League newspapers in this section of the country, under great headlines but slender text, so completely distorted Senator McCUMBER'S report on the Peace Treaty as to convey to their readers the "information" that, by this report, whose text they surreptitiously suppress, all differences between the anti-League majority and their recalcitrant brother from Dakota are shown to have been completely reconciled.

The appalling ignorance of a large part of the anti-leaguers outside of the metropolitan regions of the country is but to be expected when one takes into consideration the campaign of abject misrepresentation that is thus being waged by the little newspapers throughout the country.

BUFORD C. TYNES.
Huntington, W. Va., Sept. 17, 1919.

Interpretation of the Covenant.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If not regarded as impertinent or otherwise improper, the writer would like to offer to Senator Lodge and his following a few suggestions about the League of Nations and their relation thereto.

If they expect to so turn this proposition, before giving it their sanction, that no question can possibly arise in the future which will not require interpretation of it, then they expect to turn out a product of prevision more nearly perfect than ever before emanated from the mind of man.

The Constitution of the United States is generally regarded as a great example of its kind, but are not our legislatures and courts confronted without ceasing to determine the question whether or not an enactment or proposed enactment is constitutional?

The purpose of the League of Nations is too clearly set forth in the instrument itself to require elucidation before trial. Why not try it as we are daily trying the United States Constitution, and have been trying it for some 132 years?

A. E. O.
Amityville, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1919.

For and Against.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The way it seems to me to line up is this:

Against the League: Lodge, Knox, Borah, Bolsheviki, Socialists, I. W. W.'s, Parlorbuds, "The Stationary Party," Pro-Germans, and the fellow with a grudge.

For the League: The normal people.

It's a question of who are in the majority.

WILLIAM A. ERICKSON.
New York, Sept. 18, 1919.

To the Family of Arthur Hulme.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In 1914, at Chatham, Ontario, Canada, as the boys were enlisting in the Canadian Army, I joined with a young hero, by the name of Arthur Hulme, in the 18th Battalion, C. E. F. He claimed that his home and people were in New York City, which I have every reason to believe is the case. We became great chums and went to France together. He died a hero's death at the battle of St. Eloi, Flanders, in April, 1916. I wish to locate his people, because I hold a gift from him which I know they will greatly prize. Will you kindly give me your aid in this matter and try to locate them in your paper? And I feel it is a duty to his people.

STANLEY SNELLING,
Late 18th Battalion, C. E. F.
119 London Street, Windsor, Ontario, Sept. 18, 1919.

BISHOP BURCH IN CHARGE.

Will Lead Every Name Campaign in New York Diocese.

Bishop-elect Charles Sumner Burch of the Episcopal Diocese of New York announced yesterday to a group of 100 clergymen and laymen that he would personally lead the Every Name Campaign for church betterment in this diocese and called upon leaders among the laity and clergy to aid him. The fact that his election has not yet been approved by the House of Bishops, the Bishop-elect said, would not prevent him from assuming the leadership, "in spite of any criticism that might come for what some might term premature utterance."

The Bishop-elect said that he would send out "a ringing pastoral letter," rallying all churchmen to the support of the campaign, the purpose of which is to expand the church's activities, not only in membership and financial support, but also in the spiritual activity of the laity. His declaration was received with applause, which was renewed when Oscar W. Ehrhorn, a member of the Every Name Campaign Committee, moved the acceptance of the offer with the thanks of the General Committee, whose meeting yesterday at 281 Fourth Avenue was the occasion of the Bishop-elect's appearance.

"I regard this Every Name Campaign, and its intimate relation with the nation-wide campaign of the church, as the greatest undertaking in the history of the church," Bishop Burch said. "It is a spiritual call to the membership of the church of unlimited possibilities. I have here a report which stands as an indictment of this diocese in its campaign work. It tells us that the organization is not completed in many parishes—that there is no diocese-wide comprehension of this campaign.

"We have no right to say that New York can not compass this great objective. We have had evidence all over New York—in many parishes—of what can be done when the spiritual sense is aroused. New York has always been a leader in such movements. It will not fail this time.

"During the last four months there has been no leadership in the diocese, owing to the irreparable loss we suffered in the death of Bishop Greer. But the situation has now changed. You have honored me and are entitled to look to me for leadership. I had long determined before my election to the Bishopric to give all that was in me to the successful prosecution of this Every Name Campaign. If it meets with your wishes, I will serve at once now, and summon clergy and laity alike to give their utmost cooperation in prosecuting this campaign to a successful conclusion."

Lewis B. Franklin, former director of the Liberty Loan organization at Washington, who is in charge of the campaign in this state, the Rev. John Brian McCormick, director of the campaign throughout the country, and the Rev. Dr. William H. Milton were the other speakers at yesterday's meeting. William Fellowes Morgan, Chairman of the General Committee, presided.

URGES A TWO-CENT PIECE.

Memorial Association Wants Roosevelt Portrait Engraved on Coin.

The plan of the Woman's Roosevelt Memorial Association to have the Government reissue the two-cent coin, withdrawn from circulation in 1874, but to have the new coin bear on the obverse a bas-relief portrait of the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, similar in general effect to the Lincoln penny, was brought to the attention of Secretary of the Treasury Glass, and was referred by him to the office of the Director of the Mint. Acting Director of the Mint M. M. O'Reilly has expressed to the President of the Woman's Roosevelt Memorial Association his interest in the suggestion, but adds that without authority from Congress his department cannot undertake preparation of a new coin.

The Woman's Roosevelt Memorial Association in its campaign to have the Government reissue the two-cent coin, points out that the adoption of this plan will be a matter not only of public convenience, but a national tribute to our ex-President as well. Every citizen will be asked to write his Senator or Congressman requesting that he support a measure for the coinage of a Roosevelt two-cent piece. A special committee is being formed by the association to push this work, and it is intended to obtain the aid and co-operation of such firms and corporations as are affected by the one or two cent increase.

Memories of a Ten-Cent Fare.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wonder if many old New Yorkers do not remember the time when the rate of fare on the elevated lines was 10 cents during the non-rush hours and 5 cents during the rush hours. This plan worked no undue hardship on the public and would seem a reasonable solution of the present situation. A. C. M.
New York, Sept. 19, 1919.

THE NEW COMER.

So, then, I died.
They laid me reverently down beside
A kindred maiden that had long grown dust.
The cool green grasses and the mold and rust
Covered the granite tomb wherein she dwelt.
And as, beside her, all the years I felt,
"Greeting, sweet cousin!" came a whispered voice,
"Have you fair news the sleeper to rejoice?"
Fair news! What knew I that she had not known
Lying through ages 'neath her granite stone?
Was sky more blue to me than she had seen,
Or valley lovelier in its dress of green?
Chirp the small crickets softlier in the grass,
Or sing birds sweeter songs as centuries pass?
Of these things that I loved so wondrously
Surely no newer word could ever be!
I said: "What would you hear, of all the world,
That would delight you most? Of flags unfurled
From sea to sea that freedom might be won
For all the nations underneath the sun?
This, dear kinswoman, was the thing wherefore
You journey to this far New England shore!"
"Nay, nay!" spake wistfully the voice, "I would
Hear of new things. The olden deeds were good—
All in their place. But I have wearied grown
Of these old thoughts that I so well have known.
I have so long been thinking here of these—
Tell me new things, sweet cousin, as you please!"
Then, from the life that I had laid aside,
I conjured back the days or ere I died—
For I had also borne a youthful heart!—
And told her of the world; of books and art,
Of music and the drama, and of plays
That I had seen; of all the city ways—
The noise and bustle, and the traffic strife
That had become too burdensome to bear.
"Ah!" came a breathless whisper through the dark,
Where patient waited still Eternal Life—
"Tell me, sweet cousin, what the maidens wear!"
And all the hillside kept more still to hark!

M. E. BUHLER.

MERCIER TELLS HOW WE CAN AID BELGIUM

Cardinal, Speaking at Bankers' Club Luncheon, Pleads for Moral Support of America.

LOUVAIN WRECK DESCRIBED

Says Fear of American Press Was All That Kept Germans from Imprisoning Him.

Cardinal Mercier, who was acclaimed by crowds on lower Broadway and on Fifth Avenue yesterday, told of the present plight of Belgium, educationally and socially, in his address at a luncheon given in his honor by General George Wood Wingate at the Bankers' Club.

He said that many Americans whom he had met during his stay in this country had suggested that America would like to give assistance in aiding in the reconstruction of Belgium, and he told of the wreck in which Germany had left Belgian educational institutions, in the restoration of which outside help will be needed.

After giving thanks in eloquent words for the help which the United States had given to his country during and since the war, he continued:

"I have been told that you wish to know whether our nation of the present day has recovered from the blow we got during the war. Well, old people surely are not anxious to resume their work. Many of our workmen are compelled to idleness—not only at the time when the Germans came to our country and took away to Germany 70,000 of our workmen, protesting that they were idle, but at the present moment there are a good many of them who remain necessarily idle, because, although they are of good will, their factories are destroyed. The Germans, before leaving our country, destroyed simultaneously the machines of our factories. These we want. We want also raw materials for working. From that point of view I make an appeal to the men of your great city; but still it is not my department to insist personally on that; it concerns our Government. It is more specially my task, I think, to tell you that we want also moral and social support; moral and social support. Our people were always, before the war, energetic, and those of you who may have been in our country know how many ruins lie on the ground. Our great University of Louvain, the most ancient of all universities, where I spent twenty years of my life as a professor, not only the buildings—become buildings were destroyed—but the irreparable, the laboratories and the instruments of scientific research are lost—are stolen and lost.

Bishops Had to Borrow.

"During the war we were obliged to give living to the professors, one hundred and forty professors, so all the funds we had saved before the war are now given away, and even the Bishops of the great university were obliged to borrow money from societies for the most urgent necessities of life. Personally, for my clergy and for my colleges—and in my dioceses there are twenty-five colleges—each of the professors got during the war four hundred francs—that is, forty dollars a year; and in order to get that sum, the great benefactors of the country being away or being also damaged by the war, I was obliged also to borrow money from societies, financial societies. We have in Belgium now one hundred churches, schools and orphanages and schools of every kind that have been destroyed. We cannot rely much on the people who have themselves lost a good deal of their money, and, therefore, I am obliged, although it is rather a little humiliating for us, to appeal to others.

"I hope as soon as we have recovered that we shall ask nothing from foreigners in the future, but at this moment just what your President said, what your people said, may be now accomplished, even by ourselves.

"If on the second of August, 1914, we had said: 'We accept the bargains proposed by the German Empire, we would have spared our commonwealth, we might even have increased our wealth. But our King, our Government, as has been said, willingly and freely sacrificed ourselves.

"What we want now is not arms, but what we want is—we fairly recognise that we have a claim to be established in our former position, in our former normal condition of life. We are more ambitious than this; we are not satisfied to be restored to our old normal condition. We have the ambition to become a strong people, finer and more prosperous than before. I think I know your generosity; I may rely on New York for help in that way. If any of you gentlemen will have the kindness to use your influence to establish a committee which would be a committee for social reconstruction for Belgium, I think our cause would be gained.

"When I was in Baltimore, and yesterday when I was in Albany, they said: 'We would like to help you, but the initiative must come from New York.' I anticipate that you will be the initiators. I thank you all. You are our friends, for all that you did and what you will be able to do for our Belgium."

A large crowd cheered the Cardinal on his arrival and departure from the Equitable Building, where he met a large number of prominent citizens at a reception at the Bankers' Club before the luncheon tendered to him by General Wingate, at which 120 were present.

Pays Tribute to Press.

Later in the afternoon, Cardinal Mercier repeated his tribute to the press of this country at a reception at the New York Public Library held by the Association of Foreign Press Correspondents of America, saying that fear of the press of this country had been the only deterrent that prevented the Germans from imprisoning him. He said that journalists before the war had not been considered remarkable for discretion, and he proceeded to praise the absolute secrecy maintained by the press of this country and in other allied countries regarding troop movements, submarine warfare and other military and naval subjects. "Such discretion," he said with a smile, "was a great virtue and, considering that it was practised by journalists, a very great virtue indeed." The gold pen, were presented to the Cardinal by Acting President Marcel Knecht on behalf of the Association, and a medal of Joan of Arc was presented to him by the association, represented by two little Alsace-Lorraine girls. Other speakers were Myron T. Herrick, former Ambassador to France, and Melville E. Stone, General Manager of the Associated Press.

A large crowd gathered in front of 424 West Forty-seventh Street, the Church of St. Albert, the only Belgian Church in the city, where the Cardinal arrived at 6 o'clock. The street was decorated with American and Belgian flags. The Cardinal saw a woman in the crowd holding a little baby up to see him. He stopped and the crowd made the way to let the mother through. So the famous priest, who took the baby and blessed it. The child was Mary Teresa Parker, the four-months-old daughter of Mrs. Hester Parker of 503 West Forty-seventh Street.

Cardinal Mercier made addresses in three languages to a large audience, composed largely of Belgians, at the Hotel Astor last night. He spoke first in English and then followed in Flemish and French, describing German atrocities in terms which drew murmurs of horror from his

SAYS CARRANZA PLANNED INVASION

Red Cross Official's Report Prior to Recognition Describes Conditions in Mexico.

OIL MEN TELL OF OUTRAGES

Senators Informed One Company's Property Was Seized and Worked Under Carranza Decree.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Senator Fall, Chairman of the Sub-Committee of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations which is investigating the Mexican situation, placed in the record of that committee today a report filed with the State Department just prior to this Government's recognition of the present Mexican Government, in which report it was stated that if control of the country were given to Carranza it would be but a short time before he would face other revolutions the force of which no leader of his (Carranza's) strength would be able to overcome.

The report was written by K. C. Weller, an official of the American Red Cross, and was transmitted to the State Department by Brigadier General C. A. Devol, U. S. A., then the acting head of the American Red Cross.

Mr. Weller stated that at that time, which was the early Fall of 1918, Carranza was so confident of his power that he had even contemplated an invasion of Texas and said this information was communicated to him by various Carranzistas, among them General Hillsondo, then commanding the Carrancistas in the State of Coahuila. Senator Fall said that the report had never before been made public. He added that the day after the Red Cross, at the instigation of Carranza, was ordered out of Mexico it was officially announced in Washington that Carranza would be formally recognized.

The witnesses before the committee today were the Rev. Dr. Henry Allen Tupper, who has been for years a close personal friend of Carranza; Amos L. Beatty, the general counsel of the Texas Company, one of the largest of the American corporations engaged in Mexican oil production, and C. Rathbone of the Scottish-Mexican Oil Company, a British corporation, a majority of the stock of which is owned by Americans.

Dr. Tupper Explains $4,000 Check.

Dr. Tupper, who is a former President of the New York City Baptist Ministers' Conference, and who is now the pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city, is a warm personal friend of Carranza, and he places in evidence many letters he has received from the Mexican President.

Dr. Tupper said that he had been in Mexico fourteen times in the last thirty years, four times since the coming into power of Carranza. Early in his narrative he referred to the $4,000 check that was introduced in evidence last week and which was indorsed to Dr. Tupper by the Mexican Minister of Finance. Dr. Tupper averred that he had never received a cent in the way of remuneration for anything he had done for Carranza, and that he had refused pointblank to receive such remuneration. Carranza, however, insisted that Mexico should be permitted to pay the actual expenses he had incurred while in Mexico. Thereupon Dr. Tupper compiled an itemized bill of his actual expenses and it was these exbenzes which the check placed in evidence covered.

It was during the examination of Dr. Tupper that the Weller Red Cross report was placed in the record by Senator Fall. Senator Fall asked Dr. Tupper if he had any information as to the attitude of Carranza toward the American Red Cross in 1918, and Dr. Tupper replied in the negative.

The report covers the period of Aug. 25 to Sept. 26, 1915. Within less than ten days after the Red Cross relief workers arrived on Mexican soil the relief train of which Mr. Weller was in command was attacked by Villa armed troops. Mr. Weller in his report to General Devol, says the attack was made on Sept. 4, not far from the town of Sabinas in the State of Coahuila.

The train was proceeding slowly and was near Barotaran, passing through a cut, when about 500 Carranzistas opened fire, there being about 400 men on one side of the track and the same number on the other. Within a few minutes after the rifle firing began machine guns opened fire on the train. The reason there was no slaughter of the people on the train was due to the fact that every body remained prostrate on the car floors while the fusillade was on.

Cars Marked With Red Cross.

"Each car," added Mr. Weller, "was plainly marked with the Red Cross sign on both sides. The signs could be seen for a mile. I was told by a man who was with the troops, but who was formerly employed by me in Mexico, that they (the Carranzistas) were fully aware of our identity, but that they shot up our train simply to show their disrespect for any American institution.

Before leaving, the Carranzistas, Mr. Weller states, were "very anxious to know about the success of their compatriots with the Texas revolution," and that they seemed to be under the impression that "the Carranza lines extended to within a few miles of San Antonio (Texas)."

Mr. Weller next narrated the story of what the Red Cross found in Barotaran after the battle there between the Carranzistas and Villistas.

"Several times the train had to stop so that dead bodies piled upon the tracks ahead of the train could be removed. In the town we found the body of Dr. Cloiano Rivera, a Mexican Red Cross worker. He had been executed near his Red Cross car. In one instance a husband and wife had been shot through and through with the same bullet, and their two little children were found crying over the dead body of the father.

The "Texas revolution" to which Mr. Weller alluded was the fight near Brownsville between American regulars and Mexican troops, the latter of whom, according to the Texas rangers, were uniformed members of Carranza's army. Captain Hanson of the Texas Rangers, who is attached to the Fall committee, said today that when the committee goes to the border the Texans will prove that Carranza was responsible for the September, (1915,) raid in the Brownsville district.

Beaty Tells of Recent Outrages.

Mr. Beaty, who followed Dr. Tupper, told of the murder of Edward House and J. M. Stevenson in the last few weeks by bandits in the Tampico country. Both of these men were employed by the Texas Company. He read a long list of robberies in recent months, in which his company was the victim, the amounts stolen varying from a few hundred dollars to thefts in which thousands were obtained by the bandits.

He said his company was now paying $2,000 a month to the rebel leader, Pelaez, and that unless this tribute was paid the property would be destroyed. He also stated that Carranza had held up the company's ships in order to enforce the payment of about $301,000 in advance taxes.

At the conclusion of Mr. Rathbone's testimony the committee adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Francisco Villa has written a letter to a friend in Washington giving some details of his present operations south of the Rio Grande. This letter has been placed at the disposal of Government officials. It was written from Villa's headquarters in the northern part of Durango, where he went after the Juarez attack, when United States troops crossed the border and drove the Villistas out of the city.

Villa wrote the letter on Sept. 5, and in it states he is well supplied with ammunition and has the largest force of men under his command he has had since 1915. He took the city of Lerdo, near Torreon, last month, he writes. This information was a surprise to officials here, for if it is correct the Mexican censor has kept it from being made public. He adds that he is well supplied with funds, having captured from a train recently more than a million pesos in Government gold and silver coin and bullion.

CARRANZA TO TAKE A TRIP.

Will Visit Northern Part of Republic—May Protest Lynching.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—President Carranza will leave tomorrow for a trip of several weeks' duration to the northern part of the Republic. Arrangements have been completed for a large party to accompany him, including several members of the Cabinet and a strong military escort.

The Foreign Relations Department has announced that the Mexican Consul at Denver, Col., has been instructed to obtain all facts as, to the circumstances surrounding the hanging recently of two Mexicans at Pueblo, Col. This action, it is stated, is being taken with a view to a possible formal protest to the United States Government.

SHONTS NOT NEAR DEATH.

Interborough President Seriously Ill, but in No Immediate Danger.

Rumors circulated last night to the effect that Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, who has been ill at his home, 920 Fifth Avenue, had suffered a sinking spell, were denied last night by Dr. J. Beatley Squier, who is attending Mr. Shonts.

Dr. Squier said that although Mr. Shonts was in a serious condition, as he has been for the last few months, there was little danger of his immediate death. At the Shonts home the rumor was also denied, and a member of the family said that the patient was resting as comfortably as could be expected.

ROSAMUND ELIOT ENGAGED.

Kin of President Emeritus of Harvard to Wed Wm. G. Rice, Jr.

The Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Eliot of Cambridge, Mass., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rosamund Eliot, to William Gorham Rice, Jr., of Albany, N. Y., son of William G. Rice, President of the New York State Civil Service Commission.

Miss Eliot is a graduate of Radcliffe College, class of '17, and since her graduation has devoted herself to social service work in New York. She is a granddaughter of Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University.

Mr. Rice was graduated from Harvard in 1914, and is to graduate from the Harvard Law School next June. He served three years in France, enlisting in the French Army, American Field Ambulance Service in 1916, later becoming a first lieutenant in the United States army ambulance service, assigned to duty with the French. As an ambulance driver he served at Verdun, Argonne and in Champagne, and then as a commanding officer, along the Chemin des Dames, in the Montdidier-Noyon defensive of June, 1918, and in the Somme offensive, from August to November of that year. After the armistice he was editor of the Press Review, French section, Intelligence Service. He received three citations for the French war cross.

Mr. Rice's mother was formerly Miss Harriet Langdon Pruyn, daughter of the late Chancellor John V. L. Pruyn, of Albany.

MISS B. F. G. ALLEN TO WED.

Girl Who Won Croix de Guerre Engaged to Francis I. Amory, Jr.

The engagement is announced of Miss Barbara Frances Gallatin Allen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Allen of this city, to Francis Inman Amory, Jr., son of F. I. Amory of 413 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Miss Allen served two years in France with the American Committee for Devastated France, with Miss Anne Morgan's committee, and was at the head of the young women who were driving motor trucks. She was decorated with the Croix de Guerre by Marshal Petain for her work with the soldiers in June and July, 1918, at Château Thierry and Belleau Wood.

Helen Scott Weds Hamish Allan.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Helen, daughter of the late John Bell Scott, of Philadelphia, was married here yesterday, to Hamish Allan, son of the late James Allan, of Glasgow, one of the owners of the Allan steamship line.

DAUGHTERS CONTROL HAMMERSTEIN STOCK

Supreme Court Order Directs Election of Officers for Amusement Company.

TO TRANSFER 3,998 SHARES

Stepmother, as Executrix, Protests —Petitioners Bought Stock When Sold at Auction Last June.

The two daughters of Oscar Hammerstein, who were not mentioned in his will leaving all his property to his wife, Mrs. Emma Swift Hammerstein, take full possession of the chief asset of his estate, his stock in the Hammerstein Amusement Company, through an order signed by Supreme Court Justice Guy yesterday against the protest of Mrs. Hammerstein, as executrix under the will of her husband.

The daughters, Mrs. Stella Hammerstein Keating of 54 West Eighty-second Street, and Mrs. Rose Hammerstein Tostevin of New Rochelle, asked for an order directing that a meeting of the stockholders of the Hammerstein Amusement Company be called for the election of officers and that the officers be directed to transfer on the books of the company, in their names, 3,998 of the 4,000 shares of stock in the corporation.

In granting the application Justice Guy ordered the election for Sept. 30 at the office of the corporation, 151 West Thirty-eighth Street, and directed George Blumenthal, the Secretary, as sole surviving officer since the death of Mr. Hammerstein, the President and Treasurer, on Aug. 1, to conduct the meeting. The court stated that after three Directors have been elected they shall name the officers, who shall then transfer the stock to the petitioners. Mr. Blumenthal and Mrs. Hammerstein are directed to turn over all books and documents, and the company must buy new books to take the place of those now lost.

The two daughters state that their father organized the corporation in 1898 with $100,000 capital, and it has been the owner of the leasehold of the property now sublet to the Rialto Theatre Company. He was the "dominating spirit and dealt with the company as if it was his own property," they say. With the exception of two shares held by dummy Directors, he owned all the stock. They say that in 1911, when their mother, Mrs. Malvina Hammerstein, obtained a divorce, he executed an agreement to pay her $200 a week alimony for life and on her death to pay the same amount to his daughters during their lifetime. He deposited the stock with the Equitable Trust Company as security under the agreement. He defaulted in payments and the trust company gave notice that it would sell the stock at auction, although he had testified in the bankruptcy proceedings against him a few years ago that he transferred the stock to the present Mrs. Hammerstein in consideration of their marriage.

Upon receiving notice of the proposed sale of the stock Mr. Hammerstein sued to restrain the sale on the ground that it was in violation of the agreement and that his equity could not be foreclosed.

Mrs. Hammerstein, through her attorney, stated in the suit that she had no interest in the stock.

In denying the injunction Justice Mullan said that the case was "singularly devoid of legal basis and of appealing ground for the intervention of the court of equity." His ruling was upheld by the Appellate Division, and upon the sale of the stock on June 11 last the daughters bought it for $50,432.

In opposing the application of her stepdaughters for the election of officers and the transfer of the stock to them, Mrs. Hammerstein, as executrix under her husband's will, stated that there had been no refusal of their request to transfer the stock, and for that reason the application should be denied. She said:

"Mr. Hammerstein intended to bring a new action to regain his property, but his death prevented. He was a creditor for a large sum, the amount of which I am unable to determine. In 1912 he paid off a mortgage of $100,000 with his own funds, and had since expended large sums to preserve the assets and property. His estate is the largest creditor and is vitally interested in the preservation of the assets and the proper management of its affairs."

R. V. OULAHAN TO WED.

Engagement to Miss Sue Courts of Washington Announced.

Mrs. James Carson Courts of 1,940 Biltmore Street, Washington, has announced the engagement of her daughter Sue to Richard V. Oulahan. The wedding will take place in October, and only the immediate members of the family will be present.

Mr. Oulahan is head of the Washington Bureau of THE NEW YORK TIMES, and recently returned from Paris, where he was in charge of THE TIMES staff at the Peace Conference.

Miss Van Syckel Weds G. B. Class.

Miss Eva D. Van Syckel was married to George Brinton Class, a lawyer, of this city yesterday at her home in Yonkers. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. N. Dunham Van Syckel of Hamilton, N. Y., a cousin of the bride. Mr. Class is a member of the Sons of the Revolution. The couple will be at their home, in Yonkers, after Nov. 1.

Rose-Zagat.

The marriage is announced of Miss Ruth Beatrice Zagat, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Henry Zagat of 235 West 108th Street, and Sydney Rose of Savannah, Ga., which took place on Thursday, at the Ritz-Carlton, Professor David S. Muzzey of Columbia University officiating. Mr. Zagat, who is President of the City Real Estate Improvement Corporation, furnished an apartment at Ninety-eighth Street and Riverside Drive as a gift to his daughter.

Rees-Graves.

Arthur D. Rees, Lecturer in Political Science at the University of Pennsylvania, and Miss Mary DeB. Graves, were married Thursday evening at the home of the bride's mother, 314 West Ninety-fourth Street. The ceremony was performed by the bridegroom's father, the Rev. Dr. George E. Rees of Philadelphia. Mrs. Rees is a daughter of the late Professor Ralph H. Graves of the University of North Carolina. Two of her brothers are Colonel Ernest Graves, U. S. Army Engineers, and Capt. Louis Graves, 324th Infantry, 81st Division.

Mrs. Medill McCormick Operated On

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Mrs. Medill McCormick, wife of the United States Senator, was today operated upon at a local hospital for appendicitis. Tonight her condition is reported as favorable. Mrs. McCormick, a daughter of the late Senator Mark Hanna of Ohio, is President of the Women's Section of the Republican National Committee.

Consul General Handley Stricken.

LIMA, Peru, Thursday, Sept. 18.—William W. Handley, United States Consul General here, was stricken with apoplexy this morning and his condition is critical.

FRANKLIN.

Portrait of Benjamin Franklin by Joseph Siffrede Duplessis, just purchased in Paris by Colonel M. Friedsam of New York, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

JEWISH DRIVE GAINS ANOTHER MILLION

Yesterday's Subscriptions the Largest in Any One Day of Any Similar Campaign.

BUILDING FUND GROWING

Charity Worker Says 10,000 Unfortunates Are Turned Away Annually for Lack of Room.

Another million dollars was contributed yesterday toward the ten-million-dollar goal of the United Building Fund Campaign of the Federated Jewish Institutions. This, according to Colonel H. A. Guinsberg, who is in charge of the drive, is the largest subscription handed in on any one day of any similar campaign. Of this amount $190,000 came from fifty-one clothing manufacturers, who contributed an average of $4,000 each. The report was made by William Goldman, Chairman of the Clothing Trade Committee, at the afternoon rally in the Hotel Biltmore.

The members of the clothing trade who constributed toward the $190,000 were:

J. Schwartz & Bro.	$15,000	A. Zeeman	$5,000
J. Samuels & Bros	15,000	Epstein-C. Doug-	
W. Goldman & Bro.	10,000	las Co.	5,000
W. F. Goldman & Bros.	10,000	N. P. Light	5,000
M. Asinot	7,000	S. M. Rosenthal	5,000
Ben Friedman	5,000	H. L. Rosenthal	5,000
J. Friedman	5,000	S. Rosenthal & Bro.	1,000
Max Friedman	5,000	J. Bashwitz	5,000
M. Friedman	5,000	S. Bashwitz	5,000
J. Friedman, Jr.	5,000	A. Cohen	5,000
Simon J. Rice	5,000	Edelstein	1,500
Leon Klee	2,000	P. Walcoff & Co.	5,000
A. Garfunkel	5,000	E. Oppenheim	5,000
S. Findelstein	5,000	A. Bauman & Sham	4,000
J. Feinblatt	5,000	Wolf & Abra-	
H. Lismer	4,000	ham	1,500
W. E. Wolff	5,000	H. B. Isaacson	2,000
Seymour & Feraues	2,500	H. Ansorge	2,000
Howard Field	1,000	E. Harwitz	1,000
J. Elsner & Co.	3,000	I. Cohen	1,000
S. Golde & Sons	3,000	J. Yeaks	2,000

A wireless dispatch from Felix M. Warburg, on the Steamship Rotterdam, came during the rally. His wish for the campaign was that it might run as smoothly as the ship on which he was sailing. One of the factors assuring the smooth sailing of the campaign was announced by I. Edwin Goldwasser, who, in the name of the executive committee, told the audience that all the expense of running the campaign was being borne by one individual and would therefore not be a drain on any part of the building fund itself.

Louis J. Robertson, chairman of the September campaign, in commenting upon the generosity which had been shown, said he could think of no greater tragedy than that of the sufferer who is turned away from a hospital door and is told that "there is no room," or of an orphan child who is denied even the temporary shelter of an institution. "Yet ten thousand sick and needy," he said, "are refused admission to Jewish institutions in this city each year, because these institutions are over-crowded. The United Building Fund Campaign of the Federated Jewish Institutions must raise $10,000,000 from September 14 to 21 to remedy this appalling condition by erecting new buildings and by repairing and enlarging the old. Every man and woman must contribute to the limit of his means. It must not be said to the shame of our citizens that they refused to care for the sick and needy."

Office boys and clerks of the Emil Frankel Co., of the insurance division, yesterday were reported to have given $400 to the fund through David Wechsler, Abner Sea and Dopper gave $1,000. Other reports from the insurance division were: Rudolph Recht, $500; Charles Szabs, $300; R. A. Carson & Co., $250, and Reuben Arbusin, $8,000. Advertising trades through Carl Kaufman, reported $28,747 all told to date. The meat industry reported a total of $8,485. The jewelry industry reported up-to-date, $89,900. Charles Klingenstein, of the silk industry, reported a total of $852,281. Leon Lesser reported for the druggists $1,000 above his quota.

Harold A. Saks, for the department stores, reported that the firm of A. Saks & Co., donated a contribution of $20,000, as follows: Horace A. Saks, $5,000; William Saks, $5,000; P. A. Conne, $5,000.

Mr. Saks reported that his quota of $40,000 was nearing completion and that by the end of the next week the full amount would be raised.

Irwin Untermyer and Alvin Untermyer, sons of Samuel Untermyer, contributed $6,000 to the fund.

The Merchants and Shippers Insurance Company through their president, P. Goldman, have promised at their next meeting to declare a definite amount to the United Building Fund Campaign.

Nahan Franko, the musician, played at this rally and offered as his contribution to the fund a part of the proceeds of the celebration of his fiftieth anniversary jubilee at the Hippodrome next month. Mr. Paul Reimers will appear next Tuesday.

PRAISES JEWISH WORK.

Herbert Hoover Commends Bread Non-Sectarian Spirit in Relief.

The work of the Joint Distribution Committee, which is carrying on the American Jewish Relief Work in Europe, was warmly commended yesterday in a letter sent by Herbert Hoover, head of the American Relief Administration, to Nathan Straus. He urged that the need for such work was never greater than at present, and gave high praise to the effectiveness, willing co-operation, and non-sectarian spirit with which the Joint Distribution Committee had conducted its mission.

"I am very glad," he said, "to see the effort being made by the American Jewish Relief Committee for sufferers from the war to raise further funds for its work in Europe. As you know, your organization has co-operated with us wonderfully in relief work at the most critical centres of Europe. I cannot speak too highly of the spirit and effectiveness of the Joint Distribution Committee in Europe, nor can I emphasize too strongly the critical necessity for its continuation.

"As you are aware, my colleagues and myself are endeavoring to carry on the special feeding of undernourished children through Central and Eastern Europe on a charitable basis over the forthcoming Winter. There are between four and five millions of these children, to whom the application of the term 'undernourished' conveys no proper indication of the state in which they exist. Your committee has taken over a considerable section of this work during the last six months in Poland and other sections of Central and Eastern Europe, and without their co-operation success would have been impossible. The broad, non-sectarian spirit shown by the Joint Distribution Committee, although primarily devoted to Jewish work, and their willing co-operation which my own administration has enjoyed place me under an obligation to to the committee. I do wish you every possible success, for there never was a greater need."

SHIP CAPTAIN KNIGHTED.

King George Honors Commander Hayes of the Olympic.

A cable message to the International Mercantile Marine Company announces that Captain Bertram Fox Hayes, C. B. E., C. B., G. M. C., D. S. O., commander of the White Star Line steamer Olympic, has been knighted by King George for his distinguished services during the war, when the Olympic was engaged in transporting American, Canadian, and British troops across the Atlantic and in the Mediterranean.

The knighting of Captain Hayes is the only instance where this honor has been conferred upon the commander of a mercantile steamer. The Captain, who is now enjoying a short vacation at Newfoundland, N. J., modestly omitted to mention this incident upon his recent arrival at New York aboard the liner Celtic.

ANOTHER SINGER HELD BY IMMIGRATION MEN

Luigi Morandi, Ten Years with Metropolitan Opera Company, Must Prove Himself Artist.

Luigi Morandi, a tenor singer who has been with the Metropolitan Opera Company for ten seasons in the chorus and singing minor roles, was detained yesterday when he arrived on the Italian steamship America from Genoa, and sent by the Immigration authorities to Ellis Island for further examination today by the Board of Special Inquiry.

The Immigration officials said that Morandi was held under the new ruling of the Secretary of Labor concerning contract labor, that aliens arriving here under contract were to be considered laborers unless they had achieved fame on the operatic stage and were paid high salaries, emphasizing this fact.

William J. Guard of the Metropolitan Opera Company said last night that he could not understand why if Urelio Bodini had been released on parole by the Immigration authorities pending the result of his appeal to Washington, against the order for his deportation, Morandi, who had been for so many years with the company could not have been treated in the same manner. Representatives from the Metropolitan Opera House were at the pier to meet the America and offered to put up bonds, but they were not accepted.

Mr. Guard added that he was going to Ellis Island this morning to interview the Acting Commissioner of Immigration, Byron H. Uhl, to see if he could get Morandi paroled before Sunday so that he would not have to spend the week-end in the detention pen. An appeal will be made on his behalf, Mr. Guard added, to the Secretary of Labor at Washington similar to the one sent there for Urelio Bodini.

MAYOR PROCLAIMS FIRE DAY

Oct. 9 Set Apart for Preventive Measures and Publicity.

Mayor Hylan yesterday issued a proclamation regarding Fire Prevention Day, in which he says:

"Announcement is hereby made that Oct. 9, 1919, will be observed in the United States as Fire Prevention Day. The proper observance of this day is essential to the welfare of our city.

"During the year 1918 $250,000,000 worth of property was destroyed in the United States by fire. New York City's share of this was $9,536,726. While this loss is less by $4,730,796 than for the year 1917, 90 per cent. was due to preventable causes, and approximately 75 per cent. was due to causes having their origin in the homes of the people. In New York City alone 125 persons were burned to death.

"To Arouse our citizens to the magnitude of the fire waste and to impress upon them their individual responsibility for this economic loss and to induce them to take more interest in the subject of fire prevention, I do designate and set aside as Fire Prevention Week Oct. 6 to 11, 1919, both days inclusive."

The proclamation orders that the week designated be devoted to the removal of rubbish and that tests be made of sprinkler equipment, lighting and heating fixtures, &c. It is further recommended that during the week special instruction be given in the public schools on fire prevention. Clergymen are also requested to bring the subject to the attention of their congregations, and storekeepers and transportation companies are asked to exhibit fire-prevention displays and placards.

WANT RAILROADS RETURNED

National Petroleum Association Desires Their Prompt Restoration.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 19.—Sentiment for the return of the railroads to their owners "at the earliest possible moment" was strong in the convention today of the National Petroleum Association.

"It is my opinion that if the lines are restored to their owners on or before Jan. 1 next we can feel assured of early and favorable action upon many long-standing appeals for the adjustment of rate disputes," said F. M. Dolts of Cleveland in presenting the traffic report.

Colonel U. G. Lyons of the Cowango Refining Company, Warren, Penn., was elected President of the association this afternoon. Other officers are: First Vice President—S. B. Lyons of Philadelphia; Second Vice President—Guy Forcier of St. Louis; Treasurer—L. C. Jameson of Warren, Penn.

MRS. MARIA F. GILBERT DIES.

Former Mrs. Jerry McAuley Was the Co-Founder of Two Missions.

Mrs. Maria Fahy Gilbert, widow of Bradford L. Gilbert, who was a well-known architect, and formerly Mrs. Jerry McAuley, co-founder of the McAuley Mission in Water Street and the Cremorne McAuley Mission at 104 West Thirty-second Street, died yesterday morning at her home, 565 Park Place, Brooklyn. She was stricken suddenly on Thursday. Mrs. Gilbert was 74 years old. Before her marriage to McAuley she was Maria Fahy and a native of Ireland.

When in 1868 Jerry McAuley, drunkard and convict, was converted by missionaries on Cherry Hill Miss Fahy was his friend. She watched with interest his struggle in his new life. Later they were married. Mrs. McAuley stood by her husband in his spiritual struggles and with him founded the two missions which bear his name.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ANNETTE GRENLI, wife of Captain Alfred Grenli, master of one of the steamships of the New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Company, died on Wednesday at her home, 982 Fifty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, aged 40 years.

T. JOSEPH SPAULDING, 38 years old, a dentist, and a member of Long Island Council, No. 497, Knights of Columbus, died from heart disease on Wednesday at his home, 566 Dalmbridge Street, Brooklyn.

FREDERICK SPRAGUE, for many years a foreman in the Highway Department of Yonkers, died at his home in Richmond Hill, L. I., on Wednesday, in his seventy-eighth year. Mr. Sprague was a veteran of the civil war and a member of G. K. Warren Post, No. 43, G. A. R.

Mrs. SUSAN LOUISE BROWNE, wife of Robert C. M. Browne, died at her home, 884 Seventy-fifth Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday. Mrs. Browne was an active member of Bay Ridge Chapter, No. 402, Order of the Eastern Star. Her husband is a credit man for the Cloak and Suit Trade of America and a Past Master of Adytum Lodge, No. 640, F. and A. M.

Mrs. ALINE MONTANDON, reader and interpreter of French literature, died a few days ago at her home, 70 West 102d Street, at the age of 73 years.

Mrs. SUSAN KING PAYNE, wife of Watson C. Payne, and a well-known resident of Prospect Park, L. I., died in her sixty-fifth year on Saturday of apoplexy. She was a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Besides her husband she left a daughter, Mrs. Edith Sharon, Principal of St. Michael's School.

JOHN ADOLPH HACHTMANN, poet, composer, and retired dry goods merchant, died on Tuesday at his home, 1,751 West Ninth Street, Flatbush, at the age of 75 years. Mr. Hachtmann was born in Cuxhaven, Germany, the son of a church organist of that place, and had been a resident of Brooklyn for thirty-six years.

JOHN F. F. LAWTON, Secretary of the Gorham Manufacturing Company, Providence, died last night in Attleboro, Mass., at the age of 82. Mr. Lawton had been with the company more than sixty years, and had been its Secretary since its incorporation in 1886.

S. GUY TAYLOR, an amateur actor, died Thursday at his home in Montclair, N. J., of heart disease.

GEORGE S. UNDERHILL, 52 years old, of the firm of R. P. Buck & Co., died Thursday at his home, 145 East Sixth Street.

OTTO L. VOGT, 57 years old, manager of the Standard Gas Company, died suddenly Wednesday at his home in East Orange, N. J.

CAESAR GIULIETTI, 56 years old, a circus man, who toured the world several times, died Thursday at his home in Passaic, N. J.

JOHN J. REARDON, Superintendent of the Litchfield & Madison Railroad of Illinois, died yesterday at Edwardsville, Ill. He was in his fifty-fourth year.

A. W. PALLEE, for more than forty years employed in the New York Post Office until his retirement a year ago, died Tuesday at his home, 1,188 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

Church Notices on Page 19.

PAUL YASELLI WED IN ITALIAN CRYPT

Assistant District Attorney of New York Marries Pia Falconi, Niece of Late Senator.

CABINET MEMBERS ATTEND

Pope Receives Couple and Gives Bride a Precious Rosary—Ceremony in Basilica Santa Cicilia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENOA, Sept. 18.—Paul Yaselli, Assistant District Attorney of New York, married Pia Falconi niece of the late Senator. The ceremony was attended by a great concourse of high personages including several members of the Cabinet. Baron Monti gave the bride away.

The marriage occurred in the magnificent crypt in the Basilica Santa Cicilia, wherefrom the couple motored to the Vatican and were cordially received by the Pope, who presented the bride with a precious rosary.

The honeymoon includes a patriotic pilgrimage to Trent and Trieste," the couple sailing afterwards to America.

Mr. Yaselli, Assistant United States District Attorney, was Chairman of the Italian division of the Four-Minute Men during the war. He handled more than 2,000 slacker cases when the selective draft was in force.

Gov. Smith Here for Wedding.

Governor Alfred E. Smith arrived in this city last night and went to the Biltmore Hotel. He will stay here until Monday. Tomorrow he will attend the wedding of James P. Holland, State Secretary of the Federation of Labor, and Mrs. May Marion in the St. Andrew's Church, Flushing.

Born.

KRECH.—Mr. and Mrs. Shepard Krech, a son, at 521 Park Av., on Sept. 18.

Engaged.

GLOVER-FORD.—Mr. and Mrs. Ward Ford of New York and Morristown announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Emily Ward Ford, to Mr. John LeRoy Glover of Fairfield, Conn. Mr. Glover served overseas for twenty months in the U. S. Air Service, in which he held the rank of Captain. He was awarded the Croix de Guerre.

ROSENFELD—KAPLAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rosen of 631 East 163th St. announce the betrothal of their sister, Edith Rosenfeld, formerly of St. Louis, Mo., to Mr. Percy Julius Kaplan of Baltimore, Md.

Card of Thanks.

GOOTENBERG.—The family and fiancee (Viola Wolf) of the late Dr. D. Gootenberg want to thank relatives and friends for their kind expressions of sympathy during the sad hour of bereavement. Funeral from Miss Wolf's home, 2,790 Broadway, New York City, Sunday, Sept. 21, to receive relatives and friends.

Died.

ABRAMS.—On Thursday, Sept. 18, at his residence, 365 West 144th St., Newman Abrams, beloved father of David, Daniel, Rose and Nathalie. Funeral on Sunday, Sept. 21, at 10:30 A. M., at Trinity private.

ABRAMS.—TRUE CRAFTSMAN LODGE, No. 651, F. & A. M. The Supreme Architect of the universe has called to heavenly rest our beloved brother, Newman Abrams. You are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence, 365 West 144th St., Sunday, Sept. 21, at 10:30 A. M., and assist in paying the last tribute of respect.

HENRY I. SCHOEN, Master.

BACHARACH.—On Thursday, Sept. 18, Sarah Bacharach, aged 71, widow of Herrman Bacharach, beloved mother of Mrs. Edwin H. Nordlinger, Mrs. Max Herman, Mrs. Paul Meyer, and Blanche, Richard, Samuel B., and Isidor H. Klein. Funeral from her late residence, 44 East 80th St., Sunday morning, 10 o'clock.

BIETH.—At his residence, 980 East 19th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn, Jerome Bieth, beloved husband of Kate Bieth. Solemn requiem mass at St. Brendan's R. C. Church, Avenue O and East 14th St., on Saturday morning, Sept. 20, at 10 o'clock.

BROWN.—In Stratford, Conn., on Thursday, Sept. 18, 1919, Lieutenant William Otis Brown, formerly of New York City and Buffalo, N. Y., in his 29th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 2,002 Elm St., on Saturday, Sept. 20, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Buffalo papers please copy.

BRYAN.—On Sept. 17, 1919, Daniel D., husband of Mary E. Bryan. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late home, 74 Grand Place, Arlington, N. J., on Saturday, Sept. 20, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Arlington Cemetery.

COBLENS.—On Sept. 18, 1919, Gerson Coblens, beloved husband of Julia Levy Coblens and father of Monroe Coblens. Funeral from his late residence, 351 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, at 10 A. M., Sunday, Sept. 21, 1919.

DICKMAN.—Robert Neil, beloved husband of Julia Wherry Dickman, suddenly of appendicitis, at San Diego, Cal., on Sept. 14, 1919. Funeral private at Cleveland, Ohio.

DWYER.—On Sept. 19, 1919, Charles M. Dwyer, beloved husband of Loretta A. (nee Garvey). Funeral from his late residence, 1,064 Sheridan Av., Bronx, on Monday, Sept. 22, at 9 A. M., thence to Church of St. Angela Merici, 1084 St. and Morris Av.; interment Calvary.

FURGY.—Suddenly, Thursday, Sept. 18, 1919, Alden C., in his 11th year, youngest son of Lillian and the late Manford M. Furgy. Funeral services at his late residence, 19 Phillips Place, Yonkers, Sunday, Sept. 21. Interment Sleepy Hollow.

GARRETSON.—On Sept. 19, at Baxter Springs, Kan., Sarah Vermilya, wife of the late William Garretson, in her 73d year. Interment private at Ivy Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia, Penn.

GILBERT.—At her residence, in Brooklyn, Maria, widow of the late Bradford L. Gilbert of this city and formerly Mrs. Jerry McAuley. Funeral services will be held at the Jerry McAuley Water Street Mission, 316 Water St., New York City, on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 21, 1919, at 2:30 o'clock.

GRAHAM.—Margaret W., at Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., Sept. 19, 1919. Funeral service at Good Will Church, near Montgomery, 2 P. M. Sunday, Sept. 21.

HORWITZ.—Albert, beloved husband of Hannah Horwitz, father of Jennie, Harry, and Julia, at his home, 996 9th St., Brooklyn. Funeral Sunday, Sept. 21, at 1:30 sharp. Kindly omit flowers.

KENNEDY.—Entered into rest Sept. 19, aged 76 years, Hannah Maria Hill, widow of the late George W. Kennedy and beloved mother of Dion W. Kennedy. Interment Sunday, Waterbury, Vt.

KLEIN.—On Sept. 18, 1919, Minnie, beloved wife of Emanuel Klein and mother of Rose Krulewitch, Flora Fields, Bertha Birnbaum, Molly Zare and Max, Samuel B., and Isidor H. Klein. Funeral from her late residence, 410 West 148th St., Manhattan, Sunday, Sept. 21, at 10 A. M., Mount Judah Cemetery, Cypress Hills. Kindly omit flowers.

LEEB.—Marie Julie de Castillon, Sept. 18, 1919. Funeral services at the residence of her brother, Alfred Leeb, 106 Ralston Av., South Orange, N. J., on Saturday, at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

LEMCKE.—George F., aged 34 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Lemcke, 1,110 Caton Av., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral services later.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

Temple Beth-El
5th Ave. at 76th St.
Rev. Dr. Schulman, Rabbi

A limited number of gallery seats may be rented for New Year's Day and the Day of Atonement at from $10 to $25 each, according to location. The Temple will be open daily, except Saturdays and Sundays, between 10-4, as well as from 8:30 to 10 on the evenings of September 9, 11, 12, 13, and 23, and from 10-12 Sunday morning, September 7, 14, and 21.

Died.

LEVKOVITS.—Sigmund, aged 57, beloved husband of Rosa Fischer, beloved father of Mrs. Ben Batlan, Albert A., Irving and Mabel. Funeral Sunday morning at 10 A. M. from his late residence, 610 West 180th St. Burial at Union Fields Cemetery, First Hungarian Society.

LEFKOVITS.—Sigmund. It is with deep regret that the MIDDLEBORO CLUB of the Bronx announces the death of its member, Sigmund Lefkovits. Funeral on Sunday, Sept. 21. Members will assemble at the club room, 1,040 Morris Av., at 10 o'clock in the morning.

RUDOLPH HANNOCH, President.
SAMUEL D. REICH,

YANKEES WHITEWASH TIGERS AND GAIN IN BATTLE FOR THIRD PLACE

MOGRIDGE TAMES TIGERS; YANKS WIN

Holds Detroit Batters to Three Hits and Huggins's Clan Takes 7 to 0 Victory.

THIRD PLACE LOCALS' AIM

See Chance to Pass Jennings's Team and Boost Standing Before End of Season.

George Mogridge piloted the Yankees to victory over Detroit yesterday at the Polo Grounds and in doing so administered as neat a trimming to the Tigers as they have experienced this season. The Yankee portsider, working with exceptional control through the nine innings, made the Tigertown crew roll over, play dead, and perform various other feats that pertain to crushing defeat. When the pastime was concluded the Yankees skipped off Henry Fabian's meadow on the wings of a 7 to 0 victory.

Mogridge's effort was, perhaps, his best on the uptown ballyard this season. He yielded but three hits and never permitted himself to be caught in a tight hole. From end to end of the game Mogridge went along at the same smooth pace, sending the Tigers back almost as quickly as they advanced to the plate. He fanned six of them. Pep Young managed to make the greatest impression on the Yankee hurler. Pep's indent was to the extent of two hits.

Pep got his first hit in his initial appearance against Mogridge and collected his second and longest blow in the fourth, when he lashed out a double to left. Dyer, who replaced Jones at third in the fourth inning, rapped out the remaining Tiger safety in the eighth, when he singled to centre. The only other Detroit athlete to reach first was Tyrus Raymond Cobb, who got on in the opening inning through a fielder's choice. All told but four men reached first and only one of them got any further in his travels. Young raced from second to third on an infield out in the fourth stanza.

Strong Support for Mogridge.

Back of Mogridge was a defensive cordon which reminded some of the 2,500 who saw the fracas of the Yankees early in the season when the fight for the calico was fraught with interest. Errorless support was given the Yankee lefthander, with never even a quiver in the defensive machine. The Yankees just now are battling for third place, which carries with it a share of the juicy world's series pluck. Judged on their game yesterday they are more sure of this berth than a country minister is of his flock. Detroit is the obstacle which stands between Miller Huggins's crew and the coveted third place, and Detroit doesn't sound nearly as ominous as it used to. The Tiger's claws and teeth are conspicuous by their absence.

Ernie Boland, a sort of a Yankee enigma, started against the local outfit absolutely ignorant of the savage mood the Yankees were in. It didn't take Ernie long to realize his standing in New York. As a sort of a "feeler," Sam Vick nicked the Detroit hurler for a single to start the game, but Ernie got through the first frame without further maltreatment. In the second, however, the Yankees unloosed themselves of a lot of revenge, and in the process Boland was shelled off the mound in a barrage of five resounding hits and four large runs. George Cunningham was then called in as a lifesaver, and checked the Yankee second inning outburst. Cunningham looked just like Boland to the Yankees in the succeeding innings, and he was bumped and battered around the lot for eight more hits, which, with a life-sised misdemeanor by Flagstead and a couple of errors thrown by Cunningham, gave the Yankees three more runs before time was called.

Yankees Start Early.

Boland felt the fury of the Yankee disposition with the start of the second inning. Duffy Lewis launched the offensive with a resounding single to center. Lewis raced to third on Bodie's thump to the same garden, but Ping was avaricious and tried to stretch his single with the result that he overslid second base and was touched out by Young. Ping didn't like Umpire Dineen's decision and didn't hesitate to say so, but what Ping said to the arbiter wasn't overheard in the stand. At any rate it didn't matter, for the worst was yet to come.

Muddy Ruel slashed a single to left, scoring Lewis and then Mogridge laid down a neat sacrifice bunt, on which Ruel scampered to second. Vick here injected his second blow of the day, a single to right, scoring Ruel. When Boland intercepted Flagstead's throw to the plate and heaved the ball into the Detroit dug-out, Vick advanced leisurely to third. Peckinpaugh drew a pass and then Baker furrowed the grass in right field with a single which scored Vick and sent Peck to third. That was the end of Mr. Boland.

Cunningham began where Boland left off and while serving to Pipp unburdened himself of a wild pitch which permitted Peckinpaugh to tally with the Yankees' fourth marker. Pipp lofted to Flagstead and ended the rally.

The fourth found Cunningham off at a difficult angle and Flagstead emulating a sieve, with the result that two more runs were added to the Yankee total. Starting this frame Mogridge drew a pass. Vick singled to right for his third blow, and when Flagstead let the sphere roll through his legs to the fence, Mogridge romped over the rubber, followed closely by Vick.

In the seventh the Yankees went off on their last foray and were helped considerably by Cunningham. The Tiger hurler disposed of Lewis on strikes, but evidently wasted all his "stuff" in this feat for he immediately winged Bodie on the wrist. Ruel rose to the occasion with a single to centre, sending Bodie to second. This excited Cunningham so much that he hit Mogridge with a pitched ball, filling the bases. Vick lifted a long sacrifice fly to Cobb and Bodie dashed over the rubber with the Yankees' seventh run. Peckinpaugh tried to chase his team-mates home with a savage infield smash but was thrown out by Dyer.

The score:

NEW YORK. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vick,rf	4	2	3	1	0
Peck'p'gh,ss	4	1	0	3	2
Baker,3b	4	0	2	2	0
Pipp,1b	4	0	2	8	0
Ward,1b	1	0	0	2	0
Pratt,2b	5	0	1	1	2
Lewis,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Gleich,lf	1	0	0	0	0
Bodie,cf	3	1	2	2	0
Ruel,c	4	1	2	6	1
Mogridge,p	1	1	1	0	4
Ellison	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	7	14	27	11

DETROIT. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bush,ss	4	0	0	1	1
Young,2b	4	0	3	2	4
Cobb,cf	3	0	0	3	0
Veach,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Heilmann,1b	3	0	0	12	0
Flagstead,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Jones,3b	1	0	0	0	2
Dyer,3b	2	0	1	1	4
Ainsmith,c	3	0	0	3	0
Boland,p	0	0	0	0	0
Cunn'gh'm,p	2	0	0	0	1
aCunningham	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	0	2	24	12

a Ellison batted for Cunningham in the ninth.

Errors—Flagstead, Boland.

New York	0	4	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	—7
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Pipp, Young. Three-base hit.—Pratt. Sacrifice hit—Mogridge. Double play—Pack, Pratt, and Pipp. Left on bases—New York, 10; Detroit, 2. Bases on balls—Off Boland, 1; Cunningham, 2. Hits—Off Boland, 6 in 1 2-3 innings; Cunningham, 8 in 7 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Cunningham, 2, (Bodie, Mogridge.) Struck out—By Mogridge, 6; Cunningham, 3. Wild pitch—Cunningham. Winning pitcher—Mogridge. Losing pitcher—Boland.

INDIANS MAKE 18 HITS.

Hammer Three Pitchers and Beat Washington by Score of 12 to 3.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Cleveland hammered three Washington pitchers for a total of eighteen hits and easily won the first game of the series, 12 to 3. The score:

CLEVELAND. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	5	1	1	2	0
Chapman,ss	5	2	2	0	2
Lunte,ss	1	0	0	1	0
Speaker,cf	6	1	3	1	0
Jamieson,cf	1	0	0	1	0
Harris,1b	3	1	3	7	0
Johnston,1b	1	0	0	1	0
Gardner,3b	4	2	1	0	2
Wamb'g's,2b	4	1	2	3	0
Smith,rf	1	1	1	0	0
Wood,rf	3	0	2	2	0
O'Neill,c	4	0	1	4	1
Bagby,p	3	2	2	0	2
Total	36	12	18	27	7

WASHINGTON. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Judge,1b	5	0	1	11	2
Leonard,3b	3	0	0	2	3
Foster,3b	2	0	0	0	0
Murphy,cf	5	0	1	2	0
Rice,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Ellerbe,ss	4	0	2	0	3
Gharrity,c	4	1	1	5	1
Menosky,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Shanks,2b	3	0	0	2	2
Shaw,p	1	0	0	0	2
aPicinich	1	0	0	0	0
Harper,p	0	0	0	0	0
bKelleher	1	0	0	0	0
Fischer,p	0	0	0	0	0
cAgnew	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	3	12	27	13

a Batted for Shaw in fifth.
b Batted for Harper in seventh.
c Batted for Fischer in ninth.
Error—Judge.

Cleveland	1	1	0	0	0	5	5	0	—12	
Washington	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	—3	

Two-base hits—Smith, Wood, Bagby. Stolen bases—Rice, Menosky, (2,) Judge, Foster. Sacrifice hits—Shanks, (2,) O'Neill, Harris, Smith, Chapman, Gardner. Sacrifice fly—Bagby. Double plays—Shanks, Gharrity, Leonard and Shanks; Rice and Leonard. Left on bases—Cleveland, 10; Washington, 9. Bases on balls—Off Bagby, 1; Shaw, 3; Harper, 2; Fischer, 1. Hits—Off Shaw, 6 in 5 innings; Harper 6 in 2; Fischer, 6 in 2. Struck out—By Bagby, 4; Harper, 1; Fischer, 1. Losing pitcher—Shaw.

CLUB OWNERS FILE ANSWER.

Deny Many Claims of the Yankees' Owners in Carl Mays Case.

Another chapter in the Carl Mays case was added yesterday to the long list of official documents filed since the beginning of the litigation concerning his services. The St. Louis and Cleveland clubs played at the Polo Grounds during the few days immediately following the granting of the temporary injunction against interference with Mays, and officials of both clubs were served with copies of the restraining order. Their answer, made up for the most part of denials, was filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office.

The document closely follows the lines laid down by defendants' counsel in the argument about the motion for a continuance of the temporary injunction which the New York club obtained against Ban Johnson and his agents pending trial.

The defendants deny that the plaintiff is entitled to a permanent injunction and that Carl W. Mays is entitled to continue a player on the New York club. They further declare that it was not necessary to hold any hearing, with Mays present to defend himself, before suspending him.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 7; Detroit, 0.
Chicago, 3; Boston, 2.
Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 3.
Cleveland, 12; Washington, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Pittsburgh, 2.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati. (Previously played.)
Philadelphia, 3; St. Louis, 1.
Boston at Chicago—rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	87	46	.654
Cleveland	80	52	.606
Detroit	76	58	.584
New York	72	58	.554
Boston	63	67	.485
St. Louis	64	69	.481
Washington	53	81	.396
Philadelphia	35	98	.263

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cincinnati	82	47	.634
New York	81	50	.619
Chicago	70	60	.538
Pittsburgh	69	66	.511
Brooklyn	64	69	.481
Boston	54	76	.415
St. Louis	50	81	.353
Philadelphia	46	84	.354

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Chicago at Boston.
Cleveland at Washington.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.
(Two games.)
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

NEHF FEATURES IN VICTORY OF GIANTS

Tames Pittsburgh Batsmen, Hits a Double, and Steals a Base—Pirates Lose, 4 to 2.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 19.—Arthur Nehf had the edge on Wilbur Cooper here this afternoon in a closely fought pitching duel, and the Giants got the decision over the Pirates by the score of 4 to 2. With proper support the final figures would have been half as large for each club, as a misplay by Grimm handed two runs to the Giants and an error by Art Fletcher was responsible for one run made by the home team.

Each of these sterling southpaws allowed the opposing batsmen three singles and a brace of doubles, but the New York sidewheeler scattered his blows much better than Cooper. One hit per inning was the limit for the Pirates, while the Giants bunched two of their five smashes in the sixth frame, and these, with a sacrifice fly, a stolen base, a fumble, and a wild pitch furnished the foundation for three runs. This carried the Giants to the front, and kept them there to the close of the game.

Art Nehf not only pitched one of his usual games, but he went out of the sphere in which a pitcher generally confines himself. The New York southpaw opened the winning rally in the sixth by driving a double to left field, and then he made a steal of third base before an out had been recorded. His dash to third brought about a change in the Pittsburgh lineup, as Barbare was badly cut on the left foot when Nehf slid into the bag. He was forced to leave the game, Whitted moving over from first base to third, while Grimm went in as Whitted's successor. Grimm later made an error that handed the Giants a brace of runs.

Kauff Shines on Bases.

Benny Kauff did some fast stepping in the eighth inning, which also helped in the run-getting. Kauff reached first on a fielder's choice, and promptly stole second. Frisch followed with a single to centre which did not seem long enough to permit Kauff to score, but Benny did not hesitate, and he made the plate safely, finishing up with a fine slide. The Giants had enough without this run, but that fact could not detract from the brilliant effort of Kauff.

Max Carey was the only home player who had any success against Nehf. The star of the Pirates' brigade collected three of the eight hits off the New York southpaw, one of them being good for two bases. Max drove in the run that put the Pirates in front in the third inning, but his two other hits were wasted. A double by Whitted and a single by Schmidt was the extent of the Pirates' stickwork, excepting that done by Carey.

Frisch got the first of New York's five hits, a single to centre in the first inning, but the blow arrived with two out and there was no scoring. In the Pirates' half Carey doubled to left with one out, but neither Southworth nor Whitted could chase him home. In the second each team was turned back by a fast double play, Cutshaw doing some fancy fielding in the New York half, Nelson starting the double play on Stats and Kelly Cutshaw made a great catch of Fletcher's blazing liner.

Pirates Score in Third.

The home team went to the front in the third inning, an error by Fletcher making the run possible. The Giants' Captain fumbled Cooper's roller and Nicholson sacrificed him to second. Carey shot a single to centre and Cooper registered. Max tried to steal second, but McCarty's accurate throw to Doyle beat the speedy Carey to the bag.

The Giants had a runner on first base with none out in both the fourth and fifth innings, but in neither instance did the runner advance to second base. In the fifth Nehf opened with a double to left and stole third. He held the bag while Burns was going out on strikes, and galloped home on Kauff's sacrifice fly to Carey. Frisch followed with a grounder to Grimm, who had replaced Whitted at first base, and he fumbled the ball, missing an opportunity to retire the side. A double to left by Larry Doyle sent Frisch around to third, and then Cooper made a wild pitch, which allowed both Frisch and Doyle to score. Pittsburgh's two runs developed in the seventh, on Whitted's double to left and two infield outs.

In New York's eighth Burns walked and was forced at second by Kauff. Benny stole and completed the journey on Frisch's single to centre.

The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Kauff,cf	3	1	0	1	0
Frisch,2b	4	1	2	3	4
Doyle,2b	4	1	1	1	4
Fletcher,ss	3	0	0	2	4
Stats,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Kelly,1b	4	0	0	13	0
McCarty,c	3	0	0	4	1
Nehf,p	3	1	1	1	5
Total	30	4	5	27	15

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Nicholson,lf	2	0	0	2	0
Carey,cf	2	0	3	1	0
Schmidt,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Whit'd,1b,3b	4	1	1	6	1
Barbare,3b	1	0	0	2	0
Grimm,1b	1	0	0	2	0
aLeon	1	0	0	0	0
Cutshaw,2b	3	0	0	5	2
Terry,ss	2	0	0	2	5
Schmidt,c	3	0	1	6	2
Cooper,p	2	1	0	0	1
Total	31	2	5	27	11

a Batted for Grimm in ninth.

Errors—Fletcher, Grimm, Cutshaw.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	—4
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—2

Two-base hits—Doyle, Carey. Whitted. Stolen bases—Nehf, Kauff, Carey. Sacrifice hit—Nicholson. Sacrifice fly—Kauff. Left on bases—New York, 3; Pittsburgh, 3. Bases on balls—Off Nehf, 2; Cooper, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Nehf, (Terry.) by Cooper, (Fletcher.) Struck out—By Nehf, 3; Cooper, 4. Wild pitch—Cooper. Winning pitcher—Nehf. Losing pitcher—Cooper.

WHITE SOX BEAT RED SOX.

Sensational Fielding Features Chicago Victory—Score 3 to 2.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—Chicago won the first game of its last series with the retiring world's champions today, 3 to 2, Cicotte yielding seven hits, well scattered. Sensational plays by Ruth, Risberg, and Eddie Collins featured the contest. Collins started two remarkable double plays. The White Sox bunched four hits for their first two runs and scored the winning tally in the eighth when Gandil doubled, went to third on Risberg's fly, and scored on Schalk's single to left.

The score:

CHICAGO. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	2	2	0
E.Collins,2b	4	0	0	4	4
Weaver,3b	4	0	0	0	0
Jackson,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Felsch,cf	4	1	2	0	0
Gandil,1b	3	1	1	13	0
Risberg,ss	4	1	1	3	5
Schalk,c	4	0	3	4	0
Cicotte,p	2	0	0	0	4
Total	33	3	10	27	13

BOSTON. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Wilhoit,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Witt,3b	4	1	1	2	0
Lamar,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Ruth,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Schang,c	4	0	1	5	2
McInnis,1b	4	0	1	12	1
Shannon,2b	3	0	1	0	3
Scott,ss	3	0	0	2	4
Hoyt,p	3	0	0	1	5
Total	32	2	7	27	14

Errors—E. Collins, Weaver, Felsch, Hoyt.

Chicago	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2

Two-base hits—Leibold, Gandil, Ruth. Three-base hit—Jackson. Sacrifice hits—Cicotte, (2,) Gandil, Weaver, Leibold, Lamar. Double plays—E. Collins and Gandil, E. Collins, Risberg and Gandil; Hoyt, Scott and McInnis. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; Boston, 4. Bases on balls—Off Hoyt, 1. Struck out—By Cicotte, 3; Hoyt, 5.

Win Noyes Joins White Sox.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—The Chicago American today obtained Pitcher Win Noyes of the Philadelphia Americans for the waiver price. He is a right-hander. Although Noyes will not be eligible to participate in the world's series, he probably will get half a share of the winner's or loser's end.

BASEBALL TO-DAY. 3 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

Curves and Bingles.

The Yankees' chances of landing third place took a decided jump with this victory. If the present gait is maintained the Tigers will leave here on the lower rung of the first division ladder.

Manager Hughey Jennings was not near as noisy as he is accustomed to being. There wasn't an opportunity for the famous "E-yah" all afternoon.

The Tiger leader did get mildly excited in the fourth, when Young got as far as third, but Mogridge quickly squelched the managerial outburst with what he thought best for Heilman.

Heilman's fly, which closed this frame for the Jungaleers, was long and hard hit, but Duffy Lewis was playing deep in left and hardly had to move for the catch.

Manager Huggins just looked on and chuckled to himself.

Cobb faced Mogridge three times, but didn't get into the hit column in the box score. In fact, Mogridge had most of the Tigers swinging like the old barn-door most of the afternoon.

With the game clinched, Manager Huggins took two of his regulars out in the eighth. Gleich went to left field when the aYnks took the field, and when the Yanks took the field, and went to the plate for Pipp.

Umpire Dineen, working on the bases, got a large hand in the fifth when he made a one-hand stop of Flagstead's hot foul near the first base. Dineen didn't have to render many decisions on this corner for the Tigers, and was glad of the opportunity to do something.

Roger Peckinpaugh came near being disabled in the fourth in trying to get Young asleep at second after the Tiger infielder had doubled. In running in to take Mogridge's throw to the bag Peck drove his left leg hard into the sack and fell to the ground in pain. He was surrounded by players immediately, but after giving the leg a rubbing Peck hobbled to his position and continued in the game.

In the Tigers' ninth Ellison batted for Cunningham and exercise.

Veach made a spectacular catch of Lewis's hard fly in the third. The Tiger left fielder had to race over nearly to the fence, and after spearing the ball, completely around with the momentum of his dash. The play robbed Lewis of an extra-base hit.

The peppery disposition of the Yankees afield was best illustrated in the only double play of the game, which came in the eighth. After Dyer had singled, Ainsmith ripped a grass-burner to Peckinpaugh, who threw to Pratt, the latter relaying the ball to Pipp in time to get the Tiger catcher.

Five Leading Batsmen of the Major Leagues

National League.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Roush	126	490	99	188	.323
Hornsby	133	487	80	153	.314
Myers	129	495	56	153	.309
Stock	130	468	64	144	.308
Groh	129	440	79	138	.307

American League.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Cobb	118	478	85	181	.383
Jackson	133	498	78	174	.349
Sisler	126	487	90	166	.345
Veach	131	506	80	170	.344
Tobin	121	456	52	150	.328

COMMISSION PLANS RAPPED BY LEAGUE

Club Owners of National Oppose Setting Aside of the National Agreement.

Club owners of the National League, at a special meeting held yesterday at the office of President John Heydler in this city, went on record as refusing to concur in two recommendations made by the National Commission at its meeting in Chicago on Sept. 2, and also declared themselves strongly opposed to the continuation in office of August Herrmann, Chairman of the Commission.

At the meeting in Chicago the commission recommended the temporary abrogation of the national agreement with the minor leagues, also that no players be drafted from the minors this year and that the territorial rights of the International League cities of 1914 be taken away unless the league paid to the commission the sum of $8,700, loaned to the organization five years ago to combat the invasion of the old Federal League. The 1914 circuit included six of the cities now in the International League.

In answer to these recommendations the National League went on record yesterday as follows:

First. The National League does not concur in the recommendation made by the National Commission that the National League refrain from drafting minor league players during the year 1919.

Third. We do not concur in the recommendation of the commission that the territorial rights of the clubs of the old International League be respected in the future unless its indebtedness to the National Commission be paid on or before thirty days after Sept. 2, 1919.

President John A. Heydler was in the chair and the meeting was attended by the following: Charles Stoneham, New York; Charles H. Ebbets, Brooklyn; George W. Grant, Boston; William F. Baker, Philadelphia; Barney Dreyfuss, Pittsburgh; H. W. Mason and George Williams, St. Louis. All the above except the St. Louis representatives are club Presidents. William Veeck of the Chicago club and August Herrmann of Cincinnati were unable to attend.

At the close of the meeting President Heydler declared that the National League still was strongly opposed to the retention of Herrmann as Chairman of the National Commission.

"The National League has no candidate for the office," said Mr. Heydler, "and will abide by the choice of the committee which has been named to make recommendations. The league is more than ever opposed to a continuation of the present system and will demand that the head of the National Commission be a man not interested in a baseball club or a baseball park."

PHILS WIN GAME EARLY.

Do All Their Scoring in First Inning and Defeat Cards, 3 to 1.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.—Bradley Hogg held St. Louis to five hits and Philadelphia won the first game of the series here today, 3 to 1. The first three men to face May scored all of Philadelphia's runs. Two passes and a single filled the bases and Tuero replaced May. Meusel's sacrifice fly sent in a run and Bancroft's double drove in two more. Hornsby scored the locals' lone tally with a tremendous home run drive into the left field bleachers.

The score.

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
LeBou'v'n,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Bhckb'ne,3b	5	1	2	0	5
Williams,cf	4	1	1	5	0
Meusel,rf	3	0	2	3	0
Iolederus,1b	4	0	0	12	0
Bancroft,ss	4	0	2	3	0
Paulette,2b	4	0	0	2	1
Adams,c	4	0	1	7	0
Hogg,p	4	0	1	0	1
May,p	0	0	0	0	0
Tuero,p	0	0	0	1	0
Total	34	3	11	27	7

ST. LOUIS. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Schuits,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Heathcote,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Stock,3b	4	0	1	3	5
Hornsby,2b	3	1	1	4	0
Mann'y,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Clemons,c	2	0	1	4	2
Mollwitz,1b	3	0	0	9	1
Lavan,ss	4	0	0	1	6
May,p	0	0	0	0	0
Tuero,p	0	0	0	1	0
Sherdel,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	5	27	13

Error—Sherdel.

Philadelphia	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Bancroft. Home run—Hornsby. Sacrifice hit—Mollwitz. Sacrifice fly—Meusel. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 9; St. Louis, 7. Bases on balls—Off Hogg, 3; May, 2; Tuero, 1; Sherdel, 1. Hits—Off May, 1, (none out in first;) Tuero, 2 in 2; Sherdel, 9 in 7. Struck out—By Hogg, 7; Tuero, 1; Sherdel, 2. Losing pitcher—May.

ATHLETICS DEFEAT BROWNS

Wingo's Hitting Chief Factor in Tail-Enders' 3 to 2 Victory.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—Wingo's hitting was the feature of the first game of the series with St. Louis here today, which Philadelphia won, 3 to 2. With the score tied, 1 to 1, Wingo made his fourth hit, a triple in the eighth. Gerber knocked down Griffin's liner, but threw wild to the plate, trying to catch Wingo, and Griffin reached third, from where Galloway's single scored him with the winning run.

J. Walker, catcher, from Des Moines, played his first game with the locals. Pitcher Noyes was released to the Chicago Americans by the waiver route.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
High,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Burns,rf	1	0	0	0	0
Wingo,lf	4	2	4	2	0
Griffin,1b	4	1	1	8	0
Walsh,cf	3	0	1	3	0
Galloway,ss	4	0	2	3	5
Dykes,2b	4	0	2	3	4
Ewoldt,3b	4	0	0	0	2
J.Walker,c	3	0	0	5	1
Kinney,p	2	0	0	3	2
Total	32	3	9	27	17

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Tobin,lf	4	0	2	1	0
Shovelin,2b	4	1	1	1	3
Jacobson,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Sisler,1b	5	1	2	9	2
Demmitt,rf	5	0	1	6	0
Collins,c	4	0	1	1	1
Schepner,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Gerber,ss	3	0	0	2	2
Wright,p	1	0	0	2	1
aSevereid	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	10	24	10

a Batted for Wright in ninth.

Errors—Kinney, Shovelin, Gerber.

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Three-base hit—Wingo. Stolen bases—Sisler. Sacrifice hits—Shovelin, Jacobson. Double plays—Schepner and Sisler; Shovelin, Gerber and Sisler; Galloway, Dykes and Griffin. Left on bases—St. Louis, 12; Philadelphia, 7. Bases on balls—Off Wright, 2; Kinney, 4. Balk—Kinney. Struck out—By Wright, 2; Kinney, 3.

CANNEFAX DEFEATS MOORE.

Three-Cushion Billiard Champion Outclasses Opponent by 150 to 98.

Robert Cannefax, world's three-cushion billiard champion, defeated George Moore in the third and final block of their exhibition match at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn last night by a score of 50 to 31. The score for the three nights' play was Cannefax, 150; Moore, 98. It took sixty-three innings to complete the final block. Cannefax made a high run of six, while Moore's best effort was a three.

BELLE MAHONE IS WINNER.

Takes Feature Event at Havre de Grace in Strong Drive at Finish.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Sept. 19.—The Trenton Handicap, for fillies and mares, the most important event decided here today, went to the Seagram Stable's Belle Mahone in one of the best contests of the day. This was a test over a mile and seventy yards, and the winner defeated Duchess Lace and Queen of the Sea, but had to be ridden out to gain the decision.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Maiden two-year-old fillies; purse $1,000; five and a half furlongs. Herd Girl, 114 pounds, (Musgrave,) straight $4.50, place $3.40, show $2.80, first; Subrosa, 114, (Cassidy,) place $7, show $5, second; Rubidium, 114, (Sande,) show $3.60, third. Time—1:08 1-5. Rollicking Airs, Loganberry, Tache O'Gaus, Lucia May and Encrinite also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Maidens, three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. *Melancholia, 112 pounds, (Metcalf,) straight $9.70, place $2.80, show $2.90, first; Sally Connell, 108, (Musgrave,) place $2.50, show $2.40, second; *Searchlight II., 112, (Thurber,) show $2.90, third. Time—1:46 2-5. Lloyd George, *Jack Healey, Legacy, Galway, Bar Coy, *Indian Spring, John Cullinan, Esaucaire, Coronado, *Torquato II., Mallowmot, *Homeward Bound, *W. Ward also ran.

*Field.

THIRD RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. First Puller, 102 pounds, (Hamilton,) straight $11.80, place $5.50, show $4.19, first; Sylvana, 109, (Coltlett,) place $4.30, show $2.80, second; Tit for Tat, 111, (Obert,) show $3.50, third. Time—1:13 1-5. Bettie Bluff, Plureen, Toadstool, Sweet Alyssium, Laura Miller, Kingling III., Little Maudie, Carmaite, Jake Argent, Low Degree, Ebcorn, Kippalong, and Pinard also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—The Trenton; fillies and mares two years old and upward; purse $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Belle Malone, 104 pounds, (Musgrave,) straight $3.90, place $2.40, show $2.10, first; Duchess Lace, 105, (McGrann,) place $3.10, show $2.10, second; Queen of the Sea, 104, (Sande,) show $2.10, third. Time—1:44 4-5. Louise V. and Mother-in-Law also ran.

FIFTH RACE

BARNES BEATS MACDONALD AND McLEOD DOWNS McLEAN IN PRO GOLFERS' SEMI-FINAL TILTS

M'LEOD TO PLAY BARNES IN FINAL

Will Meet in Match for Professional Golfers' Title at Engineers' Club Today.

LONG JIM BEATS MACDONALD

Washington Player Eliminates George McLean in Semi-Final Round by 3 and 2.

Freddy McLeod of the Columbia Country Club, Washington, D. C., was elected yesterday. It is he who will oppose the mighty and lanky Jim Barnes of St. Louis this morning and afternoon for the professional golfers' championship of America. McLeod came by his honor decisively and without much debate by triumphing over George McLean, the Great Neck professional, after thirty-four holes of play in the semi-final round 3 and 2. Barnes, the present title holder, held the whip hand over Big Bob Macdonald of Evanston, Ill., both morning and afternoon, and wrenched the decision on the thirty-second hole by 5 up and 4 to play.

Unusual interest is attached to today's final round. McLeod did not compete in 1916, the first and last year when the pros' title series was played, and therefore his chances against Barnes are at best problematical. Professional golfers generally make their rounds of the links by the medal score. The national open, as well as all other open tournaments, is decided in this manner, whereas the Professional Golfers' Association is decided by match play. In this week's playing over the Engineers' Links at Roslyn, L. I., McLeod has been fighting his way to the final via the lower half of the bracket and Barnes has been in the upper. As a matter of fact, the draw was regarded by many as a wee bit top-heavy with the majority of leading linksmen in the upper division. Barnes has reached the last day by defeating in succession Carl Anderson, Otto Hackbarth, Emmet French, and yesterday Bob Macdonald, who in turn had curbed the ambitions of such stars as Tom Boyd, George Fotheringham and Jock Hutchison. In the lower half, however, McLeod has defeated Jimmie Rose, George Gordon, J. Douglas Edgar and George McLean.

Putting Decides Match.

It was putting yesterday which won for McLeod and put out of the running as good a professional as McLean, the sole metropolitan district player to reach the semi-finals. Particularly after luncheon was it true that golf, as played on the greens, was the deciding factor. McLeod seemed to have a brick putter in his caddie bag which could sink with dead sureness putts from twenty to thirty feet from the cup. And, contrariwise, the gallery easily noticed in the playing of McLean the tendency to fall down on the greens when a short roll meant a halve or a win.

McLeod has confidence, plenty of it. Early in the week he was more optimistic about gaining the big purses which go with the final rounds of play than probably any other of the thirty golf professionals who appeared at Roslyn. Starting out in the morning yesterday he won both the first and third for an early lead. He couldn't be expected to take the fourth. On this hole McLean got in an especially long drive, and his second shot, although played down hill and across plenty of traps, was perfect. It stopped about five feet from the pin and he got an easy birdie 3. The dog-legged fifth was anybody's hole, for McLeod hooked his drive and McLean sliced his in the opposite direction. The approaches were no better, but the Mack from Great Neck holed out in a 5 to McLeod's 6, squaring the match. They halved the next three, but McLeod rounded the turn 1 up by winning the ninth. Then followed three in a row for the Washington player. He won the tenth with a par 3, the eleventh by one of his good putts, and twelfth similarly. McLeod had the bad fortune to lose a ball on the next and McLean promptly won it and another hole. They halved two of the remaining holes on the round and divided honors on two others, finishing at the noon interval with McLeod 2 up.

McLeod Plays Real Golf.

In the afternoon Freddy got a poor start, but he soon dissipated any ideas that he was off form. He topped his very first drive and, incidentally, lost the first hole to McLean. But he took the third hole with something to spare and retained his lead of 2 up. Here is a hole 325 yards long, up hill all the way, and with a par of 4. Freddy drove well, but approached better. His ball stopped some three feet from the cup and his birdie 3 was easy. Then his putting began to show up. McLean seemed to have both the fourth and fifth tucked away handily. But McLeod halved each of them by phenomenal putting, the first with a roll of fully twenty feet and the other by a putt nearly thirty feet long. He won the seventh when the Great Neck golfer's second putt rimmed the cup and stayed out. That put him 3 up and then he walked off in the ninth after his opponent had flubbed his approach shot.

Four up after twenty-seven holes is a wide margin, and McLean knew he was beaten. They divided on the next two. On the thirteenth hole McLeod played in bad luck from his drive shot. It was hooked into the rough and lodged in such a position against a rock that he had to play out left-handed with the back face of his mashie. They halved two of the remaining four holes and divided the other honors, ending the match at the thirty-fourth with McLeod ahead 3 and 2.

Their cards:

MORNING.

McLeod, out	4	5	4	4	6	4	4	4	5—40
McLean, out	5	5	5	3	5	4	4	4	6—41
McLeod, in	3	3	4	4	4	5	4	4	4—37—77
McLean, in	4	5	5	4	3	4	4	4	5—38—79

AFTERNOON.

McLeod, out	6	5	3	4	5	3	4	4	5—39
McLean, out	5	5	5	4	5	3	5	4	6—42
McLeod, in	4	4	6	5	3	6	5		
McLean, in	3	6	4	5	4	4	5		

Barnes in Form.

Jim Barnes has the happy faculty of winning golf matches almost any old time, and particularly when he has to. On Wednesday Long Jim found in Hackbarth an opponent worthy of the best play, and he was equal to it. Yesterday the Britisher encountered Big Bob Macdonald, a dangerous man on any golf course, and one whose long drives have often spelled defeat for his rivals. And again Jim Barnes came through as expected.

More and more during this week of professional golfing at Roslyn it has been apparent that the absence of Walter Hagen, the Detroit pro who won the national open this Summer, was a big misfortune to golf in general and to the pros' championship tournament in particular. Hagen won his two recent titles, the national and metropolitan open, by medal play. This week perhaps had he met Jim Barnes, the wizard of match play, there would have been a golfing dessert of rare and precious variety.

A round in 75 is good scoring on any course and especially so at the Engineers' Club. Barnes did that little thing in the morning yesterday, even after prowling into several traps and hooking and slicing a few beauties. At the turn he was 3 up and still going. That was no discredit to the Big Scot, however, for Macdonald was holding his own, but one lost ball and another hole played after delayed action in the long grass handicapped him. At the noon half Barnes had increased his margin to 4 up and he was satisfied.

Weak on Greens.

Macdonald showed his best golfing in the afternoon. For six straight holes his drives were long and true in direction. On each of these tee shots he outdrove Barnes, anywhere from ten to thirty yards. But Macdonald's weakness is approaching and on the greens counteracted his magnificent driving. On the first hole his second shot and his approach were short. In the third he found a gaping wide trap and a tough downhill lie. He conceded this hole without playing it, but Barnes had a desire to test out his putting and stopped the match to sink one eight feet long for a birdie 3.

Big Bob halved the fourth when any other man would have torn his hair in distress, and perhaps thrown away his mashie. His second shot reached a sand hazard and in pitching out he crossed the green to the far edge. But from here he dropped a twenty-five-foot putt for a half. Barnes missed a putt on the fifth and returned to 4 up. Macdonald should have had the sixth easily. He was on the green with two shots to spare; after Barnes had flubbed around in a group of trees, but because of miserable putting could only halve the hole. At the turn Barnes had gained a lead of 5 up.

Long Jim did too much topping yesterday and the afternoon he topped two of his drives and a like number of spoon shots. For instance, he lost the twelfth for this reason. But he made up for this weakness on the greens, and ended his match at the thirty-second when Macdonald crisscrossed the plateau from one trap to another and finally conceded the hole.

Their cards:

MORNING.

Out—									
Barnes	5	5	5	3	5	4	4	3	5—39
Macdonald	5	5	5	5	6	4	4	4	5—43
In—									
Barnes	3	6	3	4	5	5	4	5	4—36—75
Macdonald	5	5	4	4	5	4	5	4	5—35—80

AFTERNOON.

Out—									
Barnes	4	6	3	4	5	5	4	4	5—40
Macdonald	5	4	6	4	4	6	5	4	5—42
In—									
Barnes	3	4	5	5	3				
Macdonald	3	5	4	4	6				

PARRISH TURNS IN LOW CARD

National Club Player Does a 74 in Tuxedo Tourney—Finals Today.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Sept. 19.—Play was continued today in the Tuxedo invitation golf tournament, and the semi-finals were reached in the first, second, and third sixteens as well as in the beaten eights. The weather was clear, the air crisp and the links were in perfect shape for ideal golfing.

J. C. Parrish, Jr., of the National Golf Club, made a score of 74, going out in 36 and returning with a 38. This was the lowest score made thus far in the tournament. A. H. Butt, a Tuxedo player, surprised his partner, C. H. Hyams, Jr., a Harvard man, defeating him at the nineteenth hole by one up, pulling up from six down at the eighth hole. It took twenty-two holes to decide the match between W. R. Betts of Tuxedo and C. J. Martin, a Nassau County player, playing in superb shape.

Tomorrow morning the semi-finals will be started and the finals will follow in the afternoon. In the semi-finals of the first sixteen C. H. Mellon of Nassau will play J. C. Parrish, Jr., of National, and L. H. Butt, Tuxedo, will meet H. P. Bingham of National. In the semi-finals of the second sixteen David Wagstaff, Tuxedo, will meet W. R. Betts, a clubmate, and Lay Martin of Nassau will meet R. E. Thiebaut of Tuxedo.

The summaries:

First Sixteen.

FIRST ROUND.—William Watson, Nassau, defeated B. Schley, Baltusrol, 7 and 6; C. H. Mellon, Morris County, defeated J. I. Blair, Tuxedo, 4 and 3; R. R. Jones, Tuxedo, defeated C. T. Brokaw, Garden City, 1 up; J. C. Parrish, Jr., National, defeated Quentin Feitner, Nassau, 3 and 2; L. H. Butt, Tuxedo, defeated L. H. Pratt, Garden City, 3 and 2; C. H. Hyams, Jr., Harvard, defeated F. T. Frelinghuysen, Tuxedo, 3 and 2; George C. Dixon, Morristown, defeated Lindsay Russell, Tuxedo, 2 and 1; H. P. Bingham, National, defeated Percy R. Pyne, Jr., 1 up. (20 holes.)

SECOND ROUND.—C. H. Mellon, Morris County, defeated William Watson, Nassau, 4 and 2; J. C. Parrish, Jr., National, defeated E. R. Jones, Tuxedo, 8 and 7; L. H. Butt, Tuxedo, defeated C. H. Hyams, Jr., Harvard, 1 up; H. P. Bingham, National, defeated George C. Dixon, Morristown, 3 and 2.

FOWNES LOSES GOLF TITLE.

Hoffner Topples Penn Champion from State Throne in Day of Upsets.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—Four Philadelphians, Pat Grant of the Cricket Club, George Hoffner of Bala, Paul Tewksebury of Aronimink, and Phil Corson of Merion, will fight it out tomorrow for the amateur golf championship of Pennsylvania on the links of the Whitemarsh Valley Country Club. These four survived the first two rounds played today by one of the most notable fields which ever struggled for a State title. It was a bad day for Pittsburghers and a rugged day for champions. All of the contestants from the western wing of the Keystone State were brushed aside, and with them went W. C. Fownes, Jr., Oakmont, once national champion, four times winner of the State crown, and the present incumbent, until he ran afoul of Hoffner in the second round today and succumbed, 2 and 1.

E. E. Giles, of Allegheny, and J. I. Crawford, Stanton Heights, the other two Smoky City entrants, were erased from the picture in the first round. George H. Brooke of Pine Valley taking care of the former, 3 and 2, while Pat Grant was blotting out Crawford on the eighteenth green.

In a field which was made up almost entirely of champions, a lot of crowned heads were bound to fall. Max Marston of Merion, New Jersey titleholder, and winner of more 1919 medals than any other golfer in the country, got "his" early, Norman Maxwell putting the skids under him in the first round, 3 and 2. Other notables who faded from the action during the day, were Maxwell, North and South champion; J. Wood Platt, North Hills, semi-finalist in the national and conqueror of Francis Ouimet; F. W. Kemble, Merion; Eddie Clarey, Bala; J. P. McBean and C. F. Kindt, Jr., Old York Road; M. P. Jones, Frankford, and George Brooke.

The summaries follow:

FIRST ROUND.—W. Hoffner, Bala, defeated F. W. Kemble, Merion, 1 up; W. C. Fownes, Jr., Oakmont, defeated J. W. Platt, North Hills, 3 and 1; J. P. McBean defeated C. F. Kindt, Jr., 1 up, (20 holes;) Paul Tewksebury, Aronimink, defeated E. C. Clarey, Bala, 1 up, (19 holes;) P. L. Corson, Merion, defeated M. P. Jones, Frankford, 1 up, (20 holes;) G. H. Brooke, Pine Valley, defeated E. E. Giles, Allegheny C. C. 3 and 2; N. H. Maxwell, Overbrook, defeated M. R. Marston, Merion, 3 and 2; Pat Grant, Cricket Club, defeated J. I. Crawford, Stanton Heights, 1 up.

SECOND ROUND.—Hoffner defeated Fownes, 2 and 1; Tewksebury defeated McBean, 7 and 6; Corson defeated Brooke, 5 and 3; Grant defeated Maxwell, 1 up.

LYNCH AND MASON DRAW.

New Yorker Puts Up Strong Battle —Referee's Decision Criticised.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 19.—Joe Lynch of New York fought twelve fast rounds tonight against Frankie Mason of Fort Wayne. The referee was criticised when he called the bout a draw.

Mason had a shade the better of it in the third and fourth rounds, but after this Lynch rained home right crosses time and again with telling effect, and from the firth to the eleventh round had the advantage. Mason staged a belated rally in the twelfth and sent the New Yorker across the ring with a hard right, but the latter came back.

RACES HALTED BY RAIN.

Only Two Heats Are Finished in Circuit Meeting at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 19.—The first postponement of the Grand Circuit meeting here occurred this afternoon when pacers in the 2:08 C. T. Dunkle event were scoring for the word. A heavy rainstorm drove them to the barn and most of the program went over until Saturday. One heat had been raced in each the 2:15 pace and the 2:13 trot prior to the storm.

The unfinished program of today and the entire card of Saturday, the 2:11 pace, the 2:20 trot and the 2:09 trot, will be raced tomorrow. Horses will be called at 11:30 o'clock in an effort to finish the first week's program before sunset.

BIG THREE OF GOLF UNABLE TO QUALIFY

Vardon, Braid, and Taylor Astonish England by Poor Playing in Big Tournament.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The big three of British golf—Braid, Taylor, and Harry Vardon—who have dominated the game on this side of the Atlantic for more than a score of years, provided a sensation in golfing circles today by failing to qualify in the "News of the World" tournament, an annual event which was held in abeyance during the war. This classic of the links attracts every English professional, the winning of which is a coveted honor. The qualifying competition for the southern section of professionals was played over two rounds on the Sonning links. Twenty-six men returned the lowest aggregate scores for the two rounds and qualified to play against those who qualified in other sections.

How badly the great triumvirate failed can be judged by the fact that the best aggregate score was 146, yet Vardon, Taylor, and Braid could not do better than 157, 158, and 162, respectively.

Golfing experts in England are predicting that this defeat marks the end, or at least the beginning of the end, of the big three's supremacy, and that they must now take a back seat to younger professionals.

It would be unwise to jump to the conclusion that their age was entirely responsible for their failure, inasmuch as Alexander Herd, who had an aggregate of 145, is older than any of them.

Edward Ray and Abe Mitchell also returned scores of 146. The "News of the World" tournament will be played late in September at Walton Heath, where Braid is the professional, and where he will have to stand by and watch the play of those who qualified. One of the contestants will be Braid's assistant, who is a former caddie.

PIPING ROCK SHOW TODAY.

Good Card Arranged for Horse Exhibit, with 25 Classes.

An attractive card has been arranged for the Piping Rock Horse Show, which is to be held to-day. There will be both a morning and an afternoon session, the show starting at 9.30 a. m. with an open class for hunters and jumpers. Twelve classes are scheduled for decision this morning, and thirteen for this afternoon.

The program follows:

MORNING.

Hunters and jumpers, open to all; novice saddle horses, (under 15.2;) harness ponies, (under 13;) harness ponies, (over 13;) novice saddle horses, (over 15.2;) novice hunters; jumpers, (children to ride;) saddle ponies, (under 14;) saddle ponies, (over 14;) saddle ponies on lead line; combination harness and saddle ponies; lightweight hunters.

AFTERNOON.

Saddle horses, (over 15.2;) middleweight hunters; heavyweight hunters; saddle horses, (pairs;) pairs of hunters; Corinthian class, (hunters;) ladies' saddle horses; jumpers over four fences at 5 feet; ladies' hunters; saddle horses; saddle horses, (any height, (children to ride;) Meadowbrook Challenge Cup; Piping Rock Challenge Cup.

REVOKES McATEE'S LICENSE

The Jockey Club Also Rules Al Konigsburg Off the Turf.

At a meeting of the Stewards of The Jockey Club yesterday, attended by Major August Belmont, H. K. Knapp, Andrew Miller, John Sanford, and R. T. Wilson, the jockey license of L. McAtee was revoked. A resolution was passed that Al Konigsburg be ruled off the turf for offering and making a present to a jockey, in violation of the rules of racing.

HAVRE DE GRACE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Austen, 116 pounds; *Vigilante, 105; Scylla, 113; *Betsy, 102; Dalwood, Garbage, and Don Dodge, 112 each; Lazy Lou, 104; *High Olympus, 107; Handful, 107; Dolina, Omeme, and Rora, 109 each; Beauty Sleep, 97; Annie Edgar, 113; *Joan of Arc, 102. Also eligible —*Encore, 111; Sea Beach, 107; Progressive, 112; *Cabello, 104.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase; selling; three-year-olds and upward; two miles. Crest Hill, 143 pounds; Dave Campbell, 130; Miss Fay, 130; Bob Redfield, 139; Pioneer, 140; Otto Floto, 144; *Candidate II., 130; Master McGrath, 131; Lava, 131; Dorcris, 139; Algardi, 144.

THIRD RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; the Delaware Purse; one mile and seventy yards. Leochares, 116 pounds; Dairyman and Franklin, 102 each; African Arrow and Crank, 103 each; Veto, 94.

FOURTH RACE.—The Toboggan Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Billy Kelly, 128 pounds; Mayer House, 84; Cromwell, 96; Charlie Lydecker, 100; Leochares, 122; War Marvel, 108; *Midnight Sun, 102; Major Domo, 92; War God, 100; Tippity Witchett, 112; The Porter, 128; Quietude, 100; Bill McCloy, 102; Crank, 109.

FIFTH RACE.—The Eastern Shore Stakes; two-year-olds; six furlongs; $10,000 added. Grayesian, Neddam, Constancy, and Carmandale, 122 pounds each; Wedding Cake, Blue Wrack, and His Choice, 115 each; Head Over Heels and Allivan, 109 each; Raico, Bobby Baker, Flying Weichman, King Thrush, and Hasten On, 112 each; Wildair and Paul Jones, 118 each.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Queen of the Sea, Oelto, and Hubbub, 108 pounds each; Wiuest Fool, Galley Head, and Sunny Hill, 106 each; King John, 106; Hank O'Day and Warsaw, 111 each; *The Desert, 96; Valspar and *N. K. Beal, 113 each; African Arrow, 121; *Buckboard, 100; *Wood Violet, 95; Indian Chant, 108.

SEVENTH RACE.—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. Jackmount, 111 pounds; *Plantercde and *Cainabrina, 93 each; Rounce, 104; Austral, Boxer, *Thrift, Capital City, and Fairly, 105 each; *Son Broderick, 100; Arbitrator and Puts and Calls, 109 each; *Teddier, 98.

*Apprentice allowance.

LEXINGTON ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Claiming; $1,000; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Doyly, 94 pounds; Pass de Chance, Blue Paradise, Opportunity, and *Skeer Face, 107 each; Dancing Spray and Words o' Wisdom, 108 each; *High Gear, 102; Nobleman, 108; *Subahdar, 112; *B. B. Johnson, 106.

SECOND RACE.—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; maidens; one mile and a sixteenth. Lamontagne, Redlta, Lefeudre, and Fairy Tale, 107 pounds each; Judge David, Constantine, Magnet Land, Stockwell, H. C. Anderson, and Napthalius, 110 each; Kingozi, 113.

THIRD RACE.—Purse $800; Reed Hotel Two-year-old Futurity Course. Kurna, 100 pounds; Oleaster, Fyz, Mefem, and Kinburn, 108 each; Luke Dillon, Marvin May, and Bullseye, 111 each; Frank W. and Black Prince, 114 each; Frits, 118.

FOURTH RACE.—Purse $900; Lafayette Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Toy o' Morning, 107 pounds; Ormesdale, 122; Troitus, 110; High Cost, 124; Blackie Daw, 115.

FIFTH RACE.—Breeders' Futurity; $2,500 added; Futurity course. Watersmeet, 110 pounds; Breadman, Travesty, and Race Pennant, 118 each; Cotton Blossom, 120; Lorraine and Lady Sweep, 115 each; Blazes, 123.

SIXTH RACE.—Purse $1,000; Lenard Hotel Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. Dark Hill, 104 pounds; Brunette, 94, 105; †Prospector, 115; †Mistress Polly, 108; Game Cock, 115; Piedra, 118.

SEVENTH RACE.—Claiming; $700; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Lillian G., 103 pounds; *Arthur Middleton, 108; *Rodland, 111; Tokalon March, 112; *Lady Luxury, 105; *Circulate, 106; Red Start, 113; Contestant, 116; *Prince Igor, 108; *Corydon, 108; Wadsworth's Last, 113; Pastime, 116. Also eligible: Maid Falcon, 110; Parrish, 113; *Bryn Lyman, 111; Yodeler, 115; *Walter H. Pearce, 113; Yeng Hee, 118.

*Apprentice allowance claimed. †H. Neustetter entry.

Hold Bouts with Injunction's Aid.

Armed with an injunction against police interference, Fidelity Council of the Knights of Columbus last night held a carnival with boxing bouts at McGoldrick Field, Morgan Avenue and Jackson Street, Brooklyn, in aid of its clubhouse fund. The restraining order was obtained from Supreme Court Justice Callaghan yesterday afternoon.

SPEED KINGS RACE TODAY.

Noted Auto Drivers to Compete in Speedway Races.

This afternoon at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway twenty auto pilots, including many noted drivers, will compete in what has been dubbed the "150-mile classic," and also in a special ten-mile match race. A high rate of speed will undoubtedly be reached in both events.

Tommy Milton hopes to wrest the sprint title from De Palma when they meet in the three ten-mile sprints. But this pair will have each other as Ralph Mulford, Louis Chevrolet, Gaston Chevrolet, and Joe Boyers to reckon with. All these men have been winners of speed tests this year.

Louis and Gaston Chevrolet are expected to put up a sensational race in both the 150-mile event and the match race. Louis Chevrolet is keen to beat his brother Gaston. This rivalry was engendered when Gaston won the 100-mile derby on July Fourth, in which he smashed Louis's figures for 100 miles, which had stood for nearly ten years.

All the drivers used the famous two-mile course yesterday and a crowd was on hand to watch the workouts. Lieutenant Art Klein drove his Peugeot land flyer one turn of the two-mile oval at the dizzy pace of 111 miles an hour. After this trial the daring ex-aviator, who has an official record of nine German planes brought down, said that he'd get more speed out of his car this afternoon.

The Chevrolets had an interesting brush, keeping well together for ten miles. They were traveling at a rate of 115 miles an hour. The Duesenberg cars are going along better than ever before this year. Tom Milton and Joe Boyer are the mainstays of this team. Ira Vail, in his latest creation, a Philbrin Special, created a sensation when he whirled around at an 118-mile an hour pace, and Dave Lewis and his famous Meteor flyer also showed the railbirds a few things in the speed line.

The first event this afternoon will be the opening heat in the ten-mile match race. This will be started promptly at 3 o'clock. The 150-mile classic will start at 4 o'clock.

The entries and cars are as follows:

150-MILE CLASSIC.

Ralph De Palma, Packard; Tommy Milton, Duesenberg; Ralph Mulford, Duesenberg; Ray Howard, Frontenac; Ira Vail, Philbrin Special; Joe Boyer, Duesenberg; Louis Chevrolet, Frontenac; Gaston Chevrolet, Frontenac; Dennis Hickey, Stickle; Lieutenant Klein, Peugeot; Dave Lewis, Meteor; Joe Thomas, Stutz; Leland Nicholson, Hudson Special; Bennett Hill, Astra; Emil Thomas, Wehr Special; H. F. Alexander, Alexander Special; Nick Zwick, White Special; Tom Archibald, Astra; William Vetere, Duesenberg; Goldie O'Donnell, Frontenac.

SPECIAL MATCH RACE.

Three Ten-Mile Heats.

Ralph De Palma, Packard; Tommy Milton, Duesenberg; Gaston Chevrolet, Frontenac; Louis Chevrolet, Frontenac; Ralph Mulford, Duesenberg; Joe Boyer, Duesenberg.

ARMY DEVELOPS PUNTERS.

First Hard Scrimmage Will Be Held Today Against the Scrubs.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Sept. 19.—An hour and a half was devoted to football practice this afternoon by the Army squad. The men were not permitted to indulge in any heavy work on the eve of the game against the scrubs tomorrow in the first real hard scrimmage of the season. Dummy scrimmaging, a brief forward pass drill and a session for the kickers with the forwards going down under the hefts of the Varsity booters constituted the main features of te workout.

Breidster, a big plebe lineman, and Lystad and Terry did the best kicking. Army drop kickers are not developing fast this season. New plays were practiced and explained in a chalk talk. Signal drill was held in the gmy this evening.

Mike O'Dowd Defeats Bartfield.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 19.—Middleweight Champion Mike O'Dowd of St. Paul, outfought Soldier Bartfield of Brooklyn, in a terrific ten-round bout here tonight. Bartfield was in distress in the last two rounds and O'Dowd battered him to the ropes at least a dozen times. O'Dowd outweighed the Eastern fighter by ten pounds.

FISHER SPEEDS UP HARVARD PRACTICE

Linemen Display Good Football in Lively Scrimmage—Several Men Banged Up.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 19.—Having declared a holiday for the Harvard football players tomorrow, Coach Bob Fisher rushed things at high speed today, in his effort to get a further line on the men whom he will have to shift into some sort of a first string lineup early next week. With old and new players intermingled on teams representing two of the varsity squads, an hour's real football was provided. The rush line men are just beginning to acquire something like form.

Macomber has started to make things interesting at centre for both Philbin and Havemeyer, and, in the backfield, former Substitute Nelson is beginning to get into the game in a fashion that suggests that he will be in the running right along.

In the scrimmage today, neither set of backs found holes through which steady gains could be made, but Arnold Horween produced a score with a twenty-yard drop kick, which his brother, Ralph, could not match with a shot attempted from the twenty-five yard line.

The players are pretty sore after their three days' work, and Fisher, for this reason, will hold no more practice this week. Three or four men have been banged up. Flynn, a prominent candidate for centre, has a badly wrenched knee, but reports that Stanley Burnham, one of the backs on the Varsity three years ago, has sprained his ankle, are not substantiated. Burnham got a hard crack, but will be out early in the week and Trainer Donovan expects to be able to use him in the opening game.

Tudor Gardiner, who was rated as one of Harvard's best tackles until he broke his arm in the 1911 game at Princeton, joined the coaching forces today. Fisher is getting every possible opinion of old players on the qualifications of his rush the other end.

DAWSONWORKS TEAMS HARD

Columbia Coach Plans to Fit Men for Scrimmaging Next Week.

Coach Fred Dawson of the Columbia eleven is getting all the preliminary work out of the way so that on Monday when he has the first scrimmaging for his Columbia footballers there will be a stiff workout. At yesterday's practice he again sent his temporary Varsity and second elevens for signal practice up and down the South Field gridiron. The plays were varied and quarter backs were instructed to simulate actual playing conditions and use particular plays for particular objectives. Frank Canapary again piloted the Varsity. Dummy practice was added to the schedule for the first time. Coach Dawson is determined to develop tacklers, strong and sure, and the dummy will henceforth be on the daily bill until after the scrimmaging gets far enough advanced.

N. Y. U. HAS SIGNAL DRILL.

Coach Longwell Plans to Start Scrimmage Work Next Week.

New York University's football squad was put through long signal drill yesterday afternoon on Ohio Field by Coach Longwell. This is the first time that the squad has had anything but the elements of football, and they took to the new work in fine style.

A few new faces appeared on the field yesterday, and Coach Longwell gave them all an opportunity to show their worth. Among the new candidates there was but one veteran, Martindale, who played last year on the university's 3, A. T. C. team. He is available, but reports that Stanley Burnham, one of the backs on the 'Varsity three years ago, has sprained his ankle, are not substantiated. Burnham got a hard crack, but will be out early in the week and Trainer Donovan expects to be able to use him in the opening game.

Tudor Gardiner, who was rated as one of Harvard's best tackles until he broke his arm in the 1911 game at Princeton, joined the coaching forces today. Fisher is getting every possible opinion of old players on the qualifications of his rush the other end.

YALE AT IT FOUR HOURS.

Al Sharpe Tries Out New Lineup, with Graham at End.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 19.—For four hours today the Yale football candidates crashed through the severest practice since they reported last Monday, divided equally between the morning and afternoon drills. Breaking through, dummy tackling and proper following of the ball were among the specialties through which the squad was driven. The final hour was devoted to a signal rehearsal. Eight elevens were gridironed.

The most brilliant specialty play today was that of Thorne Murphy, whose field goals from the thirty-yard line were lifted at difficult angles. Four new players reported, rounding the squad up to 120. Herbert Kempton ran the second eleven at quarterback. The line-up of the first team follows: Ends, Graham and Allen; tackles, Kirkpatrick and Acosta; guards, Galt and Hammell; centre, Captain Callahan; quarterback, Larochc; halfbacks, Lay and Neville; fullback, Braden.

MIDDIES GET STARS BACK.

Veterans Return and Bring Football Squad to Thirty-seven.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 19.—With the return of the last two members of last year's Varsity football team to make up the entire squad of thirty-seven players and ideal weather conditions prevailing, football was launched in earnest here today. Probably within the next few days the coaching staff for "A" squad will be swelled with the additions of Ensign Roberts, last year's all-American half back; Ensigns Welchel and Butler, last year's half backs, and Ensign Ingram, last year's Captain and quarter back, who will aid Coach Doble in developing the back field.

The players were put through some fundamental work today, such as falling on the ball, running down under kicks, forward passing, and kicking goals. Johnny Wilson, assistant coach, is developing the feature of forward passing.

CORNELL IN SIGNAL DRILL.

Varsity Football Squad Will Soon Begin Scrimmage Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 19.—The Cornell Varsity football squad began to take on more definite form today, when several eleven were put through a signal drill, preliminary to the beginning of scrimmaging. This may start in a day or two. Selections are tentative and the arrival of new men next week is likely to cause changes.

On Captain Shiverick's eleven in the signal drill today were Colvin of the 1917 Varsity, and Wilson, a former freshman player, as ends; Sutton and Taylor of the 1916 Varsity squad, as tackles; S. Holmes, a crew man, and Pendleton of the 1917 Varsity, guards; Trowbridge, a Varsity squad man in 1917, centre, and Dave Nethercott, 1917 quarter back, in that position. Silvernail and Davies were the half backs and Erickson, a new man, was at full.

BROWN HAS CASUALTIES.

First Spirited Scrimmage Leaves Peterson with a Broken Nose.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 19.—Brown football men had their first taste of scrimmage today when Coach Robinson sent two teams into action for real work. With Samson running one and Goulter the other team considerable spirited action developed. Both teams showed plenty of fight, and every play went through with a snap which was reflected in the list of casualties.

Peterson, the big guard, sustained a broken nose and every full back a badly wrenched ankle. Armstrong, one of the backs, got a splendid look over and Albright, a wicked looking cut over one optic. The morning practice was omitted today, and the afternoon much of the rudimentary work was eliminated. The men had their period of dummy tackling, but the coaches will follow closely during the entire season in an endeavor to develop a team of sure tacklers.

In preparation for the game with Rhode Island State, on Sept. 27, two or three more periods of scrimmage will be held next week and the fundamentals of the game will be corrected.

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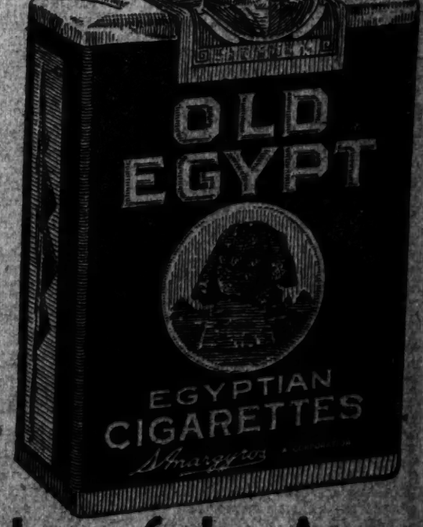

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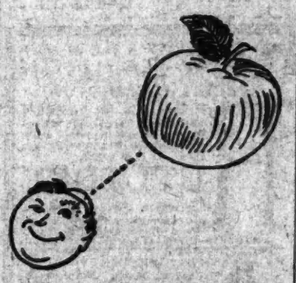

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19 Cars Starting

Match Race—10 Miles—3 Heats

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The lesson to all investors, individual and corporate, is that they should increase their mortgage holdings and limit their holdings of fluctuating securities.

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A high type executive, capable of taking executive charge of a number of retail stores in different cities. Should have keen, analytical mind, merchandising sense and ability, imagination, pleasing personality, executive force. Broad experience in retail merchandising desirable; character and intellect of primary importance. Thirty-five to forty years of age. Salary dependent entirely upon qualifications. Box No. J 132 Times.

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POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL

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Sold Everywhere

GAIN FINAL ROUND IN MIXED DOUBLES

Mrs. Mills and Hartmann Defeat Mrs. Wilbourne and Forster in Hoboken Tennis.

WOMEN PLAY STRONG GAME

Great Speed Shown by Mrs. Mills, While Mrs. Wilbourne Amazes Gallery by Her Versatility.

Mrs. D. C. Mills and Ingo Hartmann reached the final round of the mixed doubles in the Castle Point open tournament at the Hoboken Tennis Club yesterday afternoon by defeating Mrs. Percy Wilbourne and Herbert W. Forster in a terrific three-set struggle scored at 6-4, 7-5, 11-9. Their opponents in the finals will be Mrs. S. M. Waring and Fred M. Lotson, who had advanced on the previous day by their elimination of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen V. Brubane.

Yesterday's semi-final match was probably the best exhibition of mixed doubles seen on local courts since the metropolitan championship at Forest Hills. All four players were able to do their full individual share of court covering, with plenty of aggressive shots for attacking purposes, and both teams had played together sufficiently to work well in combination. There was also a strong rivalry between the masculine as well as the feminine opponents, all of which served to keep the tennis at top speed throughout.

While the men naturally did the hard-est and most efficient work in the actual earning of points, the most surprising individual feats were performed by their partners. Mrs. Mills was hitting with great speed and accuracy, making spectacular gets in rapid succession, both fore and back hand, and often driving the ball straight at Forster so hard that he was unable to make a telling volley. Mrs. Wilbourne also amazed the gallery with her command of strokes and her willingness to exchange drives with both of her rivals. She did most of her playing from deep court, and proved a tower of defensive strength, while Forster roamed up and down the barrier, seeking what he could kill.

It was this sensational taking of chances that eventually led to the losers' undoing, for Forster began to miss the shots that he had previously anticipated unerringly, and both Mrs. Mills and Hartmann were quick to take advantage of the openings that he left. Trailing at 1-4 in the deciding set, the winners staged a magnificent pull-up, squaring the match by capturing three games in a row. The score then alternated, in a series of desperate rallies, up to 9—all, with the ultimate losers enjoying their last lead at 8—7. Here the Mills-Hartmann team braced again and maintained a slight winning edge to the finish, with the rubber scored at 11—9.

Hartmann was very strong overhead at the start, and his looping left-hand drives proved exceedingly troublesome to the opposition. But, in spite of his best efforts, the steadiness of Mrs. Wilbourne and Forster won them the opening set, 6—4.

The second session was a great battle, with Mrs. Mills and her partner constantly improving until they had made the match all square with a 7—5 victory. In spite of a temporary lapse, they succeeded in taking advantage of their final opportunity and hung grimly on until the match was settled in their favor.

Today's program at the Hoboken Tennis Club includes men's singles up to the semi-final round, the women's semi-final between Mrs. Wilbourne and Mrs. E. V. Lynch, and an exhibition doubles match in which Beals Wright and Dean Mathey will face Walter Merrill Hall and Leonard Beekman, the winners of the Nassau Country Club Invitation Tournament, and runners-up at Seabright. A fourth round match for the Castle Point trophy remains to be played between Frank McWatty and F. D. Powers, the winner meeting Dr. William Rosenbaum to decide the holder of the semi-final bracket. The other contestants in the round before the semi-finals are Kirk M. Reid, who plays Ingo Hartmann, Harold Throckmorton, the New Jersey State champion, and Capt. R. C. Van Vliet, of the home club. The matches will begin at 2 P. M.

The summary:

Castle Point Mixed Doubles.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. D. C. Mills and Ingo Hartmann, defeated Mrs. Percy Wilbourne and Herbert W. Forster, 4—6, 7—5, 11—9.

HENRY IS CASTING LEADER.

Captures Class B Four-Ounce Event with Average of 81 7-10 Feet.

Frank G. Henry, of the Anglers' Club of New York, led the casters in the first day's competition in the Anglers' Club annual Fall handicap tournament yesterday on the big lake in Central Park. Henry captured the Class B four-ounce distance fly-casting event with an average of 81 7-10 feet, leading Dr. J. G. Fulton, the scratch contestant, in this cast. In the Class B quarter-ounce distance bait test Henry finished third, and in the Class A trials he also carried off third laurels.

The summaries:

Quarter-ounce distance bait, Class B; handicap—Won by Oscar T. Mackay, Anglers' Club of New York, (2 feet 6 inches,) with an average of 152 2-5 feet; Dr. J. G. Fulton, Anglers' Club of New York, (5 feet,) average 116 feet, second; Frank G. Henry, Anglers' Club of New York, (scratch,) average 98 4-5 feet, third.

Quarter-ounce distance bait, Class A; handicap—Won by Ross Hanners, Anglers' Club of New York, (26 feet,) with an average of 168 1-5 feet; John S. Schwinn, Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, (15 feet,) average 165 feet, second; Frank G. Henry, Anglers' Club of New York, (36 feet,) average 131 feet, third; John S. Pettit, Anglers' Club of New York, (20 feet,) average 92 feet, fourth.

Four-ounce distance fly casting, Class B; handicap—Won by Frank G. Henry, Anglers' Club of New York, (3 feet 6 inches,) with an average of 81 7-10 feet; Dr. J. G. Fulton, Anglers' Club of New York, (scratch,) average 78 4-5 feet, second; Oscar Mackay, Anglers' Club of New York, (3 1-6 feet,) and John S. Pettit, Anglers' Club of New York, (2 2-5 feet,) tied for third with an average of 78 2-5 feet each.

Academy Named for Roosevelt.

The Roosevelt Military Academy, named in honor of the late Col. Theodore Roosevelt, has just been organized to succeed the Sheldon School for Boys at West Englewood, N. J. Russell R. Whitman of New York has been elected President of the Roosevelt Military Academy. Major Peter Bender of the former Sheldon School for Boys, Vice President and Headmaster, and Wendell Andreas of West Englewood, Secretary and Bursar. Mr. Whitman is also President of the New York Commercial and of the Whitman Publishing Corporation.

Church Notices on Page 19.

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

"The Jest" Resumes.

After an interval of two months "The Jest" resumed last evening its interrupted engagement before a large and spellbound audience. Once more John and Lionel Barrymore give us their extraordinary performances in this absorbing play of revenge, which Edward Sheldon fashioned for them from the Italian of Sem Benelli. Their richly imaginative and eloquent playing in this blood-red play of old Florence, its beautiful setting on Arthur Hopkins's stage, and the promise it holds of finer and yet finer things to be seen there, makes the Plymouth in its time the foremost theatre of the western hemisphere.

"The Jest" comes back to town at the beginning of a season which is scarcely under way and which as yet has revealed nothing of the better things it promises. To say, then, that "The Jest" outranks all other dramatic entertainments now in New York is to say little. To say that it will continue to for many months to come is to make a fairly safe prediction. Certainly it is the one thing here or on the horizon which no one can afford to miss.

The stormy Summer vacation has wrought no important changes in the production nor abated in any degree the care with which the Sem Benelli play is played and staged. Indeed, in the two all-engrossing roles the performance seems to have gained, if anything, in richness—gained certainly over the work that was being done at the Plymouth in the sweltering weeks of June. Lionel Barrymore is in better voice and plays with even greater unction. His brother seems with each passing month to gain little by little in his mastery of the instrument he is still visibly and wonderfully perfecting.

There are, it is true, a few changes in the minor personnel of the production, but the Summer interval has not been availed of as an opportunity for improving the cast of the third act, to the end that the vital and gifted Gilda Varesi should not struggle unaided in the potentially stirring scene where the three women are led into the dungeon of the manacled Neri.

ASSUMED ALLIES' ASSENT

But Lloyd George Received No Sanction of His Russian Policy.

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PARIS, Sept. 19.—In reference to the statement issued through the British Press Bureau on Monday night that the Supreme Council had indorsed the British policy of evacuating Russia, withdrawing support from Kolchak and Denikin and leaving the Bolsheviki entirely alone, and the American Commission's subsequent assertion that the Russian situation was not discussed, I have learned exactly what happened.

It was just at the close of the Monday afternoon session in Premier Clemenceau's office at the French Ministry of War, and the Council of Five was just breaking up. Clemenceau, Lloyd George, Polk, Scialoja, Matsui and Pichon were about to leave the room, and the party was moving toward the door when Lloyd George said suddenly:

"By the way, what is the attitude of the Peace Conference toward our withdrawal from participation in any enterprise against the Bolsheviki?"

There was a strained silence among the French, Italian, American and Japanese delegates, no one replying, as the other powers consistently have assumed the attitude that, since they are unable or unwilling to send troops to Russia to fight the Bolsheviki, they had no right to try to insist that Great Britain send or maintain troops there. Marshal Foch maintained absolute silence, and finally the other four intimated that Great Britain's withdrawal from Archangel could not be discussed by the Council of Five. That ended the matter, and the party broke up.

It is recalled that this is exactly what happened before when Lloyd George said, apropos of nothing: "Is there any objection to trying the Kaiser in England?" and nobody replied, and the Prime Minister afterward announced that the Peace Conference had agreed to try the former Kaiser in London."

ASKS BURLESON INQUIRY.

Senator Norris Wants Galloway's Charges Sifted by the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Investigation of charges that Postmaster General Burleson has interfered with the work of the Civil Service Commission to obtain the appointments of Democrats as Postmasters, was asked in a resolution introduced in the Senate today by Senator Norris of Nebraska.

Senator Norris said in presenting the measure that the charges made by Charles M. Galloway, who recently resigned from the commission by request of President Wilson, "are so serious as to demand immediate inquiry. He therefore proposed that the Senate Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment at once ascertain whether Mr. Burleson has interfered with the commission, and whether President Wilson knew of and approved such interference.

Senator Norris announced that he will call up the resolution for discussion and adoption early next week. Lively debate is expected to ensue, as some Democratic Senators are beginning to evince resentment at what they term the Republicans' eagerness to cast reflections upon members of the Wilson Administration. Though there is little love for Mr. Burleson, even on the Democratic side, these Democrats feel, they said today, that the practice of investigating every charge made by some disgruntled person should be stopped.

There are many Democrats, however, who hope the resolution will be adopted, and will afford an opportunity for a pretty thorough investigation of Mr. Burleson's acts.

Owing to the pressure for action upon the Peace Treaty, it is uncertain just when Mr. Norris can get his resolution before the Senate.

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WALTER EAST Presents
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EAST IS WEST
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MAT. TODAY. BEST SEATS $2.
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"THE GAY OLD BOY"
A Delicious Musical Comedy
A LONELY ROMEO

PRINCESS 39th, near B'way. Evenings 8.15. MATINEE TODAY, 2.30.
Arthur Klein Presents a Wide-Awake Farce
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"At Her Best."—Times.
"SHE WOULD AND SHE DID"

Manhattan 8th Ave., 54th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2.15.
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At 9.45
PLAYHOUSE Tonight at 8.30. Mat. Today, 2.30.

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UP FROM NOWHERE
With NORMAN TREVOR
"SUCCESS."—World.
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COMEDY AT COMEDY
THEA. W. 41st. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2.30

23 D Week. R. T. Thatcher Guild's Romantic Comedy
JOHN FERGUSON
Evs. at 8.00. FULTON
Mats. Today & Wed., 2.30.

NORA BAYES THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2.30.
GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES
With Bessie McCoy Davis, Jamie Watts, Cecil Cunningham, Ada Forman, Ted Lewis and 25—FAMOUS ARTISTS' MODELS—25

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. B'way, 97th. Mat. Today. Rachel Crothers' Comedy
39 EAST
Next Week—"A Little Journey."
Sunday Concert—2.30 to 11.30 P. M.

HOLBROOK BLINN in THE CHALLENGE
SELWYN Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2.30.

CENTRAL THEATRE B'way at 47th St. Prices 50c to $1.50
2 Times Daily & Sunday, 1 to 11 P. M.
WILLIAM FOX Presents
WILLIAM FARNUM In The Greatest Western Melodrama ever screened
THE LAST of the DUANES

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
SUNDAY NIGHT, SEPT. 28, at 8:15
"CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA"
and "PAGLIACCI"
With ROSA PONSELLE, RICCARDO STRACCIARI, MANUEL SALAZAR
Reception to ADMIRAL CONZ (of the Italian Flagship) and Benefit Italian Babies' Free Milk Fund.
Prices: Orchestra, $3 and $4; First Balcony, $3; Second Balcony, $2; Third Balcony, $1. (No War Tax.) Seat sale Mad. Sq. Garden Box Office; also all agencies at reg. prices.

Happy Days AT THE HIPPODROME
MATINEE EVERY DAY
HAPPY PRICES—Seats 8 Weeks Ahead.
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Loew's American Roof 42 St. W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15. All Seats Reserved
"Minnie Maddern Fiske" in World of 1919. Zoba & Brock, 45th, in Vaud. Wed. & Sat. Hilda's "The Mother and the Law."

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SURF BATHING AND ALL ATTRACTIONS OPEN DAILY ENTIRE MONTH OF SEPT.

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Twice Daily. Prices Hip-Hip Hooray 50c to $1.50
Fun Kids & Herman

MOTION PICTURES.
A Picture Triumph. Matinee Daily.
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DOROTHY PHILLIPS in THE RIGHT TO HAPPINESS
Photo Dramatic Sensation of the year
The Greatest Love Story Ever Told.
PARK Cont. Circle. 25c—50c—75c Mats. 2:30. Eve. 8:30. Mats. 1000 seats, except holidays, 25c. Reserves now. Special music

GEO. COHAN Theatre, B'way & 43d St. M. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30.
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EDWARD A. McMANUS' PRODUCTION
"A Photoplay that will rock the world and shake its willless gang."
RE-ENACTED BY THE SURVIVORS.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. Times Square
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ELSIE FERGUSON
"The Witness for The Defense."
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RIALTO B'way at 42d St. Continuous Noon to 11 P. M. (Pop. Prices.)
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"THE THIRD KISS"
A Paramount-Artcraft Special.
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"THE WAY OF A WOMAN."
From Eugene Walter's "Nancy Lee."

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59th St., bet. Mad. & Park Aves.
One Block from Station of All Subways.
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44TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. MATINEE TODAY. Mats. Today & Wed., 2.30. BEST SEATS $2.
SHUBERT GAIETIES
with NORA BAYES—Irving Fisher
SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT
SOPHIE TUCKER—GILDA GRAY
WHITE & CLAYTON, OTHERS.

HE LAUGHS BEST
WHO LAUGHS FROM FIRST TO LAST
AT
FIRST IS LAST

A COMEDY BY BENJAMIN P. GLAZER
CO-AUTHOR OF "EAST IS WEST" and PENROD WILDE
Maxine Elliott's Theatre
MATINEE TODAY

39th ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evs. 8.40. Matinee Today & Wed., 2.40.
COSMO HAMILTON'S Brilliant Comedy
SCANDAL
Positive Sensation!
With Charles Cherry, Francine Larrimore

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2.30.
"The Thriller of Thrillers."—Eve. Telegram.
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CIVILIAN CLOTHES
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Longacre 48th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8.20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2.20.
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"ANOTHER COMSTOCK & GEST COMEDY HIT"
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More Laughs Than in Any 3 Shows on Broadway.

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BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN ALL NEW YORK.
The Five Million

Century Thea., 62d St., Jct. B'way. Evs. 8. Mats. Today & Wed. 2.
Pop. Mat. Every Wed. at 2
LAST 3 WEEKS
World's Most Beautiful Production
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Musical extravaganza of the Orient, now in its 4th year in London. Over 500—In BIG SCENES. Most Gorgeous of All Shows.

Booth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2.30.
The Best Show in Town
The Better 'Ole
With MR. & MRS. COBURN.

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8.25. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2.25.
Sure to Be A Popular Success.
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Lexington Av. at 30th St.
Rooms and meals, $17 weekly up. Room with bath and meals, $24 weekly up.
MODERN—HOMELIKE—ACCESSIBLE.

Magnificent view of Central Park. Being completely modernized, 1, 2, 3 rooms & bath, $20 per week up.
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Two and three rooms and bath. Newly and beautifully furnished and decorated. 9 to 14 windows.
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ZIEGFELD 9 o'Clock REVUE
—Next Week Only—For Dancing—
Art Hickman's San Francisco Orchestra.

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POP. 50c to $2 MAT. TODAY
GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1919
With ANN PENNINGTON, 25 Others and 50 BEAUTIFUL SCANDAL MONGERS.

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St.
Evs. 8.30. Mat. Today, 2.30.
"LUSMORE" "PETER PAN"
FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN'

GAIETY, B'way, 46th St. Mats. Today & Wed.
Greatest Show on Earth.
THURSTON
FAMOUS MAGICIAN

GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8.30. 50c to $2. Mats. Today & Wed., 50c to $1.50.
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A PRINCE THERE WAS with Grace Valentine
Next Week—"THE RAINBOW GIRL."

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BOOTH TARKINGTON'S NEW COMEDY
CLARENCE

CORT THEATRE, West 48th St. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2.15.
HAVE THE LAUGH OF YOUR LIFE with "A REGULAR FELLER"
Great Absolving & Great Comedy Cast.

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Musical Farce Success
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Features on Two Floors

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Special DINNER DE BANQUET $1.25

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Hotel Marie Antoinette
Broadway and 67th Street
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Dinner $1.75 Orchestra from Mont Martre.

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TO-DAY AFTERNOON TEA DANCES, 2 to 5:30
TO-DAY—Southern Chicken Dinner—JUST AS MAMMY USED TO COOK IT
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QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA
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Wonderful Lunch—Excellent Table d'Hote
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MUSIC Service a la Carte DANCING
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Innovation Breakfast, 50c.

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Dorothy Louise 7 WEST 36TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor)
Luncheon, 60c. Dinner, 85c.
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THE GREEN WITCH 49 East 49th Street
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"THE HOME OF REAL FOOD." Open Sundays.
17? Our Home-Made Dinner, $1.00—5-8 P. M.

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STRICTLY HOME-COOKED LUNCHEON, 50c.

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Sunday Dinner, $2a.
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33 W. 37TH ST. A la Carte & Afternoon Tea.

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28 W. 42nd St. & 25 W. 43rd St.
Special Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner. Also a la carte thruout day.
Home Cooking.
Perfect Service and Cuisine.

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DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
The leading hotel of this famous region. Open to Dec. Capacity 500. Strictly modern; steam heat; log fires. Golf, tennis, boating; orchestra. Concerts, dances. Exceptional cuisine. American plan; also a la carte grill. Garage. Booklet, auto maps and terms upon request. JOHN PURDY COPE.

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September is Glorious in the Adirondack Mountains. Golf, Fishing, Motoring and all outdoor life enjoyed. Special Autumn rates. Address
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Larchmont-on-the-Sound, N. Y.
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ALAMAC HOTEL
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OPEN UNTIL OCTOBER 6TH.
1½ hours from New York or Hoboken, via D., L. & W. R. R. to Lake Hopatcong station—motor auto bus to the ALAMAC, where every comfort and convenience awaits the tourist. September is the month when nature is a riot of gorgeous coloring, in the frescied mountains which surround Lake Hopatcong. The Lake, with its mirror surface, reflects the grandeur and endless beauty of the surrounding cliffs and crags, carries one to the romantic atmosphere of the Alpine lakes of Switzerland. Walks and drives surrounded by velvety lawns and beautiful gardens; fifty miles of lake shore line; bathing, fishing at its best; boating, good golf, dustless motoring, bowling, tennis, clock golf, dancing, horseback riding; moving pictures in the hotel; billiards and large amusement pavilion.
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Automobile route: Weehawken Ferry; road to Bloomfield, Montclair, Caldwell, Denville, Dover, Lake Hopatcong, Arlington and the ALAMAC. Car 800.
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Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Erie. Edward Rider, Miss Gillis and Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
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Lakewood, N. J. Now open. Modern improvements; private baths. Phone 282.
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Unusually attractive at all seasons of the year. Luxurious lobbies and spacious verandas overlooking the sea.
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Special rates for Fall and Winter.
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LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Opens October first for the Fall, Winter and Spring seasons. Equable climate, outdoor sports, reconstructed golf course. The Laurel House—noted for cuisine and charming social atmosphere. Apartments for season's rental. Representative at hotel to make advance engagements. Booklet.
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The wise investor selects securities of a corporation showing rapid, healthy growth. Customers of the Middle West Utilities Company increased 24,712 in the last fiscal year; the first six months of 1919 the gain was 100% greater than 1918, while the net earnings for the first four months of 1919 gained 103% over the same period of 1918.
We offer bonds and notes of this company and its controlled properties to yield

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An Investment Strongly Safeguarded Yielding 7½%

Cities Service Co. in addition to being one of the world's largest producers of oil, controls and operates 84 public utility properties in the United States and Canada.
This diversity in business as well as location provides unusual safeguards for the investor.
Preferred Stock Dividend Requirements were earned five times over in 1918.
Statement of Earnings sent to stockholders each month, keeping them in close touch with the company's progress.
Dividends payable monthly.
Ask for Circular T-4

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Labor in the Oil Industry

Oil has always been immune from serious labor unrest. The situation is such that, in its very nature, the industry need not be subject of apprehension as to difficulties with labor. There has never been a serious strike in the production of oil, and labor unions are unknown.
The fact is such that the underlying conditions do not permit of such disturbances as exist in almost all other industries. The reasons are simple—
First, the business is scattered and isolated, and is not exposed to effects of class solidarity.
Second, there is a balance between rural and urban employment which makes for conservation of stability.
Third, there is not a preponderance of skilled and special labor.
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100 Todd Shipyards
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Hold Firm Until Last Hour, When Liquidation Sends Whole List Down.

Until the last hour yesterday's stock market gave no evidence of serious apprehension over the threatened steel strike, even though nearly every one in the financial district was convinced that the strike would occur. At the start of business there was little hesitation and some initial losses were recorded, but the declines did not go far and rarely extended beyond fractions, and by the end of the first hour the market had turned strong and most stocks, including United States Steel common and the others of this group, rose easily. Steel common moved up a point and Bethlehem Steel B stock rose more than 3 points. Intermediate gains were made by the others, and the whole tone of the market was strong, even buoyant at times.

This strength was well maintained as the session turned into the afternoon, and until 2 o'clock there was nothing unusual about the way prices were acting, unless it was their firmness in the face of the impending strike. Then, when the day was nearly ended, the market turned heavy and values declined rapidly, until at the close they were down to the low levels of the day and at figures which represented fairly substantial net losses. Outside of the steel stocks, which attracted most of the attention in the late break, the outstanding weak spot was the oil group, which had been weak on the previous day and which yesterday acted unsatisfactorily during most of the time. A few stocks, including some of the tobacco and food shares and American Cotton Oil and American Linseed, were firm throughout. They were the exceptions in the last hour.

The late weakness, however, can hardly be said to have grown out of any of the strike developments. Nothing new or startling occurred in the last hour to account for the sudden change in the market's complexion. In all probability, considering that yesterday was Friday and that today's session will be of only two hours, it was simply a case of liquidation in anticipation of anything which may turn up over Sunday. The Street is not, and has not been, fearful of the consequences of a strike in the steel industry. It is the general impression that the managers of the Steel Corporation feel similarly about the matter, and rather welcome the opportunity for a showdown now, in preference to having it hang over them for some time to come. It is believed that they are confident of their ability to cope with the situation and that if the strike does eventuate and the labor leaders are beaten they will be in stronger position than ever. This, of course, does not mean that they are delighted at the prospect of winning a fight and nothing more. It does mean that with the elimination of the dissenting element, or its suppression, the general business atmosphere will be clearer and business conditions will be improved.

The bond market yesterday showed some very gratifying evidence of improvement. The cheapness of money, which undoubtedly is partially accounted for by the backing up of investment capital, is beginning to have its effects upon bond values and upon the demand for good bonds. Not the least pleasing feature of the bond market was the good demand for the several descriptions of war bonds. If the campaign now being quietly pushed for the better digestion of the war issues meets with its deserved success, and the several billions of these bonds now in the hands of the banks, or virtually thus placed are turned into investment channels, the banking situation and the investment situation will have been immeasurably improved and the way will have been opened for a comprehensive and constructive campaign for foreign investment, which is one of the things greatly to be desired at the present time.

Foreign exchange rates continued to improve yesterday, and while rates were hardly much better, so far as quotations are concerned, the tone of the market was considerably more sound than on other recent days. The theory that for the time being liquidation has spent itself may turn out to be correct, and if so there will be another drive against rates at no far distant date. On the other hand, it is possible that something has happened underneath the surface which will work for lasting improvement, or, at least, for relief from the violent and continued declines we have been having for the last six months since official support of the exchanges was withdrawn.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Friday, Sept. 19.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 5	High 5
Low 5	Low 5
Renewals 5	Renewals 5
Last 5	Last 5

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4¼

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days.....5%	Sixty days.....6
Ninety days.....5%	Ninety days.....6
Four months.....5%	Four months.....6
Five months.....5%	Five months.....6
Six months.....5%	Six months.....6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve bank, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¾
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5@5⅛

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.....5¼@5½
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....5¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.15⅝	$4.15¼	$4.15¼	.....
Cables	4.16⅛	4.15¼	4.15¼	.....
Francs—				
Demand	8.96	8.96	8.96	—.01
Cables	8.94	8.95	8.94	—.01

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.15¼	$4.16¼
5.1813 Paris	8.96	8.94
5.1813 Belgium	8.88	8.86
China—		
Hongkong	86.00	86.10
Shanghai	128.50	128.75
Peking	136.50	136.75
40.20 Holland	37.125	37.375
19.30 Greece	14.80	14.90
5.1813 Italy	9.96	9.94½
32.44 India—		
Bombay	42.75	43.00
Calcutta	42.75	43.00
49.85 Japan—		
Kobe	50.50	50.75
Yokohama	50.50	50.75
19.30 Spain	18.90	18.97
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	48.75	49.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	24.60	24.75
Christiania	23.30	23.50
Copenhagen	21.80	21.95
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	42.10	42.25
32.44 Rio	25.125	25.25
5.1813 Switzerland	5.58	5.56
61.46 Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	3.90	4.00
500 rubles	3.85	3.95

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents Per Kronen. Checks	Cables.
22.68 Germany	*3.85	3.90
28.83 Poland	*3.80	3.95
20.26 Austria	2.00	2.02
20.26 Jugoslavia	2.30	2.30
20.26 Czechoslovakia	3.50	3.85
10.80 Finland	5.55	5.65
10.80 Rumania	4.05	4.75

*Cents per mark. †Finmark. ‡Lat.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

	Bankers.	Commercial.	
	Checks	60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.	$4.12	$4.10¾	$4.10¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $918,866,500; balances, $108,639,962; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $853,853; Federal Reserve credit balance, $93,116,072.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $58.125.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 62d; in New York, 81.14¾; Mexican dollars, 87½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 19, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	783,965	213,144	641,156
Year to date	213,140,978	93,702,218	136,149,805

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
36¾	38	1,400	Adams Express	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	— ¼
36⅝	37½	1,500	Advance Rumely	37	37¾	36¾	37½	— 1⅛
68⅝	70	100	Advance Rumely pf	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	
88	89	500	Ajax Rubber	88	88¾	88	88½	— 1½
2⅝	2⅞	300	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅝	3	2⅝	2⅝	
		700	Alaska Juneau	2½	2½	2½	2½	+ ⅛
44½	45¼	4,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	45½	46½	44	45	— 2⅝
93	93½	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	95	95	95	95	— 2½
97	98½	400	Am. Agricul. Chem	98	98	97¼	97¼	+ ¼
	97½	300	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	95	95	95	95	— 2½
86	86¾	4,100	Am. Beet Sugar	86¼	87¾	86¼	86⅝	— ⅝
110	112½	300	Am. Bosch Magneto	112	112	110	110	— 3
56½	56¾	28,400	Am. Can	58⅝	59⅝	56¼	56⅝	— 2⅜
131¾	132	3,100	Am. Car & Fdry	132½	133	131½	131⅝	— ⅝
56	58	900	Am. Cotton Oil	57	58	57	58	+2¾
91	93	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	91	91	91	91	—2
10⅝	11½	200	Am. Druggists	11	11	11	11	+ ⅛
33	33½	1,200	Am. H. & Leather	33¼	34½	33	33	—1
122⅜	123½	700	Am. H. & L. pf	122⅝	123½	122⅝	123	— ⅜
44⅞	45	200	Am. Ice	45	45	45	45	— ⅝
97	97¼	11,600	Am. International	97¼	99	97	97⅜	— ⅞
77⅜	78¼	12,400	Am. Linseed	75½	79⅛	75½	78	+3
96½	97	100	Am. Linseed pf	96	96	96	96	—1
103½	103⅝	38,300	Am. Locomotive	107½	108⅛	103¼	103⅝	—1⅝
105	106	20	Am. Locomotive pf	105	105	105	105	
54	55¼	100	Am. Malt & Grain	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	— ⅜
36½	36⅞	300	Am. Ship & Com	37	37	36½	36¾	— ⅛
75½	76	1,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	75⅛	76¼	75	76	+ ⅝
104	106	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	104	104	104	104	+ ⅛
126	129½	100	Am. Snuff	130	130	130	130	
38½	39½	1,200	Am. Steel Fdries	39¼	39⅝	38½	38⅝	— ⅜
93½	94½	300	Am. Steel Fdries pf	94	94½	94	94½	— ⅛
129	130	1,400	Am. Sugar Ref	129	130½	129	129	+1
80¾	80¾	4,300	Am. Sumatra Tob	90½	91¾	80¾	80¾	—2
97¾	98½	4,800	Am. Tel. & Tel. x d	99½	99½	97¾	98½	—1⅝
271	272	10,800	Am. Tobacco	271½	275	268¾	272½	+1½
114	115	1,000	Am. Woolen	114½	115¾	114	114	—1⅝
105	106	100	Am. Woolen pf	105¼	105¾	105	105¾	+ ⅛
21½	22	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	21⅝	21¾	21¾	21¾	+ ⅞
66⅝	67	2,800	Anaconda Copper	66⅝	67	66⅝	66½	— ⅝
52	53	600	Asso. Dry Goods	52	52¼	52	52¼	— ⅜
76	79¾	100	As. Dry Gds. 1st pf	76	76	76	76	—1
75¼	76½	200	As. Dry Gds. 2d pf	75½	75¾	75½	75½	—2½
89½	90	300	Atch., Top. & S. F	89¾	90	89¾	89⅝	+ ¼
80	81¾	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	81	81	81	81	+ ¼
155	160	500	At., Gulf & West I	157½	158½	155	155	—2½
128⅝	129	48,700	Baldwin Loco	129¼	132¼	128½	128⅝	+ ⅞
40	40¾	600	Baltimore & Ohio	40	40	40	40	
26¾	27⅜	200	Bethlehem Motors		26¾	26¾	26½	— ⅛
92	96	100	Bethlehem Steel	95¾	95¾	95¼	95¾	+4½
96	96¾	85,400	Beth. Steel, Class B	96½	98	95	96⅝	+ ⅞
111½	112	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	111¼	112	111½	112	+ ½
17	17⅛	800	Booth Fisheries	18	18	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
24¼	24½	1,300	Brook. Rapid Trans	24⅜	24⅝	24½	24½	— ⅛
75	78	400	Brook. Union Gas	74½	76	74⅜	76	+2
130¼	133	100	Burns Brothers	132	132	132	132	—
11	11⅛	2,400	Butte Copper & Z	10¾	11⅜	10¼	11⅜	+1⅛
25	25¾	600	Butte & Superior	26½	26⅝	25	25	— ⅞
36	36¼	700	Caddo Cent. Oil & R	36⅜	36⅜	36	36	— ⅛
67⅜	68	900	Cal. Packing	68½	69¾	68	68¼	— ⅞
48¼	49½	2,700	Cal. Petroleum	50¼	50¾	48¾	48¾	—2⅝
79¾	81½	500	Cal. Pet. pf., ex d	81¾	81¾	80	80	—1½
150¾	151	900	Canadian Pacific	150¼	150¾	150	150	+ ¾
95¾	95¾	12,600	Central Leather Co	96¾	96¾	95¾	95¾	—1⅝
107½	110	10	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	
40	42	100	Certain-Teed Prod	40	40	40	40	
53	54	1,100	Cerro de Pasco Cop	53	54	52¾	52¾	— ¼
55⅝	56	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	56	56	55¾	55⅞	— ¼
10	10¼	400	Chi. Gt. Western	10	10¼	10	10¼	+ ⅛
25¼	26½	200	Chi. Gt. West. pf	25	25½	25	25½	— ½
41	41¾	2,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P	41¼	42¼	41	41	— ⅝
62½	63	500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	63	63	62¾	62¾	
91	92	500	Chi. & Northwest	92	92	91	91	—1½
24½	24½	500	Chi. R. I. & Pac	25	25	24¼	24½	
71¾	72½	100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	72⅝	73⅜	72⅜	72⅜	— ⅝
60	61	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	61	61	61	61	+ ⅛
23	23¼	1,600	Chile Copper	23	23¼	23	23¼	— ⅛
40¾	41¼	600	Chino Copper	41½	41½	40¾	40¾	— ⅛
43	45	800	Cok. Fuel & Iron	45¼	45	43¾	45	+1
61¾	62	400	Columbia Gas & El	61½	61¾	61½	61½	— ⅛
93	94	400	Consolidated Gas	93½	93¾	93	93	
17⅜	18	1,200	Con. Int. Cal. Min	17¼	18	17	17⅜	+ ⅛
90¼	92½	800	Continental Can x d	92½	92½	90¾	90¾	—2½
11¼	11⅞	2,400	Continental Candy	11¼	11⅞	11	11	— ½
74	75	100	Continental Insur	75	75	75	75	
85¼	85¾	4,400	Corn Prod. Refin	85½	87	85¼	85¼	
181	182	5,600	Crucible Steel	182½	183¼	181	181	—1
32⅝	33	3,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	32½	34	32½	32⅝	+ ⅛
16⅜	16⅝	1,300	Den. & Rio G. pf	16⅝	16⅝	16¼	16¼	+ ¼
118	120	100	Detroit Edison Co	119	119	119	119	+2
13⅜	13⅝	400	Dome Mines	13⅜	13⅝	13½	13½	— ⅛
34	34½	400	Elk Horn Coal	34	34	34	34	— ⅛
103	103½	100	Endicott John. pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	— ⅝
15½	16	1,000	Erie	15½	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	— ⅛
24½	25	300	Erie 1st pf	25	25	24¾	24¾	— ⅛
72	76	100	Fairbanks Co	73	73	73	73	—4½
99	99¾	100	Famous Players-L	99	99	99	99	
120	122	400	Fisher Body	122¾	122¾	122	122	—3
44⅞	45⅝	2,900	Fisk Rubber	45¼	45⅝	44⅞	44⅞	— ⅝
47	48	1,000	Freeport Texas	47¾	47¾	47¼	47¼	— ½
28⅜	29	600	Gaston, Wm. & W	28¼	29	28½	29	+ ⅝
79½	81	3,100	General Cigar	80	81¾	80	81¾	+2½
164	166	200	General Electric	164¼	165	164¼	165	+ ¾
236⅜	238	2,400	General Motors	238	239⅝	237	237	— ⅝
85⅞	86	100	General Motors deb	86	86	86	86	
78½	78¾	2,300	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	78	79	76	78¾	— ⅝
		1,000	Goodrich pf. cash	105¾	105¾	105½	105½	
104	104¼	1,500	Goodrich pf. x d	104½	104½	104	104	+ ¼
84⅜	86	700	Great Northern pf	84⅝	85	84½	85	+ ½
42	42½	1,000	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P.	42¾	42½	42	42	
42	42⅝	100	Greene-Can. Cop	42¼	42¼	42¼	42½	— ⅛
81	82	400	Hartman Corp	85	85	84	84	— ⅝
61	62	700	Haskell & Barker	61	61½	60½	61½	+ ⅝
58¼	58½	2,800	Inspiration Copper	58¼	58⅝	58¼	58¼	+ ⅛
6	6¼	1,400	Int. Consolidated	6	6	6	6	
19	19½	300	Int. Consol. pf	20	20	19	19	—1½
25	26	100	Int. Agricultural	26	26	26	26	— ⅛
82½	84	100	Int. Agricultural pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	+1
57¼	57¼	19,700	Int. Mer. Marine	56½	59¼	56½	57¼	+2⅜
117¾	117¾	14,400	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	116¾	119¾	116¾	117¾	+1¾
25¾	25¾	800	Int. Nickel	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ⅛
54½	55	1,300	Int. Paper	54¾	54¾	54¼	54½	— ¼
75	77	200	Int. Paper pf. std	76	76	76	76	
36½	37½	400	Jones Bros. Tea	37	37½	37	37½	
133	133¾	1,700	Kelly Springf. Tire	135	135½	133	133	—2½
82	90	500	Kelsey Wheel	80	81	80	81	
35¼	35¾	1,200	Kennecott Copper	35¾	35¾	35	35¼	— ½
58½	59¾	3,400	Keystone T. & R.	59¼	59¾	58⅝	58⅝	—1⅝
106		100	Kress (S.H.) pf. x d	108¼	108¾	108¼	108¾	
82	82½	1,900	Lackawanna Steel	83½	83	82	82	—1½
29	31	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ½
47⅞	48	500	Lehigh Valley	48¼	48¾	48	48	— ⅛
107	115	100	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	115	115	115	115	+2
229	231	1,400	Louisville & Nash	235	235	229¾	230¼	+1½
108	110	100	Louisville & Nash	109½	109½	109½	109¾	+1¼
64	64½	100	Mackay Cos. pf	64	64	64	64	
70	80	100	Manhat. Elevated	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	—1½
45¾	46	1,900	Maxwell Motors	46¾	46¾	46	46	— ⅝
75¾	76¾	500	Max. Motors 1st pf	76½	76½	76	76	—1¼
36¾	38	200	Max. Motors 2d pf	37	37	37	37	— ⅞
97¼	100¾	100	May Dept. Stores	100	100	100	100	
206¾	207	17,400	Mexican Petrol.	209	211½	206	206¼	—2½
49¾	50	8,200	Midvale Steel	49¾	50½	49¾	49¾	— ⅝
16	17	100	Minn. & St.Louis.n.	15	15	15	15	—2
82	85	100	M.,St.P.& .S.S.M.x d	84⅞	84⅞	84¼	84⅞	+ ⅞
12¾	12¾	1,000	Mo., Kan. & Texas	12¾	12¾	12½	12½	+ ⅛
27	27¼	800	Missouri Pacific	27⅛	27¼	27	27	— ⅛
46¼	47	100	Missouri Pacific pf	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	— ⅛
62¾	63	100	Montana Power	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	— ⅛
36	37	700	National Acme	37¾	37½	36½	36½	— ⅛
46¾	48	300	Nat.Aniline & Chem	47¾	47¾	46½	46½	— ⅝
89½	89½	500	Nat. Aniline & C.pf	89½	89½	88½	88½	—1½
77½	79	300	Nat. Cloak & Suit	78¾	78¾	78	78	+ ¼
75	76½	100	Nat. Enam. & St	76¼	76½	76	76½	+ ½
81½	82½	4,000	Nat. Lead	79¾	84½	79¾	81¾	+1½
100	100	100	Nevada Con. Cop	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
		200	New Or.Tex. & Mex	41¾	43	41¾	43	+⅞
121	123	2,700	N. Y. Air Brake	124	125	122½	122½	— ½
71½	72¼	700	N. Y. Central	72¼	72⅝	71½	71½	— ⅝
31	31½	400	N. Y. N. H. & H	31	31⅝	31	31	— ⅛
98½	99	500	Norfolk & Western	99	99	98½	98½	— ⅛
60	62	100	North American	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	— ⅛
87	87	1,000	Northern Pacific	86¾	86¾	86	86¼	— ⅛
75	76	300	Nova Scotia S. & C	75½	76¼	75½	76	—1
51½	51¾	4,600	Ohio Cities Gas	52¾	52¾	51½	51¾	— ⅛
52	54	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	53½	53½	53½	53½	— ⅛
10	10¾	4,200	Okla. Prod. & Ref	10¾	10¾	10	10	— ⅛
66½	67¼	300	Pacific Gas & El	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¾	— ⅛
116¼	116¼	8,400	Pan Am. Pet. & Tr	117¾	117⅞	116	116½	—1
39	41	1,800	Penn Seab. Steel	37⅞	39½	37⅞	39½	+ ⅝
43	43¼	900	Pennsylvania R. R	43	43½	42½	43	+ ⅛
42	42½	200	People's Gas, Chi	42	42	42	42	— ⅛
17	18	200	Pere Marquette	17½	17¾	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
59	63	100	Pere Marq. prior pf	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	+ ⅛
75	75	100	Philadelphia Co	74½	74½	74½	74½	— ½
63½	64	13,500	Pierce-Arrow	61½	62⅝	61½	61¾	— ½
21	21½	1,800	Pierce Oil	21¼	21½	21	21½	— ⅛
63	63	800	Pittsburgh Coal	63	63¾	63	63	— ⅛
33	33	100	Pitts. & West Va	33	33	33	33	+ ⅛
22½	23	2,900	Pond Creek Coal	23½	23½	23½	23½	— ⅛
93	93	5,900	Pressed Steel Car	93¾	94¾	93	93	—1¾
116	118	100	Pullman Co	119	119	119	119	
66¾	66¾	700	Punta Aleg. Sugar	66¾	67	66¾	66¾	
2⅝	3	2,300	Do rights	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
97	98	1,400	R'way Steel Spring	97¾	99¾	97¾	97¾	—1½
23	23	800	Ray Con. Copper	23	23¾	22½	22¾	— ⅛
78¼	78¾	1,400	Reading	78¼	79	78¼	78½	+ ⅛
70¼	71¼	300	Remington Typew	70¼	71¾	70¼	71⅜	+ ⅞
40	48	300	Rep. Motor Truck	45	45	45	45	— ⅛
89	89¾	3,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	89½	90⅝	89	89¾	—1⅛
103	104	200	Rep. Iron & St. pf	104	104	104	103¾	—1⅛
94	94½	7,800	Roy. Dutch,N.Y.sh	94½	95¾	94	94¾	—3⅛
		100	Do trust rects	94½	94½	94½	94½	—3⅛
18	18	100	St. Louis-San Fran	18	18	18	18	
15	15	100	St. Louis Southwest	15	15	15	15	— ⅛
26	26¼	300	St. L. Southwest pf	26	26¼	25⅝	26	— ½
77½	78	300	Savage Arms	77½	78	77	77	—1
17¾	18	1,500	Saxon Motor	17¾	19¼	17¾	18⅜	+1⅝
200	204	200	Sears, Roebuck	200	200	200	203½	— ¼
13⅛	13¼	100	Shattuck-Arizona	13½	13½	13⅜	13¼	— ⅛
58¾	58¾	19,200	Sinclair Oil Ref	57¾	59⅛	57¾	57¾	— ½
64	64	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & I	64	64	64	64	
96	97	300	Sloss-Shef. S.& I pf	97	97	97	97	
100	100	4,100	Southern Pacific	100	100⅝	99¾	99¾	— ¼
24½	24¾	500	Southern R'way	24½	24½	24½	24½	
60	60	20	Southern Ry. pf	60	60	60	60	
120¼	120¾	600	Stewart War. Speed	120¼	120¼	118½	119	—2
71½	72	900	Strom. Carburetor	71½	72½	71½	72	
		500	Strom. Carbur. rts	12	12½	12	12½	— ⅜
113¾	113¾	17,200	Studebaker Corp	115	116⅜	113½	113½	—2
102	102¼	200	Studebaker Co. pf	102	102	102	102	
109	109	300	Stutz Motor	109	109	106	106	— ½
13¾	13¾	500	Tenn. C. & C	13¾	13¾	13	13	— ⅛
265¾	266	2,100	Texas Co	265¾	266	263½	263½	— ½
49	50¼	900	Texas & Pacific	49	50¾	49	50	+1
101⅜	102¾	9,300	Tobacco Products	101⅜	102¾	100⅝	100⅝	+ ⅛
56	56¾	6,800	Transcontinent. Oil

DROP IN EARNINGS ON JERSEY CENTRAL

13.13 Per Cent. Is Reported for 1918, as Against 24.70 in the Previous Year.

INCREASE IN EXPENSES

Federal Net Revenues Are $8,421,800, Compared with $10,683,887 in 1917.

The pamphlet report of the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey for 1918, which has just been sent out to stockholders, shows net earnings amounting to $3,003,577. This was equivalent to 13.13 per cent. earned on the $27,436,800 capital stock outstanding, and compared with 24.70 per cent. earned on the same stock in the preceding year. The corporate report of the company, in showing gross income for the year, fixed rental accrued under standard return at $8,417,071, which was 90 per cent. of standard return, as its compensation contract with the Railroad Administration had been signed before the close of 1918, but had not been executed by the Director General because of questions relating to equipment allotted by him to the company.

The remarks to shareholders by President William G. Besler drew attention to the fact that while the compensation agreed upon in the contract was $9,359,-801, the company received but $1,250,000 on this account, and this was not received until Dec. 18, 1918.

The pamphlet contains, in addition to the corporate report of the company, statistics covering the operation of the properties by the Railroad Administration. These show that total operating revenues for 1918 amounted to $44,790,-671, as compared with $37,006,739 in the preceding year, or an increase of more than $7,500,000, while total operating expenses increased $9,066,448, to $36,360,271.

Federal net operating revenues are shown to have been $8,421,800 as compared with $10,683,887 in 1917, and operating income for the year decreased $1,774,715 to $5,516,526. Total gross income for 1918 was $5,522,221 as compared with $9,004,904 in the preceding year and Federal net income was $7,-705,362, or $720,302 less than in the last year of private control.

The general balance sheet of the company at the end of the year showed total current assets of $6,382,292 as compared with $14,056,653 in 1917, and total current liabilities of $8,766,384 as compared with $4,811,389 in the year before. In his remarks to shareholders Mr. Besler said in part:

"The following is a condensed statement of the account as between the Company and the United States Railroad Administration, as of Dec. 31, 1918:

DEBITS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

Cash, assets collected, &c.	$14,679,837.83
Total amount of accrued compensation, viz.	$9,359,301.13
Less paid on acct.	1,250,000.00
	8,102,301.13
	$22,782,138.96

CREDITS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

Liabilities paid, &c.	$16,579,276.00
Additions and betterments (road and equipment):	
	5,157,663.14
	$21,736,939.74
Balance due from the Govt..	$1,045,199.22
Materials and supplies	4,800,082.00

"In addition to the above balance shown as due the company, there is an amount on account of depreciation accrued on rolling and floating equipment during the year of $1,259,896.74, which has not been taken into consideration by the United States Railroad Administration in making any settlements or payments on account."

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Arten. Gov.	5	May 15,'20	99½	99⅞	6.50
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1922	98½	98¾	5.50
Dom. of Can.	5	Dec. 1925	95¾	96¼	6.40
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99	99½	6.10
Russ. G. rubles	5½	Feb. 15,'26	73	77	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1925	40	45	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1929	90	90¼	5.60
War F. Corp.	5	Apr., 1929	99⅞	100	5.00

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	6	Sept. 2,'24	98¼	98¾	6.25
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1923	100	101½	5.80
A. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	101½	99⅝	6.10
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100¼	100⅜	6.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	100¼	100⅜	6.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅜	5.65
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102¼	103⅜	5.85
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103¼	103⅜	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100	100⅛	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101⅞	102⅛	6.30
Brax. Tr. Lt. & Power		Nov., 1919	99¾	100	6.00
Can. North.	6	Aug., 1924	99	100	6.00
Can. North.	6	Aug., 1924	99	100	6.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	99¾	100	6.00
C. Argen. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	85	88	7.75
Chi. R. I. & P.	5	Sept. 19,'19	99⅝	99¾	6.30
Chi. Fu. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99¼	100	6.00
Chi. Pe. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	99¼	100	6.00
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	97½	98⅜	6.50
Cub-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99⅝	100¼	6.00
Cub. Am. Sug.	8	Oct., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	6.00
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	101	101⅜	6.50
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	99	99¼	5.55
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100	6.00
Int. Paper T.	7	Sep., 1921	94	98	7.50
Laclede Gas.	7	Jan., 1929	99¼	99¾	7.05
N. Y. G. W. L.	6	Sep., 1920	99¾	99⅞	6.21
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	96	96½	7.25
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	97⅞	97⅝	5.45
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	101¼	101½	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	101¼	102½	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	102⅝	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	103⅝	5.80
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	99¾	99¾	6.40
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	6	Aug., 1922	99¾	100	6.00
Rock. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	99	101	..
Southern Ry.	6	Jan., 1922	100¼	101¼	7.20
Studebaker Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100	101¼	6.35
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	99¾	100¼	6.25
U. L. & R. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7.30
U. R. E. & M.	6	Feb. 19,'20	100	100¼	5.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	87	89	7.10-40

Montreal Stock Quotations.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Sept. 19.—An upward trend was general at the afternoon session and the market held firmly throughout. The principal quotations and sales follow:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
100	Abitibi	98	98	98
310	Ames com	76	70	74½
456	Ames pf	106	105	105½
60	Asbestos pf	84	84	84
230	Brazilian	50¾	50 1-8	50¾
725	Brompton	82¾	82	82½
1,430	Atlantic Sugar	58¾	58	58¾
1,070	Can Car	42	42	42
45	Can pf	101½	101¼	101½
4,025	Can Cement	72¾	70	72⅜
712	Can SS	83½	82	83½
475	Can SS pf	84	84	84
252	Can Loco	86	86	86
20	Macdonald	53¾	53¾	53¾
110	Dom. Bridge	102½	102	102½
1,770	Dom Steel	68	67	68
25	Dom Textile	119¾	119¾	119¾
100	Laurentide	123½	123½	123½
428	Montreal Power	91¼	90¾	91¼
180	Penman's com	90¾	90¼	90¾
140	Quebec R. Rs.	18¾	17¾	18¼
30	Riordon, O.	141¾	141¾	141¾
40	Spanish River	121¾	121¼	121¾
205	Spanish Riv.	47	47	47
770	Spanish pf	113	112	112
270	Steel of Can	66	65	65
5	Steel pf	96½	96½	96½
21	St. Law. Flour	110	110	110
196	Dom. Glass com	61	61	61
220	Wayagamack	66	64¼	66
Total shares sold, 22,520.				

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.80	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.85	5.40
Canadian North'n	1919-'29	4½@5-6	6.50	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1919-'29	4½	5.95	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'29	4½	6.50	5.80
Chi. & N. W.	1919-'25	4½	6.00	5.25
Chi., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.80
Chi., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.75	5.40
Chicago, Terre H.	1919-'29	5	7.25	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.00	5.70
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.80	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
Illinois Central	1919-'27	4½@5	5.70	5.35
Long Island	1919-'23	5	6.10	5.85
Michigan Central	1919-'32	5@6	5.85	6.85
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	5@6	6.80	6.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'24	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'26	5	7.00	6.50
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.30	5.75
N. Y. C. Lines	1919-'28	4½@5	5.87	6.85
N. Y., C. & St. L.	1919-'23	4½	5.95	5.75
Norfolk & West.	1919-'29	4½	5.80	5.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'29	4½@5-6	6.25	6.00
Pennsyl. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4½@4½	5.50	5.20
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	6.65	6.35
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'29	4½@5-6	6.50	6.00
Steuben Refg.	1919-'21	6	6.50	6.00
Southern Pacific	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.35
Southern Railway	1919-'26	4½@5	6.00	5.65
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.25	5.50

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
25 railroads	80.68	80.25	80.36	— .17
25 industrials	117.46	115.25	115.41	— .73
50 stocks	98.57	97.75	97.88	— .45

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge. Net
Sept. 18	98.77	97.89	97.93	— .52
Sept. 17	98.71	97.82	98.45	— .35
Sept. 15	99.72	97.74	98.55	+ .11
Sept. 13	98.15	97.27	97.82	+ .17
Sept. 12	97.95	96.68	97.65	— .35

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Sept.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	99.77	Sep. 18	95.84	Sep. 11	97.93
†1918	74.24	Sep. 4	70.38	Sep. 18	73.34
1917	75.75	Sep. 6	71.54	Sep. 18	74.16
1916	96.42	Sep. 29	86.90	Sep. 1	96.37
1915	85.45	Sep. 29	76.71	Sep. 1	84.20

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	99.56	July 17	69.78	Jan. 24	97.93
†1918	74.22	May 16	61.12	Jan. 15	71.52

Full Years.

1918	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.20
1917	90.48	Jan. 4	67.43	Dec. 20	83.57
1916	101.53	Nov. 20	80.01	Apr. 22	96.63
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	68.90	Feb. 24	91.32

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	74.87	+ .08	— .28	—1.08

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Sept. 18	74.70	—.11	Sept. 10	Holiday.	
Sept. 17	74.80	+.15	Sept. 9	75.16	—.15
Sept. 16	74.75	—.10	Sept. 8	75.31	—.01
Sept. 15	74.85	—.06	Sept. 6	76.32	+.02
Sept. 13	74.91	—.04	Sept. 6	75.30	+.10
Sept. 12	74.95	—.17	Sept. 4	75.20	+.04
Sept. 11	75.12	—.06	Sept. 3	75.16	+.01

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.05	June 2	74.75	Sep. 16	74.87
†1918	77.87	May 24	75.77	Apr. 5	75.95

Full Years.

1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.85	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	98.18	Nov. 27	86.10	Apr. 29	96.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	6.00	6.50	6.00	6.50
Spelter	....	....	7.50	7.50
Antimony	8.50	8.15	8.50	8.75
Quicksilver	$105.00	....	$105.00	....
Aluminium	32.00	33.00	32.00	33.00
Cons. No. 2X silicon	30.50	30.80	30.50	30.80

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21¼c for 30 days; 21½@22c for spot on Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	100	15	0	101	0	0
Copper, futures	101	15	0	101	15	0
Tin, spot	281	0	0	280	0	0
Tin, futures	275	10	0	278	15	0
Spelter, spot	41	15	0	41	15	0
Spelter, futures	42	10	0	42	10	0
Lead, spot	25	12	6	25	12	6
Lead, futures	26	7	6	26	5	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Airplane	1	1⅛	La Rose	30	40
Bohemia	1	1⅛	Majestic	24	28
Bost Mon.	75	77	Mer. Met.	4	9
Butte & L.	14	18	Mojave	11	12
Calaveras	1⅛	..	N. L. & Z.	8	11
Champion	1	3	Nev Doug.	9	15
Chief Cons.	3¾	3⅞	New Balt.	2¾	3¼
Cons Cop.	6⅝	6¾	Onondaga	23	25
Crown	35	40	Onondaga	20	40
Crystal, n.	56	60	Ranger P.	1⅞	1⅞
Denbigh	28	32	Rainier	1	1⅛
Eagle B. B.	2½	2¾	Seven Pet.	27	28
Ferdinand	4	5	S. M. f. p.	5	6
Hcma	20	22	Texeana	61	63
Houghton	85	1¼	U. V. Ext.	4¾	4¾
Iron Blos.	25	40	Victoria	95	1
Iron Cap	1¼	1⅝	Yukon	1¼	1½

COTTON HAS UPS AND DOWNS

Market Without Enthusiasm—Trade Quick to Follow Break in Stocks.

Yesterday's cotton market was a dull, quiet, and uninteresting affair for the most part, and neither the bulls nor the bears found much in the way prices acted to enthuse over. At the start prices were about unchanged, and after a slight decline, which ran to only a few points, had been overcome the market started upward, aided by the firm tone at Liverpool and some private crop advices from the South which plainly were designed to aid the bulls. The advance put the market up 16 points or so by early afternoon, when there was a reaction. This in turn was followed by another advance, which brought out the best prices of the day, 45 to 50 points above the previous night's closing. But in the last half hour the market turned soft, mainly in sympathy with the break in stocks, and at the close all of the early gains had been lost and more besides. Final quotations were off 8 to 13 points on the day.

The private crop advices brought no additional information of consequence. Most of them seemed to have been "discovered" by the bull element in the South, where there is a strong party committed to the rise. The trade here and the ring professionals were not inclined to follow the market up on the bulges, however, and when the turn came many of the local operators were in good position to take full advantage of it by selling at or close to the top.

Added to the late professional selling there was a good deal of liquidation in anticipation of the week-end holiday and the threatened strike in the steel industry. The cotton trade, following the stock market rather more closely than it formerly did, was quick to follow the late break in stock prices.

The day's export figures were a distinct disappointment. The total for the day was only 11,357 bales, instead of the big volume expected, and for the week the total has been only 84,754 bales, the smallest total for any week this year. In the week of July 25, when the shipping strike cut down exports so drastically, there was a total of 30,846 bales to go forward. This was followed by a weekly total of 113,704 bales, and in the week after that the exports mounted to 181,184 bales, and in no week prior to the present one since than has the total been below 66,000. In view of the demoralized foreign exchange situation this week's very great reduction in exports is considered unpleasantly significant.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Oct	30.00	30.33	29.76	29.76@29.82	29.87
Dec	30.10	30.62	30.00	30.04@30.05	30.10
Jan	30.12	30.62	30.06	30.06@30.13	30.14
Mch	30.25	30.73	30.16	30.18@30.17	30.25
May	30.30	30.78	30.21	30.21@30.29	30.33
July	....	30.35	30.14	30.14	30.39

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 15 points to 30.30c for middling upland; sales, none.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 31.50c; New Orleans, 30.25c; Savannah, 30.50c; Augusta, ...c; Memphis, 30.50c; Houston, 31.00c; Little Rock, 30.00c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	13,002	16,183	29,514
Export's	11,357	84,754	37,370
Import's, &c.	825,155	600,401	468,028
New York stocks	91,020	88,477	70,372
Port stocks	822,535	806,307	831,722
New York arrivals	4,507	3,315	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was fairly active at 18.58d for middlings. Sales, 6,000 bales, of which American, 5,000. Imports: 6,000 bales, 1,000 American. Futures opened steady, 22 to 30 points up, and closed steady, 33 to 40 points up on the day. Prices: Sept., 18.51d; Oct., 19.10d; Dec., 19.15d; Jan., 19.15d. Manchester: Yarns were steadier and cloths were quiet.

ACCUSE FRENCH PROFITEERS

Paris Newspapers Attribute Depreciation of Franc to Speculators.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—A break to-day of 42 centimes on the dollar and 63 centimes on the pound sterling, compared with yesterday's exchange prices, is the subject of comment in the newspapers here. The sudden improvement in foreign exchange is attributed to the weekly statement of the Bank of France, which for the first time in months shows an upward trend in the circulation of paper currency.

The dangerous market situation, however, is dwelt upon by L'Heure and Liberte, which declare that the present low value of the franc has been created by speculative buying which has been going on for some time with a view to profiting from the continued depreciation of French money.

La Liberte, in an editorial, calls upon the government to intervene on the market and "put a stop" to the frenzied bear campaign conducted by foreign financiers, in which the franc has been the victim." The newspaper contends that the French exchange market "should be controlled by Frenchmen."

FINANCIAL NOTES.

F. L. Pickering has been appointed Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Constwise Steamship Lines. He was formerly Traveling Passenger Agent of the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

The Metropolitan Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for the capital stock of V. Vivaudou, Incorporated.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day.	Thurs-day.		Yester-day.	Thurs-day.
	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
4½s June, 1967	101¾	101¾	3½s Nov., 1955	82¾	83¾
4½s June, 1965	101¾	101¾	3½s Nov., 1954	82¾	83¾
4½s Mar., 1965	101¾	101¾	3½s May, 1954	82¾	83¾
4½s Nov., 1957	101¾	101¾	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:		
4½s Mar., 1957	101¾	101¾			
4½s Mar., 1944	97¾	97¾	4½s 1925-1952	4.55	4.55
4½s Mar., 1963	97¾	97¾	4½s 1918-1933	4.55	4.55
4½s Mar., 1962	97¾	97¾	4½s 1918-1938	4.55	4.55
4½s Sept., 1958	97¾	97¾	4½s 1924-1951	4.55	4.55
4½s Mar., 1960-'30	97¾	97¾	4½s 1924-1944	4.55	4.55
4s May	1930	93¾	93¾	4s 1920-1930	4.60	4.60
4s Nov., 1958	92¾	93	4s 1920-1923	4.60	4.60
4s Nov., 1957	92¾	92¾	4s 1918-1921	4.70	4.70
4s Nov., 1956	92¾	92¾	4s 1940-1953	4.55	4.40
4s Nov., 1955	92¾	92¾	4s 1918-1923	4.60	4.45
4s Nov., 1936	94	93	94	4s 1920-1930	4.55	4.40

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

In the final hour on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday, the lowest figures of the session were recorded. U. S. Steel common was offered down 1⅞, Crucible 8, Bethlehem Steel B 2¼, and Allis Chalmers 2½. Mexican Petroleum netted a loss of 4¾ from its early high, Pan American 1¾, Royal Dutch, New York, 1¾, and Trans-Continental 1. Baldwin Locomotive receded 4¼ and American Locomotive, 3¾. General Motors fell back 6 and Studebaker 3. Marine common was offered down 2 and American Ship and Commerce 1. Retail Stores fell back 2 from its early high, American Can 1, Keystone Tire 3⅝, and Central Leather, 1¾. The copper properties recorded fractional losses, while the tobacco issues lost all of their early gains during the final hour.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	Allis-Chalm.	40½	44	44
220	Am B Sugar	80	80	80
3,230	Am Can	59⅝	59⅛	59⅜
200	Am C & F	133	133⅛	133⅛
130	Am Cot Oil	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
100	Am H & L	83⅝	83⅛	83⅛
120	Am Int	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛
10	Am Int pf	103	103	103
100	Am Linseed	75	77¾	78⅛
5,500	Am Loco	106⅝	105	105
100	Am Smelt	87¾	87¾	87¾
160	Am Sugar	131	132⅜	132⅜
240	Am Su Tob	91⅛	89⅝	89⅝
130	Am Tel & T	99⅜	99	99
110	Am Tin	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛
440	Anaconda	69⅞	69¾	69¾
20	A. T. & S. F.	80¾	80¾	80¾
15,170	Bald Loco	128	126¾	126¾
120	Balt & Ohio	43¾	43¾	43¾
10,210	Beth St'l B	80	77	77
120	Booth Fish	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞
150	B'klyn R. T.	24¾	24¾	24¾
210	Butte & Sup	39¾	39¾	39¾
280	Cal Petrol	30¾	29	29
570	Cen Leather	98¾	96¾	96¾
110	Cerro de P	53¾	53¾	53¾
110	Ches & Ohio	58	58	58
140	C. M. & St. P	41¼	41¼	41¼
180	Chile Copper	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝
90	Chino Copper	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞
120	Col F & I	44¾	43¾	44¼
170	Corn Products	74⅛	73⅝	73⅝
780	Corn Prod. pf	86	85⅞	85⅞
1,380	Crucible St	81⅛	161¼	161¼
270	Cuba Cane S	33⅜	33⅛	33⅛
110	Erie	14¾	14¾	14¾
110	Gen Asphalt	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝
180	Gen Electric	156	156	156
370	Gen Cigar	82	81	82
170	Gen Motors	210⅝	206	206
100	Goodrich Co	78½	77¾	78¼

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alabama Co	60	60	60
15	Do pf	78	78	78
75	Atlantic Wst.	6¾	6¾	6¾
110	Balt Tube	73	70¾	70¾
10	Bk of Balt	185	185	185
500	Coalen	12¾	11¾	11¾
50	Do pf	45¾	45¾	45¾
150	Cahulba	4.45	4.45	4.45

Bonds.

$1,000	Balt Elec 5s	82	82
1,000	Con Pow 5s	98¼	98¼
6,000	Con 4s, A	104¼	104¼
21,000	Do 4s, B	104¼	104¼

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Adventure	1¾	1¾	1¾
750	Alaska	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	Allouez	41¾	41¾	41¾
10	Anaconda	69¾	69¾	69¾
270	Ariz Com'l	15	15	15
247	*Big Heart	10¾	10¾	10¾
20	*Bingham	4½	4½	4½
500	Butte & Bal	40¢	40¢	40¢
4	Calumet & Hec	410	410	410
800	Carson	26¼	25¾	25¾
25	Centennial	17¾	17¾	17¾
815	Cop Range	61¾	61¾	62
1,100	Daly West	19¾	19¾	19¾
695	East Butte	17	16¾	16¾
200	Helvetia	4¾	4¾	4¾
50	Inspiration	65¾	63½	65¼
45	Island Creek	45¾	41¾	43¾
10	Do pf	85	85	85
47	Isle Royale	32¾	32¾	32¾
110	Mass Con	1¾	1¾	1¾

Railroad.

110	Boston Elev.	64½	63¾	63¾
1	Do pf	90	90	90
6	Chi Jnctn pf	85	85	85
10	Me Central	26	26	26

Miscellaneous.

50	Am Agr Ch.	98	98	98
32	Do pf	97	96¼	96¼
10	Amoskeag pf	81¼	81¼	81¼
5	Am Pneu pf	81	81	81
40	Am Sug Ref	104½	104½	104½
500	Am T & T	99¾	99¾	99¾
20	Am Woolen	43	43	43
10	Do pf	103¾	103¼	103¾
10	Do 2d pf	101	101	101
10	Angio-A Oil	20	20	20
520	Cut anPCem	14¼	14	14¼
1,850	E Bos Land	5¾	5¾	5¾
15	Edison	145	145	145
245	Fairbanks	75	73¼	75
1	Gen Elec	135	135	135
980	Gray	40	39½	39¾
50	Island Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼
245	Libby	27	27	27
65	McElw 1st pf	90	90	90
5	Mass Gas	70¾	70	70¼
10	Do pf	93	93	93
90	Mex Pet	163	161	161
413	Do pf	819	813	813
	Do pf	80½	80½	80½
137	Draper Corp	140	137	137
10	Federal Rub pf	99	101	99
10	Pneu Rub 1st pf	99	101	99
210	Swift & Co	220	220	220

Railroad.

10	New Haven	31¾	31¾	31¾
28	Old Colony	90	90	90
41	West End	41	41	41

Miscellaneous.

640	Nat Leather	17¾	16¾	17
10	N E Tel	87	87	87
410	Parish & B	38¾	38¼	38¼
310	Pants Sugar	67¾	66	66
1,600	Reece Button	10	10	10
65	Stewart	49¾	49¾	49¾
206	Swift	124½	123	123
18	Swift Int	81¾	80¾	80¾
700	Swift rights	1¾	1¾	1¾
425	Thompson	40¾	40¾	40¾
30	Unit Drug	150	150	150
57	Do 1st pf	93	93	93
10	United Fruit	183	183	183
460	United Shoe	104¾	104¼	104¼
70	Do pf	97	97	97
220	U S Steel	103½	102	102
700	Swift rights	1¾	1¾	1¾
425	Thompson	40¾	40¾	40¾
30	Unit Drug	150	150	150
57	Do 1st pf	93	93	93
10	United Fruit	183	183	183
460	United Shoe	104¾	104¼	104¼
70	Do pf	97	97	97
220	U S Steel	103½	102	102
3,715	Ventura	17¾	16⅞	17
50	Waldorf	16¾	16¾	16¾
105	Walworth	30½	30¼	30½

Bonds.

$45,000	A. G. W. I. 5s	81¾	81¾	81¾
1,000	Mass G 4½s	86	86	86
2,000

[Charter No. 8026. Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE BRONX NATIONAL BANK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Sept. 12, 1919:

RESOURCES.

1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts	$2,293,610.29	
Deduct:		
d. Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 55a)	270,329.31	
		$2,023,280.98
2. Overdrafts		375.17
4. a Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank, and now outstanding		16,263.18
5. U. S. Government securities owned:		
a Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)	$50,000.00	
f Owned and unpledged	90,675.00	
Total U. S. Government securities		140,675.00
6. Other bonds, securities, etc.:		
b Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$7,685.00	
e Bonds and securities (other than U. S. securities) pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	24,562.50	
e Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks), owned and unpledged	77,726.70	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.		109,974.20
8. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		12,150.00
9. Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered		75,000.00
10. Furniture and fixtures		8,010.00
12. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		861,724.00
14. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		475,730.76
16. Exchanges for clearing house		50,902.04
17. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 16)		13,453.60
Total of Items 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17, $538,087.40.		
19. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500.00
20. Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on Notes and Bills Receivable not past due		1,419.74
21. Other assets, if any		24.99
Total		$3,288,384.75

LIABILITIES.

22. Capital stock paid in		$200,000.00
23. Surplus fund		205,000.00
24. a Undivided profits $88,288.20		
b Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	2,111.41	
		86,176.79
25. Interest and discount collected or credited in advance of maturity and not earned—(approximate)		21,910.68
26. Amount reserved for taxes accrued		3,606.25
27. Circulating notes outstanding		48,400.00
30. Net amounts due to National banks		13,617.75
31. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Items 29 or 30)		30,852.52
32. Certified checks outstanding		34,088.52
33. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		6,448.41
Total of Items 30, 31, 32 and 33, $35,007.20.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
34. Individual deposits subject to check		2,517,609.70
35. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		54,082.99
36. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank		45,000.00
38. Dividends unpaid		188.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39, $2,616,970.65.		
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
42. Postal savings deposits		6,300.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 40, 41, 42, and 43, $6,300.00.		
44. United States deposits (other than postal savings):		
a War loan deposit account		26,000.00
49. Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank		23,850.00
52. a "Acceptances" executed by this bank for customers		16,263.18
Total		$3,289,484.75

55. a Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d) 270,329.31

State of New York, County of Bronx, ss.:

I, H. B. WILLIS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. J. S. WILLIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of September, 1919.

THOMAS A. McGOVERN, Notary Public.

[Seal.]

Correct—Attest:
CARL WURM,
GEORGE W. FENNELL, } Directors.
GEORGE DOLL,

DIVIDENDS.

PHILADELPHIA COMPANY

DIVIDEND No. 152

Pittsburgh, Pa., September 17th, 1919.

A quarterly dividend of seventy-five cents per share (being one and one-half per cent. [1½%] on the par value of $50.00 a share) on the Common Stock of this Company, has this day been declared, payable October 31st, 1919, to stockholders of record October 1st, 1919.

Cheques will be mailed.

C. J. BRAUN, Jr., Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA COMPANY

DIVIDEND No. 14

Pittsburgh, Pa., September 17, 1919.

A semi-annual dividend of One Dollar and fifty cents per share (being three per cent. [3%] on the par value of $50 a share) on the 6% Cumulative Preferred Stock, has this day been declared, payable November 1, 1919, to stockholders of record October 1, 1919.

Cheques will be mailed.

C. J. BRAUN, Jr., Treasurer.

DUQUESNE LIGHT CO.

DIVIDEND No. 19

Pittsburgh, Pa., September 17, 1919.

A quarterly dividend of

ONE AND THREE-FOURTHS PER CENT.

(1¾%) on the 7% Cumulative Preferred Capital Stock, has this day been declared, payable November 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record October 1, 1919.

Cheques will be mailed.

C. J. BRAUN, Jr., Treasurer.

September 11, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the

ELMIRA WATER, LIGHT AND RAILROAD COMPANY,

Elmira, N. Y.

has declared a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Seven Per Centum Cumulative First Preferred Stock of this Company, and a dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) on the Five Per Centum Cumulative Second Preferred Stock of this Company, payable September 30, 1919, to stockholders of record September 15, 1919.

C. A. KOLSTAD, Treasurer.

ELMIRA WATER, LIGHT AND RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of the Elmira Water, Light and Railroad Company, having declared a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent on the Seven Per Centum Cumulative First Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on September 30, 1919, notice is hereby given that upon receipt of such dividend the Voting Trustees will pay to the respective holders of the Stock trust certificates for such Seven Per Centum Cumulative First Preferred Stock an amount equal to the dividend of one and three-quarters per cent., such payment to be made on September 30, 1919, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on September 15, 1919.

Checks will be mailed by the Industrial Trust Company, of Providence, R. I., the agent of the Voting Trustees.

J. J. BODELI,
LOUIS C. GERRY,
FREDERICK BODELL,
Voting Trustees.

Providence, R. I., September 11, 1919.

HENDEE MANUFACTURING CO.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

PREFERRED CAPITAL STOCK

DIVIDEND NO. 24.

Sept. 18, 1919.

A dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) ped cent. on the preferred stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Wednesday, October 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Sept. 20, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

FRANK J. WESCHLER, Treasurer.

Garfield National Bank

23rd Street where Fifth Avenue crosses Broadway

Statement September 12, 1919.

RESOURCES

Cash and Exchanges	$1,653,643.28	
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	2,675,142.46	
Due from Banks and Bankers	125,286.83	
U. S. Bonds and Certfs. of Indebt.	1,570,653.50	
		$ 6,024,726.07
Loans and Discounts		10,110,502.47
U. S. Bonds to Secure Circulation		400,000.00
Other Securities		1,361,379.03
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Accept.		156,013.40
Due from U. S. Treasury		55,500.00
Total		$18,108,120.97

LIABILITIES

Capital		$1,000,000.00
Surplus		1,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	$465,540.64	
Unearned Discount	33,000.00	
		498,540.64
Reserved for Taxes		15,000.00
Circulating Notes		388,500.00
Letters of Credit and Acceptances		156,013.40
Bills Payable		250,000.00
Deposits		14,800,066.93
Total		$18,108,120.97

OFFICERS

RUEL W. POOR, President.

HORACE F. POOR, Vice-President. JOHN W. PEDDIE, Vice-President.

ARTHUR W. SNOW, 2d Vice-President and Cashier. RALPH T. THORN, Assistant Cashier.

Member of Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House Association

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

YORKVILLE BANK,

New York City, N. Y., at the close of business on the 12th day of September, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$740,624.54
Private securities		1,501,166.49
Real estate owned		250,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		212,850.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,045,476.49
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		6,840,112.78
Overdrafts		1,307.51
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$612,063.65	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	85,086.54	
		697,152.19
Specie		55,610.13
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.		291,204.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$208,485.13	
Other cash items	32,678.46	
		241,163.59
Due from The Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		1,106,613.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	$54,660.00	
Internal Revenue and War Savings Stamps	2,670.00	
		57,330.00
Total		$14,040,610.81

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$400,000.00	
Undivided profits	328,131.14	
		728,131.14
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$168,189.01	
Other deposits secured by pledge of assets	223,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	6,953,702.40	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	45,221.66	
Demand certificates of deposit.	82,894.10	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	5,070,102.41	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	75,731.52	
Certified checks	82,469.10	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	2,063.41	
		12,705,373.70
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise.		200,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Insurance reserve	$5,000.00	
Reserved for taxes, expenses, &c.	17,000.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	14,471.97	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	11,050.00	
Liberty Loan payments	109,284.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	52,300.00	
		209,105.97
Total		$14,040,610.81

DIVIDENDS.

HUDSON TRUST COMPANY

Broadway and Thirty-Ninth Street, New York City.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors held Friday, September 5th, 1919, a quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the capital stock of the Company was declared, payable September 30th, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business September 22nd, 1919.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed September 22nd, 1919, at 3 P. M. and reopened September 30th, 1919, at 10 A. M.

RICHARD A. FURDY, Secretary.

SOUTH PORTO RICO SUGAR COMPANY.
DIVIDEND SCRIP CERTIFICATES, SERIES D.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the outstanding dividend scrip certificates of this Company, Series D, (issued on April 1st, 1919,) will be redeemed on October 1st, 1919, at par and accrued interest to said date, at the office of Messrs. William Schall & Company, 45 William Street, New York City, and that said certificates will mature and become payable on said October 1st, 1919, and will cease to bear interest from and after said date.

By order of the Board of Directors.

F. A. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

SOUTH PORTO RICO SUGAR COMPANY.
Dividend Scrip Certificates, Series B.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the outstanding dividend scrip certificates of this Company, Series B, (issued on October 1st, 1918,) will be redeemed on October 1st, 1919, at par and accrued interest to said date, at the office of Messrs. William Schall & Company, 45 William Street, New York City, and that said certificates will mature and become payable on said October 1st, 1919, and will cease to bear interest from and after said date.

By order of the Board of Directors.

F. A. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

Cosden and Company

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND No. 9.

New York, Sept. 19th, 1919.

The Board of Directors of Cosden and Company, of Delaware, has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. in cash, and an extra dividend of 2½ per cent. in common stock at par payable November 1st, to shareholders of record at the close of business September 30th, 1919. By order of the Board of Directors.

E. M. Roaser, Secretary.

Office of the United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.
Philadelphia, September 19, 1919.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable October 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 30, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

EVERETT, HEANEY & CO., INC.
New York, Sept. 17, 1919.

The Board of Directors of Everett, Heaney & Co., Inc., has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. on the stock of this Corporation, payable October 10th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 30th, 1919.

SILAS K. EVERETT, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANKERS TRUST CO.

NEW YORK CITY,

at the close of business on the 12th day of September, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$25,382,672.12	
Private securities	35,514,465.30	
Real estate owned	6,420,263.05	
Mortgages owned	2,556,250.00	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral	279,262.23	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	210,421,439.47	
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral	43,114,246.71	
Overdrafts	7,101.02	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$129,589.19	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	281,367.73	
		410,956.92
Specie		55,150.64
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		124,930.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$9,384,389.13	
Other cash items	64,110.85	
		9,448,499.98
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		1,002,280.30
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		73,598.11
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		30,000.00
Documentary and War Savings Stamps		1,210.00
Liberty Loan participation		8,411.72
Total		$20,149,829.79

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$500,000.00	
Undivided Profits	192,396.75	
		692,396.75
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$420,052.76	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	114,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	6,654,346.90	
Demand certificates of deposit	45,750.00	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	18,333.60	
Certified checks	8,974,330.91	
Unpaid dividends	737.25	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	30,049.89	
		16,257,601.31
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise.		790,000.00
Rediscounts		1,233,500.00
Acceptances or drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		73,598.11
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	$31,733.62	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	6,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	15,000.00	
		102,733.62
Total		$20,149,829.79

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF EUROPE,

at the close of business on the 12th day of September, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities—		
U. S. Government bonds	$607,893.00	
New York State & City bonds	210,081.25	
Private securities	1,494,196.08	
Real estate owned	10,096.78	
Mortgages owned	382,700.00	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral	18,900.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	152,572.12	
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral	1,199,678.67	
Overdrafts	67.45	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	234,896.66	
Specie	182,330.28	
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States	364,800.00	
War Savings Stamps on hand	95.55	
Other cash items	119.85	
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$12,383.32	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	25,132.45	
Due from Victory Liberty Loan Association	9,039.25	
		46,555.02
Total		$4,903,990.59

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$150,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$75,000.00	
Undivided profits	67,461.58	
		142,461.58
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	$2.02	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	112,276.64	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	886,150.71	
Demand certificates of deposit	9,459.53	
Foreign exchange Dept.	10,914.14	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	3,535,101.66	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	2,594.79	
Certified checks	11,609.08	
Fourth Liberty Loan payments	4,256.10	
Victory Liberty Loan payments	6,990.34	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	4,150.76	
		4,583,574.67
Total deposits		
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$4,954.34	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	15,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	6,000.00	
		27,954.34
Total		$4,903,990.59

DIVIDENDS.

D. C. HEATH & COMPANY

BOSTON

PREFERRED STOCK

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared by the Directors of this Corporation, payable October 1, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record September 25. Checks will be mailed.

WINFIELD S. SMYTH, Treasurer.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

New York, September 19, 1919.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. payable on and after October 1st, 1919. The transfer books will remain closed from September 20th, 1919, until that date.

WM. E. CABLE, Jr., Cashier.

72D CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND

LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY.

59 Liberty St., N. Y., Sept. 19, 1919.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT. upon the capital stock, payable October 1, 1919, to stockholders of record September 19, 1919.

JOS. W. FRAIR, Treasurer.

Charter No. 9,360. Reserve District No. 2.
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

Union Exchange National Bank OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Sept. 12th, 1919.

RESOURCES.

1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts (except those shown in c)	$18,516,812.95	
c Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it	49,862.58	
Total loans	$18,566,675.53	
Deduct:		
d Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold.) (See Item 55a)	4,679,954.72	
		$13,686,720.81
2. Overdrafts, unsecured		2,708.00
4. a Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and by other banks for account of this bank, and now outstanding	$147,270.00	
5. U. S. Government securities owned:		
a Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)	400,000.00	
c Pledged to secure postal savings deposits (par value)	70,000.00	
d Pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable	1,046,000.00	
f Owned and unpledged	418,850.00	
h War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	1,795.00	
Total U. S. Government securities		1,930,645.00
6. Other bonds, securities, etc.:		
b Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$379,630.00	
e Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks), owned and unpledged	465,511.50	
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.		845,141.50
7. Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		500.00
8. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		60,000.00
11. Real estate owned other than banking house		50,000.00
12. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		2,726,943.44
13. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		1,772,460.20
14. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		1,948,814.10
15. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Items 12, 13, or 14)		362,958.54
16. Exchanges for clearing house		1,402,942.86
17. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 16)		216,728.11
Total of Items 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17, $4,904,703.30.		
18. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		856,909.98
19. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		20,000.00
20. Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on notes and bills receivable not past due		21,652.74
Total		$25,256,191.16

LIABILITIES.

22. Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
23. Surplus fund		1,000,000.00
24. a Undivided profits	$476,457.72	
b Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	86,626.13	
		389,831.59
25. Interest and discount collected or credited in advance of maturity and not earned—(approximate)		123,152.61
26. Amount reserved for taxes accrued		40,000.00
27. Amount reserved for all interest accrued		15,000.00
28. Circulating notes outstanding		393,500.00
30. Net amounts due to national banks		336,475.49
31. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Item 30)		350,788.12
32. Certified checks outstanding		181,522.37
33. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		19,043.62
Total of Items 30, 31, 32, and 33, $889,829.60.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
34. Individual deposits subject to check		18,994,714.11
35. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		20,276.00
38. Dividends unpaid		25.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 34, 35, and 38, $19,015,015.11.		
40. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		50,000.00
42. Postal savings deposits		403,175.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 40 and 42, $453,175.00.		
44. United States deposits (other than postal savings):		
a War loan deposit account		744,287.35
49. Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank		1,040,000.00
52. a "Acceptances" executed by this bank for customers	$49,863.58	
b "Acceptances" executed by other banks for account and under guarantee of this bank	147,270.00	
Total	$197,133.58	
d Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted. (See Item 1c)	49,863.58	
		147,270.00
Total		$25,256,191.16

55. a Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank. (See Item 1d) 4,679,954.72

Total contingent liabilities $4,679,954.72

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, GEO B. CONNLEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. B. CONNLEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of September, 1919.

E. L. WERNER, Notary Public.

Notary Public, Nassau County. Certificate filed in N. Y. County, No. 393. Register's No. 1389, N. Y. County. Term expires March 30th, 1921.

Correct—Attest:
FRANK PRESBREY,
OTTO E. DRYFOOS,
FRANCIS Q. LLOYD. } Directors.

[Seal.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE FIFTH AVENUE BANK OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 12th day of September, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$2,805,482.35
Private securities		5,600.00
Real estate owned		552,066.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		24,206.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		11,834,076.00
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		5,751,695.72
Overdrafts		72,002.82
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item		201,629.62
Specie		447,544.80
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States		679,400.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$450,784.45	
Other cash items	475,084.07	
		925,868.52
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		2,400,118.35
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		1,388,544.51
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$68,612.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (estimated)	17,379.00	
		85,991.00
Total		$28,715,799.38

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus fund	$2,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	316,755.16	
		2,316,755.16
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$70,906.53	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	14,584.86	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	19,095,475.85	
Demand certificates of deposit	3,789.49	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	341,996.24	
Certified checks	108,083.04	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	54,453.33	
		20,299,228.85
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		3,700,000.00
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		1,388,544.51
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes and contingencies	$413,093.71	
Estimated unearned discounts	138,267.15	
		551,270.86
Total		$28,715,799.38

DIVIDENDS.

ENDICOTT JOHNSON CORPORATION

September 18, 1919.

Dividend No. 2.

The Board of Directors has today declared quarterly Preferred and Common Stock Dividends of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) each, payable October 1, 1919, to holders of record September 25, 1919.

Checks will be mailed by Columbia Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

ELIOT SPALDING, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CENTRAL MERCANTILE BANK OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 12th day of September, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$59,900.89	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	135,000.00	
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral	1,404,495.90	
Overdrafts	130.89	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	232,534.09	
Specie	180,850.00	
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States	18,402.51	
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	249,203.66	
Other assets, viz.:		
Safe deposit vaults	$47,250.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	300.00	
		47,550.00
Total		$2,928,147.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$100,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$50,000.00	
Undivided profits	22,333.48	
		72,333.48
Deposits:		
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	$1,908,246.36	
Demand certificates of deposit	7,500.00	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	65,649.89	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	11,835.65	
Certified checks	57,790.17	
Total deposits		2,141,031.36
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$6,900.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	583.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	6,000.00	
		14,783.00
Total		$2,928,147.74

DIVIDENDS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

HENRY J. SCHNITZER STATE BANK

at the close of business on the 12th day of September, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$253,610.00
Real estate owned		40,000.00
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$56,853.66	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	5,970.00	
		62,823.66
Specie		350.00
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		2,708.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$740.24	
Other cash items	37,046.35	
		37,795.59
Total		$396,987.85

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$100,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$38,870.00	
Undivided profits	37,833.94	
		142,704.06
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	$98,268.78	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	24,922.44	
		123,191.22
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Funds for transmission abroad	$16,447.63	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	4,643.55	
		21,091.18
Total		$396,987.85

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF JERSEY CITY

Jersey City, N. J., Sept. 12, 1919.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$5,456,562.05
Customers' liability account acceptances		26,047.22
United States bonds and certificates		3,189,546.57
Real estate and securities		926,350.50
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		626,848.22
Cash in vault and due from other banks and bankers		4,464,385.76
		$14,955,606.52

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$400,000.00
Surplus		800,000.00
Undivided profits		582,190.99
Circulation		380,100.00
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank		1,000,000.00
Time acceptances		36,047.22
Deposits		11,757,360.21
		$14,955,606.52

EDWARD I. EDWARDS, President.
ROBERT E. JENNINGS, Vice President.
HENRY BROWN, Jr., Cashier.
JACOB R. WORTENDYKE, Asst. Cashier.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE STATE BANK, NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 12th day of September, 1919.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$11,481,000.12
Private securities, market value		7,326,507.32
Real estate owned, including banking houses		1,704,668.04
Mortgages owned		1,000,210.41
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		80,068.17
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		3,410,248.47
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		23,368,810.47
Overdrafts		4,812.31
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$2,521,090.59	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	1,207,983.27	
		3,729,743.86
Specie		1,547,018.38
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States		1,865,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$1,800,645.69	
Other cash items	529,906.31	
		2,730,551.49
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		704,653.79
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		783,555.43
Other assets, viz.:		
Certificate of indebtedness sold with agreement to repurchase	$4,800,000.00	
Furniture and fixtures	40,426.89	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	303,286.31	
U. S. War Stamps and Thrift Stamps	1,388.08	
		4,856,602.78
Total		$73,266,620.94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$750,000.00	
Undivided profits	451,678.86	
		1,201,678.86
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,874,065.97	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	8,254.15	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,874,065.97	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	24,058,022.83	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	19,274,738.97	
Demand certificates of deposit	114,099.00	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	12,467,983.61	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	556,960.54	
Certified checks	461,210.61	
Unpaid dividends	172.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	90,433.61	
Total deposits		53,982,231.29
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		5,200,000.00
Acceptances of drafts

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A Post Graduate Course, Oct. 13th.
Apply at 15 West 127th St., New York City.

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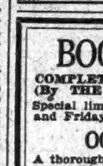

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IMPERATOR TO JOIN THE CUNARD FLEET

World's Second Largest Steamship Will Ply Between New York and Southampton.

NOW LYING IN THE HUDSON

The Leviathan to be Turned Over to the International Mercantile Marine Company.

The agents of the Cunard Line at 22 State Street announced yesterday that the former Hamburg-American liner Imperator, which is now lying in the Hudson River after finishing her career as an American transport, has been turned over to their company by the British Ministry of Shipping, to be operated on the express mail service between New York and Southampton with the liners Aquitania and Mauretania.

The Imperator is the second largest steamship in the world. She was in Hamburg when the war started and was about to sail for New York when word was received from the head office in Berlin to held her in port. She remained at Cuxhaven, at the mouth of River Elbe, until after the armistice was signed. During that period she was loaded with German troops, who remained on board for five months in the early part of the war, waiting for the order to start on the invasion of England, but the order never came.

Gradually the mud collected so many feet thick congregate the big liner that when the United States Navy took her over last Spring to use as a transport for the return of the American Army from France, it was a gigantic task to dig her out. The Imperator was topheavy when she made her first trip to New York with Captain Hans Ruser in command, bringing 3,450 passengers and a crew of 1,200, and on her return voyage she nearly went over on her beam ends. A few minutes more and there would have been an end of the Imperator, the officers said. She recovered herself in the nick of time, and on arrival at Hamburg the liner was sent to Stettin, where 500 tons, including the Ritz-Carlton kitchen, some lifeboats, and other heavy gear were sent down from the top deck and the three gigantic funnels were shortened.

The Imperator was built as a twenty-three-deck steamship, with four turbines of 70,000 horse power, and averaged 21.7 knots on her maiden voyage to New York, where she arrived in June, 1913. The former German Emperor, Wilhelm II., was present at the launching of the Imperator, on May 23, 1912, and named her, in the presence of a large assemblage of German naval and military officers and prominent persons from all parts of Europe.

The Imperator is 51,998 gross tonnage, 882 feet 6 inches long, 98 feet 9 inches beam, and 57 feet 1 inch depth of hold, and was equipped before the war with every modern appliance for the safety and comfort of passengers, including a gymnasium, veranda café, 146 private bathrooms, suites de luxe with private decks, in which the late President Roosevelt returned from Europe in 1913; Winter garden, Turkish bath, swimming pool, and a grand salon on the sun deck. All these fittings were removed at Hamburg when she was fitted out as a troopship by the German Government, and will have to be replaced, which will take some time.

It is expected in shipping circles that this announcement of the British Ministry of Shipping will be followed by one from the United States Shipping Board at Washington announcing that the Leviathan, formerly the Hamburg-American liner Vaterland and the largest steamship in the world, will be turned over to the International Mercantile Marine Company, to be operated under the American flag from New York to Southampton, calling at Plymouth and Cherbourg. She has already been surveyed by officials of the American Line, one of the subsidiary companies of the International Mercantile Marine, to see what alterations will have to be made.

The former North German Lloyd liner Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, of 17,062 gross tonnage, which has been engaged in bringing back American troops from Brest, has been allotted to the White Star line by the Reparation Committee of the Inter-Allied Council sat in Paris through the British Ministry of Shipping. The liner was built in 1907 for the passenger trade between New York and Bremen and did not have her fittings removed, except on the lower decks, when she was taken over in Germany early this year for service as a transport. The White Star Line announced yesterday that she would start on her first trip from New York to Southampton via Plymouth and Cherbourg on Oct. 22.

New York Central Pledges Bonds.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 19.—The Public Utilities Commission has granted the application of the New York Central Railroad Company for permission to pledge $20,000,000 of its refunding and improvement mortgage bonds, as part collateral for its one year six per cent. trust notes aggregating $15,000,000. The company is authorized to execute a trust agreement with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as trustee, of the date of September 15, 1919.

COURT CALENDARS.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Will for probate: George E. Palmer.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM, Part II.—Schmuck, J.
Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Matter of Tacoma Mining & Smelting Co.—Charles P. Howland. Pinembro Corp. (Robeson—Edward C. O. Thomas.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M., ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S. Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

References Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J. Schulsc Simpson Const. Co. et. al., Morris Frank. Kailah Macri et. al., Edgar Hirschberg.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent, to Frank Moss, Henry W. Unger, George H. Merkel, the Attorney General of the State of New York, and all other persons, if any there be, whose names and places of residence are unknown and cannot, after due diligence and diligent effort be ascertained by the petitioner herein, interested as heirs-at-law, next of kin or otherwise in the estate of Benno Loewy, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Isabella Loewy, who resides at 22 West 88th Street, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York, has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York, to have a certain instrument in writing, dated October 23, 1918, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Benno Loewy, late of the City of this State, a resident of 22 West 88th Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the County of New York, deceased.

Therefore, you and each of you are cited to show cause before the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York, at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 21st day of October, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, why the said will and testament should not be admitted to probate as a will of real and personal property.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 2d day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

[L. S.] DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

GEORGE H. MERKEL, Attorney for Petitioner, 206 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

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SOLIVIAS Wanted.—Elcks or similar, brown, reindeer and taupe, silvertips, Pekin, Deland's 9600, shade 18. Markowitz & Schlossman, 40 West 35d St.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Julliard's 115, black and green botany 516, black; American 113; taupe, navy and black. Fit Best Cloak, Farragut 4065.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Steam and F. & H. black. Steyen's and American silvertone, 4932 herge. Myth Center, Farragut 8277.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or Botany, all colors. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

CHAMELEON CLOTH Wanted.—Holden Leonard, also tinseltones; all shades. Greeley 1844.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—Any quantity, all colors. Phone Chelsea 7545.

DELANDS Wanted.—9600, reindeer, shades 15, spot cash. Markowitz & Schlossman, 40 West 35d.

DELANDS Wanted.—9600, shade 15; spot cash. Markowitz-Schlossman, 40 West 35d.

GEORGETTES AND WASHABLE SATIN Wanted.—Several hundred pieces of flesh color, suitable for ladies' underwear. Melrose Mfg. Co., 314 Broadway, New York City. Franklin 436-437.

OXFORDS Wanted.—Julliards and Stevens. Knobel & Bloom; 145 West 30th.

PLUMETTES Wanted.—Will exchange navy and reindeer for brown. Chelsea 500.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Ungava, Hudson Seal, Animole; also beaver and mole; three-inch strips. Bronson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6294.

PLUSH Wanted.—Salt's Face or Blumenthal's Esquimette, or similar. Greeley 1544.

PLUSH Wanted.—I. Novick & Co., 45 West 27th. Farragut 9644.

POM POM Wanted.—12075 American, brown, reindeer and Burgundy. M. R. Silverman, Farragut 8290.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantities navies and black, 528, 54398, 11455, 104, 819. Stuyvesant 6833.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American 15050, all shades, for cash. Stuyvesant 5562.

SKIRTS Wanted.—By jobber, pleated serges, plaids. 116 West 32d St., Room 702.

STEVENS PLAID Wanted.—9821-17-18-19. M. R. Silverman, Farragut 8290.

SUEDINE Wanted.—American 13058, navy, brown, taupe. Morris Haft. Farragut 6184.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Bright and navy, American Andrews, or similar; for cash. Madison Square 8506.

VELOUR DE NORD Wanted.—250-KW. 50 inches wide, black; Sydney Blumenthal. M. R. Silverman, Farragut 8290.

VELOURS Wanted.—Sazonia 964, reindeer, Pekin. Vanderbilt 1389.

YALAMAS Wanted.—All shades, for cash. Ben Ginsberg, 51 West 24th St. Chel. 3465.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BRAIDS.—8 and 3 cord, 3-2, 4-1. J. A. Kugler & Co., 164 West 28th. Farragut 8291.

BROADCLOTH. — Deering, Milliken 1883, navy. British Cloth Exchange Co., 1,161 Broadway. Chelsea 7640.

COATS, SUITES.—1,000 silvertones, velours, broadcloths, tricotines, latest models, far below market price; also 1,500 dresses, slaughtering prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Plush, also coatees, all kinds; suits, waists, dresses, skirts; cheapest to best; reasonable. 7th floor, 48 West 26th.

COATS AND COATEES.—Plush, silvertone, broadcloth, also tinseltones; all shades. Greeley 1844.

COATS.—1,200 wonderful values on the rack at a sacrifice. Zimmerman & Carner, 46 W. 22d.

COTTON GOODS.—Sateens, under market; spot delivery; jobbers, cutters, exporters. Nathan & Hermann, 23 Broadway, N. Y.

COTTON PRINTED FLECALE SHIRTINGS.—84 square, and 67-72; good assorted patterns. Telephone 10075 Chelsea.

DRESSES.—5,000 on the rack for immediate delivery, consisting of all silk tricolettes, paulettes, chiffon and pan velvet satin, charmeuse, Jersey, tricotines, &c.; prices from $16.75 to $75. Hattie Dress, 3 West 29th.

DRESSES.—1,500 serges, tricotines, satins; all-wool serges, $6.75 to $9.75; satins, $9.75 to $11.75; tricotines, $13.75 to $16.75; also 1,000 silk dresses; big reductions. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges, tricotines and velvetteens; snappy styles; exceptional values for immediate delivery. Joseph Bros., 25 West 15th St.

DRESSES.—Several thousand Georgette satin, serges and tricotines; immediate delivery. Cohen & Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Job of new satins to close out. Michael Simon, 324 6th Av.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chine, Silk and Cotton Crepe.—Good assortment; reasonable prices. Telephone Chelsea 10075.

PAULETTE.—Botany tricotine; sell very reasonable. Cohen & Polowan, 19 West 21st St.

POLO CLOTH, Stevens, 6109, cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

RADIO.—Twill, F. H. all shades, broadcloth, botany 515, Jap Pekin, rose taupe, American 0634-320, 317. Chelsea 7929.

SERGES.—Silvertones, oxfords, broadcloth, tricotines, velours, cheviots, plaids, poplins, burella. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

SILVERTONES.—American 15050, 15032; Ottaquechee 114; all shades, at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d St. Gramercy 4461.

SILVERTONES.—Light weight Franz Mers & Parkside, 102 style; all colors. Phone Farragut 8886.

SUITS, all wool poplin, for immediate delivery; $16.75. Joseph Bros., 25 West 15th St.

TRICOLETTES, PAULETTES, all shades, at a price; cash. 121 West 19th, 2d floor.

TRICOTINES.—Botany 5953, Pacific D. R. W. C. also serges 4061. Madison Square 4022 Estelle.

VELOUR CHECKS.—Deering, Milliken 34-4, brown. Schweizer, Madison Square 8238.

VELOURS, light weight, all colors. Phone Farragut 3886.

VELVETEEN.—36-36-44-inch straight back, 24-inch twill back, all colors; prices right. M. Kanter, 51 East 27th St.

WAISTS.—Voiles, &c., up to $18 per dozen; quick deliveries. S. Schlein, 1,270 Broadway, New York.

Allied Industries.

FOR SALE.—Four hundred pairs of men's tan shoes for sale at $5.75 a pair; 1,300 pairs at $5.35 for immediate delivery. Phone Vanderbilt 1281.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN wanted, with several years' experience, to work on salary and commission basis for house manufacturing dry cotton; in your reply advise past experience and salary expected. Address Mangano Mfg. Co., 17 Seminary Av., Rahway, N. J.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN wishes to connect with a good house carrying a line of dress goods or draperies; has good following among retail and department stores. R. 185 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....5½@6% for the best names
Thursday .....5½@6% for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Three Advances on Clothing.

One of the local clothiers stated yesterday he had received notice of three advances on orders he placed some time ago for Fall clothing. The goods still have to be delivered, and it is quite possible that he will have to accede to further demands before the order is filled by shipment. Some of the clothing which he is now taking into his stockroom is higher priced by several dollars than what he is now selling. He gave one instance of a suit he is at present selling for $20, for which he is now paying $22.

Harder to Get Advances.

The small retailer's position in the light of constantly increasing costs offers difficulties, it seems, that do not face the larger stores. One merchant, who conducts a modest business and endeavors to hold down his prices as long as it is possible to do so, stated yesterday that customers who patronize the big stores have been educated to quick price changes, whereas the neighborhood storekeeper must have plenty of reasons to offer whenever he asks a higher price. For this reason, he pointed out, he does not think that the same inflation of prices exists among the small stores as among their larger competitors.

No Relief in Sight Yet.

Manufacturers and dealers in shoes who had hoped for lower leather and hide prices to result from the official war on high living costs as yet see no relief in sight for them. Naturally, it is too late now for lower hide or leather prices to affect the Fall retail season, and the same will soon be true of the Spring season unless something happens along that line in the near future. Buyers of leather and shoes are not optimistic over the outlook, however, and predict that there will be another rise in this commodity before there will be a break. They also predict the same thing for hides, and some go so far as to say that the rise in the latter will come within the next six weeks. As evidence of the high and sustained cost of hides in case of nine to twelve-pound city calfskins was cited yesterday. These hides, which are quoted at $10.50 to $11 each, or about an average of $1.07½ a pound, have not changed since Sept. 5 or 6.

Colors for Spring.

Two different color tendencies in women's wear are noted in the preliminary selections made for the coming Spring. The domestic manufacturers seem to be urging the use of the darker shades, such as navy and brown, while those who get their ideas of color from Paris are inclined to the brighter hues. Among the buyers the opinion is heard that women will want the staple colors in order to provide themselves with economical garments which may be worn on practically all occasions. For this reason, it is said, naming of colors has been governed so that fully half of the orders are on navy and a large part of others on black, browns, and taupes.

Call for Knitted Neckwear.

What is almost an overnight demand has sold up the manufacturers of men's knitted neckwear, and the same situation is expected to develop in this line as took place in women's sweaters. Strange to say, the sweater manufacturers stoutly maintained that the popularity of knitting increased the demand for their merchandise and they pointed to greatly increased sales as proof. Now it seems a number of women have turned their needles to the making of men's scarfs and this kind of neckwear, which was dormant for some time, has sprung suddenly into the spotlight. Telegraphic orders from out-of-town concerns have failed to locate available supplies, though the market was scoured for the needed goods.

Silks a Little More Active.

During the week the silk trade has seen a little more activity both on Spring and Fall goods, filling in orders being placed on the latter. Advances are not quite as common as they were a month ago, for the reason that price is once more becoming an important consideration with buyers. From the present outlook, the output of fancies will probably run proportionately less than usual, as the manufacturers seem to favor the production of staples whenever possible. Some of the designs soon to be put out by one of the leading novelty houses show that plaids in new applications of the idea will be featured for Spring. Batik patterns will also be given a leading place in the printed goods division.

Labor Settlement Helped Things.

Seward's Journal will say today that a quick settlement of labor troubles affecting two groups of anthracite collieries prevents the tonnage loss from running into figures that would have an influence on the market or cause serious inconvenience to the retail trade. The interruption was reflected in a falling off in movement through two of the loading ports for a few days, but the local trade is in a position where a temporary cutting down of receipts is a matter of no great consequence. Retailers have the situation well in hand as far as filling back orders is concerned. Grades of bituminous coal that are being shipped abroad in large quantities have maintained their price strength much better than those that are used at home exclusively.

Face a New Competitor.

American broad silk manufacturers and other buyers of raw silks in this market appear about to face a new competitor, for the already depleted stocks of Asiatic "raws" here, in the shape of the French silk makers. Reports from Lyons indicate that market to be almost bare of Far Eastern silks. Not only are they scarce, but the steady rise in silver exchange has raised laydown costs of these silks far above the level of the Italian varieties, which are in great demand by American account and which are rapidly disappearing from the Milan market. In view of these things, it is predicted that the Lyons manufacturers will turn more and more to this market to supply their needs, thereby helping to deplete stocks that are needed for home consumption.

Gray Goods Buyers More Cautious.

Gray goods buyers were more cautious in their operations here yesterday, and, while they bought printcloths at the advances asked by the mills, they narrowed the deliveries purchased. For instance, they paid 35½ cents for 38½-inch 64-60s yesterday for September delivery only, while on Thursday they bought the same goods for shipment to the end of the year at 35¾ cents. For September-October lots of 38½-inch 60-45s buyers paid 33¼ cents. They also paid 19¼ cents for September deliveries of 39-inch 68-72s. While there was not much snap to trading in sheetings, drills, and fine-yarn goods, a generally firmer price undertone was reported. The "weak sisters" of the market at the moment are the clothing styles, but there is no guarantee that they will remain that way long.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

A General Weakness Was Shown in Those of Foodstuffs.

For the first time since the Administration's fight against the high cost of living began, Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices this week showed an excess of advances over declines. The margin was not large, however, and was due mostly to the increased price strength of the nonedible commodities, such as drugs and hides. In a list containing 66 changes, 35 advances were shown. Last week there were but 17 advances in 52 revisions. In the foodstuffs the general weakness in provisions, excepting flour, was a feature.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$4.00	$4.00	$4.00
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.	11.50	11.50	11.50
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.53	.57½	.58
Do, State d., c. to f., lb	.46	.46	.48
Cabbage, per 100	1.00	1.00	1.00
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb.	.30½	.31	.28½
Codfish, C. Bks., 100 lbs.	13.00	12.00	11.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio fb.	↑.15¾	↑.17¾	.09¾
Do, Santos, No. 4, lb.	↑.25¼	↑.26¾	.13¼
Eggs, nearby, fancy, doz.	.75	.73	.64
Do, Western, 1sts, doz.	.48	.47	.44
Flour, patents, 196 lbs.	11.65	11.25	10.75
Onions, bag	2.00	2.00	1.25
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	8.75	8.75	11.50
Potatoes, bbl.	5.00	5.00	4.75
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.14	.14½	.10
Sugar, fine gran., 100 lbs	9.00	9.00	9.00
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.32	.32	.31
Do, Japan, best, lb.	.50	.50	.45
Bacon, 14os down, lb.	.27	.29¼	.29¼
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	8.25	8.75	10.00
Hams, sig., in tcs., lb.	.31	.37	.30
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	16.50	16.50	20.10
Lard, M. West., 100 lbs.	25.65	26.25	27.50
Pork, mess, bbl.	47.50	46.00	45.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	9.25	10.50	10.25
Barley, malting, bu.	1.45	1.40	1.13
Corn, No. 3 yellow, bu.	1.61¾	1.60	1.76¾
Hay, prime tim., 100 lbs.	3.65	1.75	2.70
Oats, No. 3 white, bu.	.78	.80¼	.64
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.56¼	1.55¾	1.73
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu.	*2.36¼	*2.36¼	*2.36¼
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.33	.32	.33
Copper, electro., lb.	.23¼	.23¼	.26
Iron, pig, No. 1X, ton	30.50	30.50	54.00
Lead, lb.	.06.1	.06.9	.08.0
Spelter, lb.	.07.5	.07.6	.09.6
Steel billets, Bess., ton	38.50	38.50	47.50
Tin, lb.	.56	.56¼	.79
Brown sheetings, std., yd.	.24	.24	↓.20¾
Cloths, pr. 64x60, yd.	.15¾	.14½	.15½
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	.48	.48	.50
Hides, cown, hvy., lb.	.47	.45	.38
Leather, h'look sole, lb.	.60	.60	...
Do, un. bks., c. r., lb.	1.00	1.00	.73
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb.	.55¼	.54½	.68
Silk, China, st. f. 1st, lb.	10.60	10.55	7.75
Do, Japan, spot, No. 1	...	...	...
Sinsha, lb.	9.40	9.30	...

*Government maximums. †Nominal.

In the local market for provisions a surprising feature was the recovery of 40 cents a barrel in the price of Spring patent flour after three previous weeks of decline in which the price had dropped $1.40 a barrel. Winter straights were unchanged. Both hams and bacon were cheaper here, the break in the price of the former being quite marked. In the Chicago market live hogs did not change, but all of the other items quoted in the provisions list there were lower. Rice was for a slight drop in cheese the changes in this local market for dairy products were all upward. They ranged from half a cent a pound on the best butter to 2 cents a dozen on fancy nearby eggs. The best Western eggs advanced a cent a dozen. The margin between the corresponding 1918 and 1919 prices on fancy eggs is now 11 cents a dozen. The respective prices quoted for the best butter are the same, 58 cents a pound.

A drop in standard California dried peaches was the only change in the fresh and dried fruits listed, and for the first time in a very long while the vegetables list was bare of changes either way. Rice was cheaper, but this food is not in the general vegetable list. Tea, sugar and spices continued unchanged, but further weakness developed in the nominal prices quoted on Brazilian coffees. However, there is still plenty of "open water" between the current prices and last year's.

In the grains list breaks in the prices of corn, oats and prime timothy hay offset advances in rye and malting barley. Leathers were again bare of advances and declines, and in the case of the latter the same thing was true of hide quotations. Advances in hides, however, were registered by No. 1 native packers, No. 1 Texas, branded cows and No. 1 country steers. The combined list for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils showed 22 revisions for the week, of which 18 were advances. Advances in camphor, menthol and quicksilver were among the features. In the naval stores sharp advances took place in tar and turpentine. The former went up 25 cents a barrel and the latter 12 cents a gallon.

The metals list showed more unsteadiness to the minor items than usual. Advances were indicated in foundry coke, aluminum in ton lots, and lead, while lower prices were quoted on furnace coke, spelter, tin, and lake and electrolytic copper. The miscellaneous changes included advances in hops. English vermillion paint, and Brazilian crude rubber. In the paper list higher prices were shown in news roll and M. F. book stock. While Chinese silk was off somewhat, the Japanese standard grade advanced again.

In the textile trades more active buying of both burlaps and unfinished cottons was the feature. Most of the trading in the former was in goods to arrive here in the course of the next few weeks. The buying of gray goods, especially printcloths, resulted in quite a little recovery in prices.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

Bayonne Chemical Co., Inc., of 21 Park Row, at Bayonne, N. J., has filed schedules showing liabilities of $42,811 and assets of $36,000, consisting of $20,000 in stock and equipment, and $15,000 in real estate at Bayonne. Among the creditors are Baldwin F. Schirmer, the President, $18,467 unsecured, and $2,000 secured; John Walker, $5,500 secured; T. J. Parker, Jr., $6,745; J. C. Hand, Ridgewood, $2,500. The company was unable to do an active business, as the United States Government would not allow any private concern to buy toluol or chlorine gas.

Manhattan and Philadelphia Auto Express Inc., of 200 West Twentieth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $5,485, and assets consisting of some insurance, amount not given. Of the liabilities, claims are for lost merchandise, as one of the trucks was robbed at Fourth Avenue and Nineteenth Street and another was burned near Philadelphia. Among the creditors are the Harrold Motor Car Co., $1,230; Fox, Hughes Co. of Philadelphia, $2,625, and Pitt Motor Car Repair & Sales Co., $1,400.

Taconia Mining and Smelting Co. Judge Finch of the Superior Court has appointed Charles P. Howland receiver in place of Harry C. Howland, with a bond of $10,000. The receiver is authorized to sell $40,000 preferred stock of the Taconia Mines Co. upon terms which are for the best interest of all stockholders.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports ninety-five failures in the United States during the week, against eighty for the preceding week and 232, 301 and 320 for the corresponding weeks of 1918 to 1915. The Middle States had twenty-five; New England, seven; Southern, seventeen; Western, thirty; Northwestern, eight, and Far Western, eight. About 83 per cent of the failures had less than $5,000 capital and 10 per cent had from $5,000 to $12,500 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Albin, Harry, and Harry Hadus—A. Ex. filr et al. $238.15
Bangs, Howard M.—Collins 626.02
Ballas, George—D. Tascomas 176.70
Brown, Rose—People, &c. 800.00
Bustanoby Operating Co. and Wm. H. Woodman—Hirth & Son 225.00
Blake, Lewis J.—L. Karah 251.65
Calabrese, Vincent J.—J. & E. Homas Co. 327.86
Caskey, Kathleen L.—C. R. Caskey 250.26
Lumber Co., and C. R. Caskey—W. H. Sage 358.26
Corn, Rose—J. E. Vincent, costs 110.55
Calmer, May—Beau Site Co. 116.30
Calmer, Max—Brestenoff, Salmon 353.56
Eltonhead, Thomas C.—L. C. Smith Typewriter Co. 107.30
Fischer, Morris—Kuttin & Kurtin 248.40
Gerrell, David—Barrett Co. 197.00
Gambane, Joseph, and Savino Di Santi—People, &c. 1,000.00
Graham,

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The twenty-story Ashland Building, on the southeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street, held at $2,400,000, was sold yesterday by the estate of Phillip Breender to Max Natanson, operator.

The structure, which stands on the site of the old Ashland House, occupies a plot fronting 98.9 feet on Fourth Avenue and 150 feet on Twenty-fourth Street. It contains a large store on the first floor, lofts on second to sixteenth floors, and offices on the seventeenth to twentieth floors. The building contains ten elevators and has exceptional lights and air owing to the three and four-story buildings adjoining on Fourth Avenue as well as on Twenty-fourth Street. The building has a rent roll of about $225,000. It was a cash transaction, negotiated by Byrne & Bowman.

Downing Street Sale.

Charles F. Noyes Company has sold to the Globe-Wernicke Company, (Lester S. Woodward, New York manager,) 49-51 Downing Street, a four-story and basement stable, covering a plot 40 by 90 and located between Varick and Bleecker Streets. Extensive alterations will be made to the property from plans of Charles Pohl, and the building altered and used by the Golbe-Wernicke Company exclusively for garage purposes.

Buys for Stores and Loft.

Manheimer Brothers, Inc., sold to a client for Mary and Felix Stonnell the five-story building at the southwest corner of Twenty-eighth Street and Seventh Avenue, on a lot 19.8 feet by 56.6 feet. The buyer will alter into lofts and stores.

Loft Near Canal Street for $150,000.

H. & H. Cohen bought through Sol Lewine from the 414 Broadway Company, the seven-story loft, on a plot 27 by 85, at 414 Broadway held at $150,000 and renting for $18,000.

First Avenue Tenement Sale.

Ernest N. Adler sold for Manning Bernhard Realty and Construction Company to Sigmund G. Schwabach, a five-story tenement with stores, on a plot 63.2 by 50 feet, at 1,819 to 1,823 First Avenue, on the corner of Ninety-fourth Street.

Apartment House Deals.

Julius Bachrach sold to an investor for Casper Fisher the five-story flat, on a lot 17 by 100, at 50 West 115th Street, held at $13,000 and renting for $3,000.

Elgar & Feinberg have sold for George C. Clark to Scoville Realty Corporation 256 Wadsworth Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on plot 54.6 by 115 feet, held at $90,000 and renting for $14,000 a year.

Frederick Brown bought from Elise Fikick seven five-story apartments on a plot 208 by 100 feet. Albert B. Ashforth was the broker.

George R. Reade & Co. sold for J. H. Halsted, trustee, the six-story apartment at 316 to 318 East Fourteenth Street.

Eva Horwitz sold two five-story apartments, on a plot 52.6 by 76.11 at 70 and 72 East 112th Street, adjoining the southwest corner of Madison Avenue.

Operator Takes Ninety-sixth Street Apartments.

Charles F. Noyes Company sold for Mrs. Zada Howard Reakirt to Joseph Shenk, for all cash, the two six-story apartments, on a plot 100 by 100 feet, at 6 to 12 West Ninety-eighth Street, renting for $30,000 and held at $200,000. Mr. Shenk also bought from the Sound Realty Company a six-story apartment, on a plot 100 by 100 feet, at the northeast corner of Broadway and 150th Street, held at $275,000 and renting for $32,000.

Downtown Loft Sale.

Norman S. Rosenfeld bought from the estate of William Bruce Brown the five-story loft, on a plot 26.4 by 200 feet, at 481 Broadway, extending through to 54 Mercer Street. This property brought $111,000 at public auction in 1916. Brown Wheelock & Co., Inc., were the brokers.

$225,000 Apartment Deal on West Eighty-first Street.

Slawson & Hobbs sold for the estate of Robert A. Scott the nine-story apartment on a plot 56.3 by 100 feet at 158 West Eighty-first Street, renting for $40,000 and held at $325,000.

Upper Madison Avenue Corner Sold to Syndicate.

Samuel H. Stone sold to the Morgenstern Brothers syndicate the Mannados, a six-story apartment house, on plot 100.11 by 95, at 1,400 to 1,406 Madison Avenue, northwest corner of Ninety-seventh Street. The property shows an annual rental of $35,000 per annum and was held at $250,000. This is the first sale since the house was built in 1908. The sellers take back a second mortgage of $45,000 at 5½ per cent. for eight years.

Curtain Concern Buys on Lafayette Street

Brett & Goode sold for John Stevens Melcher to E. C. Carter & Son, lace curtain manufacturers, the twelve-story building, on a plot 50 by 100 feet, at 235 and 237 Lafayette Street. The property was held at $275,000.

110th Street Corner Leased for $1,000,000.

The United Cigar Stores Company leased from the Robert E. Westcott estate for a long term the plot and property, 90.11 by 100, at the northeast corner of Broadway and 110th Street at a figure close to $1,000,000.

The Bronx Market.

Cohn & Pittman brought from Jane M. Dollinger and Resina Alkier two five-story apartments, one on a plot 50 by 100 feet, at the northwest corner of Clay Avenue and 186th Street, and the other an apartment with three stores, on a plot 50 by 103 feet, at the northeast corner of Teller Avenue and 165th Street. The property rents for $20,000 and was held at $175,000. Albert L. Phelps and Charles J. Brady were the brokers.

Charles Siegel Levy sold to Charles Hensle the Seville, a six-story apartment at 941 Intervale Avenue, northwest corner of 163d Street, on plot 85 by 125, containing ten stores, and renting for about $35,000 a year. It was held at $200,000.

Irving I. Lewine and Ely Maran sold 1,831 Marmion Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on plot 50 by 147 feet. The house rents for about $11,000 and was held at $85,000.

Nehring Brothers sold for Charles E. Hauselt to Lettie Wilson a two-family dwelling, on a plot 25 by 100 feet, at 679 East 236th Street.

Ely Maran and Joseph Sager sold to a client of Max Monfried, attorney, the northeast corner of Valentine Avenue and 179th Street, a five-story apartment, on plot 50 by 87 feet. It was held at $85,000 and rents for about $10,000.

J. Clarence Davies sold for the estate of Sarah H. Crane 1,043 College Avenue, 240 feet north of 165th Street, a three-family house on lot 22 by 93 feet.

Brooklyn.

Riker & Sanders sold for Goldstein & Phillips to N. Beck the apartment, on a plot 20 by 100, renting for $5,000 and held at $30,000, at 245 Martense Street; also, for the same brokers, sold for Mary B. Bregdon estate, the dwelling at 2,684 Bedford Avenue, fronting 75 feet on the avenue. The property brought $20,000. The same brokers sold for Mrs. Anna Haberfeld to Dr. Benjamin M. Bernstein a two-family dwelling at 393 Kingston Avenue, held at $10,000, and the four-family house, on a plot 25 by 100, at 168 South Second Street, for B. Sanders to N. Beck, held at $13,000.

The Bell & Knowles Company sold the dwelling at 1 Vern Street, and for the estate of Samuel Phillips the brick building, with stores, at 318 and 320 Bedford Avenue.

Realty Estates sold to an investor, who will remodel, two two-family dwellings at 110 and 112 Lee Avenue. Realty Associates sold to Giuseppi Guisarl the flat, on a plot 25 by 98 by 100.2, at 130 Thirty-third Street, and Isaac Geer a building on a plot 20 by 80 by 81.9, containing two stores and a flat.

The O. E. Allard & J. J. Levey Company sold to a client, for improvement, a plot 40 by 100 on the west side of Fourteenth Street, south of Avenue J, Flatbush.

Pellegrino D'Onofrio sold for W. Goddart the two-family house at 1,677 Eighty-third Street.

The McInerney-Klinck Realty Company sold for Isaac Richman the apartment on a plot 22 by 100, on the west side of Bedford Avenue, near Newkirk Avenue.

Daniel J. Gleason sold the residence at 1,753 East Fourteenth Street for Ethel Steinberg to a client, for occupancy.

Bulkley & Horton Company, with Howard Lyle & Co., sold for J. H. & A. Muller the investor a four-story apartment at 588 Park Place.

John Shann and Charles S. Hignell sold to a client the three-story and store building, on a lot 20 by 100, at 268 Columbia Street. The buyer owns the two adjoining houses, and will make extensive alterations.

Staten Island.

The Cornell Real Estate & Auction Company, Inc., sold for Mrs. Emily J. Clark to Harry A. Ramshaw her residence on Egbert Avenue, Stapleton.

Cornelius G. Kolff has old for Frank Nettleton the last of his vacant property on Oakland Avenue, West New Brighton, to Arthur G. Dunn.

Dwelling Sales.

Foot & Martin, Inc., bought from the Operating Realty Company the dwelling, on a plot 16ft by 100 feet, at 181 East Eightieth Street. Theodore E. Kavanagh was the broker.

Sisca & Palladino sold to Antonio Cuoma a dwelling, on a plot 16 by 100 feet, at 410 East 118th Street, and for Mary B. Wood a dwelling, on a plot 21.6 by 100 feet, at 431 East 118th Street.

Pease & Elliman sold for the Eckman estate to Pauline S. Feinman the dwelling, on a plot 20 by 102.2, at 72 East Eighty-sixth Street, held at $45,000.

Bessie M. Becker sold the four-story dwelling, on a plot 17 by 100, at 164 East 108th Street.

Realty Notes.

Arthur C. Sheridan will sell at auction on the premises at 2 P. M. to-day the Holmes property, a dwelling and 35 acres on Tomahawk Road, Katonah, Westchester.

Adolph Mallenhauer is the buyer of the Rockfall, the ten-story apartment at the northeast corner of Broadway and 111th Street, the sale of which was registered a few days ago. The deal involved $2,000,000. Naueit & Lanning and the Roman Calimar Company were the brokers.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

59th St, 131 and 133 East, and Lexington Av, 74, to a three-story offices, &c; J. Ehrlich, 144 East 59th St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; cost, $8,500.

125th St, 261 West, to a four-story store, &c.; Estate of D. W. Bishop, 271 West 125th St, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 1,912 Gleason Av, architect; $5,000.

Amsterdam Av, 172 and 174, to a five-story tenement and store; E. Silberman, 601 West 176th St, owner; C. B. Gail, 31 East 125th St, architect; cost, $4,000.

Lexington Av, w s, 39.6 ft s of 41st St, to a three-story dwelling, &c; H. B. Stowell, 306 Lexington Av, owner; W. M. Volckening, 35 West 30th St, architect; cost $10,000.

Madison Av, n e corner of 34th St, to a six-teen-story offices; Glengary Realty Co., 68 William St, owner; Clinton & Russell, 32 Nassau St, architects; cost, $6,500.

Vandam St, 13, to a three-story tenement; W. S. Coffin, 575 5th Av, owner; Joannes & Hyde, 52 Vanderbilt Av, architects; $6,000.

Whitehall St, 14, to a six-story offices; Furness-Withy & Co. of Liverpool, England, owner; W. G. Chambers, 111 East 40th St, architect; $10,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

14th St, East, n s, 200 ft e of Fifth Av; vacant; Maurice Bamberger, trustee, against J. A. Cantor et al.; Hays, Leo & W., attorneys; due on judgment, $19,569.18; taxes, etc., $3,949.55; adjourned to Oct. 3.

119th St, 325 West, n s, 100 ft w of Manhattan Av, 18x100.11; three-story and basement dwelling; S. E. Montanye et al against F. M. Cavanaugh et al; P. H. Wadsworth, attorney; due on judgment, $6,813.07; sold to Sol Levi for $9,150.

By Samuel Marx.

135TH ST, 457 East, n s, 25x100; Hiram L. Phelps to Anna B. McKane, 104 East 157th St; mtg $12,125, Sept. 15; attorney, E. M. Phelps, 455 East 138th St.

229TH ST, n s, 271.8 ft w of Barnes Av, 25x114; Mary Bracht to Eugene J. Sellentag, 4,056 Barnes Av; mtg $2,500, Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

234TH ST, n s, 127.5 ft w of Carpenter Av, 25x114.6; Albert Wellnitz to Harry W. Fintel, 616 East 234th St; mtg $2,400, Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.

ALDAS ST, n s, 100 ft e of Faile St, 25x100; Crausman Realty Co. and another to Rebecca Hirsch, 487 East 163d St, and another; mtg $42,000, Sept. 15; attorney, Leiberwitz, 309 Broadway.

BRIGGS AV, s s, 25x98; Mae V. Leeuw to Otto Freund, 2,405 Grand Av, mtg $6,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

CRESTON AV, e s, 688.7 ft s of Donnybrook Av, 40x74,11x40x74.9; Max S. Melville to Barclay Holding Corp., 217 Bradway, mtg $8,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

SAME PROP, Barclay Holding Corp. to Edward A. Kearney, 238 West 122d St, mtg $3,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

DALY AV, 2,082, e s, 36.8x100.10; Christine M. Hinrichs to Julius C. Schoppane, 306 Lewis Av, Brooklyn, mtg $16,000, Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

FALLE ST, 652, e s, 25x100; Ida Levy to Amalia Wolfson, 200 Brook Av, mtg $7,250, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

JACKSON AV, 1,182, e s, 24.11x87.7x24.7x Rosalie Stern to Max Schiller, 883 Park Av, mtg $6,000, Sept. 3; attorney, M. M. Gewertz, 80 Graham Av, Brooklyn.

KELLY ST, 847, w s, 25x100; Samuel Buckermandel to Harry P. Maddock, 811 Dawson St, and another, mtg $14,000, Sept. 16; attorney, Charles Diringer, 1,482 Broadway.

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s s, 70.7 ft w of Fox Av, 25.2x104.2x25x107.6; Sarah McCarthy to Samuel T. McCarthy, 4,230 Byron Av, Byron Av.

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,412, e s; Conrad Baer to Alex Chernon, 950 Freeman St, mtg $4,000, Sept. 18; attorney, E. S. Klausner, 80 Delancey St.

LOT 10, Block 7, Map of Morris Park; Samuel T. McCarthy to Mary F. McCarthy, 4,231 Byron Av, Sept. 18; attorney, Mrs. S. McCarthy, 4,231 Byron Av.

SAME PROPERTY; same to Sarah McCarthy, Sept. 18; attorney, same.

LOTS 20 to 23, map L. G. Morris' Decatur Construction Co. to Annie E. Delaney, 2,002 River Av, West, mtg $12,000, Sept. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

LOT 105, map Dash Estate, Lot 151, map Bradish Johnson Estate; Isidor Broadman to Rachel Broadman, 105 East 96th St, Sept. 18; attorney, Rachel Broadman, 105 East 96th St.

LOT 106, map of Dash Estate; also Lot 152, map of Bradish Johnson Estate; Harry Broadman to Rachel Broadman, 105 East 96th St, Sept. 18; attorney, Rachel Broadman, 105 East 96th St.

LOTS 63 and 64, Van Nest Park; Martin J. Klug to James Spedaro, 827 East 217th St, Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

LOT 116, Block 1, Hunt estate, Mary C. Schiff to Frank Becker, 1,713 White Plains Av, mtg $7,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

OAKLAND PL, 672 E, 25x100; Wilhelmina A. Frandsewell to Gusie Schwartz, 2,105 Clinton Av, mtg $4,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Samuel Schack, 141 Broadway.

OLINVILLE AV, 1,425 ft n of 226th St, 25x94.11; Mary K. Owen to William C. Bergen, 120 West 130th St, mtg $5,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and payable in 2 years.

PARKER AV, s s, 100x332 irregular, Gersen C. Young, 185 Broadway, to Antonia Messina, 1122 West 102d St, Sept. 18; attorney, P. C. Gersen C. Young, 185 Broadway.

PARKER ST, n w corner of Olive Av, 25x100; Peter Corell to Vincenzo Crisenolo, 1,052 Parker St, mtg $1,000, Sept. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

PLOT begins 195 ft w of White Plains Road, at a point 395 ft s along same from Morris Park Av; run w 100x n 25x e 100x s 25 to beginning; Minnie Lindquist to Charlotta S. Anderson, 22 East 82d St, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SHERMAN AV, 964, e s, 43x100; Hamilton Y. Dean to Arthur D. Cahn, 925 West 183d St, mtg $30,000, Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Arthur D. Cahn to Augusta Miller, 796 East 175th St, mtg $40,000, Sept. 18; attorney, same.

ROSEDALE AV, 486; James Schallhart to Wm. Boyle, 1,512 Rosedale Av, mtg $2,200, Sept. 18; attorney, J. H. Joggin, 2,804 3d Av.

TAYLOR ST, 1,636; Nora S. Hough to Harry Happe, 353 East 138th St; mtg $4,000, Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

TINTON AV, 996, e s, 19.11x100; Sept. Freney to Carl J. Garden, 667 East 164th St, mtg $5,000, Sept. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

TREMONT AV, 904, e s, 100x irregular, to Canussan Realty Co., 350 Broadway, mtg $25,750, May 15; attorneys, Goldstein & Goldstein, 350 Broadway.

UNION AV, 720, e s, 18.9x93.6x19.2x93.8; Adaline Cohen to Rose Sitaman, 1,022 Boston Road, mtg $5,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Adaline Cohen and another to same, mtg $5,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

VALENTINE AV, w s, 117.5 ft n of Bedford Park Boulevard, Wm. D. Lutz to Charles Vettermann, 2,979 Valentine Av, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

VAN NEST AV, 836; Giovanni Rive to Rugiero Nevola, 1,038 Melville St, Sept. 17; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,128 East 178th St.

VYSE AV, w s, 42.6 ft s of 178th St, 20x100; Van De Veer Estates, Inc. to H. P. Clark, 160 Broadway, Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Van De Veer Estates, Inc. to Abraham Olesky, 1,443 5th Av, and another, mtg $5,000, Sept. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.

WALTON AV, 2,271, w s, 20x95; Thos. H. Mullen to Alex W. Rhind, 2,530 Poplar St, mtg $6,850, Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With names and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

5TH AV, 1,361, e s, 50.7 ft n of 113th St, 25x100, P. M. Sept. 18; Samuel Wohl and Arrow Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway; 5 years, 6 per cent; mtg $7,000, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

6TH AV, 689, w s, 80.2 ft n of 43d St, 20.2x100, P. M. Sept. 18; Benjamin Weiss to Home Circle Realty Corporation; 10 years at 5½ per cent; attorney, Guggenheimer & Untermyer, 27 William St.

28TH ST, n s, 76.2 ft e of 7th Av, 41.2x98.9; Max Schiller to Rosalie Stern, 1,182 Jackson Av, prior mtg $8,000, Sept. 18, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St.

KELLY ST, 847, w s, 33.4x100; Harry P. Madonick and ano to Samuel Zuckermandel, 163 West 84th St; pr. mtg $14,000; Sept. 15; installments 6 per cent; attorney, Egerton & H., 256 Broadway.

LOTS 29 and 30, map of L. G. Morris' Melville E. Debaney to Tremont Building and Loan Association, 1,081 Washington Av, Sept. 8; installments 6 p. c.; attorneys, Friend & F., 132 Nassau St.

OLINVILLE AV, s s, 2,744 22x94.11; William C. Bergen to Mary K. Owen, 1,815 Clay Av, prior mtg $3,000, Sept. 18, due Oct. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

PARKER AV, s s, 100 Vincenzo Criscenolo to Solomon E. Weisel, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 18, due, &c., per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

PLOT begins 195 ft s of White Plains Road and 395 ft w of Morris Park Av; run w 100 s 25 to Charlotte S. Anderson to Minnie Lindquist, 1,841 Victor St, Sept. 18, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

RIVER DRIVE, w s, 220 ft s of 158th St, D. M. Morrison, 100x240x110x250; also plot beginning at w s of land N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., 100 ft from n s land under water of T. A. Sheridan, 110x87x110x700; Northern Realty Co. to Toledo Fire and Marine Insurance Co., 434 S Adams St, Sandusky, O.; April 30, 3 years, 5 per cent; attorney, J. C. McKelvey, 43 Cedar St.

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ROSEDALE AV, 1,456; William Boyle to Joseph Shallhart, 1,500 Rosedale Av, prior mtg $3,000, Sept. 18, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, J. H. Joggin, 2,804 3d Av.

SHERMAN AV, 964, e s, 43x105; Arthur D. Cahn to Hamilton F. Dean, 211 East 51st St, prior mtg $30,000, Sept. 15, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

TAYLOR ST, 1,826; Mary Happe to Nora S. Hough, 328 Washington Av, Brooklyn; mtg $4,000, Sept. 15, 5 years, 6 per cent; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

TREMONT AV, w s, 117.5 ft n of Bedford Park Boulevard, 50x125; Edw. Guntermann, 2,979 Valentine Av, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

VAN NEST AV, 836; Giovanni Rive to Ruggiero Nevola, 1,038 Melville St, Sept. 17; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,128 East 178th St.

VYSE AV, w s, 42.6 ft s of 178th St, 20x100; H. P. Clark to Van De Veer Estates, Inc., 52 Broadway, Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Abraham Olesky and another to Van De Veer Estates, Inc., 52 Broadway, prior mtg $5,000, Sept. 15, 3 installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.

LOT 116, Block 1, Hunt estate, Mary C. Schiff to Frank Becker, 1,713 White Plains Av, mtg $7,000, Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Frank Becker to Schiller to Rosalie Stern, 1,182 Jackson Av, prior mtg $8,000, Sept. 18, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St.

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VAN NEST AV, 836; Giovanni Rive to Ruggiero Nevola, 1,038 Melville St, Sept. 17; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,128 East 178th St.

VYSE AV, w s, 42.6 ft s of 178th St, 20x100; H. P. Clark to Van De Veer Estates, Inc., 52 Broadway, Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.

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ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

3D AV, 1,762, mtg $5,000; Jos. R. Kunser to Equity Realty Holding Corporation, Brooklyn; attorney, F. B. Small, 939 Broadway.

3D AV, 1,762, mtg $5,000; Eugene L. Richards, trustee in bankruptcy of Adolf Mandel, to Jos. R. Kunser, 939 Halsey St, Brooklyn; attorney, F. B. Small, 939 Broadway.

3D AV, 2,329; Jennison Realty Co. to Henry Dreyer, 914 Leggett Av, Bronx; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

4TH ST, 344-6 East; Sarah Kohn to B. & K. Realty Co.; attorneys, Friedman & R., 220 Broadway, 2 assignments.

222D ST, 463 West; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Chas. S. Brown et al, trustees, and C. S. Brown, all trustees, to Martha B. Schirmer, 243 East 17th St; attorneys, Verplanck & F., 140 Broadway; 2 assignments.

37TH ST, 122 East; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, 405 West 34th St; address 170 Broadway.

66TH ST, s s, 325.5 ft w of Central Park West; Isaac E. Emerson to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

116TH ST, 66 West; Abraham Weintraub to Harry Renkoff, 67 Sands St, Brooklyn; attorneys, Slade & Slade, 200 Broadway; assignment.

120TH ST, 141 West; City Real Estate Co. to Rosa del Pino Selden, 840 Park Av; address 176 Broadway.

125TH ST, 50 West; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Geo. W. Jacoby, 1,356 Madison Av; attorneys, Michaels & Kayser.

177TH ST, 502-504 West; Hyman Sonn et al to Bushwick Savings Bank, 726 Grand St, Brooklyn; attorney, H. E. Brown.

CLINTON ST, 51, mtg $2,500; Sarah Kohn to B. & K. Realty Co.; attorneys, Friedman & R., 233 Broadway.

COENTIES AL, w s from Pearl to Stone St; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co.

GROENWICH ST, 537 to 545; Broadway Development Co. to Subway Central Building Corp., 527 5th Av; attorneys, Stetson, J. & R., 15 Broad St.

Bronx.

170TH ST, 683 East; Lizzie B. Barry to Charles H. Friedrich, 769 Beck St; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

AVENUE ST. JOHN, s e corner Fox, 75x100; Milton R. Glinterman and another, executors, to Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund of U. S. of ..., 1 and 3 3d Av.; assignment.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,370; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Nelson G. Stevens, Rutherford, N. J.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; assignment.

EASTBURN AV, w s, 50 ft n of 182d St, 25x100; Hy Staats to Carl Becker, 1,000 Lafayette Ridgefield Park, N. J.; attorney, J. A. Steinmetz, 1,003 E. 180th St.

GRAND AV, 2,473; Frederick Lauber, guardian, to Oscar Englander, guardian; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, 2,731; Hannah Kronenthal to William H. Hinde, 50 West 34 St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

OVERING ST, 1,532; Fred M. Weis to Hermann Wolfson, 2,144 Lexington Av; attorney, Cantor, 299 Broadway.

2D AV, c corner of 149th St, thirs store on 149th St; United Merchants Realty and Improvement Co. to Tony Vacarello, 2,004 Belmont Av, 10 years from April 25, 1917; attorney, Joseph Freeman, 302 Broadway.

INTERVALE AV, 1,136, all; Louisa B. Diener to Benj. Levenson, 2,004 West Decatur Av, 10 years from May 15, 1917; attorney, L. R. Rosenberg, 213 Alexander Av.

WESTCHESTER, 1,426, e s; Charles Massoth to Mary Decker, 3,250 Westchester Av, 5 years from June 1, 1919; attorney, M. Decker, 3,250 Westchester Av.

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

109TH ST, 67 and 69 East; Martin Weinstein agt, Louis Weinstein et al, (foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, M. Weinstein, 96 West, 50.8x100.11; lot irreg; Clarence J. Carroll agt, Zada H. Reakirt et al, (foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, W. F. Clare.

Bronx.

SARATOGA AV, s s, 100 ft w of Newport St, 25x100; Hedman Gunther agt, Leopold Armbruster et al, (foreclosure of mortgage); attorneys, Michaels & Kayser.

GLENVILLE AV, 3,016-3,018; Bronx Building Co., agt, Walter J. Gavagan, et al, (action for specific performance of contract); attorney C. F. Hallock.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

45TH ST, 146 and 148 West

J. Clarence Davies, Auctioneer.

BALOB

UY OT N ROADWAY

249 LOTS on.

Broadway will be sold

Between 242d St. and 256th St.

and adjoining Streets opposite Van Cortlandt Park and at the Subway Station

together with 24 Buildings

At an absolute

AUCTION SALE

of the Van Cortlandt Estate

October 14th

75% can remain on mortgage

Broadway is a completely finished street on which all assessments have been paid

For particulars apply to

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Auctioneer, 149TH ST. & 3RD AVE.

Ready for Occupancy October 1st

Ten rooms and three baths; thoroughly modern and first class in every respect; built by the day under our own supervision; hardwood floors, white enamel trim, electric light, gas, hot water heat, glass enclosed porch, large open fireplace. One hundred foot corner plot, within five minutes' walk of the Broadway station, Flushing; twenty-one minutes by electric express trains from Pennsylvania station; twenty minutes by motor from Queensborough Bridge. Write, call, or telephone for particulars of this and four other houses to be completed in October.

Rickert-Brown Realty Co.

52 Vanderbilt Avenue. Tel. Murray Hill 1190.

Flushing Office Opp. Station. Corner Broadway and 22nd St. Tel. Flushing 760

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PELHAM MANOR

One of the most charming residences in Pelham Manor, just offered for sale. Attractive price. English style, brick structure with slate roof, handsomely planned throughout. Large rooms and enormous closet, spacious halls. Southern exposure almost entirely. Delightful porches, one enclosed and heated. Servant's bedroom, sitting room and bath in separate wing. Garage for two cars, heated, with chauffeur's room and bath. Over $4,000 spent in shrubbery and planting during the last two years.

BLAKEMAN QUINTARD MEYER Inc.

The Hills & Shores of Westchester
50 East 42d St., New York City.
Phones Murray Hill 2465-3466 & Rye 523.

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GREAT NECK, L. I.

A new house of exceptional design of 5 bedrooms and 3 baths. $10,000 cash and mortgage of $18,500. Open Saturday and Sunday. Located on North Drive 400 feet east of West Drive.

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COLONIAL RESIDENCE

AT SYOSSET, LONG ISLAND.
Four master bedrooms, open fireplaces. Garage with chauffeur's quarters. For particulars and terms, address Executor, care of Warner & Co., 15 Wall Street, N. Y. Telephone 1499 Rector.

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$350 Palisades Lots $89

Stop, listen; closing subdivision; sacrificing $350 lots, $89; $5 down, $5 monthly; only 2 miles from Riverside Drive, opposite Grant's Tomb, on beautiful Palisades; 15 minutes from 125th St., N. Y.; insured title; do not miss this unheard of opportunity. Visit the property Sunday, Sept. 21. Apply at 2 P. M. sharp at Room 506, 110 West 34th St., opposite Macy's. Free trolley and ferry tickets.

S. E. Bruce & Co.,
110 West 34th St., New York.

$250 Seashore Lots $59

Closing estate; sale regular $250 seashore lots, $59; $5 down, $3 monthly; insured title; situated 6 miles from Greater N. Y. City limits on Jersey shore, opposite Coney Island; high and dry; near bathing beach, trolley and station, stores, churches, schools; N. Y. boat landing, Sunday, Sept. 21, meet me from 11 to 11:45 A. M. front of 143 Liberty St., N. Y. Free tickets or address

F. L. Searl,
General Delivery, Keansburg Beach, N. J.

QUICK BUYER WANTED FOR MY HOME. COZY 8-room house, ALL IMPROVEMENTS, ON LOT 50x150. Fine garden and fruit trees. Beautiful shade trees. 45 minutes to Hudson Terminal 50 minutes to 23rd St. & 6th Ave. 4 minutes' walk to Public School 6 minutes' walk to High School Price $6,500. Occupancy October 1st C. W. Smith, 18 Circle Ave., Ridgewood, N. J. Phones: Office, Flushing 8581; Home, Ridgewood 374-M.

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Beautifully furnished—
For Rent for the Winter Months or by the Year.
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Excellent location.
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4 room apartments; all large light rooms; possession Oct. 1. Apply
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Ready for Occupancy.
SMALL ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
1 Room, Bath... $700 to $900
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Bath and kitchenette.
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Studio Room, 18x27, with 7x12 North Side Studio Window, Bedroom, Dressing Room and Bath.
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Four Rooms, Two Baths
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New law apartments, 2 and 3 rooms, all improvements; rents $75 to $90 per month. Inquire on premises.

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At the Northwest Corner of 57th St. & Seventh Ave.
Apartments of 8 or more large, light rooms, with 2 or more baths. Handsomely furnished.
Rentals from $7500 per annum up.
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Artistically Furnished Apartment

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With Heating Facilities and All Modern Improvements.
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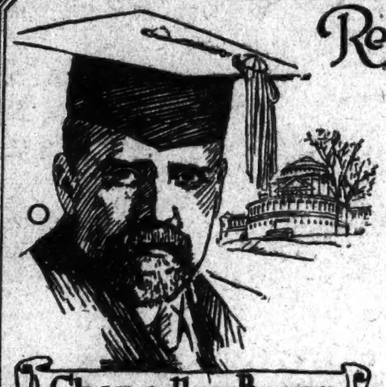

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Stucco, 8 rooms, 2 baths, large living room; open fireplaces, enclosed porch, heat, electricity. Plot 50x100. Price $22,500. Immediate possession. Open, or G. GIRARD, 219 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

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Modern Dwellings, $5,000 and Up
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2 Houses on Culver Subway

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6 rooms and sun porch, hollow tile, with hollow tile garage; corner plot. A beauty; $12,500.
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Near South Broadway, Yonkers.
Two bathrooms, large veranda, sleeping porch, parquet floors, steam heat, electricity, &c.; an exceptionally well built house, on a plot 100x100.
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101 McLean Avenue, Yonkers
On lot 34x107
AT A BARGAIN
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Beautiful Ten Room Stucco House, SOUTH YONKERS; high ground, overlooking Van Cortlandt Park; near Caryl station, subway and trolley; large trees; grounds 75x100; ten room house, two baths, sleeping porch, sun parlor; modern improvements; quartered oak trim; parquet floors; $14,000; easy terms; garage. E. A. FAIRBANKS, 21 Euclid Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone Yonkers—4056.

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HERE is a fine home; 9 large rooms, all improvements; corner plot; high ground, 100x155 ft.; 2 car garage; North Avenue section. A bargain; $15,000. See this today.
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New 8-room home, 2 baths; garage; well built, high, choice, exclusive site; all city improvements; near station; 30 minutes out. Marwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y. Telephone White Plains 2330.

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Elegant 3-story private dwelling, parquet floors, electricity, all improvements, on West 130th; principals only. A. Kane Co., 300 West 125st.

$2,000 cash buys five story tenement, 75 East 121st St.; balance, mortgage; low rents; write or call. Room 1058 Woolworth Building.

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Private dwelling for sale, 474 West 142d St., near Amsterdam Av. Caretaker.

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Brick two-family house, only $10,000. Wallace, 2,069 Valentine Av., 180th St.

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Factory site near Myrtle Av, Ridgewood; excellent R. R. and general accommodations; price and terms right. Leonard Davidson & Co., Inc., 2,391 Myrtle Av., Ridgewood.

Bedford Av., 2,302, near Albemarle Road.—Beautiful 2-family brick; all improvements; $10,500. E. Kessler, Attorney, 46 Cedar St., N. Y.

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Builder owning choice plots in beautiful Wykagyl Park, New Rochelle, will build to order or from my own plans and specifications house costing not less than $15,000; cash required $5,000; will arrange for building and permanent loan; installment second mortgage same as rent; for natural beauty and transit to city Wykagyl Park is in a class by itself. I. B. C., Room 619, 115 Broadway.

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IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, (vacant,) new detached cottage, eight rooms and bath; steam heat, electric lights, parquet floors, garage space; no assessment; easy terms. Cobb, 656 Quince St. near Oak Av., Flushing. Phone 1991-R Flushing.

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Choice plot near station, best on property; must sell, make offer; half on mortgage. Telephone Forest Hills 6734.

Real home; 30 minutes out; seven rooms and bath, steam heat; $4,500, terms. F 421 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—New 7-room craftsman home, sleeping porch, tile bath, open fireplace, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, steam heat, gas, electricity; all improvements; near station, schools, churches; superior neighborhood; 28 minutes N. Y. City; 8c commutation; $1,000 cash; balance on terms. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Telephone John 5047.

One home beautiful; six-room bungalow, all improvements, steam heat; plot 50x100; high elevation; near station, schools, churches, and stores; only $4,500, all cash. Also six-room cottage, barn, with gas, water; plot 100x122; only $2,600, $1,000 cash 23 miles New York City, Erie R. R. J. B. Bloomer, Hillsdale, N. J.

Choice plot, Westfield, all improvements, 50 feet, $900; terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Acreage to divide, Westfield and Fanwood. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

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WANTED.—Property of every description in every locality; we have a large waiting list for 1 or 2 family houses in Brooklyn, Manhattan, Bronx, Queens, New Jersey and all near-by suburbs; owners send complete particulars; quick action. Associated Realty Co., 1,133 B'way, Farragut 2903.

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FOR QUICK SALE.

300-acre farm in New Jersey, at $22.50 per acre; 50 miles from New York, 10 minutes' walk from commuting station, D. L. & W.; worth $50 an acre. Owner, Room 712, World Bldg. Phone Beekman 8220-8321.

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Farm for sale, situated between Buffalo and Rochester, containing 168 acres of black muck land, (drained swamp,) and 57 acres high land, with railway siding; tenant houses, full line of implements; also with or without 2 apple evaporators and large warehouse. Apply Grahams, Limited, Belleville, Ontario, Canada.

Farms Wanted.

Poultry farm wanted for rent; modern equipped for 2,000 layers, by reliable breeder, located near New York; state full details. D 174 Times.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

In Chelsea district, West 22d St., fine old house, 20 feet wide, high ceilings, four bathrooms, susceptible of interesting remodeling. Owner, E 154 Times.

90TH, 80 EAST.—Three-story and basement, 11-room dwelling; immediate possession, caretaker; price $22,000. Traube, 1,402 Lexington Av.

256th St., Broadway.—Stucco house, 6 rooms, improvements; plot 50x100; price $8,000. Telephone Kingsbridge 611. Owner.

Bronx.

Must sell; am paralyzed; three cottages and detached three family house on plot facing two streets; yearly rental $5,800. Chute, 1,418 Boscobel Av., Bronx.

One-family dwellings near Central Bridge; large plots; $11,000-$14,000 and $28,000. Louis G. Friess, 1 Liberty St.

Handsome residence, University Heights; beautiful location; immediate possession; cheap. C 55 Times.

Brooklyn.

Beautiful 7-room cottages, all improvements, with garages, being completed. Ocean Parkway Construction Co., Ocean Parkway, near Avenue U. Louis L. Olau on premises, or telephone East New York 2488 for particulars.

Queens.

OVERLOOKING THE SOUND.

Eight-room semi-bungalow, hot water heat, gas, sewer, water, electricity, spacious grounds; $2,500 cash; balance can be arranged; bargain to quick buyer. Stephenson, 161 West 34th St. Greeley 3282.

Flushing.—Dutch Colonial home, 8 rooms and bath; open fireplace; large living porch and ten porch; all improvements; 10 minutes to station; near trolley; $9,750; terms. R. L. Paris, 141 West 36th St., New York City.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN.

$2,000 reduction, small cash payments, easy terms, buys suitable house, half hour out, fine surroundings, all improvements, large plot. Owner 6515 Hollis.

Kew Gardens.—Magnificent mansion, 10 rooms, 4 quiet; steam; garage; electricity; 50x100; artist's residence; sacrifice; near station; $6,000 required. Particulars, telephone 3856 Richmond Hill.

Substantial two-family brick house conveniently located in Jamaica. $2,000 cash required.
F. W. Greene, 9 Flushing Av., Jamaica.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Queens.

Woodhaven, L. I.—Immediate possession, handsome corner property; white Colonial house, 8 rooms, bath, 3 sleeping porches; garage for two cars; plot 82x100; surrounded by trees and shrubbery; beautiful location, facing Forest Park; 5-cent fare zone; reasonable price; terms to suit. Telephone Richmond Hill 4197.

Flushing.—Charming Colonial home, 9 rooms; open fireplace; two porches; large plot; garage; $12,500; terms. Warren P. Smith, 141 West 36th St., New York City.

For Sale.—Suburban home, seven rooms, modern improvements, immediate possession, Flushing section, private, no dealers. Phone Flushing 3374-W.

Elmhurst.—Dr. Frankel's residence, 51 Elmhurst Av., near subway; all improvements; reasonable.

City Houses Wanted.

Furnished house or apartment wanted, six, seven or eight rooms, until April, May, or June; satisfactory references. Bryant 4800. W. A. V. Mack, 1,600 Broadway.

Furnished houses wanted; year or longer. L. J. Phillips & Co., 149 West 72d St., Columbus 1833.

Wanted to buy private house, west side; liberal terms. 427 West 144th.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let

Westchester County.

FOR SALE.

Bronxville, Cedar Knolls colony, restricted; 8 rooms, 2 baths, $15,500; 8 rooms, 1 bath, $12,500; sleeping porches, garages, open fireplaces, colonial and Spanish styles. W. D. Riley, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 8462 or Bronxville 263-J.

Westchester Real Estate For Sale.—7-room attractive house; plot 44x105; all improvements; near station and schools; price $9,000; no agents. Owner, 27 Halcyon Terrace, New Rochelle, N. Y.

At Bryn Mawr Park Yonkers.—Nice 2-family house, 10 rooms and 2 baths, all improvements; 10 minutes to station, 25 minutes to city; price $6,800; rentals $804; worth investigating. Owner, 104 Fortfield Av., Yonkers.

LARCHMONT MANOR.

Beautiful home, 11 rooms, 3 baths, all modern appointments; slate roof, sun porch, sleeping porch, &c.; 2-car garage; corner acre of land. M. S. Keller, 181 West 39th St. Telephone 1251 Bryant.

Ten rooms, two baths; well furnished; electricity, steam heat; garage; no children; hour to City Hall; references; $175. D 206 Times.

New Rochelle.—One-family house, 9 rooms, shingle; all improvements; restricted; $8,300; cash $4,300. Braemig, 27 Jackson St.

Long Island.

For Sale.—Unusually attractive all-year home; new Colonial brick dwelling, with garage; first floor has large living room, dining room, kitchen; extra toilet and laundry in basement; second floor, 3 bedrooms, tiled bath; interior finished throughout in white enamel woodwork and mahogany doors, parquet floors throughout, steam heat, gas, electricity, sewer, &c.; restricted section; no assessments; 5 minutes' walk to large park and bathing; one block express station, 15 minutes Grand Central, 5-cent fare; $2,000 cash required, balance on terms; for plan and photo, call, write or phone J. S. Withers, 23 East 33d St., tel. 3040 Murray Hill.

For sale, one elegant one-family house (new) and big garage, up-to-date improvements, at East Elmhurst, L. I., 2 blocks from the water; Curtis St. and Grand Av.; house open every day for inspection; Sunday from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.; big bargain.

For sale, attractive 11-room all-year country home, with all latest modern improvements; beautiful large grounds, flowers, shrubs and fruit trees; also garage and stable; 35 minutes from Penn. Station; price $15,000; no agents. Owner, 156 5th Av., Room 1902.

Floral Park.—Seven nice large rooms and bath, water, gas, electricity, furnace; good location; 5 minutes to station, 30 minutes New York or Brooklyn; electric trains; possession Oct. 15; $5,000; $1,500 cash balance $25 per month. A. H. Goldsmith. Phone 92 Floral Park, L. I.

Immediate Possession.—Unusually large, new 12-room house, with all modern comforts; 7 bedrooms, sleeping porch, 3 baths; 85 Woodmere, L. I.; corner plot of 2 city lots. For quick sale apply Morgenthau, 200 Broadway. Phone Cort. 3096.

Sell seven-room attractive home; living room 20x18 feet; steam heat, electric light, gas; corner Madison and Lexington Aves., Rye-port; large garage, 400 square feet; shrubs, fruit trees, &c. Owner, B. Perry, 154 Madison Av., New York City.

For Sale.—Modern 12-room house, 2 baths, garage; corner plot, 100x150; sewer connections; fine location; corner Lawrence Boulevard and 9th St., Bayside, L. I. Inquire Louis Ries, 70 Bell Av., Bayside.

NEW HOMES of artistic designs at Hempstead, L. I., through electric express service; 40 minutes; prices from $5,500 up; liberal terms. Call or write, O. L. Schwencke, 277 Broadway, New York City.

Port Washington.—Attractively located and furnished house; large living room, 5 bedrooms, sleeping porch, garage; out by April 30; $85 month. Phone Port Washington 42-J after 9 A. M.

For Sale.—At Forest Hills, one stucco house, six rooms; one frame house, six rooms, garage; one brick house, corner plot, ten rooms, garage. Phone Forest Hills 83237.

Scarsdale.—Eight-room house, furnished; all improvements; attractive; $150 month; sale with furniture $9,500. Kling, Scarsdale 286-M.

Seven-room house, steam, gas, electricity; corner plot, 100x100; eight minutes station; $6,250. 100 Rutland Road, near Grand Av., Freeport, L. I.

Must be sold, beautiful home, completely furnished; modern improvements; 5 acres; near Rockville Center, Long Island. M 1001 Times Harlem.

Massapequa.—Exceptional value in 7-room stucco house, with all improvements; price $4,800. Conway, 47 West 34th.

New Jersey.

Modern six-room house, beamed ceilings, open fireplace, hardwood floors, electric light, gas, steam heat; two glass-inclosed porches, screens, storm windows throughout; plot 38x120; thirty minutes out, 5 cents commutation; coal in cellar; $3,000 cash, balance, $4,800, less than rent; business reasons compel owner sacrifice this fine home. 77 7th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J., (telephone Hackensack 983 M.)

Ridgewood, N. J.—Exceptional value; owner wishes to sell at once, house 8 rooms and bath; all improvements; fine shade trees and garden, on one of Ridgewood's finest streets; only five minutes' walk to Hohokus station, with fine train service; price $8,500; occupancy Oct. 1. Emil Junge, 1 Maiden Lane. Phone 4773 Cortlandt, or 116 So. Van Dien Av., Ridgewood, N. J.

Lyndhurst.—Only 26 miles from Manhattan, Lackawanna Railroad; occupancy Oct. 1; modern homes, newly built, 7 rooms, tile bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim; every improvement; $8,500 to $7,000; easy terms; numerous other 5 to 10 room houses from $4,000 to $9,000. Consult H. R. Bogle & Co., First National Bank Building. Phone Rutherford 1077.

Seven-room stucco dwelling; steam heat, quiet location, overlooking lake; convenient to schools, clubs, churches, and express station; owner going abroad; price $7,500; $1,500 cash. Telephone Mr. Baker, Cortlandt 2907.

For Sale.—Modern house in Caldwell Cedars, select location; plot 75x150; 8 rooms, pantry, bath, fireplace, 3 porches, besides sleeping porch; convenient to trolley and train; possession Oct. 1. H. R. Wasber, 285 Claremont Av., Montclair, N. J. Tel. 841W.

An elegant large six-room house for sale cheap; hardwood trim, parquet floors, steam heat, electric lights, gas, and sewer connection; in a beautiful town 30 minutes from New York; near schools and station; $1,000 down, balance on easy terms. W. Buckley, 261 Broadway. Tel. 5588 Barclay.

Hillsdale, N. J.—Unusually attractive home; every improvement, with large garage; beautifully situated among fine trees on large corner plot; quick buyer will get a bargain; immediate possession. Address owner, B. H. Rafferty, Hillsdale, N. J.

Houses $4,800 up; positively every modern improvement; two railroads; 8c. commutation; one-half hour Manhattan; $1,000 cash; one 7-room beauty, $6,900. Henschel, 80 6th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Telephones 1481-J Hackensack, 5823 Cortlandt.

For sale or rent, at Tenafly, N. J., modern house of eight rooms and two baths; nearly two and a half acres of ground; big frontage; macadamized street; superb location. H. S. Mott, 123 B'way, N. Y., or Tenafly, N. J.

Modern one-family dwelling, plot 75x165, 12 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, hardwood throughout, electricity, gas, steam heat; house in excellent condition; garage. Owner, 716 Charles St., West Hoboken, N. J. Phone Union 1585.

Six room, bath bungalow, all improvements; large plot; near station and trolley, half hour out Erie; $4,200; $1,000 cash, balance monthly like rent. W. Butscher, Box 340 Times Downtown.

Six room, bath slate roof dwelling, all improvements; plot 70x100; near station and trolley; half hour out Erie; $4,300; $1,000 cash, balance monthly like rent. W. Butscher, Box 340 Times Downtown.

Tenafly, N. J., (Columbus Drive,)—Beautiful bungalow; 6 rooms and bath, open fireplace, hot-water heat; 5 minutes from trains or trolley; lot 50x140; $4,500. Owner, Edw. Burrows, Tenafly, N. J.

Very handsome 9-room house, $10,500; garage, parquet floors; choice location; nearly new. William Harris, 113 Stewart Av., Arlington, N. J.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Complete modern residence for sale or rent; sell or exchange; must sacrifice. W. L. Sawyer, 15 Park Row, N. Y. Phone Barclay 6160.

Westfield palace house, $8,000; possession; also others cheaper. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

To let furnished or

2:30 P. M. Today.

Advertisements for the Classified Section of The New York Times Sunday edition must be in the Times Building not later than 2:30 P. M. today.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

42D ST., 226 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $25 per week up; full hotel service.

43D, 26 WEST.—Bachelor apartment, two rooms, bath; shown from 2 to 5. Madison Square 6976.

43TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no objectionable applicants; highest references; $60-$135 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 6355.

47TH ST., 100 WEST, (Hotel St. James.)—Sitting room, bedroom, and bath; all large outside rooms; ample closet room; $1,500 from Oct. 1.

47TH, 16 WEST.—Large, handsome room, kitchenette, bath; hot water; convenience; $75.

53D, 48 WEST.—Suites 1-2 rooms, kitchenette, bathrooms; exclusive apartment.

57TH ST., 44 WEST, (Four Doors West of 5th Av.)—Two-room kitchenette apartment, fourth floor, front, elegantly furnished; ideal for bachelor; $900 a month; yearly lease or for sale with lease. Evans.

57TH, 340 WEST, (the Clintonia.)—Modern elevator apartment; newly furnished; hotel service; 2-3 rooms and bath; $65 monthly up; references required. Telephone Columbus 7184.

57TH ST., 17 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished apartment to rent. Inquire in building.

57TH, 1 WEST.—HOTEL DES ARTISTES, HIGHEST CLASS DUPLEX APARTMENT: $4,800. APARTMENT 513.

58TH, 47 WEST.—Sublet charming apartment completely, exquisitely furnished; 2 rooms, kitchenette.

59TH ST., WEST, (near park.)—Very attractive parlor, bedroom, bath, Victrola; maid service; $110 monthly. Phone Columbus 6842.

59TH, 545 WEST, (the New West End.)—1, 2, 3 room apartment, bath, kitchenette; latest improvements; complete housekeeping; $75 up.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Entire parlor floor, 3 large rooms, bath, electricity; splendid for gentlemen, couple; $210 month; yearly lease.

70th.—7 rooms, 2 baths; new building. Phone Columbus 1277.

72D, 166 WEST.—Four-room furnished apartment, with bath, $250-$275 month; also three-room furnished apartment with bath, $190-$200; large, light rooms, sumptuously furnished; ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.

72D, 42 WEST.—Completely furnished front apartment of living room, bedroom and bath; cafe, maid service; lease by year or season. Mr. Sawyer.

72D-174TH.—Two ten-room furnished apartments; best in city. Cathedral 5825.

73D ST., 126 WEST, (Hotel Nobleton.)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates; suites, $100 monthly and up.

73D, 136 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; suitable three young men; reference; electricity.

75TH, 327 WEST.—Attractively furnished apt.; 3 large rooms, private bath, kitchenette.

75TH, 318 WEST.—Apartments to let, furnished, unfurnished; next Riverside Drive.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Large front room, one light, dressing room, electricity, parquet; for particular people; gentleman; $15; references.

77TH, 66 WEST.—Two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished, elevator, private telephone; $150; year's lease Oct. 1.

77TH, 112 WEST.—Newly furnished, large room; clean beds; electricity; phone; gentleman.

78TH, 134 WEST.—Attractively furnished apartment, 3 large rooms, private bath, kitchenette.

80S, (West End Av.)—6 rooms, 2 baths, 2 bedrooms, charmingly furnished; year, $3,000; season, $3,000. Particulars, 3974 Columbus.

82D, 70 WEST.—Elegantly furnished one-room and three-room suites, $85 and $150 respectively; instantaneous hot water.

82D, 319 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; maid service; immediate occupancy.

83D, 165 WEST.—Business woman having attractive elevator apartment would like another business woman to share same apartment. Apt. 94. Schuyler 8506.

83D ST., 4 WEST.—Entire parlor floor, handsomely furnished; electricity; reasonable; afternoons.

85TH ST., 342 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Desirable light seven-room apartment to Dec. 1, $200 month; can be seen any time. Inquire on premises.

85TH, 42 WEST.—Beautiful, 3d floor, tile bath, parquet floors, electricity, kitchenette, maid service; reference. Call 2-5 P. M.

93D, 270 WEST.—Large front room, bath, kitchenette; $60-$70; furnished, unfurnished.

96D, 109 WEST.—Large rooms with kitchenettes, private baths, electricity, private telephones.

96TH ST., 251 WEST, (Cor. Broadway.)—Seven rooms, well furnished; $250 per month. Apt. 3 north.

100TH, 255 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, first-class; furnished or unfurnished; lease; $75 to $150.

110TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—In Hendrick Hudson, Apartment 1-I, five double rooms, (space of seven,) two baths; silver, linen; superb furnishings; on yearly lease, $300. Phone Cathedral 7070.

111TH, 501 WEST.—Attractive 5-room corner elevator apartment; southern exposure; all outside rooms; exceptionally clean; for 2 or 3 in family; $150 monthly; references required. Apt. 35. 6439 Cathedral.

112TH, 500 WEST.—Five very attractively furnished, all outside rooms; newly decorated; high-class; every convenience. Demono.

113TH ST., 526 WEST.—Four-room apartment, tastefully furnished; plenty light and sunshine; rent $150 month.

114TH, (Drive.)—Beautifully furnished southern exposure; seven-room apartment; $350. Cathedral 5825.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished 5-room apartment; immediate possession; year's lease only. Mrs. Finch.

125TH, (409 Edgecombe Av.)—Five large outside, sunny rooms, southern exposure; nicely furnished; 10th floor; Apt. 10B; $175 monthly. Audubon 8300. See Superintendent.

Apartment seeking simplified, for long and short leases. Handsomely furnished, $175 upward; best localities. Consult Wickliffe Gray, 289 West 72d. Columbus 3074.

APARTMENTS of from 2 to 10 rooms, located in the best sections of the city. Apply Thos. J. O'Reilly, B'way at 160th St.

ATTRACTIVE 6 rooms, beautifully furnished, southern exposure; 2 baths, elevator; outside rooms. Full particulars, Stewart, 123 West 80th.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished six-room apartment, southern exposure; year lease; $200. Cathedral 5825.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 373, (97th St.)—Tastefully furnished six-room apartment overlooking Central Park; reliable references required; Saturday, Sunday evenings. Tel. 7230 Riverside. Other days see Superintendent; Oct. 1; $165.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1071.

ELEGANTLY furnished front apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, C. P. W.; near 86th St.; new modern 12-story building, 8th floor, overlooks lake, 5th Av., and Central Park West; new furniture; $150 month to one buying furniture, $2,800, complete, or $275 month furnished; yearly lease only; immediate occupancy. Address, giving your phone number. Phone 8524 Riverside, Apt. 82.

EXCEPTIONAL 5-room apartment, furnished; $75. Miller, 162 West 50th St. Circle 3067.

EXCLUSIVE furnished apartments and houses. F. R. Wood & Co., Inc., 128 West 72d St. Columbus 6245.

FORT WASHINGTON AV.—Well-furnished elevator apartment; near subway; four light rooms. Phone Sherwood, 9711 St. Nicholas.

FROM OCT. 1.—Beautiful, very light apartment, completely furnished; piano; 47th St., near 5th Av.; large front room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. R 286 Times.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to sublet, season or longer. Apply Hahn & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE.—Refined bachelor home; select neighborhood overlooking park; eastern and southern exposure; elevator. Cathedral 7770. Apartment 6L.

PARTICULARLY attractive 3-room apartment; will rent for 6 months or longer; $450 per month. Tel. Columbus 5670.

6T RIVERSIDE DRIVE, COR. 79TH.—6 rooms and 2 baths, handsomely furnished; $235 per month; corner apartment; immediate possession. Particulars Tel. Vanderbilt 1400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Beautifully furnished 8-room apartment, 2 baths, overlooking Hudson, one block from Broadway subway, in strictly high-class fireproof building. A. O'Dell, Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—10 spacious rooms, all overlooking Hudson, 3 baths. Columbus 7915.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 559, (Apt. 2B.)—Attractively furnished four-room apartment; one year's lease; baby grand piano, Victrola; can be seen Saturday and Sunday.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 464.—7 rooms, 2 family bedrooms, new furnishings, elaborate, complete, $350 monthly. Further particulars, 3971 Columbus.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 71.—Entire floor of two beautiful rooms; bath; private bath; also one large front room.

SIX OUTSIDE, sunny rooms, overlooking Hudson; antique mahogany furniture; years lease; immediate possession. Stewart, 88 Fort Washington Av., cor. 160th. Phone Audubon 208.

STUDIO, north skylight, southern exposure; three rooms, bath, kitchenette. Greeley 42.

THREE-ROOM furnished apartment (no kitchenette) to respectable parties; $70 per month. Apply Office, 110 West 39th St.

WEST END AV., 664, (94th.)—Two-room apartment, kitchenette, and bath, for Oct. 1; references.

WEST END AV., 881, (92d.)—Living room, alcove, bedroom, bathroom; $900-$1,060.

WEST END, (90th.)—beautifully furnished 8-room apartment; 2 baths. Cathedral 5885.

Furnished—Bronx.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,368.—Three-room, furnished apartment, ground floor front; improvements; $75 monthly. Write Kenny, 2,804 Decatur Av.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO RENT ON THE PARK SLOPE.

Six rooms and bath, $90 and $100; beautifully decorated; new parquet flooring; up to date lighting, fixtures. Apply on premises, cor. 8th Ave. and 7th St., Bklyn.

Furnished—Long Island.

WHY PAY HIGH RENTS in city when you can live in a beautiful suburban apartment hotel, only 45 minutes from city, at a moderate cost; furnished rooms for two persons, $60 month, with private bath, $35 month; excellent meals served in beautiful dining room for $10 week. South Shore Hotel, Rose St. and Long Beach Av., Freeport, L. I. Phone 379 Freeport, L. I.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Five rooms and bath housekeeping apartment to rent in New Rochelle, furnished throughout in mahogany; front and back yard and porch; $125 month; immediate occupancy. Phone Murray Hill 4997.

Unfurnished—East Side.

81ST ST., 120 EAST.—First floor, 2 rooms and bath; suitable for a physician; $900 a year. Brown, Wheelock Co., Inc., 10 East 45th St. Telephone 3100 Murray Hill.

97TH, 163 EAST.—Exclusive Murray Hill; new building; elevator; studio apartment, 3 rooms and bath, kitchenette, open fireplace, roof garden; $1,800; ready Oct. 1. Apply on premises.

97TH ST., 172 EAST.—Single and duplex apartments; large rooms, fireplaces, kitchenette service; quiet. Murray Hill 8004.

41ST, 4 EAST.—Beautiful two-room apartment with bath; $200 month; references.

56TH, 35 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Apartments, entire floors, 2 and 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, decorated suite; immediate occupancy; $100-$200; references.

55TH ST., 116 EAST, (Park Av.)—Elegant large apartment, entire floor, parlor, dining room, kitchen, bedroom, bath, maid's room, maid's bath; $200 month; maid service if desired. Plaza 7315.

90TH, 42 EAST.—Apartments altered to suit tenants; open 11 to 6; also basement and yard. Address 65 West 55th. Phone 1484 Circle.

64TH, 25 EAST.—Four beautifully arranged 4-room and bath apartments; $1,800 to $2,400; steam heat; maid and restaurant service.

67TH, 51 EAST.—Six rooms, electric light; $75-$85.

50TH ST., 22 EAST.—3-4 room apartments; elevator; furnished or unfurnished.

93D ST., cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; beautiful corner suite, 2 rooms and bath, unfurnished, $40 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

119TH, 6 EAST.—Christian family will rent top floor in private house.

APARTMENTS OF DISTINCTION.
125 EAST 56TH ST.
Living room, bedroom, dressing room, bath, kitchenette, roof garden, $3,000; also large single room, bath, foyer, $1,500; elevator. Plaza 8067.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,275.—Six rooms, electric light; $60, $75, $85.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive parlor floor; suitable men's club, physician's office or private residence; 2-room bath suites; open Monday.

MADISON AV., 121.—Very attractive four-room apartment; light housekeeping. Shown by Superintendent.

NEW APARTMENTS.
2 AND 3 ROOMS AND KITCHENETTE,
All improvements,
$75 and $85.
1,373 Lexington Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

10TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, sculptors; also sunny front apartment; all improvements.

23D ST., WEST, (Apt. 74, The Chelsea.)—Beautiful apartment of three outside sunny rooms, kitchen and bath, to lease from Oct. 1; $1,500 year.

45TH ST., 106 WEST, (Hotel St. James.)—Sitting room, bedroom and bath; all large outside rooms; ample closet room; $1,500 from Oct. 1.

49TH, 28 WEST.—Furnished, unfurnished apartments, 1, 2 rooms, improvements. Premises.

50TH, 17 WEST.—4 rooms, bath and sunny southern exposure kitchenette; open fireplace; $125 month. Apply on premises.

57TH ST., 38 WEST.—3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; living room 15x25 with fireplace; $125 month. Phone 3099 Circle.

76TH ST., 317 WEST.—Studio apartment, exceptionally large and beautiful; near Riverside Drive; electric light, telephone; immediate possession.

79TH ST., 5 Riverside Drive, 83.)—Floor, suitable doctors; also three and four rooms; improvements.

82D, 62 WEST.—Floor in private house; electricity and gas; references.

92D, 319 WEST.
Open for inspection.
2 and 3 rooms,
bath, kitchenette, kitchen.
Fred'k Zittel & Sons,
79th St. and Broadway.
9700 Schuyler.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

PARK SLOPE section, from Oct. 1, five rooms and bath, third floor, private house, one-third block from park; $60 per month; advise number in family. Y 329 Times Annex.

HEIGHTS section—7 minutes Wall St. One room with bath. 50 Livingston.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

Three, four, five and six rooms in the "Garden Spot" of East Orange, N. J.; one and one-half blocks from D., L. & W. R. R. Station; modern improvements; guests assembly; take Central Av. trolley at Hudson Tube Terminal, Newark. Agent on premises, 16 South Munn Av., New building. Rent $30 to $36 per room.

East Orange, N. J., 150 Harrison St.—3, 4, 5 rooms, rent $900 to $1,000 per annum; all modern improvements; new building. Take Central Av. car at Hudson Tube Terminal, Newark. Telephone Orange 8033.

FOUR ROOMS and bath; possession Oct. 1; yearly lease; $38 month; 220 Roseville Av., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Responsible couple, no children, would share apartment in desirable location with congenial small family; state rental, number in family, number rooms, &c. W. M. M., P. O. Box 259, City Hall Station.

GREAT DEMAND FOR WELL-FURNISHED APARTMENTS; EXCELLENT TENANTS WAITING. SEND PARTICULARS TO SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D. TEL. 7240 COLUMBUS.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

CLIENTS WISH HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
F. R. WOOD & CO.,
128 West 72d St. Columbus 6245.

Nine large room apartment; fully furnished; Oct. 1; seven months; desirable location; not over $250 month; no children; no objection old style apartment if facilities satisfactory. Tel. Cortlandt 3397. Fullerton.

Wanted, a substantially furnished five-room apartment, (2 bedrooms,) in good residential section for short period, 3 or 6 months, from Oct. 1; best of references. T. D., Box 227 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping from middle of October in or near Tuckahoe. State full particulars. F. W. M., 202 Produce Exchange.

Five or six rooms, furnished apartment, $300 or about, for two months from Oct. 1. Write G. Jinguji, 53 Park Row. Tel. Beekman 9145.

Wanted, furnished, a three or four room; kitchen and bath apartment for a refined couple; upper west side preferred; highest references. Phone Flatbush 5145.

List your apartments with us.
Clients waiting. L. J. Phillips & Co.,
148 West 72d St. Col. 1850.

Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, constant hot water, required by self and wife, 72d to 107th, near Broadway; state price. D 309 Times.

Lady with school-going boy wishes to share apartment with lady or couple; willing to pay for right accommodations; references. Circle 5947.

Will west side family rent room, kitchenette privilege, reasonably, young ex-service man? References, permanent, married. R 290 Times.

Bachelor's apartment for two, preferably floor in altered private house, with two bedrooms, living room and bath, furnished, maid service. E 187 Times.

Wanted, naval officer, apartment, furnished, $150; unfurnished, $100; 4 rooms, 90th and 100th Sts. Riverside 1663. Apt. 3C.

Two or three rooms completely furnished, 1,152 Tinton Av., Bronx. Phone Intervale 4757.

Wanted, three to five-room apartment, nicely furnished, from Oct. 15 to Dec. 15, south of West 100th St. J. W. W., 2,868 Broadway.

Wanted, furnished apartment for occupancy Oct. 1. Send full particulars. Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway at 160th St.

Have desirable tenants looking for furnished apartment; send full particulars. Fred'k Zittel & Son, 2,211 B'way, Schuyler 9780.

Furnished apartment wanted, or unfurnished, 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchenette, bath. D 115 Times.

I CAN rent your apartment; just now. S. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Col. 1071.

Wish to rent six-eight room apartment or house, all or part. Unger, 253 West 42d St.

Unfurnished.

Wanted, unfurnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath or kitchenette; east side; in high-class apartment house or remodeled building.
Telephone Mrs. Carter, Murray Hill 1176.

Wanted, unfurnished apartment of three or four rooms and real kitchen; located between Eighth and 96th Streets, east side. R 245 Times.

Wanted, unfurnished three or four room kitchen and bath apartment for a refined Christian couple; upper west side preferred; highest reference. Phone 6145 Flatbush.

Apartment wanted, unfurnished, west side, 3, 4 or 5 rooms, kitchen, bath; elevator or one flight up; $100. E. G., 412 West End Av. Phone 9367 Schuyler.

Wanted for Oct. 1, by couple, large unfurnished room, kitchenette; electricity; west side, 70th to 116th St.; about $40 month. B 535 Times Downtown.

Wanted, two or three room unfurnished apartment on west side. B. Burch, 250 West 78th St. Schuyler 7516.

Wanted, young couple desire three or four room apartment; city of commuting distance; moderate rent. E 182 Times.

$10 to superintendent or agent who finds me a three-room apartment; upper west side. Phone Beekman 5058.

Unfurnished apartment wanted, 3 or 4 rooms, kitchen and bath; steam heat; $40. Y 296 Times Annex.

Apartment or studio, living, dining, bedroom, kitchen and bath; immediate occupancy unnecessary. E 158 Times.

Wanted by married couple, 3 rooms and bath, between 72d and 125th Sts. Schaefer, Union Square Hotel.

Wanted now, 6-room clean apt.; all improvements, good service; reasonable. Kinney, 606 West 110th St. Morningside 1000.

Unfurnished apt. on west side for two adults; reasonable rent; excellent references given. Address J 136 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST. & LEXINGTON AV., (n. e. corner, Hotel Belmore.)—Exceptionally nice, light rooms, with private bath, $10-$12 weekly.

30TH ST., (cor. Lexington Av., 163.)—Exclusively for women; $10 weekly and up. Room with use of bath, $12 weekly up. Room with private bath, $17 weekly up; cosy, sunny, comfortable; telephone. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Select accommodations; large, well furnished room; private bath, telephone.

33D ST., 119 EAST.—Large room, steam heat, top floor. Sullivan.

36TH, 56 EAST.—Desirable, large room, suitable two; also small room; references.

38TH, 23 EAST.—Desirable sunny room; every modern improvement; reference. Harbers.

39TH, 25 EAST, Apt. 3-B.—Large room; gentlemen or business couple; elevator; modern; subway, surface cars.

HOE AV., 858, (Bronx.)—Large, airy room for gentleman; lodging only. Apply to janitor; must have good references.

PARK AV.-83D ST.—High-class outside room; shower, private family; no children; gentlemen only. Phone Lenox 6858.

West Side.

51ST, 341 WEST.—Light single room, well furnished; running water; $9.00. DOANE.

56TH ST., 48 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room for gentleman; electricity, running water.

56TH ST., 151 WEST.—French family will dispose of nice, light rooms, near sub. and elevated. Vincent.

60TH, 135 WEST.—Attractive single room, conveniences, $6; gentleman; references; private family.

70TH, 255 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room, bath, running water, piano, library; suitable for two; gentlemen only.

70TH, 204 WEST.—Large front room, bath adjoining; elevator; 72d subway; gentlemen.

71ST, 278 WEST.—Attractive rooms, furnished or unfurnished, single or suite; convenient to all surface, subway electric lines.

72ND ST., 308 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms, running water; near Riverside; gentlemen.

73D, 173 WEST.—Room, private bath, electricity; one, two men.

73D, 227 WEST.—Exceptional large, well-furnished room; private bath; all conveniences.

73D, 303 WEST.—Single room; absolutely first-class.

75TH, 327 WEST.—Attractive rooms with bath, running water; single, en suite; select.

77TH, 170 WEST.—Large room near bath, dressing room, hot and cold running water, electricity, telephone.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Pleasant large room; also single room. Telephone Schuyler 4098.

79TH, 177 WEST.—Beautiful living room and bedroom, kitchen privileges, couple. Schultz.

82ND, 24 WEST.—Comfortable room; electricity; refined house; gentlemen; references.

84TH, 368 WEST, (West End Av.)—Two room suite; kitchenette privileges; elevator, electricity.

85TH, 101 WEST, Apartment 5.—24 floor; high-class house; gentleman; references.

86TH, 140 WEST.—Very desirable accommodation in exceptionally well furnished home, large rooms; gentlemen only; references essential.

87TH, 44 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front rooms; private bath; kitchenette privilege; phone; $17, $20 weekly; private family.

90TH, 123 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, clean; private family; one flight. Reinhold.

92D ST., 250 WEST.—Room; running water; elevator; gentlemen; 4th apt., east.

92D, 214 WEST.—Superior room, bath, one or two gentlemen. Apt. 2D.

93D ST., 54 WEST.—Front Room; private family. Phone River, 8993.

94TH, 54 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath; southern exposure; electricity; owner's reference.

96TH, 36 WEST.—Exceptionally pretty parlor; suitable for music, studio.

97TH, 230 WEST.—Large pleasant room; gentleman; private family; near subway. Walker.

97TH, 316 WEST.—Clean, bright room, near Drive; running water; $6. Brown.

101ST ST., WEST END AV.—Fine furnished front room. Phone Riverside 4286.

102D, 216 WEST.—Large, handsome room, fronting Broadway; large closet; gentleman. Oliver.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

103D, 2 WEST.—Cosy front rooms near park, $4.50; bath, phone. Robinson.

110TH, 506 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, centrally located. Apt. 1-A.

114TH, 500 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath; Broadway-Riverside; gentleman. Apt. 5.

118TH ST.—Large room, opposite Columbia, $10; gentleman; private family. (2;) references; restaurant in building. D 163 Times.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Large room facing park, $10; select apartment. Dickson.

120TH ST., 142 WEST.—Elegant front room; suitable for 1 or 2; all modern conveniences.

121ST, 537 WEST.—Attractively furnished; southern exposure; kitchen privileges with double; 2 to 12. Mrs. Pilch.

123D, 548 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; kitchen privileges. Apartment 4S.

124TH ST., 138 Hamilton Place.—Bright, cheerful front room; parlor; private; also kitchen and bath apartment for a refined couple; all conveniences. Frank Auspos, 8790, Harlem.

125TH, (2,544 Broadway.)—Large outside sunny room; modern conveniences; elevator; gentleman. Mayer.

CONVENT AV., 492, Washington Heights.—Large parlor and bedroom; private; suitable for two; all improvements. Apt. 33.

FRENCH FAMILY has beautiful parlor bedroom, bath, facing Central Park; $35 weekly. T. M., 301 Times.

LARGE, well furnished bedroom, gentleman; no other roomers; $10. C 78 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 37, Apt. 51.—Refined, quiet corner suite, living room and bedroom, for gentleman; permanent; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745.—Elegant furnished bedroom; two windows facing Hudson; suitable for two persons; call evening, 5-8. Apt. 5A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 382, (116th subway, Apt. 4-B.)—Light, sunny rooms, facing Drive.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 71.—Entire floor of two beautiful rooms, with private bath; also one large front room.

WEST END AV., 385.—Attractively furnished suites; 1 or 2 rooms, with bath; small rooms with bath adjoining at Summer rates. Telephone Columbus 1858.

WEST END AV., 410, (79th.)—Light room, lavatory; gentleman; convenient location. Harvey.

WEST END AV., 844.—Select house, attractive front room; private bath, electricity.

Brooklyn.

5TH ST., 1029, Fort Hamilton Ave., Brooklyn.—1 or 2 rooms with Jewish family; private house; Sea Beach Subway; 20 minutes to New York.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

107TH, 224 West.—Exceptionally large, elegant floor; bath, kitchenette, steam, hot water.

97TH ST., 1029, near Fort Hamilton Ave., Brooklyn.—2 or 3 rooms in private house, not furnished.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Young Japanese gentleman wishes to enjoy American family life as permanent roomer; high-class apartment near Broadway Subway station preferred; not over $15 a month; breakfast or board optional; can wait until Oct. 20 if necessary. Particulars regarding family and room by mail appreciated. S. K., care Yokohama Bank, Equitable Building, City.

Englishman, recently demobilised, (best of references,) desires furnished room, preferably with private family; location between 10th and 96th Sts., New York; essential; would share studio. Reply to F. Litchfield, 169 North Fulton Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. State price.

One or two clean and comfortable rooms and bath required in high-grade house, preferably part of large apartment, with easy access to corner 42d Street and Fifth Avenue; private entrance preferred. Reply by mail, Room 1912, 501 Fifth Avenue.

One or two rooms with bath in up-to-date building by single gentleman, with private American or French family, on west side between 86th and 96th Sts.; state terms. E. E., D 869 Times Annex.

Comfortable front room wanted by gentleman, about $8-$9 week; private entrances, electricity, telephone; preferred near subway station; permanent. E 163 Times.

Room and bath in private family, breakfast preferable, near Columbia and Riverside, by young man, gentile; excellent references. B 49 Times.

Two or three desirable rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished, private house, or share apartment; good location. B 98 Times.

BRIGHT, comfortably furnished room, with table bath, below 97th St., by refined gentleman; state particulars. C 181 Times.

Double room, 114th-122d West; maximum rent $50 month. R 236 Times.

American gentleman desires furnished room below 96th. E 175 Times.

Couple desire two rooms and bath; private family. C 541 Times Downtown.

Young gentleman desires pleasant room near West 86th; $6-$7. S. S., 830 Columbus Av.

Business couple, room or connecting rooms, Washington Heights; piano. E 217 Times.

Unfurnished.

Entire floor wanted, private house, by business couple. Whitehead, 2,036 4th Av.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH, (corner Lexington Av., 163.)—Rooms, with meals, $17 weekly up; gas range cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

MADISON AV., 213, (36th St.)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; references.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, back parlor suite; private baths; table par excellence.

72D, 238 WEST.—Elevator, electricity, steam heat; table guests; subway, Columbus 1045.

73D, WEST, (Near Park.)—Exceptional accommodations; beautiful private home; spacious rooms, private baths; superior table. Columbus 1631.

76TH, 18 WEST.—Excellent large room; home cooking.

107TH, 114-122 WEST, (wide, garden street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Owner handsome home, four baths, takes few paying guests.

87TH, 28 WEST.—Large rooms, well furnished, in luxurious house; home cooking.

92D, 60 WEST.—Two-room suites, private wash room; also single rooms with without running water; good home cooking.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Single room, homelike; excellent cooking; table board; Jewish family.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Private Jewish family offers room and board; gentlemen. Brenner.

102D, 816 WEST, (Riverside.)—Attractive rooms or suite; meals. Tel. Riverside 10046.

103D, 144 WEST.—Good home for incurable person with nurse in large, sunny rooms; convenient location. Braun, one flight.

102D, 249 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, highest grade food; conveniences; comfort. Hamburger.

102D, 306 WEST, (West End, Riverside.)—Large front room, private bath, 4 southern windows; private; Christian; American family.

111TH, 545 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large well furnished room, superior accommodations for gentleman or couple. Apt. 3-D.

BROADWAY, 3,671.—Exceptional opportunity is offered to one or two gentlemen; American, private family. Apt. 2.

CHRISTIAN family, beautiful southern exposure room, share luxurious home; couple. Cathedral 5825.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240.—Large double room, lavatory; excellent board; two, $35. Payne.

BOARD WANTED.

Refined Jewish family, 5 adults, nurse and baby, 4 rooms; Oct. 1, between 59th and 100th Sts. Telephone Mad. Sq. 4818, or write M. A., 412, 1,777 Broadway.

Family four want desirable rooms, with board, over Winter; private family or boarding house. McGill, Riverside 6582.

Young lady, refined, wishes room and board; high-class apt.; 72d to 100th St., west side. J 109 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Richmond.

The Evelyn Lodge,
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows,
Charming Family House of High Standard;
20 Min. Delightful Bath Downtown.
Lovely Furnished, Excellent Cheer, Service,
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Water View;
Weekly $12 Up. Capacity 15. Booklet.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

Westchester County.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y. City comforts; music; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Booklet. Phone 1196 W. Plains.

Long Island.

Two handsome suites, with baths, in exclusive house; excellent table; open all Winter. 607 Grassmere Terrace, Wave Crest. Tel. Far Rockaway 103.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

UNUSUAL
ELMWOOD HOTEL
48 So. Walnut St.
East Orange, N. J.

A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers; 20 minutes from Broadway. Fine food; rich quality. Homelike atmosphere; artistically furnished.

Room with private bath and table board for one (less than N. Y. rate.)

Room with private bath and table board for two (attractively priced.)

Parlor, bedroom and private bath with table board for two (within your means.)

Suites of two bedrooms with private bath and board for three (unusual value.)

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, cashier, ledger clerk, controlling accounts; experienced; $18. R 203 Times.

BOOKKEEPER will call daily or weekly and keep books for firms without bookkeepers; monthly trial balance; reasonable. Box 736 Times, 1 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, efficient, dependable; full charge; $25-$30. B 515 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—Expert initiative; executive ability; $30. J. K., 52 West 112th St.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, thorough experience; $30. S. H., 1,858 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, two years' experience; neat, accurate; $18. Miss Zaenchik, 1,351 Washington Av.

CLEANING one or more days a week regularly ($3 and carfare) by North Ireland Protestant; finest references; in private family only. Telephone 691 Academy.

EXECUTIVE.
Do you need a woman to relieve you of office details, to take entire charge of your correspondence, to attend to your banking and to accept a position of responsibility in your company? If so address Box D 210 Times.

GOVERNESS.—One, two children; Spanish, French, music; 12 years' experience; salary $85; willing to travel. P. O. Box 871, Larchmont, N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER—COOK.
Refined English woman will give limited service in return for small remuneration and comfortably furnished housing accommodation for herself, husband and child 3 years. Oct. 1 or earlier. D 90 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, settled widow; girl 4½, excellent cook, manager, business couple, business men, widower, no objection children; references. W., 230 West 107th. Apt. 6H.

MASSEUSE, licensed; lady patients. Mavis, 222 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J.

PROOFREADER, permanent position; union; experienced. E 204 Times.

SECRETARY
to busy executive; refined New England girl, thoroughly educated, experienced, tactful, resourceful; has initiative; can handle detail; excellent references; salary $2,000. N 240 Times.

SECRETARY.—Office executive, translator French and German; young woman with education, capabilities; $35 per week. Phone Bedford 1042-R before 11 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERT; FINE SECRETARIAL EXPERIENCE; COMPETENT OFFICE ASSISTANT AND FILE CLERK; SUPERVISING ABILITY, ABLE TO HANDLE CORRESPONDENCE AND WRITE CONVINCING LETTERS; HIGH CLASS REFERENCES. F 415 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER; fully competent, experienced; high school graduate; excellent references; salary $25. Munz, 526 West 111th. Tel. Cathedral 6237.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; neat, accurate, reliable. E. Kohn, 202 West 116th. Morningside 1496.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; five years' experience; $30. Gitelson, 1,606 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert secretary, seven years' experience, desires position. A 532 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3½ years' experience; neat, competent; $20. Miss Geller, 1,351 Washington Av.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, 4 years' experience, $25, desires position. A 501 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and Bookkeeper.—Experienced; best references. E. Hand, 766 East 230th.

YOUNG LADY, dental hygiene student, wishes position afternoons and evenings. Mildred Rubens, 176 Smith St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG LADY, without experience, desires clerical position where opportunity will be given to learn business; small salary. R 271 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, Scotch, wishes part-time work, small refined family, care children or light housework; uptown preferable; references. Write Stephen, Box 377, Cedarhurst, L. I.

Employment Agencies.

To the Business Men of New York:
Many women are being dismissed from the Red Cross, army and navy and war industries, and are registering through the Employment Bureau of the Mayor's Committee of Women on Reconstruction and Relief. We ask your co-operation in helping us to place these faithful women in profitable employment. Room 701, Hall of Records. Worth 5321.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, Christian American, 30 years of age, wishes position as assistant to Treasurer or Controller of large corporation; ability to prepare special financial and statistical reports, audit, and suggest accounting methods; will travel or locate anywhere. B 478 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, graduate, experienced, executive ability, capable of installing modern methods and systems efficiently, corporation and cost accounting, financial statements, desires managerial position. R 261 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, (24,) N. Y. U. graduate, 6 years' bookkeeping and accounting experience, ex-service man, seeks connection with certified firm; salary subordinate to opportunity. D 159 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up; books opened, systematized. Goldwater, 189 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7366.

ACCOUNTANT, Junior.—Young man, accounting student

Hudson Trading Company
Exporters & Importers,
16 East 41st Street,
New York.

Sept. 16, 1919.

The New York Times:

We inserted in The New York Times, Sunday, an advertisement under the heading of Help Wanted for a secretary to an executive. The answers were very satisfactory indeed, both as to quality and quantity. From the replies we secured the secretary we desired.

HUDSON TRADING CO.
B. Gottesman, Vice President.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER
IN OFFICE OF
WHOLESALE RIBBON HOUSE,
SALARY START $15.
JACOBS & SPERO,
373-4TH AVE.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — EXPERIENCED; PERMANENT POSITION; STATE FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, SALARY DESIRED. F. P., 400 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—A Christian manufacturing firm, located near 14th St. Subway on 4th Av., now employing six girls in office, wants fully competent stenographer who has brains and initiative and is worth $25 to start; some knowledge of bookkeeping desirable; state age and experience. J 102 Times.

STENOGRAPHER STENOGRAPHER.
FASHION MAGAZINE PUBLISHING HOUSE HAS OPENING FOR AN EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER. APPLY AMERICAN FASHION CO., 222 W. 39TH, 8TH FLOOR.

STENOGRAPHER.—A desirable position for a stenographer with a good education, experience, capable of doing accurate work in the downtown office of a manufacturing firm; in reply state experience and give reference; offer to start $20 to $22. F 420 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, knowing French and English perfectly; must be able to prepare papers for publication; state reference, experience, and salary desired. Chas. E. Bedaux Co., Engineers Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly efficient, with some clerical experience, for an uptown office; short hours, light work and permanent position for young woman; with references; mention age, experience and wage. R 278 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, Spanish and English dictation, wanted by large American concern; state experience, if any, desired, &c.; must have first-class references. C 479 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Must keep stock and charge bills; also attend on customers occasionally; with references. Apply between 2 and 4 P. M., H. Mallouk & Co., 98 Greenwich St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, for general office work; must be well experienced, willing and quick; uptown office location, 42d Street, near 6th Avenue; state age, experience and salary expected. E 222 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman of education, refinement and ambition, rapid at shorthand, accurate typist, commensurate salary; Christian office. Apply Saturday, Whitney, 250 West 54th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Able to handle own correspondence, and attend to office details; must have several years' experience. Apply by handwriting, stating age, education, religion, experience. R 306 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Must be very efficient and have had at least five years experience, and furnish best reference; salary $28 to $30. Call between 10 and 12 a. m. Room 1612, 347 Madison Ave.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, experienced and accurate; state age, experience, and training; salary, $18 per week. Address R 251 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Typist, beginner, some experienced, to learn bookkeeping; excellent opportunity, bright, ambitious girl. State salary. D 318 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for permanent position with manufacturing concern; must be capable, experienced girl; salary $20; Brooklyn position. T 788 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHS, experienced, not less than 3 years' high school, graduate preferred; permanent position; state full particulars in letter. Box 36, 1,500 24 Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY possessing experience; neat appearing young lady; must be accurate; good salary. Apply 299 Broadway, Suite 700.

STOCK GIRL,
Neat, to assist models in showroom.
M. & H. RENTNER.
2 WEST 33D ST.

STOCK GIRL.—Retail glove department; salary $16 to $18; advancement assured. P. Centemeri & Co., 400 5th Av.

SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT large national weekly desires services of girls familiar with stencil work; hours 9 to 5, half day Saturday all year; write, giving age, experience, and salary desired. W 395 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, with little clerical work on side; must be accurate at figures; give references; state salary expected. G. E. 118 Times.

TYPISTS.

GIRLS WHO ARE INTERESTED IN SECURING POSITIONS AS TYPISTS WITH A FAST GROWING ORGANIZATION,

PAY TO START BASED ON ABILITY, AND CAPABLE BEGINNERS WILL BE GIVEN OPPORTUNITY TO QUALIFY.

CALL AT ONCE.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
23 WASHINGTON STREET,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TYPIST.—Young lady with some experience in stenography, by large manufacturing concern; state age and experience; salary $14 to start. C 555 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, who would be willing to learn to operate Fisher machine; salary $10 a week while learning. N. G. P., Box 42, Station D, N. Y. City.

TYPISTS.—Elliott-Fisher billing machine operators, for publishing office; state lowest salary accepted. N. G. P., Box 46 Station D., N. Y. City.

TYPIST, American, in office of cotton goods house; apply in own handwriting, stating references and salary expected. T 143 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Rapid operator, 44 hours a week; $14 to start. 114 8th Av., 11th floor.

TYPIST Wanted.—Experienced. Call Variety, 1,536 Broadway.

WOMEN.
PART TIME WORK.
WE ARE INTERESTED IN SECURING THE SERVICES OF WOMEN WHO CAN WORK FOR US FIVE AFTERNOONS PER WEEK. THE WORK CONSISTS OF WRAPPING, ADDRESSING AND ASSORTING IN OUR CATALOGUE MAILING DEPARTMENT AND MAILING IN OUR AUDITING DEPT. PAY 35C PER HOUR.
CALL AT ONCE.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
23 WASHINGTON STREET,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WOMEN,
21-35 Years of age,
for
Night Work,
9:30 P. M. to 7 A. M.
as
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

$15.50 per week will be paid when assigned to night work. Instruction is free and a salary of $12 per week paid during 4 weeks of instruction in the daytime. Salary increases are given until $23 per week is reached for operators.

Higher salaries paid for more responsible positions, such as Supervisors, Chief Operators

If interested call "SPRING OFFICIAL," (free call,) or apply in person at

MANHATTAN,
1,158 Broadway—8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
BRONX,
453 East Tremont Avenue—12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN,
81 Willoughby Street—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,336 Broadway—12 M. to 9 P. M.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

WAITRESS to take full charge of dining room in first-class boarding house; must understand the business and come well recommended. Colonial House, 152 South 1st Av. Mount Vernon, N. Y.

WAITRESSES, two, and one chambermaid. Studio Club, 35 East 62d St.

YOUNG GIRL Wanted, experience unnecessary; 44 hours a week; $9 to start. 114 8th Av., 11th floor.

YOUNG LADIES.

We have several high class positions for refined, neat appearing young ladies for

GENERAL CLERICAL WORK.
DICTAPHONE.
COMPTOMETER.
ADDRESSOGRAPH.
FILING.

Light, airy offices, pleasant surroundings, fine personnel; luncheon; good salary.

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.,
150 BAY ST.,
Jersey City.

YOUNG LADIES, with some sewing machine experience, for clean, interesting work on surgical appliances. Apply at the Pomeroy Co., 305 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY as assistant to dentist, between 20 and 25. J 122 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN
wanted for the delivery of telegrams, between the ages of 21 and 35; salary $12 per week, or commission basis. Apply
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.,
EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
33 PARK PLACE.

YOUNG WOMEN, 18 to 35, to train as nurses in a registered hospital, New York City; must have 1 year's high school education or equivalent; maintenance and salary while in training; wonderful educational and nursing opportunity. Apply or write Supervisor of Nurses, 208 24 Av.

Instruction.

FILE CLERKS IN DEMAND.

Girls are wanted by big business houses to index and file correspondence; well trained file clerks are scarce; they get good pay and opportunities to advance; we will train you for one of these positions. Many large concerns depend entirely upon our schools for their file clerks, so we can assure you a position when you have successfully completed our four weeks' course; we teach thoroughly all leading filing systems; also indexing and cataloging; every student receives personal instruction; morning, afternoon, and evening classes now forming; number of pupils limited; enroll today.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
125 West 42d St., near Broadway
Telephone: Bryant 6619

SECRETARIAL OPPORTUNITIES.
Hear Edward J. McNamara, A. M., lecture on "Secretarial Opportunities—How to Prepare for Them," at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 23, at 6 o'clock; this lecture marks the opening of the Fall class in secretarial training; the class is open only to those who have some knowledge of stenography. Write for descriptive booklet and card of admission to Mr. McNamara's lecture. Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

The Free Employment Bureau of the Mayor's Committee of Women on Reconstruction and Relief offers special attention to the woman discharged from service in Red Cross, army and navy, and war industries, but takes all women seeking employment, specializing in stenographers and clerical workers. Room 701, Hall of Records, 31 Chambers St.

PARK ROW PLACEMENT BUREAU,
3 PARK ROW.
Clerks—Good personality, experienced; accounting department; Christian firm; $18-$20.
STENOGRAPHERS.—French, Spanish; typist, clerk, $15. $40.
HORRIGAN AGENCY, 38 Park Row.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS.—FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS REQUIRES SEVERAL SENIOR ASSISTANTS; ONLY THOSE HAVING WORKED WITH CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. K 346 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANTS.—FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS REQUIRE SEVERAL JUNIOR ASSISTANTS; ONLY THOSE HAVING WORKED WITH CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. K 347 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, permanent position; state salary and references. J 126 Times.

ACTOR with stock or repertoire experience, desirable for staging, of York (about 6 to July). Write lowest salary. Batcheider, 32 East 23d St., Room 402.

ADJUSTER.—Sewing Machine; familiar with Singer and multiple needle machines; also making folders and attachments; experienced on high grade corset work preferred; apply with particulars and whether married or single. Barsley Corset Co., 155 Summit St., Newark, N. J.

ADVERTISING MANAGER WANTED.

A concern of national scope, with an annual advertising appropriation in excess of half a million, desires the services of an experienced advertising man, under 40, with highest references and broad experience; organization talent necessary.

State age, experience, present salary, and date when services would be available.

Address E 88 Times.

ADVERTISING SALESMEN, strictly field work, on established weekly with splendid selling points, but confessedly abused and bungled by incompetent solicitors; drawing account grabbers keep off; protected territory, with prospects and leads furnished; 25 per cent. commission paid on verification and acceptance of contract; bonuses on volume up to 40 per cent. of gross contracts and possible interest in business to right man. Address B 91 Times.

ALUMINUM die cast plant superintendent, experienced both aluminum and white metal alloys; good opportunity for capable mechanical executive. Give reference and experience. Address F 838 Times Annex.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN.

A chief draftsman and several draftsmen wanted immediately by a progressive and rapidly expanding electrical accessory and service company in Detroit. Chief draftsman must be a high-grade, seasoned architectural draftsman with executive ability. Duties will include supervision of office and direction of draftsmen in our Architectural Department. The activities of this department are continuous and extensive in the design and construction of service stations, accessory stores, and office buildings throughout the country. In reply, give detailed description of experience, your age and salary expected. Address Box Y 276 Times Annex.

ARCHITECTURAL DESIGNERS, first-class, wanted at once; first-class plan men, experienced detail men, first-class specification writer. Apply C. Howard Crane, Dime Savings Bank Building, Detroit, Mich.

ASSISTANT MANAGER.—An exceptional opportunity is offered to an experienced and thoroughly qualified export drug man as assistant manager in large export house; must know the refined drug and chemical markets and be capable of handling a force of buyers; essential also that he have knowledge of foreign market requirements, particularly of Latin-America. Write confidentially, with full particulars of experience, giving references and salary required. C 467 Times Downtown.

ASST. CREDIT MANAGER, (25-30,) must be accustomed to the best of trade; specialty store experience preferred; good salary to right party. M 1041 Times Harlem.

BAGMAKER—Foreman capable of managing fifty men making high-grade leather goods in modern shop; salary $4,000 a year with future possibilities; all replies treated strictly confidential; state age and experience in detail. R 214 Times.

BINDERY box boys on folding machines and general workers wanted. William Greene, Inc., 627 West 43d.

BOOKKEEPERS.
STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
require BOOKKEEPERS with department store experience on charge ledgers. Apply by letter only.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, with thorough business experience in export and import trade; reliable, conscientious, with knowledge of financial statements, cost price; able to manage financial department; references absolutely required. T 727 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by a 5th Av. corporation; one with several years' experience on purchase ledger; must be able to handle large number of accounts, make settlements and furnish monthly abstracts; salary $30. Address Abstract, 1,358 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER who will work from 7 A. M. until 5:30 P. M., and will take a week day off instead of a Sunday. Apply in person Saturday, 2 P. M. to Central Park Riding Academy, 934 7th Av.

BOYS, 15-18.—Important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions, with opportunities for advancement, for several elementary or high school graduates; congenial work; short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $11 weekly. A 431 Times Downtown.

BOYS as messengers in large office; excellent chance for promotion. Call Morse, 449 4th Av.

BOYS BOYS
PAGE BOYS.
PACKAGE BOYS.
Of neat appearance, experience unnecessary, chance advancement. Apply Timekeeper's Office, Hotel Plaza, 58th St. and 5th Av.

BOYS 14-15.
IN SHOWROOM LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; NO PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL, METZGER-JACOBSON, 8 E. 22D.

BOY WANTED BY WHOLESALE WOOLEN HOUSE; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED TO BRIGHT, 458 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY
An excellent opportunity for a bright boy to secure permanent position, with unusual chances for advancement. Call 110 Broadway, American Surety Company.

BOY FOR ERRANDS—GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT, IN WHOLESALE CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; REFERENCES. P. RUTNER & CO., 48 WEST 25TH.

BOY wanted in downtown law office. State age, experience, education; references and salary desired. C 544, Times Downtown.

BOY in Wall St. law office to make himself generally useful; good opportunity for boy expecting to study law. Write, stating education and salary expected. B 501 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by a large manufacturing jewelry house; one who wants an opportunity of learning the business; salary to start $10 per week. Address P. O. Box 881, New York.

BOY in advertising department of daily newspaper; good opportunity for advancement; salary to start $10. Apply 229 West 42d St., second floor.

BOY about 15; no experience necessary; good opportunity for advancement; $40 per month to start. H. E. Lesan, Room 1403, 440 4th Av.

BOY wanted by advertising agency; an American lad with an appreciation of an opportunity to make a success; high state education, religion and wages. W 395 Times.

BOY wanted, in large advertising agency; chance for advancement. Apply J. Walter Thompson Company, 244 Madison Av, New York City.

BOYS—$30 monthly; quick advancement; excellent opportunities; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12. Call Room 1042, 120 Broadway.

BOYS wanted by large Jersey City manufacturing concern for office work; good opportunity for advancement. Inquire X. N., P. O. Box 473, Jersey City.

BOYS.—Several bright boys wanted by prominent Wall St. house to act as messengers. Address W. Y., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY, with or without business experience, to make himself generally useful about large office; state age, and salary; good chance for right boy. B 498 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
over 15 years of age, for fine retail jewelry store; splendid opportunity for advancement. Apply at 4 West 49th St.

BOY, about 16 years old, to help in stock room and run errands; opportunity for advancement to willing worker. Ahlberg Bearing Co., 1,790 Broadway, Room 702.

BOY.—Good opportunity for wide-awake boy in office of manufacturing concern; state age, experience, and salary expected. T 728 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted as messenger by a downtown banking house must come well recommended; salary $12 per week to start. A 449 Times Downtown.

BOY for office and to make himself generally useful; reference; state age and salary expected. R. O., 129 Times.

BOYS.—Large corporation wants office boys; excellent chance for advancement for bright, well educated boys. T 681 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright and cheerful, in export office of large manufacturer; mention experience, if any, and references. M 47 Times.

BOY, 15 or 16 years; must be clean looking and have good reference; $10 to start. Room 1114, 132 Nassau St.

BOY wanted for office work; good at figures; references required. Apply Peckham Seagless Ring Mfg. Co., 14 John St.

BOY, bright, 14-15 years of age, wanted for office and to run errands; hours 9 to 5:30; salary $8. C 656 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14 to 15 years, chance to learn cost accounting. Apply Mr. Walsh, after 9 A. M., 141 Varick St., corner Spring.

BOY, 16 to 18 in office of large exporting house; best opportunities for advancement. Phone Bryant 8080.

BOY in office of wholesale house; salary to start $12; good chance for advancement to bright boy. Apply 133 Hudson St.

BOY, bright, wanted to work in office; opportunity to learn photographic work. Apply E. S. Holland & Co., 749 Broadway.

BOY.—Position with a future is open for bright boy of good character not afraid of work. Apply Room 1013, 220 4th Av.

BOYS.—Good positions open for bright boys of neat appearance and ambition; good salary to begin. Call 280 Broadway.

BOYS, 16 to 18, well educated; salary $60 per month. American Railway Exp., 119 West 19th.

BOY wanted in mailing department of large mercantile house. Apply Room 404, 200 Broadway.

BOY for insurance office; good chance for advancement. Call 45 John St., Room 302.

BOY by export house for errand and office work. T 682 Times Downtown.

BOY, to start in insurance broker's office. T 696 Times Downtown.

BOY.—By export house for errand and office work. Address C 434 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for real estate office. Apply William B. May & Co., 712 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS.
BOYS WHO ARE INTERESTED IN PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH A FAST GROWING MERCANTILE ORGANIZATION; WE HAVE A NUMBER OF VACANCIES AT THIS TIME WHICH OFFER EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES; VACANCIES ARE FOR PACKERS, ORDER FILLERS, AND STOCK BOYS; SALARY TO START $12 PER WEEK. CALL AT ONCE.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
23 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

BOYS.
THE WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.
has several vacancies in its
mail and messenger department
for bright boys who
have had a grammar school or
high school education.
Applicants must be 16 years of age.
Call between 9 and 4
At employment office.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
CORNER WEST ST., N. Y. C.,
6 blocks north of Christopher St.

BOY, 14 TO 15.
AN OLD ESTABLISHED CHRISTIAN FIRM HAS AN OPENING FOR A BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS BOY; PERMANENT POSITION. GOOD SALARY TO START, AND RAPID PROMOTION FOR ONE WHO CAN QUALIFY.
ROOM 1115, 261 BROADWAY.

BOYS
FOR OFFICE WORK;
PERMANENT POSITION WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We pay $10 a week to start and $11 a week after a month of satisfactory service to boys who have graduated from school, aged 14 to 17; half a day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only.
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. City.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.
Earn big money delivering telegrams; excellent opportunity for advancement; vacations with pay; uniforms free. Apply,
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.,
32 PARK PLACE,
CORNER OF CHURCH STREET.

BOYS.—STOCK BROKERAGE OFFICE HAS OPENINGS WITH ADVANCEMENT FOR BOYS 14 TO 17 YEARS OLD TO START AS MESSENGERS. C 519 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CANVASSERS wanted to sell small electrical appliances on a commission basis. F 412 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS for the ice business; salary. J. H. Bode, 154 East 53d.

CAPABLE MAN
WANTED
to take charge of our
TIMEKEEPING OFFICE.
To one with department store experience this position offers exceptional opportunities.
Write, stating age and experience, to "TIMEKEEPING," 839 Times Downtown.

CASHIER AND CORRESPONDENT, with knowledge of credits and collections, in Brooklyn branch of national sales organization; salary commensurate with ability. Write, giving full details as to qualifications, M. S. T., 1,180 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly experienced and efficient, for Ford one-ton truck; must be able to make minor repairs; state experience in full, giving past references and salary expected. J 120 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (white), experienced Cadillac car; also mechanic, for private family; steady position. Greater New York Silk Co., 244 8th Av.

CHAUFFEUR to drive Ford delivery; must have first class references. Apply 5 West 56th.

CLERK for position as weighmaster and office assistant in Long Island City; young man, 23-30; must furnish exceptional references as to character and honesty; good salary and permanent position for the right party. Write for interview, giving full particulars as to qualifications, previous experience and salary desired, Y 256 Times Annex.

CLERK, wanted, by large Jersey City manufacturing concern, who is good at figures; also having a knowledge of stenography and typewriting; good opportunity for advancement. Inquire P. O. Box 473, Jersey City.

CLERK.—Young man for receiving and shipping department of a large corporation; state experience, age, and salary expected. Y 343 Times Annex.

CLERK, 18, for general office work; chance for advancement; import business; state salary and references. Write N. N., 104 East 14th St.

CLERK.—Young man for factory office; give age, experience and salary expected. T 787 Times Downtown.

CLERK, billing machine; also enter charges from caller. B 482 Times Downtown.

COLLECTORS (10) to collect on advertising contracts and deliver books; live men. State experience and last employer; $3 a day. F 402 Times Downtown.

CONFECTIONER, high-class, experienced man; take charge out of town; interesting terms right man. C 133 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—High-class, experienced, handle correspondence of electrical supply house, claims and quotations. B 479 Times Downtown.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Large manufacturing corporation offers excellent opportunity for a practical cost and general accountant; qualifications call for young man 27 to 33, with the complete understanding of modern cost and accounting methods necessary for installation work and requisite ability to execute; compensation commensurate with experience and ability; state full particulars in first letter. T 725 Times Downtown.

COUPLE.—Cook, butler, housemaid; three adults; no laundry; good home and wages. Box 664, Hastings-On-Hudson.

DIE SINKERS
ON DROP FORGING WORK
TOP TOOL MAKERS' RATE
ADDRESS EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
P. O. BOX 1812, WASHINGTON, D. C.

DRAFTSMEN and designers, mechanical, structural, electrical and architectural, on important power house work. Apply 3d floor, 148 Duane St., city.

DRAFTSMAN for engineering department of large contracting company; salary to start $25 weekly; state education and experience. K 736 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.—General architectural draftsmen, alteration and apartment work. Telephone Becker, 4764 Intervale, Sunday only.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical; ship experience, piping, valve work, installation. P 495 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN—EXPERIENCED ON AIRPLANE WORK AND CAPABLE OF MAKING LAYOUTS; ONE WHO HAS HAD TECHNICAL TRAINING AND WHO POSSESSES ORIGINAL IDEAS PREFERRED. WRITE, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY REQUIRED, Y 292 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMEN, ARCHITECTURAL-SEVERAL WANTED IMMEDIATELY; CAPABLE OF MAKING WORKING DRAWINGS FROM SKETCHES; STATE EXPERIENCE, SALARY AND TIME OF REPORTING. CHARLES M. ROBINSON, ARCHITECTS, TIMES-DISPATCH BUILDING, RICHMOND, VA.

DRAFTSMEN, 2 electrical draftsmen, experienced on A. C. substation design; bring samples of work. Apply Design Bureau, New York and Queens Electric Light & Power Co., 444 Jackson Av., L. I. City.

DRAFTSMAN wanted, thorough competent man who is familiar with steel shipbuilding, capable of designing and estimating materials and labor cost; references required. Y 344 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, familiar with heavy machinery; work also includes testing; state experience in full and salary expected. Y 306 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN.—Wanted, structural steel draftsman. Apply Richmond Structural Steel Company, Richmond, Va.

DYERS and dyers' helpers on ribbons and hat bands; good wages; steady. Beyer Dyeing and Printing, 215 East 44th St.

GARDENER for small institution in city, experienced; single or widower; sleep on premises. D 197 Times.

HOSIERY MAN.—Experienced man to take charge in factory of 200; Banner & Scott William machines; in Sao Paulo, Brazil; excellent salary for right man; only qualified need apply. Address Jabara, 100 Greenwich St., New York.

JUNIOR CLERK wanted in traffic department of large concern located in Whitehall Building; no previous experience necessary, but boy with high school training preferred; good opportunity for right party. C 482 Times Downtown.

LABORERS WANTED for general work, unskilled men. Apply Knights of Columbus Employment Service, 46th St. and Broadway, between 9 and 11 A. M.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY has opening actuarial department for bright, clean-cut young man about 19; previous experience unnecessary, should have fair knowledge mathematics; able to write legible hand, neat personal appearance. State age, religion, experience; salary, start, $700. F 403 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST Wanted, first-class, general. Apply Compressed Cast Co., 58 Congress St., Brooklyn.

MAGAZINE ADVERTISING SALESMEN.
Excellent opportunity is offered to young man with magazine experience to sell advertising space in a publication fast coming into prominence; prefer man who has sold automobile advertising; when answering, this announcement state clearly your qualifications, what you have sold, age, and salary expected. Y 287 Times Annex.

MAN FOR FACTORY, MUST HAVE HAD AT LEAST 3 TO 5 YEARS' INTENSIVE, ACTIVE EXPERIENCE AT GIVING OUT WORK TO CONTRACTORS, TO TAKE CHARGE OF WOOLENS, FIGURING COSTS, ESTIMATING WORK AND HANDLING DETAILS OF LARGE MANUFACTURING PLANT; ONLY ACTIVE, YOUNG LIVE WIRE WITH AMBITION AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY WITH EVIDENCE OF PROVEN RECORD; SPEED ANSWER. P. HUTNER & CO., 48 WEST 25TH.

MAN, 20-30, with executive ability, potential or present, for office work with industrial experience; technical training valuable but not essential; position requires one with imagination, resourcefulness, and analytical tendency; work in production department of large old-established iron and steel business; reply definitely as to age, education, experience, ambition, and salary desired; reply in own handwriting. T658 Times Downtown.

MAN
in wholesale glove house; must have experience in glove line to qualify; opportunity exceptional to right man; state age, experience, reference, and salary expected; give full details in first letter. D. E., 507 Times Downtown.

MAN to operate Indian motorcycle; must be experienced and be good mechanic; hours 8:30 to 5:30 P. M. Write, giving age, experience, and salary desired. Y 357 Times Annex.

MAN and wife, (white or colored,) as butler and cook; Scarborough-on-Hudson; N. Y.; good pay; references. C 474 Times Downtown.

MEN.—Rapidly growing manufacturing concern requires intelligent men to attend to chemical machinery. Also experienced mechanics. Address replies to P. O. Box 11, New Brunswick, N. J., giving full particulars.

MEN, several, between ages of 45 and 55; clean cut; good physical makeup; outside night, part work; salary about $18 weekly. Call between 11-12 A. M., 25 Church St., Room 706.

MEN WANTED as housemen and farmers, to go out of town. Apply Knights of Columbus Employment Service, 46th St. and Broadway.

MEN wanted, handy, to do light firing and general work; permanent job. Call or write Engineer, 104 Pearl St., after 8 and before 5.

MIDDLE AGED or elderly gentleman wanted; good appearance, to oversee principally department of stenographic staff and office boys of first-class downtown concern; tact, strict attention to duties, and earnestness of purpose chief essentials; no special training necessary; services required immediately. Address 424 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS.
A leading export company has opportunities for several office boys who wish to learn and advance in the export business; an initial salary of $10 will be paid and every opportunity afforded for advancement. Address T 574 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young man, 25-30, for weighmaster and clerical work in Long Island City; must furnish exceptional references as to honesty and character; good salary and permanent position for right party. Write stating full particulars as to qualifications, previous experience and salary desired. Y 260 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER for publication office; practical inside executive familiar printing and publishing details; splendid opening with established business for reliable man with successful record in such work; full particulars required; mention salary. K 788 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted by an American steamship company; must be neat appearing and quick; right opportunity for ambitious boy. Reply, stating age, salary, and experience, if any, Box 733 Times, 2 Rector St.

OFFICE BOY, 14-18, for large New York City corporation; excellent opportunity for advancement; applicant must be neat and willing and have good references; salary $40 monthly. J 129 Times.

OFFICE BOY, high school education, competent stenographer, good typist, for factory office; $15 per week; chance for advancement. Apply Schmer & Co., Jamaica Ave., and Boulevard, Astoria, L. I.

OFFICE BOY, for sales department, one mechanically inclined; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply after 9 A. M., Garvin Machine Co., Spring and Varick Sts.

OFFICE BOY, intelligent, willing, for employment in large office which offers good opportunity for advancement. Call Room 905, 30 East 42d.

OFFICE BOYS.
$40 to $45 monthly start. Call 2 Albany St., corner Greenwich, 5th floor, New York City.

OFFICE BOY in insurance brokerage firm; salary $8 to start; excellent opportunities for advancement. K 782 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY Wanted, experienced; good chance for advancement. Call, Variety, 1536 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY in office of cotton goods broker; good salary and chance of advancement. C 483 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY,
intelligent for large moving picture publishers; references. Wyanask, 136 West 52d.

OFFICE BOY Wanted in export house. Apply Room 401, 10 Bridge St.

OFFICE BOY, $10. N. K. Fairbank Co., 26 Beaver St.

ORGANIST for chapel in prep school; able to train choir; teaching knowledge of French or Spanish desirable; interested in young boys' sports; comfortable post, board, residence and good salary. Apply J 103 Times.

PACKERS.
Good position. Tuttle & Bailey Mfg. Co., 83 North 10th St., Brooklyn.

PACKER, experienced, to pack papers. Call Irving Pitt Mfg. Co., 428 Broadway.

PAINT SHADER wanted. Apply Patterson-Sargent Co., Hunter's Point Av., Van Dam St., Long Island City.

PASTRY BAKER, experienced man; take charge out of town; good wages right man. C 134 Times.

PHOTO FINISHER wanted; must be able to turn out first-class amateur work; give age, nationality, and reference. Thamer, Opician, Stamford, Conn.

PORTER (white) high class apartment house; must be thorough and have unquestionable references as to honesty and sobriety; salary $80 per month and gratuities from tenants for services. Call Saturday 10 A. M. Hubert & Huberth, 253 West 58th St.

PURCHASING AGENT; one experienced in buying for automobile service stations. Apply H. S. Partridge & Co., 2d and Webster Avs., Long Island City.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN. — Two are wanted by large suburban office where leases are many and sales are numerous; won't train young men in the business if they possess sales ability; compensation is commission and expenses until we can determine your worth. W. E. M., 87 Times.

REPORTER.—A live young man for a live growing daily. Daily Advance, West New Brighton. Phone 1100 West Brighton.

REWRITE MAN, Manchonet. Phone me at West Brighton 1100. Johnson.

SALESMEN.—WE HAVE AN OPENING FOR SEVERAL HIGH-GRADE SALESMEN WHO CAN QUALIFY FOR THE POSITION OF BRANCH MANAGERS; AT THE PRESENT TIME WE ARE OFFERING HIGH-GRADE STOCK THAT IS ON A DIVIDEND PAYING BASIS; THIS STOCK WILL BEAR THE CLOSEST INVESTIGATION WITH REFERENCES OF SEVERAL NATIONAL BANKS, DUN'S, AND BRADSTREET'S; APPLICANTS WILL ONLY BE CONSIDERED WHO ARE PREPARED TO WORK ON A STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN MAKING CONNECTION WITH A HOUSE OF A1 REPUTATION IN A POSITION THAT HAS AN EXCELLENT FUTURE FOR YOURSELF, AND ARE SURE THAT YOU MAKE A PERSONAL INVESTIGATION, SALES MANAGER, 619 PERRY BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

SALESMEN WANTED—AN OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELRY FIRM HAS AN OPENING FOR SALESMEN, ONE IN THE MIDDLE WEST AND ONE IN NEW YORK CITY; THE NEW YORK MAN ALSO TO ACT AS MANAGER OF NEW YORK OFFICE; MEN ACQUAINTED WITH JEWELRY OR SILVERWARE TRADE PREFERRED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN PRODUCE RESULTS. ALL REPLIES MUST STATE REFERENCES, AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, AND WILL BE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. Y 218 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN.
We have openings for a few salesmen in the metropolitan district; we want men who are accustomed to earn $75 and upwards per week, who know that they can sell and who can present unquestionable references to men who meet our requirements we will present an opportunity to increase largely their present income; experience in the book, life insurance, or specialty fields is desirable, but not essential. The New York Times Company has just published a pictorial history of the war; it is universal in its appeal, popularly priced, and at attractive terms; man's size plus generous commissions make big profits for the salesman. Call at 215 West 43d St.

SALESMAN.—Our previous advertising has brought several good men, but need 1 or 2 more heavyweight traveling salesmen to sell our automobile specialties to retail trade; the line is well known, heavily advertised and backed by ample capital; large earnings can be made on a liberal commission proposition by a man who can produce big sales; knowledge of the line and the trade desirable, but not essential. Apply in person, Denford Auto Products, Inc., Pearl St., near South St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—PITTSBURGH MERCANTILE CONCERN OF REPUTATION WANTS REPRESENTATIVE OF HIGH-CLASS SALES ABILITY, CAPABLE OF DEALING WITH LARGE RETAILERS AND SHIPPERS OF EQUIPMENT AND SERVICE PROPOSITION; ATTRACTIVE COMMISSION BASIS. APPLY WITH CREDENTIALS, AT ROOM 1236, 100 NASSAU ST., BETWEEN 10 AND 12, MONDAY.

SALESMAN TO CALL ON WHOLESALE GROCERY TRADE, METROPOLITAN DISTRICT; APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STATING FULLY, EXPERIENCE, AGE AND SALARY. BAKER FOOD PRODUCTS CO., INC., ROOM 410, 350 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN.—TWO EXCEPTIONALLY high-grade salesmen by Eastern office of large corporation; experience in selling corporation securities essential; address, giving machines, securities or similar lines valuable; commission basis; representatives make from $4,000 to $9,000 annually; excellent chance for advancement; exclusive territory assigned. Call Saturday, from 9 to 12, 512-513 Flatiron Building.

SALESMAN—Large manufacturing and jobbing concern requires salesman experienced in non-ferrous rolling mill products, white metal alloys, tinplate, sheet steel, &c., to cover part Ohio and Michigan, headquarters at Detroit; mechanical knowledge desirable; write fully, stating age, experience, reference, and salary expected. Address Y 248 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted; make $100 a week as crew-manager for THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE; special plan, no door-to-door work; liberal commission; no competition; men of selling ability, with an eye to the future, should investigate this opportunity. Apply to Mr. Jackson, Room 605, 2 West 45th St.

SAL

Today at 2:30 P. M.

Advertisements for the Classified Section of Sunday's New York Times must be in the Times Building this day at 2:30 P. M.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

DODGE touring, 1917 model; 6,000 miles; perfect mechanical condition; newly painted and new cord tires. Canal 9664.

DODGE 1917 touring; just overhauled; fine condition; bargain, $725. Russell, 124 West 54th. Phone 1740.

DODGE sedan 1918; beautiful condition. 1778 Broadway, (51th.) one flight. Circle 147.

ESSEX, present series, five-passenger touring. SMITH, 194 West 124th, Morningside 1967.

FIAT.—Must sacrifice at once my late model 55 H. P. Fiat landaulet car, which must be seen to be appreciated. Inquire Biltmore Garage, 206 East 47th St.

FORD Sedan for sale, 1920 model, 4 weeks old, self-starter, demountable rims, extra tires, 2 extras; price $950; leaving city. J 100 Times.

FORD car on easy payment; small amount down, balance $10 weekly; prompt delivery. 18x K 1275 Times Bronx.

FORD SEDAN, late model; oversize; 31x4 tires; demountable rims; condition perfect. Phone Bruno, Riverside 7517.

FORD touring, 1918, perfect condition, many extras. Goelts, Audubon 6592.

FRANKLIN Sedan and 4-passenger Chummy roadster; run less than 10,000 miles; new tires, big saving over new car; these cars guaranteed. D. B. McElwee, Jr., Morristown 311.

FRANKLIN LIMOUSINE, late model, beautiful condition; guaranteed in every way; reasonable. D. B. McElwee, Jr., Morristown 311.

FRANKLIN 4-passenger chummy roadster; excellent condition. D. B. McElwee, Jr., Morristown 311.

FRANKLIN 1918 touring car; beautiful condition. BUILDERS' MOTOR CO., INC., 620 St. and Broadway.

FRANKLIN sedan 1917, also 1917 touring. Absolutely perfect. 1,778 Broadway, Circle 1417.

FRANKLIN 9B, touring; excellent condition. Holmes Motor Car, 7 Central Park West, Columbus 2166; ask for Mr. Doman.

FRANKLIN, Series 9A touring; 5-wire wheel base 135; mechanically O. K. Phone Prospect 4364.

FRANKLIN touring, series 9A; perfect condition; 9,000 miles. J. W. Davis, 860 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

FRANKLIN, series 8, 1916, two-passenger roadster; 18,000 miles; bargain at $1,800. Cortlandt 1711, between 8:30 and 9:30.

FRANKLIN 9-A touring sedan; wire wheels; very good condition. Peets, Circle 612.

HUDSON "SUPER 6" CABRIOLET. Practically new; painted blue with white wire wheels, good tires; will sacrifice for quick cash. Tully, Hotel Cumberland.

HUDSON SUPER-SIX FOR SALE.—SEVEN-PASSENGER; EXCELLENT CONDITION. LOUIS KREINER, 505 WEST 144TH ST., TELEPHONE AUDUBON 5543.

HUDSONS, all types; sedans, town cars, cabriolets, coupes, limousines, touring; 1918 and 1917 types; all in perfect condition. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1919 limousine; practically new; worth investigating; private owner forced to sacrifice. Luger, 222 West 83d.

HUDSON 1917 four-passenger speedster, wire wheels. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway, phone Schuyler 3831. Open evenings and Sunday.

HUDSON, CABRIOLET, 1917 super-six; condition perfect; $1,500. Phone Bruno, Riverside 7517.

HUDSON 1918 coupe; like new; run 4,000 miles. Cadillac Auto Exchange, 56th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5308.

HUDSON speedster, 1919 model, in excellent condition; price $1,800. Harold L. Miller, Stamford, Conn. Tel. 1020.

HUDSON 7-passenger, 1918; cord tires; perfect condition. Phone 808 Morristown.

HUDSON Sedan for sale; nearly new. Roye's Car, 615 East 54th St.

HUDSON runabout landau, 1918; wire wheels, cord tires. Phone 808 Morristown.

HUPMOBILE—Latest type five-passenger; like new throughout; sacrifice $950. Apartment 14, 117 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

LIBERTY 1917, 5-passenger touring car; fine condition. Telephone DeWolf, Vand. 4900.

LIBERTY 1919, 237 West 100th St. Phone Academy 700, Apartment 35.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, latest model; used very little; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham Auto Exchange, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3672.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918, limousine body; condition new; will fit 1917, 1918 chassis. Meyers & Stark, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 5992.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, late model, splendid condition. Address Box 328, Lawrence, L. I.

LOCOMOBILE Limousine 1918, seating seven; bargain. Seen at 1790 Broadway, Cook-MacConnell.

MARMON 1919, SEVEN-PASSENGER TOURING; BRAND NEW; RAN ONE WEEK; OWNER'S SUDDEN DEATH; COMPLETE SALE; COST $4,970; PRICE CASH, $4,000; SEEN AT 235 WEST 60TH ST.

MARMON 1919 club roadster; car almost new; must sacrifice; no dealers. C. L. Crovat, Columbus 2127.

MARMON 1917 sport model; Locke body. Wallace, 236 West 50th St.

MAXWELL 1916 touring; like new; extras; quick sale, $650. Lexington Motors, 51st St. and Broadway.

MERCER, practically new, 4-pass. sport; mechanism perfect; painted thistle green, white enamel wire wheels; extra wire wheel and tire; radiator windshield, and lamp shroud. Miss Pollock, telephone 2740 Harlem.

MERCER.—Absolute sacrifice late model; run only 10,000 miles; perfect mechanical condition; no dealers. Tillman, Room 201, 1,545 Broadway. Bryant 6883.

MERCER 22-70 four-passenger; cord tires. A. Powell, Madison Square 2324.

MERCER, 1917, 4-passenger; perfect condition. 3134 Lincoln. Bryant 7720.

MERCER 1919 touring; like new. Wallace, 236 West 50th St.

MERCER 22-74 Suburban Sedan; beautiful car. Phone Circle 1562.

NATIONAL Touring, 7 passenger; model A, F. 2; like new. Doty Demos Co., 222 West 58th.

NATIONAL, 1917 coupe; 4-passenger. Mrs. Reilly, Columbus 6914.

OAKLAND, late model 6-cylinder 5-passenger touring; in elegant condition; fully equipped; $575. Morningside 4017.

OAKLAND 1918, 6-cylinder; just overhauled and refinished. Gens, 1,737 44th St., Brooklyn.

OLDSMOBILE, 8-cylinder, 4-passenger speedster, 1918; special paint; excellent mechanical condition; tires good as new; two spares; any investigation; reasonable. Mr. Noble, Fordham 5804.

"OLDS" 8-cylinder 1919, Model 45A, five-passenger; perfect condition; only five months old; no dealers. Parkway Garage, 110th St. and 8th Av.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned; all models. Open evenings. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

OVERLAND, 5-passenger, in excellent repair; demonstration anywhere by appointment. Phone Greenpoint 4080.

OWEN MAGNETIC Limousine, run only 2,400 miles; perfect condition, like new; $3,500; seen by appointment. Owner, Dunlap, Summit, N. J.; tel. 483.

OWEN MAGNETIC brougham, latest landaulet; very attractive; exceptionally good throughout. Columbus 3095.

PACKARD 1918 touring, seven passenger; wire wheels; all new tires; many extras; run 2,000 miles; will sacrifice. Cadillac Auto Exchange, 56th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5308.

PACKARD 1918, 3-35, suburban Sedan, bargain; seen at 1,790 Broadway, Cook-Macconnell.

PACKARD touring, 1916; very fine running condition. HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., 12 West 62d St.

PACKARD 1919 sedan; like new. Wallace, 236 West 50th St.

PAIGE DATE 1918, 7-PASSENGER TOURING. AFTER SPECIAL MODEL; WIRE WHEELS; EXTRA EQUIPMENT; SACRIFICE, $1,950. PHONE CHELSEA 7638.

PAIGE, late 1919; brand new 6-cylinder touring. If you wish to purchase a new car inspect this first. 551 East 149th St. Phone Melrose 10032.

PAIGE SEDAN—Exceptional opportunity to buy a bargain. Russell's Car, 615 East 54th St.

PEERLESS 1914 7-passenger touring; A1 condition except top slightly worn; mechanical parts perfect; all new tires; driven by owner only. For further particulars write A. A. Johnstone, 54 Pratt St., Hartford, Conn.

PEERLESS, 1917, chummy roadster; 15,000 miles; $1,950; two new Goodyear cord spares. Cortlandt 1711, between 8:30 and 9:30.

PEERLESS limousine, present series; practically new; Silvertown cord tires. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3572.

PEERLESS, late 1917 model, 8 cylinder, 7 passenger touring car; perfect condition; price $2,200; no dealers. Spring (881.

PEERLESS, 1917, Chummy Roadster; powerful, flexible, handsome; $1,600. Phone H. W. Dearing, Greeley 2940.

PEERLESS 1918 limousine; practically new; bargain; call, examine. 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PEUGEOT, special smart body, like new; thoroughly rebuilt. Zenith, 806 7th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PIERCE-ARROW, dual valve, 7-pass. touring.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h.p., 5-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h.p., Lim. Land.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h.p., 3-pass. coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h.p., 4-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 h.p., 7-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 h.p., Lim. Land.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 66 h.p., 7-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 66 h.p., Land.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 48 h.p., 5-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Ser. 3, 48 h.p., 7-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 48 h.p., Lim.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 48 h.p., Land.
PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE, BROADWAY, COR. 57TH ST. CIRCLE 197.

PIERCE-ARROW.—$4,900

will buy 1916 Pierce-Arrow landaulet in perfect condition; owner leaving city. Gillen, Bonaventa Garage, 254 West 109th St. Telephone Academy 945.

PIERCE-ARROW, latest model; 48 horse-power; 7-passenger, dual valve; $6,500; would cost new over $8,000 with full equipment. For appointment write Box 55, Yale Club, New York City.

PIERCE-ARROW 36, 1912, with Brewster landaulet body; excellent condition; generator and electric lights; recently painted; $1,200. Terrace Garage, 64th St. and 2d Av.

PIERCE-ARROW coupe; self-starter and electric lights. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway, phone Schuyler 3831. Open evenings and Sunday.

PIERCE-ARROW, Series C-2, 6-38 5-passenger touring; privately owned; excellent condition. Smith, 194 West 124th. Morning. 151.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 town landaulet; fine condition. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

POPE HARTFORD, 7-7 passenger; private; completely equipped; beautiful car; perfect every way; $700 takes it; examination, demonstration. J 74 Times.

REO, purchased November, 1918, same as 1917; appearance good, no dents or bangedup condition; runs perfect. Phone Richmond Hill 2762-J.

REO 1917, 5-passenger touring, with Winter glass top; $700; like new. 129 West 54th. Fulton Auto Body.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH; rare opportunity; practically new; $375 cash, balance $375, 3 monthly payments; new car; guaranteed; any demonstration. 351 East 149th. Melrose 10062.

SEDANS.

1918 Lexington sedan, almost new....$2,100
1918 Overland sedan, Model 90.....$1,200
1919 Ford sedan.....$775
1918 Reo coupe, 4-cylinder.....$1,200

REO AGENCY, BRONX,
382 East 149th St. Open Evenings.

SEDAN.—Late 1917 Oldsmobile 8-cylinder sedan; used very little and in beautiful condition throughout. Studebaker Corp., Broadway and 58th St.

SELDEN 1918, one-ton internal gear drive chassis; being overhauled. Manhattan Motors Corp., 238-256 West 19th St., New York City, N. Y.

STEARNS KNIGHT, 1917 touring, four cylinder; combination Winter and Summer top; can be seen Saturday afternoon and Sunday, 614 Hill St., West Hoboken, N. Y., or call D. Barbieri, 5,770 Circle, between 5 and 6.

STEARNS-KNIGHT landaulet, 8-cylinder, late 1917 model; beautifully upholstered; mechanically perfect. Phone Farragut 654 for appointment. Mr. Bender.

STEARNS-KNIGHT landaulet, 1917 model; excellent condition; gray upholstery; many extras; all tires in good shape, including two spares; chauffeur will give demonstration; positively no dealers; a bargain to cash purchaser. Address R. J. Foresman, 229 West 43d St. Telephone Bryant 1806.

STUDEBAKER Roadster, beautiful sport model, 6-cylinder; like new and factory guaranteed; new model costs $2,283; clearance sale price, $985. Studebaker Corp., 1,731 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER, 1918, six-cylinder, 7-passenger; driven less than 5,000 miles and fully guaranteed; new model costs $2,285; clearance sale price $1,085. Studebaker Corp., Broadway and 58th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT Limousine Brougham for sale, 1917; can be seen at garage of Zabriskie House, Ringwood, N. J. Between 9 and 11, and 3 and 4 o'clock. Price $2,000.

STUDEBAKER Touring, mechanically perfect; good looking; six shoes. Guffin, 2,414 University Av.

STUDEBAKER 7-passenger; good condition; reasonable. Call either Orchard 6370 or Stagg 1095.

STUTZ Roadster for sale, late 1917 model; pearl gray body, black wire wheels, new top, all new cord tires, 2 extra wire wheels and tires; complete equipment in every detail, special headlights, &c.; motor in perfect condition; detailed inspection invited; any demonstration; price $1,700; owner going abroad; car can be seen by appointment; no dealers. Phone 505 Times Downtown.

STUTZ, dual valve, 1919—Seven-passenger demonstrator; perfect condition; driven only 5,000 miles; new tires. No dealers need apply. Phone Plaza 1380.

STUTZ, 1919 model; ran 800 miles; 2-passenger; communicate Leon Newman, 684 Broadway.

STUTZ bearcat speedster, 1916, wire wheels. Behrman, 2,180 Broadway, phone Schuyler 3831. Open evenings and Sunday.

STUTZ 1918, 6-passenger; new cord tires; excellent condition; private party. Phone Bedford 3620.

STUTZ 1918 speedster, newly painted and overhauled; make offer. Arena Garage, 231 West 54th.

STUTZ — Beautiful 1919 roadster; wire wheels, 5 new tires; will sacrifice. Biltmore Garage, 205 East 47th St.

STUTZ 1916 roadster; immediate cash bargain; call, examine. 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STUTZ 1918 bearcat speedster; practically new; bargain. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STUTZ 1917 four-passenger; mileage 13,000. Whitner Truck Co. Columbus 6189.

USED CARS FOR SALE.
ALL FIRST-CLASS CONDITION.
1 1917 FORD, new top, new tires, repainted.
1 1916 BUICK touring, Model D 54.
1 1918 CADILLAC touring, new tires, repainted.
Phone White Plains 889.

Motor Trucks.

ARMY TRUCK SALES.—America's largest used motor truck dealer, THE PACIFIC MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 241-252 West 53d St., have recently purchased fleets of transportation trucks, every make, all rebuilt and guaranteed; some little used, consisting of Packards, Whites, Macks, Seldens, Republics, Diamond T, Gramm-Bernstein, &c.; also 100 panel and express bodies and 5,000 solid tires, all sizes, brand new.

ARMY TRUCK SALE.—Contract awarded to us; trucks for the man that appreciates value; trucks for the man that knows a good make; we have them for all purposes; come ready to purchase; terms to suit; also 100 panel and express bodies; 200 solid tires; all sizes. Transit Storage Warehouse, formerly the Clermont Rink, Vanderbilt, Clermont and Myrtle Aves., Brooklyn.

MAXWELL 1 ton, handmade, panel body; excellent condition. Tires good as new. Lewis S. Reische & Bro., 156 West St. Barclay 9065.

MACCAR 2½-ton, one year old, perfect mechanical condition; will sacrifice. Telephone East New York 7919.

FOR SALE.—Two five-ton trucks. Call at Zearenner's Farm, 4,000 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

DODGE limousine, 1920 model, for hire by hour, day, week, or month; rates moderate. A. Greenberg, 1,015 East 178th St. Telephone 5009 Tremont.

FORD touring car for hire by day, week, hour; must get car working to meet expenses; $1.75 per hour; owner drives. D 203 Times.

PACKARD, seven-passenger limousine, beautiful car, with Westinghouse shock-absorbers; reasonable rate; owner drives. Telephone Bushwick 3110.

CHEVROLET.—Sedan, new, large 5-passenger, hour or trip. Telephone Columbus 9069.

BEAUTIFUL 7-passenger Touring car, late model, $2 hour. Tel. St. Nicholas 2071.

HUDSON touring car or limousine; owner drives; $3 hour. Gram. 2138. Rhinelander 4114.

TWO beautiful limousines and touring cars, by hour, week, or month. Friedman, 1,536 Minford Place. Tel. Intervale 1241.

PACKARD Twin Sixes, Cadillac eights, landaulet and brougham. Circle 2471. Monthly contracts.

PIERCE-ARROW landaulet, very easy riding; owner drives; monthly preferred. Lenox 10449.

PACKARD twin-sixes, hour, season, reasonable. Mu'doon, 154 West 68th. Columbus 2161.

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & S. V. Williamson, 204-W. 43d. Phones 4219-8530 Bryant.

CADILLAC cars for hire by hour, day, week, month. Columbus 7834.

PACKARDS, exclusively for hire by hour, day, week or month. Vanderbilt 8315.

PACKARDS.—Private appearance, first-class service. Call Circle 1868 for special rates.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILE department of Charles Shenfeld, 539-541 Broadway, New York, buys cars outright or advances 80 per cent. of the appraised value; the balance, less commission, upon the prompt sale of cars; investigate our facilities. Telephone Spring 4566-4567.

CADILLAC, Hudson or Buick touring wanted; 1917-1918; must be perfect and stand mechanical test; cash paid; no dealers. Address Office, 123 Grand St., Jersey City.

SEDAN wanted; 7-passenger, $1,000 to $5,000; no dealers. K 139 Times.

Automobile Storage.

STORAGE of automobiles as reliable as your safe deposit vault. Chas. C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Rhinelander 8656.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IF MARION LEE, DAUGHTER OF Richard Lee, last heard of in New York, will communicate with Burton, Textes & Hart, Solicitors, 28 Surrey Street, Strand, London, W. C., England, she may hear of something to her advantage.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by any person other than myself. David T. Fleisher, 2,113 Green St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE
is a valuable asset to increase your earnings. Learn at New York's most complete school. Practical course, $60, with Driving, $85. Write for Catalogue A, or phone 9270 Circle.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
250 West 57th St., at Broadway.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 255 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

AUTO SCHOOL, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 301 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet, and pass. Tel. Columbus 7900. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $60.25.
Bedford Branch, Y. M. C. A.,
1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Dept. C.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

A client of mine wishes to purchase or establish a garage in the city. If interested please communicate with William E. Murphy, Attorney at Law, 346 Broadway, New York City.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Capitalists wanted to finance well-established concern manufacturing high-grade, artistic French goods, acknowledged to be the finest in the United States; splendid opportunity for a big man. H. L., 100 Times.

Selling agent wanted New York territory for sheet music; $5,000 capital required for merchandise. Dyer Music Company, 120 Tremont Street, Boston.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Physician, neurologist, fifteen years' New York City practice, desires office hours, three hours daily, in reputable physician's office or share. Address Dr. Wm. H. Hennings, Marie Antoinette Hotel.

Going to Europe on business, to Poland and France, wish to be connected with export manufacturers on shoes, motors, automobiles, dry goods, toilet articles. Write M. E., 520 Philadelphia Bldg.

Broker to dispose of a small part of 9% preferred stock with small bonus of common stock of a new Automobile accessory of unusual merit; commission basis. W 392 Times.

Agency wanted A1 selling proposition for Atlantic City; give full details first letter. Fred Russo, 509 Madison Av., Atlantic City.

Open to rent, cloak, suit, and dress department in a live department store. T. H., 110 Times.

FOR SALE.

VACUUM CLEANER POWER PLANT FOR SALE.

In perfect condition, 15 h. p. motor, D. C., 220 volts, 4 G. E. type KP4J, and two 12x40 in. tanks; suitable for home or business; for sale only because enlargement of our establishment requires larger plant. See E. H. Pierce, 6th floor, Best & Co., 5th Av. at 35th St.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.

Will sell most beautiful ice cream and confectionery store in New York State, situated on most prominent corner in New Rochelle, catering to the finest trade; without doubt this is the coming business; will sell at invoice or will consider taking partner, who must take full charge of business; this is an exceptional opportunity for good man. Inquire College Inn, Church and Main Sts., New Rochelle.

Lady will sell half interest in 3 elegantly furnished apartments for $3,500, or 6 apartments, $6,000; leases shown; share profit, $300 or $500 month; security worth $12,000; wonderful future; high-class houses, 6th Av., 57th St., 55th St.; bank reference; immediate. Address P. O. Box 25, Station, N. Y. C.

Patent, sanitary garbage can, U. S. and Canadian patent; simple to manufacture and operate; rights shown; share profit, real estate; sample garbage can on hand. Telephone 1011-J Jamaica. Fred W. Briese, 21 Herriman Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

For Sale.—Laundry, fully equipped, substantial buildings, doing a business of over $100,000 per year; particulars furnished to parties interested. 207 Times Annex.

Bakery luncheon for sale; good location in Brooklyn; modern fixtures; all new. Apply Ely J. Rieser, 28th St. and 1st Av., New York.

Foundry.—Bronze, brass, established; fully equipped; for sale owing to illness of operating partner. J 128 Times.

Will sell my $6,800 worth notes, well secured, at big discount; investigate. E 242 Times.

Sales rights for popular specialty; good profit; have other interests; $500 required. D 194 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

SOUTH AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT.—Skilled or technical men can reach $18,000 possible employers Latin America, through our want columns; 5 cents word—minimum $1.50. INGENIERIA INTERNACIONAL, 475 10th Av., N. Y.

Oil news from all the new fields. El Paso, (Tex.) Herald. 70 cents per month.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Money advanced on outstanding accounts, trade acceptances and other collateral. P. O., 307 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

50 heavy trucking wagons and carts from two to ten ton capacity, all in good condition, including

Rack Wagons,
Hay Wagons,
Tip Carts,
Drop-bottom Carts.

Can be seen at Chase Rolling Mill Co., Waterbury, Conn.

MOTORS FOR SALE.

15 H. P. Motor, D. C., 220 volts, C. & C., G.E. type RFM; 7½ H. P. Motor, D. C. 220 volts, variable speed (6 coils of armature turned out); a bargain to the highest bidder. See E. H. Pierce, 6th floor, Best & Co., 5th Av. at 35th St.

Underwood typewriter, 4, almost new; year's guarantee; $67.50. Patten Typewriter Corporation, 53 West 125th St., Harlem 9485.

For Sale.—Bookkeeping machine, latest model; not used; fully equipped; motor driven. Y 304 Times Annex.

Eight portable wooden buildings, 25x29; any or all. K 767 Times Downtown.

Furniture.

PRIVATE PARTY LEAVING FOR FRANCE WILL DISPOSE OF FURNITURE OF ENTIRE NINE-ROOM HIGH-CLASS APARTMENT, EITHER COMPLETE OR BY INDIVIDUAL ROOMS. CALL APARTMENT 5A, 255 WEST 90TH ST.

For Sale, Furniture.—Party leaving city; dining room outfit, quarter-sawed oak; refrigerator, stands, library table, small victrola. Call mornings, Apartment 2-F, 38 Post Avenue, Dyckman subway stop.

Willow and reed furniture direct from manufacturer; see us first, it will pay you; big savings. Long Beach Willow, 220 East 41st St.

Dining-room set, practically new; beautiful copy of early English period; also Italian, English, Chinese antique furniture, art objects, rugs. Telephone Monday, Vanderbilt 1745.

Three-room private apartment furniture, nearly new; excellent condition. Phone Cathedral 7870.

Elegant home; dining room, parlor, bedroom. Goldfogle, 157 East 89th, top floor.

Bedroom furniture, perfect condition. Call 4 to 6, 280 West 57th.

Purchase and Exchange.

Twenty ¼ H. P. motors, G. E. 1 and 2 phase, 1,700 and 1,800 R. P. M.; all in excellent condition; five never used; cheap. American Seedtape Co., 365 Ogden Av., Newark, N. J.

Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,236 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5903.

Wanted.—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 1,328 Universal Place. Stuyvesant 3788.

Wanted.—Two (either Model A or Model B) Stokes & Smith wrapping machines; please give condition and price in your reply. Y 302 Times Annex.

Highest prices for furniture, apartments, pianos, rugs, silver, &c. Winegarden, 309 West 23d. Chelsea 9555. Evenings, Tremont 4615.

For Sale.—Contents of four-room apartment; Hampton Shop furniture; good condition; reasonable; no dealers. Call Columbus 8227.

All the contents of handsomely furnished apartment; private sale; no dealers. Tilley, Apartment 5, 46 West 72d St.

Wanted.—A concert grand piano; must be in good condition. Address G. H. M., 902 8th Av.

Spot cash for household furniture. Bonaparth, 159 East 125th. Tel. Harlem 1269.

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for fireman is announced. It contains 1,852 names. Only 56 competitors failed to qualify in their test held last July. The son of Chief Crawley heads the list. Those who received a rating of more than 92 are as follows:

Matthew Crawley, 99.50; William G. Lawler, 99.35; Sam J. Lagonis, 99.10; John J. Sondellari, 97.75; Hugh McSweeney, 97.70; John Ryan, 97.10; Frank J. Crennan, 97.00; Peter Loftus, 96.50; Patrick Mullins, 96.30; Michael J. Mulvey, 96.25; Patrick J. Brogan, 96.00; Joseph A. Kearns, 96.00; Frank A. Regewald, 96.00; Edward J. Shea, 95.80; Peter Doyle, 95.50; John O. Johnson, 95.50; Thomas J. McGrath, 95.30; Edmond Quinlan, 95.50; Frederick W. Hermann, 95.40; Joseph B. Gray, 95.35; John M. Cartan, 95.25; James Reilly, 95.25; Thomas Bond, 95.25; Patrick J. Clark, 95.20; Daniel J. O'Riordan, 95.25; James J. Sullivan, Jr., 95.10; John J. Glennon, 95.10; John J. McSherry, 95.05; John J. Daly, 95.00; Louis B. Klein, 95.00; James T. Lantry, 95.00; Edward B. Farrell, 95.00; Patrick Carey, 95.00; Patrick Falvey, 94.95; James McCarthy, 94.95; Henry A. Klausman, 94.85; Patrick McCarthy, 94.85; Godfrey P. Shea, 94.75; Philip Aeschuts, 94.75; John F. McGillicuddy, 94.70; Howard L. Haynes, 94.00; Joseph Costello, 94.60; Francis F. Davis, 94.50.

Thomas Winniffe, 94.50; James J. Tuite, 94.50; Patrick Walsh, 94.50; Thomas F. Burke, 94.45; James Murphy, 94.45; Cornelius J. Daly, 94.35; William F. J. Newman, 94.35; George F. Enss, 94.35; Antonio F. Petronelli, 94.25; Henry Dubois, 94.25; Eugene O'Keefe, 94.25; Richard B. Haynes, 94.25; Timothy Lynch, 94.25; Thomas McCarrin, 94.15; James Duffy, 94.10; John F. Daly, 94.10; Frederick W. Fritz, 94.05; Michael Murphy, 94.00; George F. Zimmerman, 94.00; Charles N. F. Miller, 94.00; William Donohue, 93.95; Arthur J. Fisher, 93.85; Charles A. Farley, 93.85; Henry W. Adicks, Jr., 93.85; Harold Hubbard, 93.85; William Mahon, 93.80; William Horan, 93.75; Stephan Mikkoesky, 93.75; Patrick Keane, 93.75; William G. Sullivan, 93.75; Patrick J. Brady, 93.60; Edward Smyth, 93.50; John Twomey, 93.50; Carey F. Arnouk, 93.50; Daniel J. Sisa, 93.50; Patrick J. Gallagher, 93.55; Joseph V. Cunningham, 93.50; James M. Carmody, 93.35; George W. Rogers, 93.35; Joseph V. Burke, 93.35; Joseph Cassidy, 93.30; Louis Geller, 93.25; Patrick Connolly, 93.25; John J. Waldron, 93.25; Harry R. Wise, 93.25; Daniel D. Mayhihan, 93.25; Patrick J. Sweeney, 93.25; Frank Klein, 93.25; Thomas F. Keenan, 93.20; Michael McGorry, 93.20; Charles Rosenson, 93.15; Vito A. Magrino, 93.10; Charles G. Rapps, 93.10; Michael J. Fitzgerald, 93.05; Martin Cisne, 93.00; Peter J. Casey, 93.00; Patrick Rooney, 93.00.

Timothy Gallivan, 92.90; Charles McGoey, 92.90; Arthur T. Malony, 92.90; John J. Young, 92.85; Daniel Marlihy, 92.85; Michael J. Duane, 92.85; J. T. O'Shea, 92.80; Daniel Devanzo, 92.80; Joseph A. Tracy, 92.75; Cord DeAlto, 92.75; Walter D. Foley, 92.75; Gustave Jaeckle, 92.75; Jacob Walk, Harry W. Ferguson, 92.65; Thomas MacInerney, 92.60; George E. Wuerch, 92.60; John A. Cataldo, 92.50; Thomas O'Brien, 92.50; Joseph W. Smith, 92.50; William W. Jurgenson, 92.50; George T. Chase, 92.50; John Kempf, 92.50; Thomas F. Doherty, 92.50; John Irwin, 92.35; Thomas Galligan, 92.35; William T. Dwyer, 92.35; Francis P. Carey, 92.35; Michael Dowling, 92.30; Edward Moran, 92.25; Thomas McSherry, 92.20; Henry Quinn, 92.25; John L. Mosely, 92.25; Thomas E. Briody, 92.25; Vincent F. Fitzsimmons, 92.25; Michael Healy, 92.25; Daniel S. Murphy, 92.25; Florence J. Shea, 92.25; Dominick Masiese, 92.20; Patrick B. O'Conner, 92.20; John F. Moonan, 92.20; James O'Kane, 92.20; Henry M. Mulholland, 92.10; George P. Buckhut, 92.10; Jeremiah Lyons, 92.10; John B. Lynch, 92.10; Frank J. Elsele, 92.10; Hugh Fahy, 92.10; Robert B. Bannon, 92.10; Bartolameo Malassi, 92.10; John Lewis, 92.05; James McGrath, 92.05; Michael Casey, 92.05.

United States.

The Commission announces for Oct. 8 an examination for radio clerk, for men. Vacancy in the Bureau of Navigation, Department of Commerce, at $1,000 a year, will be filled from this examination. Appointees whose services are satisfactory may be given a temporary increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will be examined in: Spelling, 15; arithmetic, 15; letter writing, 15; penmanship, 15; copying from plain copy, 15; experience in type-writing radio, 25. Applicants must hold a first-grade commercial radio operator's license, and be able to use a typewriter. They must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Fyffe, Capt. J., Disbursing Off., at Phila. Navy Yard.
Kimberly, Capt. V. A., to command the Chattanooga.
Dodd, Capt. E. H., to command the Minneapolis.
Church, Capt. J. G., to command the Des Moines.
Ellison, Cmdr. T. G., to command the Mccook.
Farley, Cmdr. L. C., to command the Haraden, and additional duty as Cmdr of Destroyer Div. No. 24.
Logan, Cmdr. G. C., to training sta. at Pensacola, Fla., as Morale Off.
Taylor, Cmdr. B. B., to command the Isabel.
Booth, Lt. Cmdr. R. B., to command the Bernadou.
Brereton, Lt. Cmdr. W. D., to command the J. Fred Talbot.
Brown, Lt. Cmdr. J. J., and Wentworth, Lt. Cmdr. R. S., to Naval Acad.
Clark, Lt. Cmdr. J. C., to the Henderson as Navigator.
DeMott, Lt. Cmdr. M. B., to command the Stribling.
Hargrave, Lt. Cmdr. W. W., to the Columbia.
Langworthy, Lt. Cmdr. E. D., to Third Nav. Dist.
Lacy, Lt. Cmdr L. H., to the Wyoming as Asst. Eng.
Denny, Lt. L. H., to the Proteus.
Henderson, Lt. R. F., to the Neptune.
Lawson, Lt. J. H., to transport force.
Leonard, Lt. N. J., to the Oklahoma.
Poole, Lt. A. B., to Div. Supply Off., Destroyer Squad. No. 3 of Atlantic fleet.
Priest, Lt. H., to the Henderson.
Parsons, Lt. R. F., to the Kansas.
Rehraner, Lt. W., to the Delaware.
Ronan, Lt. J., to the Georgia.
Rodenbaugh, Lt. F. H., to the Bath.
Sinclair, Lt. H., to the Frederic.
Seeckts, Lt. A., to Observation Navy Hosp., at Mare Island.
Thomas, Lt. W. R., to Norfolk Navy Yard, Indus. Dept.
Valentine, Lt. R. J., to the Talbot as Exec. Off.
Webb, Lt. R. E., to the Louisiana.
Diemer, Lt. O., to the Culgoa.
Humphreys, Lt. L., to Washington Navy Yard.
Lowry, Lt. R. S., to Rec. Sta., at Pittsburgh.
Mathis, Lt. M. S., and Quirk, Lt. T. C., to Hampton Roads.
Prescott, Lt. E. H., to Navy Hosp., to Charleston.

Estates Appraised.

BIEBER, JACOB of Relsman, Rothman and Bieber. (Oct. 13, 1918.) Total estate $115,919. Cash, $553; personal, $30,735, of which sum $25,000 is life insurance; stocks and bonds, $84,631. Interest in the firm, $84,000. The beneficiaries are his wife, Frances Bieber of 1,040 Hollywood Avenue, Far Rockaway, $12,958; daughters, Muriel and Elaine, $35,000 each; his father and mother, Adolph and Sally Bieber of 119 West 119th Street, $6,470 each; his brother and sister, Joseph Bieber of 119 West 119th street, $4,000, and Victoria Baum of 314 West 79th Street, $2,000.

CADWALADER, Richard M. Whitemarch, Montgomery County, Penn. (Dec. 9, 1918.) Estate in New York $80,885, consisting of interest in the premises 306-320 Grand Street, $63,750. The estate was divided among his sons.

KENT, MARY A. (Dec. 1, 1918.) Total estate, $73,896. Personal, $16,025; stocks and bonds, $54,000, of which sum $1,000 is in Liberty Bonds. Her sons, Albert E., of Boston, and Norton A. Kent of Belmont, Mass., receive $35,083 each.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of the ANTAEUS TRADING COMPANY, INC., for authority to change its name to ANTAEUS EXPORT AND IMPORT COMPANY, INC.

Notice is hereby given that the ANTAEUS TRADING COMPANY, INC., a domestic corporation having its principal business office at 50 East 42d Street, in the City of New York, County of New York and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at Special Term, Part 1 thereof, to be held at The County Court House, in the City of New York, County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 21st day of October, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereof as the Counsel can be heard for order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to ANTAEUS EXPORT & IMPORT CO., INC.

Dated, New York City, Sept. 18, 1919.
ANTAEUS TRADING COMPANY, INC.
By DUDLEY F

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Wednesday night, 1:30 A. M., Columbus Av. or Broadway between 74th and Columbus Circle, large black traveling bag containing theatrical wardrobe and make-up; contents valuable to owner; finder keep bag; receive liberal reward. Phone Bryant 6800 mornings before 10 o'clock.

LOST—In subway, North to Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, or Long Island R. R. to Warwick St., platinum necklace with 3 diamonds. Wednesday, Sept 17. If found address F. F. F., 22 Thomas St. Tel. 2348 Worth.

LOST or left in taxi, between 119 West 49th St. and 1 West 97th St., at 10 P. M., Sunday, Sept. 14, a two-skin sable neck scarf; reward. Phone or call 1 West 97th St., Apt. 31?. Columbus 4904.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, between Amsterdam Av. and 69th St. and south side of 72d St. or subway station; liberal reward will be given, no questions asked. Address B 331 Times.

LOST—Sept. 17, on Broadway car, between Spring St. and City Hall, wallet containing Liberty bond, cash, notes, &c.; reward, no questions. A. J. Dwarsky, Rm. 806, 5 Beekman.

LOST—Italian passport, made in the name of Marquis Da Bassano; also tickets for the steamship France. Will finder kindly return to the General Ordnance Co., 2 West 45d St., New York City?

LOST—Liberal reward. No questions asked for return of diamond and platinum bracelet, pointed at both ends, lost Sept. 18 in the vicinity of Madison Av. and 47th St. E. M. Gatlin & Co., 690 8th Av.

LOST—Fraternity pin studded with pearls, between 52d and 25th Sts. on Wednesday. Phone Plaza 4700, Extension 15, between 9 and 5; reward.

LOST—Gold locket, on black ribbon; initials B. W. F. and D. A. W.; two pictures inside. Phone Blanche Flint, Madison Square 7600.

LOST—Sable neckpiece, in taxicab, about 2 o'clock Friday morning, Sept. 19; reward to finder. Please communicate Box K. K., Room 2002, 110 West 40th.

LOST—Gold locket, with miniature; valued for association; liberal reward. T. E. Murray, 401 South Ocean Av., Freeport, L. I.

LOST—Brown pocketbook, in August; return contents; keep money. A 816 Times Annex.

LOST—At Gedney Farm, lady's purse, containing small solid gold purse; reward. M. Weinstein & Co., 151 West 30th St.

LOST—Black enameled brooch, Broadway, 110th St. subway, Times Square. A 817 Times Annex.

LOST—Platinum ring, 3 diamonds, in waiting room of Biltmore Hotel; reward. Return to cashier.

LOST—One paymaster's money bag, containing company pay roll; reward. T 748 Times Downtown.

LIBERAL REWARD OFFERED

for return of dark gray chamois bag, containing little gold bag with diamonds and rubies, 1 diamond flexible bracelet, 1 diamond owl shaped pin set with onyx, and 1 pair of pearl earrings, 1 diamond engagement ring set with platinum and a platinum wedding ring with initials C. R. F. to R. V. C. and 1 pair of bracelets set with onyx with initials C. F. set in diamonds and two odd gold bracelets, lost either on 8th Av. bus, Best's department store or east side on corner 5th Av. and 38th St. No questions asked. J. E. Cohen, 225 5th Av., Room 929.

$200 REWARD

for return of round black pearl of great sentimental value, lost from ring Sept. 17 at or between Ritz-Carlton Hotel and Broadhurst Theatre or in taxicab. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$250 REWARD.

Lost on 5th Av. bus at 31st St., Wednesday "A. M.," gold mesh bag, containing jewelry; no questions. Philip W. Schiepp, 32 East 64th St.

$250 REWARD

return square diamond brooch with 2 arrows crossing in centre, lovers' knot on top, lost Sept. 11, between West 90th St. and East 48th St. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$250 REWARD

for a brooch, crescent of 23 diamonds, set in gold; lost Tuesday, Park Av., vicinity of 82d St.; no questions asked. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$200 REWARD

for return of gold diamond-studded card case, lost Sept. 13 vicinity of Newtown Creek, Greenpoint. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Boston bull terrier; reward. Riverside 7547.

Out Today
All Bookstores
Wilbur Finley Fauley's
Piquant New York Novel,
Jenny Be Good
A big human story illuminated by a love theme rare and beautiful. Full of winsome charm in which are blended the lights and shadows of New York's vast social fabric.
$1.50 Net.
BRITTON PUBLISHING CO., N. Y.

PAYROLL AUDITORS.
Casualty Insurance Company has several traveling positions open for men who are experienced in making audits and adjustments under compensation and liability policies.
In replying state age and experience, whether married or single and salary expected.
Address B 469 Times Downtown.

SURETY MEN
Surety Company requires services of several agency auditors.
Must have general knowledge of all classes of surety bonds and experience in checking court bonds.
Give all pertinent facts concerning self and experience and advise salary expected.
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ALWAYS INTERESTING.
The Sunday Magazine Section of The New York Times vies with the highest type of monthly publications and the articles published in it can be read with pleasure at any time. Full cloth binder to hold one year's issues sent to any address in the United States for $1.25.—Advt.

$1,000,000 COMPANY TO GET NEW BUS LINE

Promoter Herrmann Sees Big Private Profit in Mayor's East Side Transit Scheme.

CITY LOSES PAVING UPKEEP

No Transfers Provided For in Service That Is to Begin Today Along Abandoned Car Tracks.

It was announced yesterday that the sixty motor buses which are to begin operating today in lower Manhattan, in place of the storage battery cars which are to be discontinued, will be turned over to a million-dollar corporation of which Eugene Herrmann, President of the Stewart Corporation, is the head, when the present permit for their operation expires on Dec. 20. This permit was given by the Board of Estimate to Louis Riedl, manager of the Stewart Motor Corporation, which builds and equips motor buses but does not operate them.

"All of the buses which will be placed in service will become the property of this new corporation," said Mr. Herrmann yesterday. "It is not yet entirely organized, and those interested in the organization do not want their names to become known until they are ready to begin business. The sixty buses we intend to furnish will represent an investment of only about $250,000, and the greatest distance any one of them will run for a 5-cent fare is two and a half miles. I am of the opinion that the venture will be very profitable, and that as fast as other car lines are abandoned buses will be substituted for them, to the great advantage of the public." Mr. Herrmann also said the new company had the backing of large financial interests.

The new buses will be in the sole charge of the chauffeurs. There will be no conductors. Passengers will pay as they enter. This, it was pointed out, would result in a great saving in operation, and that the entire cost would be very small compared with the operation of cars, because there would be no paving charges and no tracks to repair.

Figures prepared by men interested in the new service showed that if the buses carried a million passengers a month which have been carried by the car lines, each bus would earn $800 a month, which would not be depleted, as in the case of the car lines by transfers. Mr. Herrmann said that on Jan. 1 his company installed a bus service in Orange, N. J., for the municipal authorities and that in eight months enough was earned to pay for it. Since then, he said, the service had yielded large returns. It is the present plan to start fifteen of the buses some time this afternoon from the Chambers Street Ferry and as many as possible from other terminals. By tomorrow morning the entire service, it was said, would be in operation.

Samuel Abramson, counsel for Mr. Riedl, called at the office of the Public Service Commission yesterday to learn what steps were necessary to obtain permission from the commission to operate the buses. In line with his statement that he would do nothing to obstruct their operation, Mr. Nixon directed that the permit be issued. Mr. Nixon was incensed at the statement of Mayor Hylan on Thursday intimating that he might take steps to obstruct operation. Mr. Nixon sent the following letter to the Mayor:

Sept. 19, 1919.

Hon. John F. Hylan,
Mayor of the City of New York,
City Hall, New York, N. Y.

Sir: Today's press quotes you as saying that you hastened the granting of the right to run buses on the routes of the suspended storage battery car lines for fear that Nixon might secure a stay against such granting of a permit by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

You knew beyond doubt that I publicly stated that no interference would be exerted by me, and further that I would take every possible short cut to aid you in your experiment. I should be very reluctant to interfere with any official in the exercise of what he considers his duty under the law. Why you wish to indulge in a willful public misrepresentation of this kind, it is difficult to understand.

This commission will do all it can to perform its lawful duties in the matter. Of course, your substitute service does not cover the convenience of existing transfers, but any relief that you can supply will aid in reducing the burden so suddenly placed on the public which uses these lines.

Your attention is called to Section 53 of the Public Service Commission law, as I must assume that you wish to conform with such legal steps as are required.

Very respectfully,
LEWIS NIXON,
Commissioner.

The section of the law referred to provides that no common carrier shall begin operating without the approval of the commission or a certificate of public convenience and necessity.

MAY CLOSE FOURTEENTH ST.

Subway Builders Say Strike Makes It Impossible to Insure Safety.

Clarence A. Crane, Secretary of the General Contractors' Association, building new rapid transit lines, said last night that the delay in subway construction was the fault of the city. After pointing out that the city's investment in the Fourteenth Street-Eastern subway and connections carried interest of more than $2,000 a day, Mr. Crane said the contractors had reached the end of their resources long ago and that they were now unable to get men to take the places of men who had struck. These men, the statement says, have been enticed away by higher wages in other occupation.

"There is a very serious menace to the public in the present situation," Mr. Crane said. "Fourteenth Street, from Eighth Avenue to Avenue B, is carried on timbers and requires daily inspection and repairs by skilled men. At present the contractors are unable to keep more than a handful of men to do this important work. It may be necessary to divert traffic to avert a disaster."

Church Notices on Page 19.

DIVORCE REPORT SET ASIDE.

Justice Tierney to Name New Referee in Hand Case.

Supreme Court Justice John M. Tierney, in the Bronx, yesterday set aside the report of Referee Robert L. Morrell, in which the latter sought to exonerate Claudius L. Hand, corporation attorney, of 46 Broadway, in the suit for divorce brought by his wife, Marguerite E. Hand, of the Hotel Newton, Ninety-second Street and Broadway. The Justice said he would submit the case to another referee, and pending the outcome of the case granted Mrs. Hand $80 a month alimony and $100 counsel fee.

The plaintiff in the action alleges that her husband maintained an apartment at 10 East Fifteenth Street, and that last December she, two detectives and her uncle raided the place and found a woman there. It was in hearing a motion in this suit that Justice Tierney last week made his remarks regarding Greenwich Village, saying it was frequented by types of foreigners who were making the place a disgrace to the city.

In setting aside Referee Morrell's report, Justice Tierney said:

"I think the referee was too indulgent in throwing the cloak of charitable construction over the activities of the co-respondent and in doing so did an injustice to the plaintiff's rights."

PRESBYTERIAN ELECTIONS.

Dr. Kerr Becomes President of General Board of Education.

J. B. Woolan, Director of Publicity for the Presbyterian Church, announced yesterday that Dr. Hugh T. Kerr, pastor of Shady Side Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, Penn., had been elected President of the Presbyterian General Board of Education at its semi-annual meeting at Presbyterian Headquarters, 156 Fifth Avenue, succeeding Dr. Charles F. Wishart, who has become the President of Wooster College and resigned as head of the board.

At the same meeting Dr. Frederick E. Stockwell, pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church, Trenton, N. J., was elected associate secretary in charge of the college department, to succeed Dr. James E. Clarke of Nashville, Tenn. Dr. Stockwell has been for several years a member and clerk of the college board. He will probably assume his duties on Nov. 1, when Dr. Clarke is relieved.

MAN THREATENED BY CROWD

Lefkowitz, Accused by Little Girl, Is Saved by the Police.

It took several policemen to get Charles Lefkowitz of 56 East 118th Street through an angry crowd that threatened him last night and take him to the West 123d Street Station, where he was locked up charged with having attempted to assault an 11-year-old girl. Lefkowitz, it was charged, entered the hallway of 371 West 114th Street and asked Hermina Frank, who lived there, where to find a certain apartment. A few seconds later she began to scream. Her brother Frank heard the noise and ran into the hall. She told him that Lefkowitz had attempted to place his hand over her mouth and had seized her by the arm, according to her brother. The brother grabbed Lefkowitz and began to beat him.

The man ran into the street with Frank after him. The chase and the screams of the girl brought tenants from their apartments, and soon the fugitive was being assaulted by a crowd. He broke away and ran to Eighth Avenue. He was backed up against an elevated pillar, surrounded by an angry crowd, when the policemen came and arrested him.

$100,000 SUIT OVER KILLING

Limited letters of administration were granted in the Surrogate's Court, Brooklyn, yesterday to Mrs. Beckie Silverberg, 2818 West Twenty-third Street, Coney Island, whose husband, Samuel, was shot and killed, it is alleged, by Mrs. Rebecca Wansker in a dispute over a lease. Mrs. Wansker was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. She was granted a certificate of reasonable doubt and is now in the Raymond Street jail pending her appeal.

The purpose of the letters of administration is to allow Mrs. Silverberg to sue Mrs. Wanaker for $100,000 damages. In the complaint, which was served on Mrs. Wanaker in the Raymond Street jail, Mrs. Silverberg charges Mrs. Wanaker with having "willfully and maliciously assaulted the plaintiff's intestate, by pointing a loaded firearm at him and discharging the same, whereby he was severely and seriously injured and by reason of his injuries he died, leaving a widow and four children."

FIRST GERMAN GOODS SINCE 1917 ARRIVE

Cargo of Beet Sugar Seed, Glassware, and Dolls' Eyes Comes Into Port.

FOOD CHEAP IN HAMBURG

Roast Duck Dinner 75 Cents, and Everything in Proportion Costs Less Than Here.

The first cargo of German manufactured goods since the United States entered the war in April, 1917, arrived in New York yesterday on the steamship Jason of the Kerr Steamship Line from Hamburg under the command of Captain W. H. Bevan. It consisted chiefly of plate glass and other kinds of glassware, dolls' eyes, beet sugar seed, 250 tons, and beaded bags. The ship did not bring any toys, and the total cargo amounted to 350 tons.

Captain Bevan said that the port of Hamburg appeared much the same as it did before the war, except there was not so much dust and bustle to be seen along the docks. There was plenty of food in the restaurants, where a portion of roast duck with vegetables, bread and beer could be had for 75 cents. Everything in proportion was much cheaper than it was in the United States.

The Captain added that very few soldiers were to be seen in the streets in Hamburg, and that the people with whom he talked said that they were only waiting for the Peace Treaty to be ratified to start in real earnest to restore their commerce, and more especially the trade of their city as one of the world's greatest free ports.

Three days out from Hamburg the crew discovered a stowaway, Gustor Laffleth, 26 years old, a machinist, who told Captain Bevan that he had hidden away on his ship because he was tired of Germany and wanted to live in the United States. He was sent to Ellis Island by the immigration authorities, and may be sent back to Hamburg as an undesirable alien liable to become a public charge.

LEGION EXTENDS ITS DRIVE.

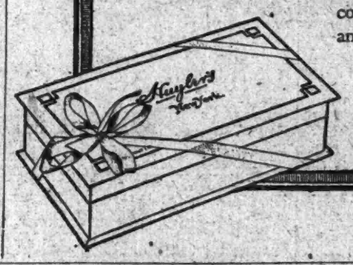
Plans to Swell $0,000 Added to Ranks Here to 100,000.

With its membership in this county swelled to more than 20,000, the American Legion announced last night that its membership drive would be extended over next week in an attempt to reach 100,000. The drive was to have ended tonight.

Richmond Levering, Chairman for the drive for this county, resigned yesterday because of pressing private business and his place is being taken by Colonel Robert M. Watkins.

Fifteen air service men started a post last night at the Yale Club. Postal employes applied for a post to be known as "The Postal Post." A meeting has been called for tomorrow morning of all service men employed in the New York Post Office, to be held in Curry's Hall, 329 West Forty-seventh Street. James A. Fanches, who is directing the organization, said that he hoped to have a post with 1,500 membership among postal employes.

The 306th Machine Gun Battalion Post applied for a charter. E. Winslow Williams, care of Kidder, Peabody & Co., 17 Wall Street, who is organizing the post, said that a majority of the men in the battalion had already enrolled and that he was anxious to get in touch with any one who had been overlooked.

Huyler's Bonbons and Chocolates
Something a little nicer for the week end—an assortment of Huyler's delicious Assorted Chocolates or Bonbons and Chocolates $1.25 a pound. Packed in convenient one, two, three and five pound boxes.
Buy your box today


OUR busy stores tell the story. The best dressed chaps select Kaufman styles. Men who know quality and measure value buy at Kaufman prices. It has always been our aim to give the best hat value in the country—and we are doing it this season as heretofore. Kaufman Hats are made up to a standard—not down to a price. Increased cost of labor and hat materials has not decreased Kaufman quality—*not one mite.*
All hats bearing the Kaufman label are $2.50. $2.50—$3.50 All hats bearing the Shaw label are $3.50.
Kaufman Hats
Brooklyn
Fulton, opposite City Hall
724 Broadway, near Flushing
1371 Broadway, near Gates
Pitkin Avenue, corner Osborn
Newark
167 Market, near Broad
83 Nassau Street, near Fulton
240 Broadway, opposite City Hall
Broadway, corner Bleecker
51 East 14th Street, near Broadway
158 East 14th Street, near 3d Ave.
33d St., opposite Metropolitan Bldg.
Broadway, near 38th Street
125 West 42d Street,
bet. Broadway and 6th Avenue
8th Avenue, corner 37th Street
155 East 42d Street, near 3d Ave.
982 3d Avenue, near 59th Street
66th Street, cor. 3d Avenue
2292 3d Avenue, near 125th Street
253 West 125th Street, near 8th Ave.
2295 3d Avenue, near 149th Street
Corner Prospect Ave. & 161st St.
Tremont Avenue, corner Bathgate
Delancey, corner Eldridge
Canal, opposite the Bridge

H. C. L. and Hats
LAST week more than 100,000 of our customers left their old straw hats with us when they walked out with their new Fall Felts.
This week new faces wearing last year's Felt Hats are coming into our stores to get this Season's Styles. Most of these hats show the effects of a winter's battle with a Weather-Man—they have "service" marks all over the outside and the "marks" of high-priced hatters on the inside.
Now, I don't blame a man for taking a second look at last year's hat after he takes a first look at this year's prices. $6 to $18 and $8 to $30—the advertised prices of some high-price makers—are enough to make any man who wears a hat feel sad.
I think I would dig up, dust off, rub down the rough spots and smooth out the old-age wrinkles in my last year's bonnet—if I thought it was necessary to pay these prices.
But it isn't necessary to pay these fancy prices and it's not necessary to wear last year's hat. If it doesn't make you feel proud to pay more than you have to, I can give you all you want in a hat—any shape or shade, soft hat or derby, and

They're all one Price $3.45
Truly Warner
Headquarters for Hats
42d St., East of 5th Av., New York City
Broadway, below 44th St., " " "
" " 36th St., " " "
" " 28th St., " " "
" " 12th St., " " "
" " Bleecker St., " " "
" " Chambers St., " " "
Broadway, below Fulton St., New York City
Nassau St., " Maiden Lane, " " "
Park Row, opp. City Hall, " " "
Fulton St., opp. City Hall, Brooklyn, N. Y.
722 Broadway, at Flushing Av., " " "
Broad St., below Market, Newark, N. J.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats for Boys
Sizes: 8 to 18
We are very proud of our Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes for boys.
You will be prouder than ever of your boy when you see him in our clothes.
All wool, of course; beautifully made; smartly styled; economically priced.
Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 120th
240-242 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

WATERFRONT STORAGE
WE HAVE ACQUIRED THE BLOCK BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS., BROOKLYN, WITH 720 FEET OF DOCKS, CONVENIENT TO ALL S. S. LINES AND R. R. TERMINALS.
BERTHS FOR STEAMSHIPS AND BARGES
IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE HAVE SEVERAL WAREHOUSES IN N. Y. AND BROOKLYN WITH R. R. SIDINGS AND DOCKS IN THE FREE LIGHTERAGE ZONE.
MOTOR TRUCKING
WE HAVE THE LARGEST FLEET OF HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS IN NEW YORK, CONSISTING OF 58 TRUCKS OF 6 TONS CAPACITY EACH.
SERVICE GUARANTEED ON ONE HOUR'S NOTICE
CALLAN BROS.
MAIN OFFICE, 214 E. 135TH ST., N. Y.
Phones: Melrose 2281-2282-2283.

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages
Quick Lunch at Home or Office
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

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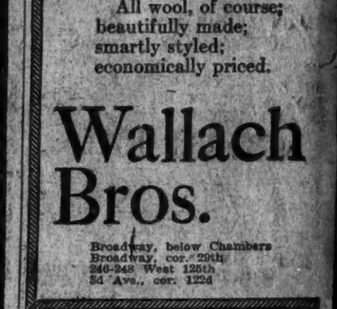
Government Owned Surplus Material
(Through the Material Disposal and Salvage Division, Air Service)
Sealed Bids will be received on approximately 284 STANDARD J-1 AIRPLANES (less Engines) and 284 HISPANO SUIZA TYPE "A" ENGINES, to be sold immediately.
Sealed Bids to receive consideration must be submitted not later than September 27th, the Government reserving the right to reject any or all bids.
Full particulars as to terms and description of these Airplanes and Engines may be had on application to Captain Chas. S. Shotwell, Chief of Sales Section, Material Disposal and Salvage Division.
AIR SERVICE
Sixth Street and Missouri Ave., Washington, D. C.
And of the District Managers, Material Disposal and Salvage Division, at the following points:

New York, N. Y.	360 Madison Avenue
Detroit, Mich.	Aviation General Supply Depot Western and Michigan Avenues Springwells, Detroit
Chicago, Ill.	1210 Consumers Building
Buffalo, N. Y.	2580 Elmwood Avenue
Dayton, Ohio	Maxwell Motor Company
San Francisco, Calif.	504 Postal Telegraph Building


Baby Happy After His Bath With Cuticura Soap
Nothing more refreshing for baby than a warm bath with Cuticura Soap, especially if his skin is hot and irritated. After bathing gently touch any irritation with Cuticura Ointment. The delicately medicated Cuticura Talcum is also ideal for baby's skin.
Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 68, Malden, Mass." Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Latest Time for Want Advertisements.
Advertisements of the following classifications for The New York Times tomorrow (Sunday) must be in the Times Building by 2:30 P. M. today.

Help Wanted, Female	Public Notices
Help Wanted, Male	Out of Town Real Estate
Situations Wanted, Female	Offerings to Buyers
Situations Wanted, Male	Buyers' Wants
To Let for Business Purposes	Business Opportunities
Boarders Wanted	Goods for Sale

SOME GERMANS.

Hindenburg in profil, Maximilian Harden, the outspoken editor, and Bernhardi, the advocate of war, are pictured in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

The Hand of the Potter
BY THEODORE DREISER
The Nation of September 6th says of this powerful four-act play: "In this play there is such characterization and such a projection of the interplay of character through dialogue as we shall seek in vain in any other American play."
One Hundred Copies, *only*, have been autographed by THEODORE DREISER. Readers of *The New York Times* who promptly remit $5.00 to the publishers, will receive one of these autographed copies. If these special copies are all sold the book will be sent at the regular price, $1.50 plus 10c. for postage, and the balance remitted. 105 W. 40th St.
BONI & LIVERIGHT NEW YORK